# GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY (GTU)

## Competency-focused Outcome-based Green Curriculum-2021 (COGC-2021) I- Semester

### CourseTitle: Mathematics (Course Code: 4300001)

Diploma program in which this course is offered	Semester in which offered
Automobile Engineering, Architecture Assistantship, Biomedical Engineering, Ceramic, Engineering, Chemical Engineering, Civil Engineering, Computer Engineering, Electrical Engineering, Electronics &Communication Engineering, Environment Engineering, Fabrication Technology, Information Technology, Instrumentation & Control Engineering, Marine Engineering, Mechanical Engineering, Mechatronics Engineering, Metallurgy Engineering, Mining Engineering, Plastic Engineering, Power Electronics Engineering, Printing Technology, Textile Designing, Textile Manufacturing Technology, Textile Processing Technology, Transportation Engineering (All branches except CACD & DM)	First

# 1. RATIONALE

This course of Mathematics is being introduced as a foundation which will help students in developing competency and the requisite course outcomes in most of the Diploma Engineering programs. Components of Mathematics like Algebra, Geometry, Calculus, Computer computation work as a tool to describe physical phenomena and to evaluate the merit of different possible solutions. This course is an attempt to initiate the multi-dimensional logical thinking and reasoning capabilities. It will help the students to apply the basic principles of Mathematics to solve related technology problems. The course will give the students an insight to apply and analyse the Engineering problems scientifically based on the subject of Trigonometry, Differential Calculus and Basic elements of algebra and coordinate geometry to give a comprehensive coverage at an introductory level.

# 2. COMPETENCY

The purpose of this course is to help the student to attain the following industry identified competency through various teaching learning experiences:

### Solve broad-based technology problems using the principles of mathematics.

### 3. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

The practical exercises, the underpinning knowledge and the relevant soft skills associated with this competency are to be developed in the student to display the following COs:

- a) Interpret the function graphically, numerically and analytically.
- b) Demonstrate the ability to algebraically analyse basic functions used in Trigonometry.
- c) Demonstrate the ability to Crack engineering related problems based on concepts of Vectors.

- d) Solve basic engineering problems under given conditions of straight lines and circle.
- e) Demonstrate the ability to analyze and illustrate the Functions using the concept of Limit.

# 4. TEACHING AND EXAMINATION SCHEME

Teachi	ng Sch	neme	Total Credits	Examination Scheme				
(In	Hours	5)	(L+T+P/2)	Theory	eory Marks Practical Marks		Marks	Total
L	Т	Р	С	CA	ESE	СА	ESE	Marks
3	1	-	4	30*	70	-	-	100

(\*):Out of 30 marks under the theory CA, 10 marks are for assessment of the micro-project to facilitate integration of COs and the remaining 20 marks is the average of 2 tests to be taken during the semester for the assessing the attainment of the cognitive domain UOs required for the attainment of the COs.

**Legends:** L-Lecture; T – Tutorial/Teacher Guided Theory Practice; P -Practical; C – Credit, CA -Continuous Assessment; ESE -End Semester Examination.

## 5. SUGGESTED PRACTICAL EXERCISES (During Tutorial Hours)

The following practical outcomes (PrOs) are the sub-components of the COs. *These PrOs need to be attained to achieve the Cos.* 

S.	Practical Outcomes (PrOs)	Unit	Approx.
100.		No.	required
1	Solve given problems of Determinant up to order 3*3.	I	1
2	Use Open source mathematical software to demonstrate the graphs of given functions with its geometrical interpretation.	I	1
3	Use Open source mathematical software to display given logarithmic functions showing basic laws.	I	1
4	Solve the given examples based on conversion of units of Angles explaining the allied angles.	II	1
5	Crack given problems based on the concept of Compound Angles, Multiple and Submultiples angles.	II	1
6	Plot the graph of sine and cosine functions with help of Open source mathematical software and justify problems related to sum and factor formulae.	II	1
7	Use the concepts of Algebra to Solve given engineering related problems based on Magnitude of a vector.		1
8	Apply the concept of Dot Product to solve given engineering		1

S. No.	Practical Outcomes (PrOs)	Unit No.	Approx. Hrs. required
	related problems.		
9	Explain the physical significance of the Cross Product and apply the concept to solve given engineering related problems.		1
10	Apply the concept of various forms of line, slope, intercept to solve simple problems.	IV	1
11	Use the concepts of equations of Parallel lines and Perpendicular lines to solve specified problems.	IV	1
12	Use the concept of Tangent and Normal to solve related engineering problems.	IV	1
13	Explain Limit of a function graphically and solve the specified problems.	V	1
14	Apply the Standard Formulae of Limit and crack the specified problems.	V	1
	Total		14

# <u>Note</u>

- *i.* More **Practical Exercises** can be designed and offered by the respective course teacher to develop the industry relevant skills/outcomes to match the COs. The above table is only a suggestive list.
- *ii.* The following are some **sample** 'Process' and 'Product' related skills (more may be added/deleted depending on the course) that occur in the above listed **Practical Exercises** of this course required which are embedded in the COs and ultimately the competency.

S. No.	Sample Performance Indicators for the PrOs	Weightage in %
	Geometric Thinking: Comprehend geometric concepts to prove theorems by applying apt results to solve well defined Engineering problems.	
1.	Experiment with transformations in the plane.	30
2.	Define trigonometric ratios and solve problems involving right triangles.	30
3.	Apply theorems about circles.	40
	Total	100

S. No.	Sample Performance Indicators for the PrOs	Weightage in %
	Algebraic Thinking: Create, interpret, use, and analyze expressions, equations, and inequalities in a variety of contexts.	
1.	Represent, interpret, and solve variable expressions, equations, and inequalities.	60
2.	Write expressions in equivalent forms to solve problems.	40
	Total	100

# 6. MAJOR EQUIPMENT/ INSTRUMENTS AND SOFTWARE REQUIRED

These major equipment/instruments and Software required to develop PrOs are given below with broad specifications to facilitate procurement of them by the administrators/management of the institutes. This will ensure conduction of practical in all institutions across the state in proper way so that the desired skills are developed in students.

S. No.	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications	PrO.No.
1	Computer System & LCD Projector	2,3,6,10,13
2	Scientific Calculator (Display type: Natural Display	1,5,10
	Algebraic input logic: Natural V.P.A.M.	
	Significand function: 10+2.	

# 7. AFFECTIVE DOMAIN OUTCOMES

The following *sample* Affective Domain Outcomes (ADOs) are embedded in many of the above-mentioned COs and PrOs. More could be added to fulfill the development of this course competency.

- a) Work as a leader/a team member.
- b) Follow ethical practices.

c) Practice environmentally friendly methods and processes. (Environment related)

The ADOs are best developed through the laboratory/field-based exercises. Moreover, the level of achievement of the ADOs according to Krathwohl's 'Affective Domain Taxonomy' should gradually increase as planned below:

- i. 'Valuing Level' in 1<sup>st</sup> year
- ii. 'Organization Level' in 2<sup>nd</sup> year.
- iii. 'Characterization Level' in 3<sup>rd</sup> year.

# 8. UNDERPINNING THEORY

The major underpinning theory is given below based on the higher level UOs of *Revised Bloom's taxonomy* that are formulated for development of the COs and competency. If required, more such UOs could be included by the course teacher to focus on attainment of COs and competency.

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)		Topics and Sub-topics
	(4 to 6 UOs at different levels)		
Unit – I	<ol> <li>Solve simple problems of Determinant up to order 3*3.</li> </ol>	1.1	Determinant and its value up to 3rd order (Without properties)
Determinant and Function	<ol> <li>Explain graphically the given functions.</li> <li>Solve simple problems using concepts of Logarithms</li> </ol>	1.2 1.3 1.4	Function and simple examples. Logarithm as a function Laws of Logarithm and related Simple examples
Unit– II Trigonometry	<ul> <li>2a. Apply the concept of Compound angle, Allied angle, and Multiple angles to solve the given simple engineering problem(s)</li> <li>2b. Explain the concept of Sub- Multiple and solve related problem(s).</li> <li>2c. Invoke the concept of Sum and Factor formulae to solve the given simple problem(s)</li> <li>2d. Investigate given simple problems using inverse Trigonometric functions.</li> </ul>	2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6 2.7	Units of Angles (degree and radian) Trigonometric Functions Allied & Compound Angles, Multiple –Submultiples angles Graph of Sine and Cosine, Periodic Trigonometric function Sum and factor formulae Inverse Trigonometric function
Unit– III Vectors	3a. Apply the concept of algebraic operations of Vectors to solve given simple engineering problem(s)	3.1 3.2	Vector, Addition, Subtraction, Magnitude and direction. Scalar and Vector Product and it's properties
	<ul> <li>3b. Apply the concept of Scalar and Vector product to solve specified simple problem(s)</li> <li>3c. Solve problems of work done and moment of force using the concept of Vectors.</li> </ul>	3.3 3.4	Angle between two Vectors Applications of Scalar and Vector Product (Work Done and Moment of Force)
Unit– IV	4a. Employ the equation of	4.1	Straight line (Two-point form) and
	straight line to solve given		slope of straight line
Coordinate	simple problems.	4.2	Slope point form, Intercept form,
Geometry	4b. Apply the concept of slope		General form of line
	and its consequences to	4.3	Condition of parallel and

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)		Topics and Sub-topics
	(4 to 6 UOs at different levels)		
	<ul> <li>solve the given problems.</li> <li>4c. Find the angle between two lines using the concept of Parallel and Perpendicular lines.</li> <li>4d. Apply the concept of equation of circle with center and radius to solve the given problems.</li> <li>4e. Solve problems related to</li> </ul>	4.4 4.5 4.6 4.7 4.8	perpendicular lines Equations of Parallel lines and Perpendicular lines to the given lines Angle between two lines. Equation of circle with center and Radius. General equation of circle. Tangent and normal to a circle.
	general equation of circle based on tangent and normal.		
Unit– V Limit	5a. Analyse the characteristic of functions using the concept of Limit.	5.1 5.2	Limit of a Function. Standard formulae of Limit and related simple examples.
	5b. Solve the given problems using standard formulae of Limit		

*Note:* The Unit Outcomes (UOs) need to be formulated at the 'Application Level' and above of Revised Bloom's Taxonomy' to accelerate the attainment of the COs and the competency.

# 9. SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION TABLE FOR QUESTION PAPER DESIGN

Unit	Unit Title	Teaching	Distribution of Theory Marks					
NO.		Hours	R	U	Α	Total		
			Level	Level	Level	Marks		
I	Determinant and Function	9	4	7	5	16		
П	Trigonometry	12	4	5	5	14		
111	Vectors	7	4	6	4	14		
IV	Coordinate Geometry	8	4	5	5	14		
V	Limit	6	3	4	5	12		
	Total	42	19	27	24	70		

*Legends:* R=Remember, U=Understand, A=Apply and above (Revised Bloom's taxonomy)

<u>Note</u>: This specification table provides general guidelines to assist students for their learning and to teachers to teach and question paper designers/setters to formulate test items/questions to assess the attainment of the UOs. The actual distribution of marks at different taxonomy levels (of *R*, *U* and *A*) in the question paper may slightly vary from above table.

NITTTR Bhopal – GTU - COGC-2021 Curriculum

# **10. SUGGESTED STUDENT ACTIVITIES**

Other than the classroom and laboratory learning, following are the suggested studentrelated **co-curricular** activities which can be undertaken to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course: Students should perform following activities in group and prepare reports of about 5 pages for each activity. They should also collect/record physical evidences for their (student's) portfolio which may be useful for their placement interviews:

- a) Identify engineering problems based on real world problems relevant to content of the unit and solve these problems in the light of free tutorials available on the internet.
- b) Explore the opportunity to visit Science city, ISRO or nearby Science centres.
- c) Explore the opportunity to visit Mathematics Lab Virtually.
- d) Prepare charts showing formulas of multiple and sub multiple trigonometric functions.
- e) Use Graphing calculator to plot the graph of functions showing Engineering applications.
- f) Collect set of problems based on concept of limit with real world applications and make a presentation.
- g) Communicate mathematical thinking coherently and clearly to other students, peers, and others.

# 11. SUGGESTED SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES (if any)

These are sample strategies, which the teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course:

- a) Massive open online courses (*MOOCs*) may be used to teach various topics/sub topics.
- b) Guide student(s) in undertaking micro-projects.
- c) *'L" in section No.* 4 means different types of teaching methods that are to be employed by teachers to develop the outcomes.
- d) About **20% of the topics/sub-topics** which are relatively simpler or descriptive in nature is to be given to the students for **self-learning**, but to be assessed using different assessment methods.
- e) With respect to *section No.10*, teachers need to ensure to create opportunities and provisions for *co-curricular activities*.

f) Explore the possibility for understanding the Biosphere through Mathematics

g) Guide students for using data manuals.

# **12.SUGGESTED MICRO-PROJECTS**

**Only one micro-project** is planned to be undertaken by a student that needs to be assigned to him/her in the beginning of the semester. In the first four semesters, the micro-project are group-based (group of 3 to 5). However, **in the fifth and sixth semesters**, the number of students in the group should **not exceed three**.

The micro-project could be industry application based, internet-based, workshopbased, laboratory-based or field-based. Each micro-project should encompass two or more COs which are in fact, an integration of PrOs, UOs and ADOs. Each student will have to maintain dated work diary consisting of individual contribution in the project work and give a seminar presentation of it before submission. The duration of the microproject should be about **14-16** (*fourteen to sixteen*) *student engagement hours* during the course. The students ought to submit micro-project by the end of the semester (so that they develop the industry-oriented COs).

A suggestive list of micro-projects is given here. This should relate highly with competency of the course and the COs. Similar micro-projects could be added by the concerned course teacher:

- a) Draw graphs of given Functions like 2x-1,  $x^2$ ,  $\sin x$ ,  $\cos x$  etc and verify using suitable Open-source software like GeoGebra, DPLOT and GRAPH.
- b) Prepare the Charts of formulae for limit, Vector, Trigonometry, Co-ordinate Geometry, and Logarithm.
- c) Prepare the cardboard models based on Mathematical concepts.
- d) Draw various lines, circles using GeoGebra software.
- e) Prepare projects on height and distance using Trigonometry.
- f) Use PHET website for simulation of Vector Algebra.
- g) Prepare a presentation/seminar on any relevant topic of interdisciplinary nature.
- h) Prepare a write up on the Historical path of Calculus.
- i) Prepare models of graphical representation for the existence of limits of given functions.
- j) Prepare charts showing formulas of multiple and sub multiple trigonometric functions and its usefulness.
- k) Formulate models to describe mathematical relationships and analyze data.

# **13.SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES**

S.	Title of Book	Author	Publication with place, year
No.			and ISBN
1	Engineering Mathematics	Croft, Anthony	Pearson Education, New Delhi,
	(Third edition).		2014.
			ISBN 978-81-317-2605-1
2	A Text Book of Vector	Narayan Shanti and	S. Chand Publication,
	Analysis	Mittal P.K	ISBN 978-8121922432
3	Calculus and Analytic	G. B. Thomas,	Addison Wesley, 9th Edition,
	Geometry	R. L. Finney	1995.
			ISBN 978-8174906168
4	Understanding	John Bird	Routledge; 1st edition
	Engineering Mathematics		ISBN 978-0415662840
5	Advanced Engineering	Krezig, Ervin	Wiley Publ., New
	Mathematics		Delhi,2014,
			ISBN: 978-0-470-45836-5

## **14.SUGGESTED LEARNING WEBSITES**

# a. https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCLJVrQyPYsseCf78QWCDsvA/featured

(YouTube Channel of DTEGUJ)

- b. https://www.geogebra.org/?lang=en
- c. https://phet.colorado.edu/
- d. www.dplot.com/ DPlot
- e. www.wolfram.com/mathematica/
- f. https://www.khanacademy.org/
- g. www.easycalculation.com
- i. www.scilab.org/ SCI Lab

j. https://cnx.org/contents/cCXsMC7-@3.2:rOtjgdjI@5/Trigonometry

k. https://www.embibe.com/exams/real-life-applications-of-trigonometry

I. https://opentextbc.ca/calculusv1openstax/chapter/the-limit-of-a-function

m.https://www.accessengineeringlibrary.com/?implicit-login=true

## **15.PO-COMPETENCY-CO MAPPING**

Semester I	Mathematics (Course Code: 4300001)						
				POs and P	SOs		
Competency & Course Outcomes	PO 1 Basic & Discipline specific knowledge	PO 2 Problem Analysis	PO 3 Design/ development of solutions	PO 4 Engineering Tools, Experimentation &Testing	PO 5 Engineering practices for society, sustainability & environment	PO 6 Project Management	PO 7 Life- long learning
<u>Competency</u> Solve broad-based technology problems using the principles of mathematics.	3	2	1	ł	ł	-	1
<u>Course Outcomes</u> CO a) Interpret the function graphically, numerically and analytically.	3	2	1	-	-	-	-
CO b) Demonstrate the ability to algebraically analyze basic functions used in Trigonometry.	3	1	1	-	-	-	1
CO c) Demonstrate the ability to Crack engineering related problems based on concepts of Vectors.	3	1	1	-	-	-	1
CO d) Solve basic engineering problems under given conditions of straight lines and circle.	3	1	-	-	-	-	-
CO e) Demonstrate the ability to analyze and illustrate the Function using the concept of Limit.	3	-	-	-	-	-	-

Legend: '3' for high, '2' for medium, '1' for low and '-' for no correlation of each CO with PO.

### **16. COURSE CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE**

#### **GTU Resource Persons**

S.	Name and Designation	Institute	Contact No.	Email
No.				
1	Dr. N. R. Pandya	Government Polytechnic,	9099097990	nrpandyagp@gmail.com
	I/C Principal (Retired)	Kheda		
	Head of Department			

2	Dr. N. A. Dani	Government Polytechnic,	9427184187	nilesh_a_d@yahoo.co.in
	Sr. Lecturer	Rajkot		
3	Mr. P. N. Joshi	A.V.P.T.I, Rajkot	9924844699	pnj2004@rediffmail.com
	Sr. Lecturer			
4	Dr. J. S. Prajapati	R.C.T.I, Ahmedabad	9426469752	jsprajapati26@gmail.com
	Sr. Lecturer			
5	Dr. Sachin J. Gajjar	Government Polytechnic,	9925362754	gjr.sachin@gmail.com
	Lecturer	Gandhinagar		
6	Dr. Nirav H. Shah	Government Polytechnic,	9327632570	Nirav.hs@gmail.com
	Lecturer	Jamnagar		

## **NITTTR Resource Person**

S. No.	Name and Designation	Department	Contact No.	Email
1	Dr. Deepak Singh Associate Professor (Mathematics) Former	Department of Applied Science Education,	9826991961	dsingh@nitttrbpl.ac.in
	Head, DAS	NITTTR, Bhopal		

## GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY (GTU)

# Competency-focused Outcome-based Green Curriculum-2021 (COGC-2021) I– Semester

# Course Title: COMMUNICATION SKILLS IN ENGLISH

(Course Code: 4300002)

Diploma programme in which this course is offered	Semester in which offered
ALL BRANCHES	FIRST

### 1. RATIONALE

Language is the most commonly used medium of self-expression in all spheres of human life – personal, social and professional. English language has become a dire need to deal successfully in the globalized and competitive market. Competency in English is need of the hour, not only for Indian industry, but also worldwide, where diploma engineers have the employable opportunity. Therefore, the basic English skills- listening, speaking, reading and writing have become almost mandatory for employability. This course intends to make the students to develop comprehension skills, improve vocabulary, use proper grammar, acquire writing skills, correspond with others and enhance skills in spoken English. Further, it is expected that each polytechnic will provide conducive environment for acquiring proficiency in communication skills among the students through English language.

### 2. COMPETENCY

The purpose of this course is to help the student to attain the following industry identified competency through various teaching learning experiences:

• Use reading, writing, speaking, listening skills to communicate effectively in English

# 3. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

The practical exercises, the underpinning knowledge and the relevant soft skills associated with the identified competency are to be developed in the student for the achievement of the following COs:

- Use strategies to minimise barriers of effective communication.
- Construct grammatically correct sentences.
- Develop reading and listening skills in terms of fluency and comprehensibility.
- Compose different types of written communication.
- Communicate orally in a given situation with a purpose.

### 4. TEACHING AND EXAMINATION SCHEME

Teaching Scheme		Total Credits	Examination Scheme					
(In	(In Hours)		(L+T+P/2)	Theory Marks		Practical Marks		Total
L	Т	Ρ	С	СА	ESE	СА	ESE	Marks
2	-	2	3	30*	70	25	25	150

(\*): Out of 30 marks under the theory CA, 10 marks are for assessment of the micro-project to facilitate integration of COs and the remaining 20 marks is the average of 2 tests to be

taken during the semester for the assessing the attainment of the cognitive domain UOs required for the attainment of the COs.

**Legends:** L-Lecture; T – Tutorial/Teacher Guided Theory Practice; P - Practical; C – Credit, CA - Continuous Assessment; ESE - End Semester Examination.

# 5. SUGGESTED PRACTICAL EXERCISES

The following practical outcomes (PrOs) are the sub-components of the COs. Some of the **PrOs** marked '\*' are compulsory, as they are crucial for that particular CO. These PrOs need to be attained at least at the 'Precision Level' of Dave's Taxonomy related to 'Psychomotor Domain'.

S. No.	Practical Outcomes (PrOs)	Unit No.		Approx. Hrs. required
1	Make correct sentences using tenses.	II		02
2	Compose Syntactical statements in written and Oral	Ш	Any	02
-	Communication (especially Formal Communication).		two	
3	Make meaningful sentences using confusing words	II		02
4	Develop listening skills through listening to recorded	Ш		02*
	lectures, poems, interviews and speeches.			02*
5	Use antonyms and synonyms effectively in oral and	ш, м		02.
6	Whiten forms.			01
0	Ose grammatically correct sentence			01
7	communicate ideas effectively and iluently in oral and	IV,		02*
	Apply idioms and one word substitute offectively in oral	V IV		01
8	and written forms of communication	ν, ν		01
0	Articulate vowels, consenants and diphthongs correctly	V		02*
9 10	Syllable and Syllable Stress	V		02
10	Synable and Synable Stress	V		02
11	pitch, speed and volume.	v		02
12	Participate in conversations (GD /meetings etc.)	V		02*
13	Deliver the presentation effectively in the class.	V		02*
	Communicate effectively through verbal and non-verbal	V		02*
14	means of communication.			
15	Practice online exercises for listening and reading	V		02*
15	comprehension.			
16	Perform role play and mock interview	V		02
	Total			28

### <u>Note</u>

- *i.* More **Practical Exercises** can be designed and offered by the respective course teacher to develop the industry relevant skills/outcomes to match the COs. The above table is only a suggestive list.
- *ii. The following are some sample 'Process' and 'Product' related skills (more may be added/deleted depending on the course) that occur in the above listed Practical Exercises of this course required which are embedded in the COs and ultimately the competency.*

# **Oral Communication**

Each student performance will be evaluated on the basis of the sample Performance Indicators given below:

S. No.	Sample Performance Indicators for the PrOs	Weightage in %
	(Oral communication)	
1	Pronunciation	20
2	Use of language (simple or decorated language)	20
3	Syntax (Sub-Verb Agreement, types of sentences, Modals	20
	etc.)	
4	Use of appropriate Vocabulary	15
5	Fluency ( Ease and speed of the flow of speech )	15
6	Audibility	10
	Total	100

# Written Communication

Each student performance will be evaluated on the basis of the sample Performance Indicators given below:

S.No.	Sample Performance Indicators for the PrOs (Written communication)	Weightage in %
1	Content(ideas expressed )	25
2	Use of language (Organisation of the content )	20
3	Grammar	20
	<ul> <li>Syntax (Sub-Verb Agreement)</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Diction (choice and use of words)</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Control of the basic grammatical patterns</li> </ul>	
4	Style	20
	Choice of sentence structures	
	<ul> <li>Use of appropriate sentence structures</li> </ul>	
5	Mechanics (Use of punctuations, Capitalization,	15
	paragraphing, italicizing)	
	Total	100

# Listening skills

Each student performance will be evaluated on the basis of the sample Performance Indicators given below:

S.No.	Sample Performance Indicators for the PrOs (Listening skills)	Weightage in %
1	Enthusiasm for patient listening	15
2	Attentive listening	20
	After listening, each student has to summarize	40
3	<ul> <li>Accuracy of facts and figures.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Description of places and situations.</li> </ul>	
4	Para- phrasing of the listened texts.	25
	Total	100

# **Reading Skills**

Each student performance will be evaluated on the basis of the sample Performance Indicators given below:

S.No.	Sample Performance Indicators for the PrOs	Weightage in %
	(Reading Skills)	
1	Reading correctly with clarity	30
2	Correct pronunciation	20
3	Comprehension of a vocabulary and deriving meaning of	15
	information	
4	Reading speed	20
5	Drawing correct conclusion and valid inference	15
	Total	100

# 6. MAJOR EQUIPMENT/ INSTRUMENTS AND SOFTWARE REQUIRED

These major equipment/instruments and Software required to develop PrOs are given below with broad specifications to facilitate procurement of them by the administrators/management of the institutes. This will ensure conduction of practical in all institutions across the state in proper way so that the desired skills are developed in students.

S. No.	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications	PrO. No.
1	Computer systems windows 7 or above with internet connectivity	All
2	Headphones with speakers	All
3	LCD Projector	All
4	Language lab software	All

# 7. AFFECTIVE DOMAIN OUTCOMES

The following *sample* Affective Domain Outcomes (ADOs) are embedded in many of the above mentioned COs and PrOs. More could be added to fulfill the development of this course competency.

- a) Work well as a leader/a team member.
- b) Follow ethics
- c) Demonstrate human concern.

The ADOs are best developed through the laboratory/field based exercises. Moreover, the level of achievement of the ADOs according to Krathwohl's 'Affective Domain Taxonomy'

should gradually increase as planned below:

- i. 'Valuing Level' in 1<sup>st</sup> year
- ii. 'Organization Level' in 2<sup>nd</sup> year.
- iii. 'Characterization Level' in 3<sup>rd</sup> year.

# 8. UNDERPINNING THEORY

The major underpinning theory is given below based on the UOs of *Revised Bloom's taxonomy* that are formulated for development of the COs and competency. If required, more such UOs could be included by the course teacher to focus on attainment of COs and competency.

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)		Topics and Sub topics
	(4 to 6 UOs a	t different levels)	
	Writing Skills	Speaking Skills	
Unit 1 Theory of	1a. Define the theory of communication	1d. Communicate effectively	<b>1.1</b> Concept of effective communication and communication skills
Communi- cation	<ul> <li>1b. State different types of communication.</li> <li>1c. Explain barriers</li> </ul>		<ul> <li><b>1.2</b> Basic communication model(S+M+C+R+F)</li> <li><b>1.3</b> Types of communication</li> </ul>
	in communication		<b>1.4</b> Barriers of effective communication
Unit 2 Grammar	2a. Identify different parts of speech and their usage in the sentence.	2f. Choose appropriate parts of speech for day to day communication.	2.1 Parts of Speech Noun, Pronoun, Verb, Adjective, Adverb and Interjection- Meaning and Examples (Recapitulation) Prepositions- In, into, On, At, for, Since, between, among, to, towards Connectors - If, Unless, Otherwise, Because, Therefore, Who, Which, Where, When, Why.
	<ul> <li>2b. Apply correct verbs in the given sentence</li> <li>2c. Use appropriate Modal Auxiliaries in a given expression.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>2g. Use grammatically correct sentence in day to day communication</li> <li>2h. Choose appropriate Modals in situations where different modes of expressions are</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>2.2 Tenses</li> <li>2.2.1 Present Tense <ul> <li>(Simple, Continuous,</li> <li>Perfect, Perfect</li> <li>Continuous)</li> </ul> </li> <li>2.2.2 Past Tense <ul> <li>(Simple, Continuous,</li> <li>Perfect)</li> </ul> </li> <li>2.2.3 Future Tense <ul> <li>(Simple)</li> </ul> </li> <li>2.3 Modal Auxiliaries <ul> <li>(Can, Could, May,</li> <li>Might, Shall, Should,</li> <li>Will, Would, Must, Have</li> <li>to, Ought to)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)		Topics and Sub topics
	(4 to 6 UOs at	t different levels)	
	Writing Skills	Speaking Skills	
	2d. Choose the correct verb for the given subject.	2i. Use the correct verb depending on the subject in a sentence.	2.4 Subject- Verb Agreement
	2e. Identify basic	2i. Use correct word	2.5 Basic Sentence
	sentence	order in their	Patterns of English
	patterns of	speech.	(Explanation of S,
	English and form		V,O,A,C)
	sentences in		S-Subject, V-Verb, O-
	correct word		Object, A-Adverbial and
	order.		C- Complement
			Four Basic Sentence
			Patterns
			• S+V
			• S+V+O
			<ul> <li>S+V+A</li> <li>S+V+C</li> </ul>
Unit 3	3a. Realise the	3f. Explain the content	3.1. Prose
	central idea of	of the passage/story	The Leopard- Ruskin
Prose and	the literary	in the class.	Bond
Poetry	piece.	3g. Ask appropriate	<b>3.2. Short Story</b>
	sentences using	answer them.	Henry
	new words.	3h. Follow oral	3.3. Poetry
	3c. Enrich	instructions and	<ul> <li>Stopping by</li> </ul>
	vocabulary	interpret them to	Woods on Snowy
	through reading.	others.	Evening-Robert
	well as long	effectively and	Where the Mind is
	answers to	clearly.	Without Fear-
	questions.	3j. Use dictionary,	Rabindranath
	3e. Express ideas in	thesaurus and other	Tagore
	English in written	reference books.	3.4 Language components:
	IOI III EITECUVEIY	or product.	Language components should be integrated with:
		3l. Use correct	<ul> <li>Passages from text</li> </ul>
		pronunciation and	book/Work book.
		intonation.	Unseen passages
		orally.	Reading with correct pronunciation.

Unit	Unit Out	comes (UOs)	Topics and Sub topics
	(4 to 6 UOs a	t different levels)	-
	Writing Skills	Speaking Skills	
			3.5 Vocabulary items:
			• Matching items
			(Word and its Meaning)
			One-Word
			Substitution
			<ul> <li>Phrases and Idioms</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Synonyms and</li> </ul>
			Antonyms
Unit 4	4a. Compose emails	4e. Face oral	4.1 Email Writing
	on given topics/	examinations and	(Business)
Techniques	situations.	interviews.	Format and Sample
of Writing	4b. Write a	4f. Grasp the main idea	Enquiry, Orders and
	paragraph in	of any conversation	complaints
	words with	and communicate	Examples for Practice
	synchronized	accordingly.	4.2 Letter writing
	sentence		<ul> <li>Types of fellers,</li> <li>Formats of lettors</li> </ul>
	structure on the		<ul> <li>Formats of Letters</li> <li>Qualities of a good</li> </ul>
	given situation /		Qualities of a good
	topic.		Sample letters such
	4c Answer the		as:
	questions on the		- Job applications/
	given unseen		Cover Letter
			- Leave applications,
	passage.		Complaints,
	4d. Summarize the		- Purchase orders,
	given unseen		Enquiries replies
	passage .		etc.
Unit 5	5a. Develop a	5d. Introduce oneself	5.1 Public speaking
	welcome and	with correct	Basics of Speaking
Mechanics	farewell speech for	nronunciation	<ul> <li>Importance of public</li> </ul>
of Speaking	the given theme/	internation using	speaking
	situation.	intonation, using	Characteristics of good
	5b. Prepare a speech	verbal and non-	speech
	for introducing a	verbal gestures.	5.2 Samples for Practice:
	guest in the	5e. Speak in specified	Welcome speech
	given situation.	tormal situations	Farewell speech
	5C. IVIAKE a	with correct	Introducing oneself
	for the given	5f Sneak in snecified	and another.
	condition	informal situations	<ul> <li>Discussing Weather</li> </ul>
		with correct	<ul> <li>Disposal of E -Waste</li> </ul>

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)		Topics and Sub topics
	(4 to 6 UOs a	(4 to 6 UOs at different levels)	
	Writing Skills	Speaking Skills	
		pronunciation.	<ul> <li>Environmental protection through non-use of Plastic</li> <li>Reduction of Noise pollution by vehicles.</li> <li>Conversation with the Cashier- College/ bank</li> <li>Telephonic Conversations (Formal and Informal).</li> </ul>

# 9. SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION TABLE FOR QUESTIONPAPER DESIGN

Unit	Unit Title	Teaching	Distribution of Theory Marks			
No.		Hours	R	U	А	Total
			Level	Level		Marks
Ι	Theory of Communication	04	03	04	03	10
П	Grammar	10	07	14	06	27
Ш	Prose and Poetry	09	04	07	08	19
IV	Techniques of Writing	05	03	04	07	14
V	Mechanics of Speaking	0	-	-	-	-
	Total	28	17	29	24	70

Legends: R=Remember, U=Understand, A=Apply and above (Revised Bloom's taxonomy)

**Note**: This specification table provides general guidelines to assist students for their learning and to teachers to teach and question paper designers/setters to formulate test items/questions to assess the attainment of the UOs. The actual distribution of marks at different taxonomy levels (of R, U and A) in the question paper may slightly vary from above table.

# **10** SUGGESTED STUDENT ACTIVITIES

Other than the classroom and laboratory learning, following are the suggested studentrelated **co-curricular** activities which can be undertaken to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course: Students should perform following activities in group and prepare reports of about 5 pages for each activity. They should also collect/record physical evidences for their (student's) portfolio which may be useful for their placement interviews:

- The experiments should be properly designed and implemented with an attempt to develop different types of skills leading to the achievement of the competency.
- Initiating a conversation with a new comer to your college.
- Assignments using Internet. (Online Listening/Speaking/Vocabulary based exercises and uploading their score, etc. (Teacher can decide how to use various online platforms for evaluation purpose.

- Self-learning Activities using mobile apps/internet
- Discuss current affairs in English with your friends.
- Read storybooks and learn new words and sentence structures.
- Write a brief report on current environmental issues.

### 11. SUGGESTED SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES (if any)

These are sample strategies, which the teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course:

- a) Massive open online courses (*MOOCs*) may be used to teach various topics/sub topics.
- b) Guide student(s) in undertaking micro-projects.
- c) Comprehension of passage and making presentation can given to the students for *self-learning*, but to be assessed using different assessment methods.
- d) Guide students on how to address issues on environment and sustainability using the knowledge of this course

### 12. SUGGESTED MICRO-PROJECTS

**Only one micro-project** is planned to be undertaken by a student that needs to be assigned to him/her in the beginning of the semester. In the first four semesters, the micro-project are group-based (group of 3 to 5). However, **in the fifth and sixth semesters**, the number of students in the group should **not exceed three**.

The micro-project could be industry application based, internet-based, workshopbased, laboratory-based or field-based. Each micro-project should encompass two or more COs which are in fact, an integration of PrOs, UOs and ADOs. Each student will have to maintain dated work diary consisting of individual contribution in the project work and give a seminar presentation of it before submission. The duration of the microproject should be about **14-16 (fourteen to sixteen) student engagement hours** during the course. The students ought to submit micro-project by the end of the semester to develop the industryoriented COs.

A suggestive list of micro-projects is given here. This should relate highly with competency of the course and the COs.Similar micro-projects could be added by the concerned course teacher:

- a) Book review students should read a book and then write his reviews about the book and present it in the class.
- b) Presentation Prepare a presentation regarding current problems of environment and present it in the class,
- c) Mock interviews. Interviews conducted by students and for the students.
- d) Skit or role play- write the script and present it in the class
   ( can be asked to take topic related to environment and pollution)
- e) Find out 20 new words out of a given story, write its synonym and use the word in your own sentence.
- f) Draft a story according to a given picture.
- g) You are in the village fair. Describe what is happening around you in present continuous tense. (Celebration of Annual Day past tense. etc)
- h) Write a paragraph about your first day in college.

### 13. SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES

S. No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication with place, year and ISBN
1	Living English Structures	W. S. Allen	Pearson Education India 1992 ISBN: 9788131728499
2	Essentials of English Grammar and Composition	N. K. Aggrawal	Goyal Brothers Prakashan 2015 ISBN : 8183896162
3	English Grammar at Glance	M. Gnanamurali	S. Chand & Co. Ltd. 2010 ISBN : 9788121929042
4	Effective English	E. Suresh Kumar & Others	Pearson 2010 ISBN : 9788131731000
5	English Communication for Polytechnics	S. Chandrashekhar & Others	Orient BlackSwan 2013 ISBN : 8125037462
6	English Fluency Step 1 & 2	-	Macmillan 2010 ISBN : 9781405003650 9781405003667
7	Active English Dictionary	-	Longman 1991 ISBN : 8131707865
8	The Pronunciation of English	Daniel Jones	Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 4 <sup>th</sup> Edition 1956 ISBN : 0521093694
9	Ed. English Pronouncing Dictionary	James Hartman & et al.	Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.17 <sup>th</sup> Edition 2006 ISBN : 0521680867
10	Effective Communication Skills	Kulbhushan Kumar	Khanna Publishing House, New Delhi (Revised Ed. 2018) ISBN : 9789382609940
11	Better English Pronunciation	J.D.O'Connor	Cambridge: Cambridge University Press 1982 ISBN : 0521231523
12	An English Grammar: Comprehending Principles and Rules	Lindley Murray	Franklin Classics (10 October 2018). ISBN : 0342097008
13	Examine your English	Margaret M. Maison	Orient Longman: New Delhi, 1964 ISBN : 812500176X
14	A Practice Course in English Pronunciation	J.Sethi & et al	New Delhi: Prentice Hall, 2004 ISBN : 9788120325944
15	Technical Communication: A Practical Approach.	Pfeiffer, William Sanborn and T.V.S Padmaja	Delhi: Pearson, 2007. ISBN : 9788131700884

### 14. SUGGESTED LEARNING WEBSITES

- https://learnenglish.britishcouncil.org
- http://www.free-english-study.com/
- http://www.english-online.org.uk/course.htm
- http://www.english-online.org.uk/
- http://www.talkenglish.com/
- http://www.learnenglish.de/
- https://www.cambridgeenglish.org/exams-and-tests/linguaskill/
- https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/
- https://www.oxfordlearnersdictionaries.com/definition/academic/
- https://learnenglishkids.britishcouncil.org/

### 15. PO-COMPETENCY-CO MAPPING

Semester I	Communication Skills in English (Course Code: 4300002)						
				POs			
Competency & Course Outcomes	PO 1 Basic & Discipline specific knowledge	PO 2 Problem Analysis	PO 3 Design/ develop- ment of solutions	PO 4 Engineer- ing Tools, Experimen- tation & Testing	PO 5 Engineering practices for society, sustain- ability & environment	PO 6 Project Manage- ment	PO 7 Life-long learning
<u>Competency</u>	Use rea	ding, writi	ng, speaking	g, listening sl in English	kills to commu	inicate effec	tively
Course Outcomes Students will be able to: CO a). Use strategies to minimise barriers of effective communication	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
CO b) Construct grammatically correct sentences.	2	-	-	-	-	2	2
CO c) Develop reading and listening skills in terms of fluency and comprehensibility	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO d) Compose different types of written communication.	2	-	-	-	-	2	2
CO e) Communicate orally in a given situation with a purpose.	2	-	-	-	-	2	2

Legend: '3' for high, '2' for medium, '1' for low and '-' for no correlation of each CO with PO.

### 16. COURSE CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE

S. No.	Name and Designation	Institute	Contact No.	Email
1	Dr. Peena Thanky	R C Technical Institute Ahmedabad	9409411256	drpeena@gmail.com
2	Dr. Rakhi Jain	Government Polytechnic Himmatnagar	9429237311	rakhi.shah 73@yahoo.in
3	Dr. Almas Juneja	Government Polytechnic Ahmedabad	8140507181	almasjuneja@yahoo.co.in
4	Dr. Yatharth Vaidya	L E College (Diploma) Morbi	8980291650	yatharthvaidya@gmail.com

# **GTU Resource Persons**

#### NITTTR Resource Persons

S. No.	Name and Designation	Department	Contact No.	Email
1	Dr. Anjana Tiwari, Assistant Professor	Deptt. of Technical & Vocational Education and Research	9131032813	atiwari@nitttrbpl.ac.in anjana.khr@gmail.com
2	Dr. K.K. Jain, Professor	Deptt. of Mechanical Engineering Education	9425017472	kkjain@nitttrbpl.ac.in
3	Dr. Ajit Dixit, Associate Professor	Deptt. of Technical & Vocational Education and Research	9685742594	adixit@nitttrbpl.ac.in



# **GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**

# DIPLOMA PROGRAMME

IN

# ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

# WORKBOOK

# OF

# **COMMUNICATION SKILLS IN ENGLISH**

1

# **IMPORTANT NOTE:**

This workbook is prepared for purely academic purpose only. The authors have used various open web sources and books for content creation. The aim is to help students by providing them learning material and ample exercises for practice. This book is designed for smooth functioning of the course. The content of this text must not be used for any kind commercial purpose.

Authors:

Dr.	Peena	Thanky

Dr. Rakhi Jain

Dr. Yatharth Vaidya Member: Board of Studies GTU. Lecturer in English R C Technical Institute, Sola Ahmedabad. Member: Board of Studies GTU. Lecturer in English Government Polytechnic Himmatnagar Member: Board of Studies GTU. Lecturer in English L E College (Diploma) Morbi



# INDEX

S.N.	UNIT	PAGE NO.
	SECTION 1 THEORY OF COMMUNICATION	
	Communication- Definition & Types	05
	Barriers to Communication	
	SECTION 2 GRAMMAR	
1	Parts of Speech	12
2	Tenses	20
3	Modal Auxiliaries	26
1	Subject Verb Agreement	20
4	Subject Verb Agreement	50
5	Basic Sentence Patterns of English	34
5	Dusie Sentence Futterns of Dirginsh	
	SECTION 3 PROSE AND POETRY	
1	The Leopard	37
	े भेके जान 🐴	5
2	After Twenty Years	42
3	Stopping By woods on a Snowy Evening	46
4	Where the Mind is Without Fear	47
	SECTION 4 WRITING WORK	
	Email Writing	50
2	Lattan Whiting	<u> </u>
Z		10

3

# **SECTION 1**

# THEORY OF COMMUNICATION

#### What are communication skills?

#### **Definition:**

Communication skills are the abilities you use when giving and receiving different kinds of information. Some examples include communicating new ideas, feelings or even an update on your project. Communication skills involve listening, speaking, observing and empathising. It is also helpful to understand the differences in how to communicate through face-to-face interactions, phone conversations and digital communications like email and social media.

A deep understanding of the process of communication and communication skills is essential. It is vital to the success of any individual in any business. Here we shall see some of the many types of communication.

Communication styles change from person to person. During the process of communication, a person may invoke several channels or modes or methods to convey a message. But, the process of communication doesn't only depend on the source producing or relaying information.

It also equally depends on the communication method and the manner in which the receiver understands the message. Let us first understand Basic Model Of Communication

#### **Basic Communication Model :**

The sender-message-channel-receiver (SMCR) model of communication is an expansion of the Shannon-Weaver model of communication. David Berlo created this model.

According to the Shannon-Weaver model, communication includes the following concepts: sender, encoder, channel, decoder, receiver and feedback. Furthermore, there is also concept of "noise", which affects the communication process going through the channel and makes the message more difficult to understand by the receiver. Each of those concepts are defined as follows:

Sender: the originator of message.

**Encode**r: the transmitter which converts the message into signals (the way message is changed into signals, for example sound waves).

Channel: the signal carrier or medium

**Decode**: the reception place of the signal which converts signals into message. Decoding is done by the receiver when he gets the message.

**Receiver:** the recipient of the message from the sender. He usually gives feedback to the sender in order to make sure that the message was properly received.

**Noise** the message, transferred through a channel, can be interrupted by external noise (for instance, conversation may be interrupted by thunder or crowd noise).

**Feedback:** The receiver can get an inaccurate message. This is why feedback from the receiver is important in case the message is not properly received. Furthermore, the noise can also affect the decoding of the message by the receiver.



Communication begins at a given point. The first step is the generation of information. The second step is to put this information or data into a medium for transmission towards the intended audience.

During this process, the initiator of the communication must pay extra attention to the nature of the information. The communication skills will determine the effectiveness of their communication.

#### Types:

On the basis of the communication channels, types of communications are:

- A. Verbal
- B. Non-Verbal
- C. Visual

#### Verbal

This involves the use of language and words for the purpose of passing on the intended message. In general terms, Verbal Communication means communication in the form of spoken words only. But, in the context of types of communication, verbal communication can be in the spoken or the written form. Thus, the verbal form may be oral or written as discussed below.

- Written Communication: This kind of communication involves any kind of exchange of information in the written form. For example, e-mails, texts, letters, reports, SMS, posts on social media platforms, documents, handbooks, posters, flyers, etc.
- Oral Communication: This is the communication which employs the spoken word, either direct or indirect as a communication channel. This verbal communication could be made on a channel that passes information in only one form i.e. sound. You could converse either face to face, or over the phone, or via voice notes or chat rooms, etc. It all comes under the oral communication. This form of communication is an effective form.

#### Non-Verbal Communication

In this type of communication, messages are relayed without the transmission of words. The messages here are wordless messages. This form of communication mainly assists verbal communication. It supplements it with gestures, body language, symbols, and expressions.

Through these, one may communicate one's mood, or opinion or even show a reaction to the messages that are relaying. One's non-verbal actions often set the tone for the dialogue. You can control and guide the communication if you control and guide the non-verbal communication. Some of the modes of non-verbal communication are:

#### **Physical Non-verbal Communication**

This is the sum total of the physically observable. For instance, hand gestures, body language, facial expressions, the tone of one's voice, posture, stance, touch, gaze, and others. Several researchers have revealed that physical nonverbal communication constitutes about 55% of our daily communications.

These are subtle signals that are picked up as part of our biological wiring. For example, if you rest your head on your palms, it will mean that you are very disappointed or angry. Similarly, other subtle hints will convey your reaction to the presenter or your audience's reaction to you.

#### Paralanguage

This is the art of reading between the lines. The main kind of such communication is done with the tone of one's voice. This kind of communication amounts to almost 38% of all the communication that we do every day. Along with the tone of voice, the style of speaking, voice quality, stress, emotions, or intonation serves the purpose of communication. And, these aspects are not verbal.

#### Visual:

Visual communication is the transmission of information and ideas using symbols and imagery. It is one of three main types of communication, along with verbal communication (speaking) and non-verbal communication (tone, body language, etc.). Visual communication is believed to be the type that people rely on most, and it includes signs, graphic designs, films, typography, and countless other examples. Visual communication can be represented in the form of a graph, a map, a chart, a Vann diagram, a pie chart, a model, a table, or even multimedia like gifs, videos, and images.

#### Barrier To Communication:

There are many reasons why interpersonal communications may fail. In many communications, the message (what is said) may not be received exactly the way the sender intended. It is, therefore, important that the communicator seeks feedback to check that their message is clearly understood.

The skills of Active Listening, Clarification and Reflection may help but the skilled communicator also needs to be aware of the barriers to effective communication and how to avoid or overcome them.

There are many barriers to communication and these may occur at any stage in the communication process. Barriers may lead to your message becoming distorted and you therefore risk wasting both time and/or money by causing confusion and misunderstanding.

Effective communication involves overcoming these barriers and conveying a clear and concise message. Common Barriers to Effective Communication:

- The use of jargon. Over-complicated, unfamiliar and/or technical terms.
- Emotional barriers and taboos. Some people may find it difficult to express their emotions and some topics may be completely 'off-limits' or taboo. Taboo or difficult topics may include, but are not limited

to, politics, religion, disabilities (mental and physical), racism and any opinion that may be seen as unpopular.

- Lack of attention, interest, distractions, or irrelevance to the receiver. Differences in perception and viewpoint.
- Physical disabilities such as hearing problems or speech difficulties.
- Physical barriers to non-verbal communication. Not being able to see the non-verbal cues, gestures, posture and general body language can make communication less effective. Phone calls, text messages and other communication methods that rely on technology are often less effective than face-to-face communication.
- Language differences and the difficulty in understanding unfamiliar accents.
- Expectations and prejudices which may lead to false assumptions or stereotyping. People often hear what they expect to hear rather than what is actually said and jump to incorrect conclusions.
- Cultural differences. The norms of social interaction vary greatly in different cultures, as do the way in which emotions are expressed. For example, the concept of personal space varies between cultures and between different social settings.
- A skilled communicator must be aware of these barriers and try to reduce their impact by continually checking understanding and by offering appropriate feedback.

#### Note: MCQs of 07 Marks to be asked from this Unit in GTU Exam so practice MCQS.

## **Practice Questions:**

1) What is communication?

a. Communication is the means by which we stay in touch with other people and know what is happening in the world around us

- b. Communication is the expression of ourselves in the form of verbal discussion
- c. Communication is the varying ways in which we express ourselves
- d. Communication is the various mediums we use for interaction
- e. Communication is talking, listening, and interacting
- 2) True of False: All communication is verbal
- a. True
- b. False
- 3) What is non-verbal communication?
- a. Non-verbal communication is another term for using body language
- b. Non-verbal communication is about exchanging information without speaking words
- c. Non-verbal communication is another term for written communication
- d. Non-verbal communication is for people who cannot speak or hear

4)Which of the following is NOT a form of non-verbal communication?

- a. Touch
- b. Facial expressions
- c. Physical proximity
- d. Skype
- e. Sign language
- 5) Which of the following is an example of body language?
- a. Facial expression
- b. Eye contact
- c. Posture
- d. Gestures
- e. All of the above
- 6) What is paralanguage?
- a. Language for the disabled
- b. How something is said, rather than what is said
- c. What is said, rather than how it is said
- d. When how something is said matches what is being said
- e. When how something is said does not match what is being said
- 7) Factors that influence communication, may become what to effective communication?
- a. Barriers
- b. Obstacles
- c. Enhances
- d. Improvements
- e. Challenges
- 8) How will you know if communication was successful?
- a. The person smiles and gives open body language
- b. The person answers

- c. It has the desired outcome
- d. The person is agreeable
- e. The person tells you
- 9) What does effective communication require?
- a. Purpose or reason
- b. Strategy or way of communicating
- c. Acknowledgement
- d. Feedback
- e. All of the above
- 10) What is efficient communication?
- a. Talking quickly and using minimal words to get the point across
- b. Spending the minimum amount of time and effort to get the communication message across successfully
- c. Ensuring that the message is understood and being thorough enough to get the point across
- d. Being able to convey a message with just body language and gestures
- e. Being able to use jargon and abbreviations while still being understood





# Unit 1

# **PARTS OF SPEECH**

The **part of speech** explains how a word is used in a sentence. The part of speech indicates how the word functions in meaning as well as grammatically within the sentence. An individual word can function as more than one part of speech when used in different circumstances. Understanding parts of speech is essential for determining the correct definition of a word when using the dictionary.

There are eight main parts of speech (also known as word classes): nouns, pronouns, adjectives, verbs, adverbs, prepositions, conjunctions and interjection

#### **NOUN - (Naming word)**

A noun is the name of a person, place, thing or idea.

Examples of nouns: Daniel, London, table, dog, teacher, pen, city, happiness, hope

Example sentences: Steve lives in Sydney. Mary uses pen and paper to write letters

#### **Practice Exercise:**

Apply suitable nouns.

- 1. ....is late today.
- 2. ....is very expensive these days.
- 3. He has a blue ....
- 4. They are very good friends. Their .... is example for many of us.
- 5. The .....addressed the gathering.

#### **PRONOUN - (Replaces a Noun)**

A pronoun is used in place of a noun or noun phrase to avoid repetition.

Examples of pronouns: I, you, we, they, he, she, it, me, us, them, him, her, this, those

Example sentences: Mary is tired. She wants to sleep. I want her to dance with me.

#### **Practice Exercise:**

Apply suitable pronouns.

- 1 .I know Mr. James. ....is a very good doctor.
- 2. Please look after my family members. ....have arrived here today only.
- 3. Dr. Ranjana was my professor. ....received many awards.

4. Have you seen ....book?

5. The peacock is a beautiful bird. ....feathers are colourful.

#### **ADJECTIVE - (Describing word)**

An adjective describes, modifies or gives more information about a noun or pronoun.

Examples: big, happy, green, young, fun, crazy, three

Example sentences: The little girl had a pink hat.

#### **Practice Exercise:**

Apply suitable adjectives.

- 1. I saw a .....truck on the road.
- 2. There are ....buildings in mega cities.
- 3. The garden has .....flowers.
- 4. My friend is wearing a ....shirt.
- 5. ....students get good marks.

#### VERB - (Action Word)

A verb shows an action or state of being. A verb shows what someone or something is doing.

Examples: go, speak, run, eat, play, live, walk, have, like, are, is

Example sentences: I like Woodward English. I study their charts and play their games.

#### **Practice Exercise:**

Apply suitable verbs.

- 1. Samarth ... to college daily.
- 2. Children ... in the garden.
- 3. We .... newspapers.
- 4. The manager ....the meeting.
- 5. I ....this temple everyday.

#### **ADVERB - (Describes a verb)**

An **adverb** describes/modifies a verb, an adjective or another adverb. It tells how, where, when, how often or to what extent. Many adverbs end in -LY

Examples: slowly, quietly, very, always, never, too, well, tomorrow, here

Example sentences: I am usually busy. Yesterday, I ate my lunch quickly.

#### **Practice Exercise:**

Apply suitable adverbs.

1. The boy ran .....

2. They sang the song .....

3. Rahul can play cricket .....

4. The teacher is teaching this topic ...

5. We should listen to this news .....

# **PREPOSITION - (Shows relationship)**

A **preposition** shows the relationship of a noun or pronoun to another word. They can indicate time, place, or relationship.

Examples: at, on, in, from, with, near, between, about, under

Example sentences: I left my keys on the table for you.

#### In, On, At, into , for, Since, between, among, to, towards

#### In:

Use 1: When talking about time, we use 'in' when referring to an unspecific time of the day, a month, a season or a year.

- I always brush my teeth in the morning.
- My birthday is **in** June.
- It's always cold in winter.
- My brother was born in 1999.

Use 2: When talking about places, 'in' is used to indicate a location or place. Here are a few examples:

- "Mumbai is **in** India.
- I am **in** my room.

#### ON

Use 1: The word 'on', when talking about time, is for specific dates and days.

- He was born **on** September 24th.
- I go to the gym **on** Mondays and Wednesdays.

Use 2: When talking about places, 'on' is used when we are speaking about a surface. Something is on the surface of something else.

For example:

- The papers are **on** the coffee table.
- "I left the keys **on** the counter."

# AT

Use 1: When talking about time, 'at' is used for a specific time.

- I will see you at 8:00 pm.
- My interview is **at** 3:00 pm.
Use 2: When talking about places, 'at' is used to indicate a specific place.

- We are meeting **at** the cafe.
- The football game is **at** the stadium.

#### INTO:

Used for showing movement: entering a place, building, or vehicle

- Hundreds of athletes marched into the stadium for the opening ceremony.
- She got into her car and drove away.

#### FOR:

It describes duration. It means "From the start of the period to the end of the period. so it is used for suggesting period of time.

- He has been living in Ahmedabad for several months.
- Usha has worked here for 10 years.

#### SINCE:

It defines a point in time in the past. It means "From a point in the past until now."

- He has been watching TV since 7 pm.
- Mohan had been writing a book since 2010

#### **BETWEEN:**

Between is usually used with **two** separate and distinct things. For example:

- The treasure is between the palm tree and the hut.
- Our holiday house is between the mountains and the sea.

#### AMONG :

Among is used with separate and distinct things **more than two**. It is used to portray the idea of being in a group or in the midst of a group. For example:

- I want to live among like-minded people.
- Share these sweets among yourselves.

### **TO** :

Use 1. It is used to indicate a destination or direction:

• .Does he want to come to the park with us?

Use 2. It is used to indicate time

• Her train arrives at quarter to five.

#### TOWARDS:

It means in the direction of somebody/something

• They were heading towards the garden.

Sample Exercise:

- 1. He lives --- Hyderabad.
- 2. He started --- six --- the morning.
- 3. The child has been missing --- yesterday.
- 4. The mail train is due --- 3 P.M.
- 5. He travelled thirty kilometres --- two hours.
- 6. the flower pot was kept....the shelf ... the room.
- 7.. --- last month I have seen him but once.
- 8. The four friends shared the food ....themselves.
- 9. I saw him running ....the market.
- 10. The boy jumped .. the river to save the child.

#### **CONJUNCTION - (Joining word)**

A conjunction joins two words, ideas, phrases or clauses together in a sentence and shows how they are connected.

Examples: and, or, but, because, so, yet, unless, since, if.

Example sentences: I was hot and exhausted but I still finished the marathon.

Connectors - ,

## If, Unless, Otherwise, Because, Therefore, Who, Which, Where, When, Why.

#### If & Unless

It shows Condition. if + present simple+ modal verb with future meaning

- If the weather improves, we'll go for a walk.
- Rama will go if Hari goes.

Unless means something similar to 'if ... not'

- We'll go to the coast tomorrow unless it rains.
- Grievances cannot be redressed unless they are known.

#### **Otherwise:**

It is used to show what the result will be if the thing or condition, mentioned before, does not occur.

• Take your umbrella, otherwise you will get wet.

#### **Because:**

It connects the result of something with its reason.

• She spoke quietly because she didn't want her friend to hear.

#### **Therefore:**

It indicates the cause or result of a situation.

• I studied for long hours, therefore I got very high marks from the final exams.

#### Who

It is used to introduce a new part of a sentence about a **person** that was mentioned before.

• Mr. Mathur, who is a professor is known to me.

#### Which

It is used to introduce a new part of a sentence about a **thing** that was mentioned before.

• The book which you bought yesterday is very useful.

#### Where

It is used to introduce a new part of a sentence about a **place** that was mentioned before.

• The place where players are staying is a five star resort.

#### When:

It is used to introduce a new part of a sentence about time that was mentioned before

• The time when you called me, I was in a meeting.

#### Why:

It is used to introduce a new part of a sentence about reason that was mentioned before

• The officer told us the reason why he was in urgency to leave.

#### **Practice exercise:**

Join the sentence groups using suitable connectors.

- 1. He passed the exam. He had a good teacher.
- 2. I do not eat meat. I do not eat eggs.
- 3. She is poor. She is honest.
- 4. I can not tell you the reason. I will not attend the function.
- 5. I felt ill. I went on working.
- 6. Rohit scored a century. India won the match.
- 7. The car was badly damaged in the accident. It needs repair.
- 8. We feel bored. We go to the movies to relieve our boredom.
- 9. Mohit must give in. He must also apologize. Jatin will not forgive him otherwise.
- 10. The children were playing hide-and-seek.. The rain came down suddenly.

### **INTERJECTION - (Expressive word)**

An interjection is a word or phrase that expresses a strong feeling or emotion. It is a short exclamation.

Examples: Ouch! Wow! Great! Help! Oh! Hey! Hi!

- Wow! I passed my English test.
- Great!
- Ouch! That hurts

# Summary chart

## Parts Of Speech

## NOUN

Name of a person, place, thing or idea.

Examples: Daniel, London, table, hope - *Mary* uses a blue *pen* for her *notes*.

## ADJECTIVE

Describes, modifies or gives more information about a noun or pronoun. Examples: cold, happy, young, two, fun - The *little* girl has a *pink* hat.

## **ADVERB**

Modifies a verb, an adjective or another adverb. It tells how (often), where, when.

Examples: slowly, very, always, well, too - Yesterday, I ate my lunch quickly.

# CONJUNCTION

Joins two words, ideas, phrases together and shows how they are connected.

Examples: and, or, but, because, yet, so - I was hot *and* tired *but* still finished it.

# PRONOUN

A pronoun is used in place of a noun or noun phrase to avoid repetition. Examples: I, you, it, we, us, them, those - I want her to dance with me.

## VERB

Shows an action or a state of being.

Examples: go, speak, eat, live, are, is - I *listen* to the word and then *repeat* it.

# PREPOSITION

Shows the relationship of a noun or pronoun to another word.

Examples: at, on, in, from, with, about - I left my keys on the table for you.

# INTERJECTION

A word or phrase that expresses a strong emotion. It is a short exclamation.

Examples: Ouch! Hey! Oh! Watch out! - Wow! I passed my English exam.

#### **Practice Exercise:**

To solve this exercise, you have to identify the noun, pronoun, verb, adverb, adjective, preposition, conjunction, interjection in the given sentences.

Tom went to market to buy books ( \_\_\_\_\_\_ ).

He went to the market but (\_\_\_\_\_\_) did not buy new books.

I liked ( \_\_\_\_\_\_ ) him ( \_\_\_\_\_\_ ) better than he likes me.

A smart girl was dancing **quickly** ( \_\_\_\_\_\_).

She ( \_\_\_\_\_\_) eats apples in the morning daily.

When he was sitting (\_\_\_\_\_\_) on the grass, a snake bit him.

You ( \_\_\_\_\_\_) caught him by his arm.

A rich (\_\_\_\_\_\_) lady bought a beautiful (\_\_\_\_\_\_) necklace.

Hurrah! (\_\_\_\_\_\_) I have passed the examination.

The cat is sitting **under** ( \_\_\_\_\_\_) the chair.

Alas! (\_\_\_\_\_\_) I could not receive you.

The body of the cage is made of **iron**. (\_\_\_\_\_

It is not **your** (\_\_\_\_\_\_) pen; it is hers.

There is still some milk in ( \_\_\_\_\_\_) the jug.

Jimmy is **performing** (\_\_\_\_\_\_) his duties diligently.

The drawing made by you is **almost** (\_\_\_\_\_\_) perfect.

I shall not go **unless** (\_\_\_\_\_\_) you allow.

The road is **to** ( \_\_\_\_\_\_ ) go by.

The flowers smell **sweet**. (\_\_\_\_\_)

He **frequently** ( \_\_\_\_\_\_ ) goes to the beach.

## **UNIT 2. TENSES**

In grammar, tense is a category that expresses time reference with reference to the moment of speaking. Tenses are usually manifested by the use of specific forms of verbs, particularly in their conjugation patterns. It is very essential to have knowledge of tenses for correct use of a language to establish effective communication.

#### There are three types of Tenses- Present, Past and Future.

Example:

- o We watch movies every weekend. Present Tense
- He wrote an application for that job yesterday. Past Tense
- You will complete the project by next month. Future Tense

Present Tense – The verb in present tense refers to the present time.

Past Tense- The verb in past tense refers to the past time.

Future Tense- The verb in future tense refers to the future time.

The tense of a verb shows not only time of action but also the state of action referred to. Each of these Tenses has four sub tenses-

- 1) Simple,
- 2) Continuous,
- 3) Perfect and
- 4) Perfect Continuous Tense.

#### Simple or Indefinite Tense:

Here the verb specifies the simple action, without anything being said about the completeness or incompleteness of the action.

Sub Tense	Person	Singular	Plural
Present	First person	I speak	We speak
	Second person	You speak	You speak
	Third person	He / She / It speaks	They speak
Past	First person	I Spoke	We spoke
	Second person	You spoke	You spoke
	Third person	He / She / It spoke	They spoke
Future	First person	I shall speak	We shall speak
	Second person	You will speak	You will speak
	Third person	He / She / It will speak	They will speak

### **Continuous/Progressive Tense:**

Here the verb indicates incomplete or continuous action.

Sub Tense	Person	Singular	Plural
Present	First person	I am speaking	We are speaking
	Second person	You are speaking	You are speaking
	Third person	He / She / It is speaking	They are speaking
Past	First person	I was speaking	We were speaking

Second person	You were speaking	You were speaking
Third person	He / She / It was speaking	They were speaking

### **Perfect Tense:**

Here the verb shows that the action is completed or perfect.

Sub Tense	Person	Singular	Plural	
Present	First person	I have spoken	We have spoken	
	Second person	You have spoken	You have spoken	
	Third person	He/she/it has spoken	They have spoken	
Past	First person	irst person I had spoken We had spoke		
	Second person	You had spoken	You had spoken	
	Third person	He/ she/ it had spoken	They had spoken	

## **Perfect Continuous Tense:**

Here the verb shows that the action started in past and still it is in progress.

Sub Tense	Person	Singular	Plural
Present	First person	I have been watching	We have been
			watching
	Second person	You have been watching	You have been
			watching
	Third person	He/she/it has been watching	They have been
			watching

## **USES OF TENSES :-**

## Present Tense [Simple Present Tense]

It is used:

- i. To express a habitual action or an action happens regularly. Examples:
  - The manager gets up at five and starts work at seven
  - Umesh practices the piano every day.
- ii. For universal or general truth. Examples:
  - $\circ$  The earth turns 360° every day.
  - Antarctica is covered with ice.
- iii. In narrative such as sports events or demonstrations (substitute for the simple past). Examples:
  - Virat catches the ball and he throws it to the wicket.
  - $\circ$   $\;$  First I put some butter in the pan and turn on the cooker.
- iv. To express a future event that is part of a fixed timetable. Examples:
  - $\circ$   $\,$  The train leaves at 03.00 pm sharp.
  - $\circ$   $\;$  The flight is at 07.00 tomorrow morning.

- v. To state the facts and things in general that is always true. Examples:
  - India is a rich source of herbs.
  - Gold isn't liquid at room temperature.
- vi. In exclamatory sentences beginning with 'here' and 'there'. Examples:
  - There goes your trainer!
  - Here comes the train you are waiting for!
- vii. To introduce quotations. Example:
  - Swami Vivekananda says, "Arise, awake and do not stop until the goal is reached".
- viii. Instead of the simple Future Tense in clauses of time and condition Examples:
  - I shall wait till you finish your lunch.
  - If you heat water to 100 degrees, it boils.

## Present Tense [Present Continuous Tense]

It is used:

- i. To indicate an action that is happening at the moment of speaking. Examples:
  - I am just leaving office. I'll be home in an hour.
  - Please be quiet. The children are sleeping.
- ii. To indicate an action which may not happening at the time of speaking. Examples:
  - Aren't you teaching at the university now?
  - At two in the afternoon, we are eating lunch.
- iii. For definite future arrangements. Examples:
  - We are going to the beach at the weekend.
  - I am not going to the party tonight.
- iv. For habits that are not regular, but that happen very often. (an adverb like 'always', 'continuously' or 'constantly' are used)

Example:

- You are continuously losing your keys.
- She is constantly missing the train.
- Adhiraj is always smiling.
- v. Verbs which refers to state rather than actions or progress, are not normally used in the continuous form in the present tense:
  - a) Perceptions: feel, smell, hear, taste, see
  - b) Emotions: want, wish, envy, fear, dislike, hate, hope, like, love regret, hope, refuse.
  - c) Thinking: think, suppose, believe, agree, consider, trust, remember, forget, know, understand, imagine
  - d) Appearing: appear, look, seem.

## Present Tense [Present Perfect Tense]

It is used:

- i. To indicate an action completed in the recent or immediate past (with just). Examples:
  - I have just finished my work.
  - $\circ$  He has just taken the medicine.
- ii. To indicate a past action happened at an unspecified time. Examples:
  - I have been to France three times.
  - o Madhuri has never travelled by train.
  - Manisha has studied two foreign languages.
- iii. To show that something started in the past and has continued up until now. Examples:
  - Rashmi has been in England for six months.
  - Priya has loved chocolate since she was a little girl.

The adverb and adverbial phrases with unfinished time expressions can be used in Present Perfect such as: ever, never, once, many times, several times, before, so far, this month, this year, this week, today, already, yet, etc but not with specific past /finished time expressions such as: yesterday, one year ago, last week, when I was a child, when I lived in Japan, at that moment, that day, one day, etc.

## Perfect Continuous Tense (Present Perfect Continuous Tense)

It is used

i. To express actions which started in the past and continue to the present. We often use this with 'for' and 'since'

- I've been living in London for two years.
- $\circ$  She's been working here since 2004.
- We've been waiting for the bus for hours.

ii. To express actions which have recently stopped and have a result, which we can often see, hear, or feel, in the present. We don't use a time word here. The action is over but the effect can be seen.

- I'm so tired, I've been studying.
- I've been running, so I'm really hot.
- It's been raining so the pavement is wet.

## Past Tense [Simple Past Tense]

It is used:

- i. To express the idea that an action started and finished at a specific time in the past. Examples:
  - I didn't see a play yesterday.
  - Did you have dinner last night?
- ii. Sometime the specific time may not be mentioned. It can be implied by context. Example:
- I didn't sleep well (last night).
- iii. To describe a past habit Examples:
  - They never went to school, they always skipped class.
  - Did you play a musical instrument when you were a kid?

## Past Tense [Past Continuous Tense]-

It is used:

- i. For an action going on at some time in the past. Examples:
  - Kavya was enjoying the games at funfair
  - Stuti was preparing for IIT entrance exam.
- The past continuous and simple past are used together when a new action happened in the middle of longer action. Simple past used for later action.
   Examples:
  - While I was writing the email, the computer suddenly went off.
  - What were you doing when I called you?
- iii. It is also with 'Always', 'continuously' 'continually' or 'constantly' for persistent habit in the past. Examples:
  - She was always coming to class late
  - o I didn't like them because they were continuously complaining.

## Past Tense [Past Perfect Tense]-

It is used:

- i. To indicate a completed action before a certain point of time in the past. Examples:
  - When we arrived, the film had started.
  - I had never seen such a beautiful beach before I went to Miami.
- ii. To express the idea that something occurred before another action in the past. Examples:
  - When I reached home, my mother had left for the office.
  - I had written the letter before he arrived.

## Future Tense [Simple Future Tense]-

It is used:

- i. To talk about facts in the future time which we cannot control. Examples:
  - My uncle will turn forty this Sunday
  - It will rain this week.
- ii. To indicate an action that we think, expect, hope or believe will happen in the future. Examples:
  - I think Brazil will win the World Cup.
  - I'm sure you will enjoy the games.
  - Probably, it will rain today.
- iii. To indicate an action that we decide to do at the time of speaking Examples:
  - $\circ$   $\;$  The task is not completed; I will complete it by evening.
  - It is raining. I will take an umbrella.

### **Sample Exercises:**

#### Rewrite the following sentences using correct form of verbs given in bracket.

1) When you arrive tonight, we..... (go) out for dinner.

- 2) Whenever we meet, we ...... (plan) a trip.
- 3) The sun ..... (shine) brightly.
- 4) Vijay ..... (wait) for me when I arrived.
- 5) I promise I ..... (not/tell) him about the surprise party.
- 6) Shikhar Dhawan ..... (score) a century in the last match.
- 7) I ..... (get) hungry. Let's go and have something to eat.
- 8) ...... (have) you ever ...... (visit) the U.S. before your trip in 2006?
- 9) Who ..... (invent) the bicycle?
- 10) Yesterday evening the phone ...... (ring) three times while we ...... (have) dinner.
- 11) When I met you last time, you ..... (think) of moving to a new flat.
- 12) She only understood the movie because she ..... (read) the book.
- 13) Can you ..... (help) me move this heavy table?
- 14) Hello Nitya, I ..... (not/see) you for ages. How are you?
- 15) We can go out now. It ..... (not/rain) any more.
- 16) He ..... (go) to that place every year.
- 17) There I..... (notice) how important it..... (be) to speak English nowadays.
- 18) And I..... (already begin /) to read the novel.
- 19) If I ...... (pass) my exams successfully, I..... (start) an apprenticeship in September.
- 20) While I ...... (do) the language course, I ...... (meet) lots of young people from all over the world.



## **UNIT 3. MODAL AUXILIARIES**

An Auxiliary verb is a verb which helps or supports the main verb to form its tense, voice or mood. They are basically helping verbs and there are two types of Auxiliaries:

## Primary & Modal.

## [1] Primary Auxiliaries

#### a) Be (am, is, are ,was, were)

- I am a doctor.
- He was given a prize by the principal.
- They are doing their work.
- They were working here last year.
  b) have (has, had) [Possession]
- We have a flat in Ahmedabad.
- Dr Tanna has a car.
- $\circ$  She had no money.
  - c) do (does, did) (Questions & Negative)
- What do you want from me? I don't have enough money.
- Does he go school on time?
- Did he complete his work?

[2] Modal Auxiliaries are used to express various moods and attitudes like permission, ability, duty, advice, suggestion, possibility ...

## SHALL

- He shall leave for Ahmedabad tomorrow. (Future )
- You shall be punished if you are late again. (Threat)
- You shall go out of the class. (Command)
- She shall have a prize. (Promise)
- Shall we have a cup of coffee?(Suggestion/ Proposal)
- Shall I carry your luggage? ( to offer service)

## SHOULD

- We should obey our elders. (Duty)
- We should keep promises.(Obligation)
- She should be in laboratory now. (Probability)

## WILL

• He will come tomorrow. (Future)

- Will you lend me a pen, please? (Polite Request)
- I will speak to your customer care. (Threat)
- You will not go without my permission. (Command)
- I will teach you English (Promise)
- I will meet my target. (Determination)
- I will come to see you tomorrow. (Willingness)

#### WOULD

- Would you lend me your scooter, please? (Politeness)
- I wish you would get good marks.(Desire)
- I would like to have some coffee (likes/dislikes)
- I would rather stay at home than watching movie. (preference)

#### CAN

- She can speak English fluently. (Ability)
- We can walk 5 kms a day. (Capacity)
- Ramesh can come tomorrow. (Permission)
- She can be at home. (Possibility)

#### COULD

- I could run fast, when I was young. (Ability in Past)
- Could you help me in my assignment? (Request / Politeness)

#### MAY

- The guest may come. (Possibility)
- May I Come in Sir ? (Permission)
- It may rain today. (Uncertainty)
- May God bless you! (Wishes/Blessings)

#### MIGHT

- He might not come (Rare Possibility)
- Mayank has not come to school today. He might have missed the bus. (Possibility of Past)

#### MUST

- I must get the first prize. (Determination)
- He must have attended the meeting. (Certainty)
- You must pass mid semester exam. (Compulsion.)
- You must do your homework regularly. (Necessity)
- You must not speak loudly in the hospital. (Prohibition.)

# Note:- have to/has to also suggests compulsion and necessity. Had to is used to show feeling of compulsion in past.

- I have to submit an assignment tomorrow.
- $\circ$  I had to submit the assignment yesterday though I was not much satisfied with my work.

#### NEED

- You need to go to a doctor.(Necessity)
- You need not study as the examination is over (absence of Necessity)

### **OUGHT TO**

• We ought to love our neighbours. (Duty / Obligation / Desire)

### **Sample Exercise:**

#### [1] Fill in the blanks with appropriate modal auxiliary:

- 1. On Saturdays, we ......go to school in informal dress.
- 2. Varun ..... go for a vacation this summer.
- 3. When I was young, I ..... swim across Ganga.
- 4. You .....not raise your voice.
- 5. I ..... to work hard to improve my performance.

#### [2] Fill in the blanks with appropriate modal auxiliary:

- 1) ......we play football? (Permission)
- 2) The astrologer ..... leave the village as he lied to people. (compulsion)
- 3) The Indian Eleven ..... be disheartened. (Absence of Necessity)
- 4) ......we go to their help? (suggestion)
- 5) She ......come tomorrow.(Possibility)
- 6) .....have your book? (Permission)
- 7) Tomorrow ..... be a holiday. (Future)
- 8) Do not put off till tomorrow what you .... do today. (Ability)
- 9) He ....not tell a lie before me. (Desirability)
- 10) You .....come whenever you like. (Permission)
- 11) ......god help you. (Blessing)
- 12) We .....honour our parents . (Moral obligation)
- 13) ...... You please let me have your book? (Polite request)
- 14) You .... Carry out government orders. (Compulsion)

- 15) He tried hard but ... not lift it. (Past ability)
- 16) People ...... to vacate the village, as the flood has crossed the danger mark. (Necessity)
- 17) I .....borrow from this library very soon. (Ability)
- 18) We .....help the needy. (Desirability)
- 19) .....I carry your luggage? (Permission)
- 20) You .....not go until you finish this assignment. (Prohibition)
- 21) She ..... climb the hill when she was in college. (past ability)
- 22) .....you teach my brother phonetics, please? (polite request)
- 23) I ..... read French. (ability)
- 24) They .....not enter the kitchen with shoes. (prohibition)
- 25) ......we have a cup of tea?( suggestion)
- 26) You ..... write assignment in this book. (permission)
- 27) We ..... to take our umbrella as it is raining. (necessity)
- 28) We ..... take bath in the morning daily. (desirability)
- 29) Your wrist watch is almost new. You ...... Buy another one. (absence of necessity)
- 30) You ..... smoke at a petrol pump. It is highly inflammable. (negative obligation)
- 31) ...... You sweep my drawing room? (polite request)
- 32) No one ...... carry explosives in the train. (negative prohibition)



## **UNIT 4. SUBJECT VERB AGREEMENT**

Subject – Verb Agreement means the harmony between the subject of the sentence and the verb. The verb always follows the subject of the sentence.

#### 1. A finite verb must agree its subject in person and number.

Examples:

- I am reading a book.
- He is playing.
- The child is playing.
- The children are watching cartoons.

#### 2. The Error of Proximity:

In cases where subject and verb are separated by a long phrase or a clause, the verb agrees with the real subject and not the noun or pronoun placed next to it.

Examples:

- The apples in the basket are fresh.
- The strong bond of affection between the two cousins was obvious.
- The joys one experiences in one's childhood are beyond description.

#### 3. The Introductory 'There':

In a sentence beginning with *there*, the verb agrees with the real subject that follows *there*.

Examples:

- There is no proof of his involvement in this case.
- There are major flaws in your argument.

#### 4. Two or More Nouns or Pronouns joined by 'And'

(a) Subject consists of two or more nouns or pronouns joined by and- PLURAL Verb.

Examples:

- He and I were given the responsibility of the stage.
- Hard work and sincere efforts are the key to success.
  (b) The nouns refer to the same person or thing –SINGULAR Verb

Examples:

- The director and producer of the movie was present there.
- Rice and curry is his favorite dish.
  (c) The nouns convey the same meaning, placed together only for emphasis-Singular verb

Examples:

- $\circ$  The honour and the glory of my country is uppermost in my mind.
- o The power and influence Gandhiji exerted over the Indian masses was really great.

# 5. Subject consists of two nouns or pronouns joined with as well as, together with, along with, in addition to: verb agrees with the first subject

Examples:

- Mr. Das as well as his friends has escaped unhurt.
- You as well as I are responsible for our losses.
- The captain with othe team members was given a hearty welcome.

#### 6.Two subjects joined with not only, but also: Verb agrees with the latter subject

Example:

• Not only the principal but also the teachers have played an important role.

#### 7. Two subjects joined with...or, neither...has .nor verb agreed with the latter subject.

Examples:

- Either you or Gaurav is responsible for the mistake.
- Neither Gaurav nor you are responsible for the mistake.

#### 8. One subject singular and the other plural

The pattern is: Either /Neither+ Singular sub +or/nor + Plural sub. Plural verb

Examples:

- Either he or his parents are going to attend the marriage.
- Neither the moon nor the stars are shining today.

#### 9. Either, Neither, Each, Everyone, One of the -Singular Verb

Examples:

- She does not care what either of her parents says.
- Neither of these two students has done well.
- Each of the students has to submit the assignment.
- Everyone in the family has been questioned.
- One of the books is going to win the Booker Prize.

#### 10. None refers to amount or quality - Singular Verb

Example:

 $\circ$  None of the work was done.

> None followed by plural noun or pronoun: Verb usually plural but can be singular Examples:

- None of the stories are interesting.
- None of his stories has appealed the audience.

#### 11. Much, More, Little, Less - Singular Verb

Examples:

- Much of my anxiety is over.
- More than half of the time is over.
- Little has been achieved so far.
- Less of my time is now wasted on attending to phone calls.
- 12. A lot of, a great deal of, plenty of, most of, some of, refer to amount or quantity

Singular Verb Examples:

- A lot of time was wasted on preliminary enquiries.
- Plenty of help was available.
- Lots of food was distributed to the poor.

#### > A lot of, a great deal of, plenty of, most of, some of refer to number.

Plural Verb Examples:

- Lots of people are taking part in the marathon.
- Plenty of shops accept payments by a credit card.

#### Sample Exercise:

#### [1] Fill in the blanks:-

- 1. The sound of bells ......(was, were) heard all over the neighborhood.
- 2. Sincere effort not more advice .... (is, are) the need of the hour.
- 3. Some of the work (remain, remains) to be done.
- 4. Either the captain or the bowler .... (is, are) at fault.
- 5. The teacher along with the students (have, has) gone on picnic.
- 6. Neither of the candidates (was, were) suitable.
- 7. The teacher as well as the students (was, were) present on the ground.
- 8. She, not you (have, has) given the right answer.

#### [2] Pick the right verb:-

- 1. His use of clauses and connectors (is/are) appalling.
- 2. One of the students in my class (own/owns) a motorcycle.
- 3. There (was/were) several; people in the adjoining room.
- 4. The deputy along with thirty miners (were/was) killed.
- 5. The pump including the motor and the hose (cost/costs) Rs. 10,000/-.
- 6. Either the sand or the cement (is/are) bad.
- 7. The chief engineer accompanied by two executive engineers (is/are) coming today.
- 8. Each of the boxes (weigh/weighs) 10 kgs.
- 9. None if the gas (has/have) been consumed.
- 10. Either Ram or his brother (work/works) as a manager here.
- 11. None of them (attends/attend) to their work these days.
- 12. Some of the work (remain/remains) unfinished.
- 13. Some of the pipes (run/runs) for several miles.
- 14. All the oil (has/have) been stolen.
- 15. All the laborers (is/are) tribals.
- 16. Apple pie and custard (is/are) my favourite dish.
- 17. Some people (dislikes, dislike) travelling by sea, as it (make, makes) them sea-sick.
- 18. The Thirty-Nine steps (was, were) written by John Buchan.
- 19. The secretary and the member (has, have) come to visit the institute today.
- 20. The trouble with these guys (is,are) their rustic approach.

- 21. A lot of good we take (is/are) wasted.
- 22. A large amount of money he invested ( was/were) lost.
- 23. Some more milk (is/are) needed.
- 24. None of these dishes (is/are) to my taste.
- 25. Only a few students (is/are) likely to fail.
- 26. A little dust (is/are) visible.
- 27. A lot of money (has/have) been spent on buildings.
- 28. None of the children (is/are) intelligent.
- 29. The president and the secretary (were/was) arrested.



## **UNIT 5 Basic Sentence Patterns of English**

Sentence: A sentence is a textual unit consisting of one or more words that are grammatically linked.

# Here we will study basic four patterns of English. For better understanding of the same, We need to understand the following terms.

**Subject:** A *subject* is a part of a sentence that contains the person or thing performing the action (or *verb*) in a sentence. Traditionally the subject is the word or phrase which controls the verb in the clause.

• **The peon** rings the bell.

**Verb**: Verbs are words that express action or state of being. You have studied about them in parts of speech and tenses. They are action words in the sentence.

• He runs fast.

**Object**: An object is a noun, a noun phrase, or a pronoun that is affected by the action of a verb.

• Ram is reading a newspaper.

Adverbial: Adverbials are words that we use to give more information about a verb. They can be one word (angrily, here) or phrases (at home, in a few hours) and often say how, where, when or how often something happens or is done, though they can also have other uses..

- He speaks fluently.
- Lata ate breakfast yesterday morning.

**Complement:** Complement is the term used for a word or words that are needed to complete the meaning of an expression.

• Algebra is difficult.

The following are basic four patterns to make a meaningful sentence.

#### 1. S + V : Subject + Verb

- He/ laughed.
- Dogs/ bark.
- We /enjoyed.
- 2. S+V+O: Subject + Verb+ Object
  - We / received / the parcel.
  - Many students / witnessed / the play.
  - The police / arrested / the thief
- 3. S+V+A: Subject + Verb+ Adverbial
  - The train / arrived / late
  - It / rained / last night
  - He / reads / slowly

4. S+V+C: Subject + Verb+ Complement

- They / are / players.
- I / am / an Indian.
- Her father / is / a doctor

Practice exercise

#### 1. Identify the sentence pattern of given sentences.

- 1. They / worked / hard
- 2. It / was / a very pleasant talk
- 3. The winner was rewarded.
- 4. She / sings / a song
- 5. They / came / suddenly.
- 6. The class / became / noisy
- 7. People/ cried.
- 8. Her father / is / a doctor
- 9. I /refuse.
- 10. You/ are/ intelligent.

## 2. Form ten sentences of each sentence pattern.



# Unit 1 The Leopard

## Ruskin Bond

I first saw the leopard when I was crossing the small stream at the bottom of the hill.

The ravine was so deep that for most of the day it remained in shadow. This encouraged many birds and animals to emerge from cover during daylight hours. Few people ever passed that way: only milkmen and charcoal-burners from the surrounding villages.

As a result, the ravine had become a little haven of wildlife, one of the few naturalsanctuaries left near Mussoorie, a hill- station in northern India.

Below my cottage was a forest of oak and maple and Himalayan rhododendron. Anarrow path twisted its way down through the trees, over an open ridge where red sorrel grew wild, and then steeply down through a tangle of wild raspberries, creeping vines and slender bamboo.

At the bottom of the hill the path led on to a grassy verge, surrounded by wilddog roses. (It is surprising how closely the flora of the lower Himalayas, between 5,000 to 8,000 feet, resembles that of the English countryside.)

The stream ran close by the verge, tumbling over smooth pebbles, over rocksworn yellow with age, on its way to the plains and to the little Song River and finally to the sacred Ganges.

When I first discovered the stream it was early April and the wild roses were flowering—small white blossoms lying in clusters.

I walked down to the stream almost every day, after two or three hours of writing.

I had lived in cities too long, and had returned to the hills to renew myself, both physically and mentally. Once you have lived with mountains for any length of time, you belong to them, and must return again and again.

Nearly every morning, and sometimes during the day, I heard the cry of the barking deer. And in the evening, walking through the forest, I disturbed parties of pheasant. The birds went gliding down the ravine on open, motionless wings. I sawpine martens and a handsome red fox, and I recognized the footprints of a bear.

As I had not come to take anything from the forest, the birds and animals soon grew accustomed to my presence; or possibly they recognized my footsteps. Aftersome time, my approach did not disturb them.

The langurs in the oak and rhododendron trees, who would at first go leaping through the branches at my approach, now watched me with some curiosity as theymunched the tender green shoots of the oak. The young ones scuffled and wrestled like boys, while their parents groomed each other's coats, stretching themselves out on the sunlit hillside. But one evening, as I passed, I heard them chattering in the trees, and I knew I was not the cause of their excitement.

As I crossed the stream and began climbing the hill, the grunting and chattering increased, as though the langurs were trying to warn me of some hidden danger. A shower of pebbles came rattling down the steep hillside, and I looked up to see a sinewy, orange-gold leopard poised on a rock about twenty feet above me.

It was not looking towards me, but had its head thrust attentively forward, in the direction of the ravine. Yet it must have sensed my presence, because it slowly turned its head and looked down at me.

It seemed a little puzzled at my presence there; and when, to give myself courage,I clapped my hands

sharply, the leopard sprang away into the thickets, making absolutely no sound as it melted into the shadows.

I had disturbed the animal in its quest for food. But a little after I heard the quickening cry of a barking deer as it fled through the forest. The hunt was still on.

The leopard, like other members of the cat family, is nearing extinction in India, and I was surprised to find one so close to Mussoorie. Probably the deforestation that had been taking place in the surrounding hills had driven the deer into this green valley; and the leopard, naturally, had followed. It was some weeks before I saw the leopard again, although I was often made aware of its presence. A dry, rasping cough sometimes gave it away. At times I feltalmost certain that I was being followed.

Once, when I was late getting home, and the brief twilight gave way to a dark, moonless night, I was startled by a family of porcupines running about in a clearing. I looked around nervously, and saw two bright eyes staring at me from a thicket. I stood still, my heart banging away against my ribs. Then the eyes danced away, and Irealized that they were only fireflies.

In May and June, when the hills were brown and dry, it was always cool and green near the stream, where ferns and maidenhair and long grasses continued to thrive.

Downstream I found a small pool where I could bathe, and a cave with water dripping from the roof, the water spangled gold and silver in the shafts of sunlightthat pushed through the slits in the cave roof.

'He maketh me to lie down in green pastures: he leadeth me beside the still waters.' Perhaps David had discovered a similar paradise when he wrote those words; perhaps I, too, would write good words. The hill-station's summer visitors had not discovered this haven of wild and green things. I was beginning to feel thatthe place belonged to me, that dominion was mine.

The stream had at least one other regular visitor, a spotted forktail, and though itdid not fly away at my approach it became restless if I stayed too long, and then it would move from boulder to boulder uttering a long complaining cry.

I spent an afternoon trying to discover the bird's nest, which I was certain contained young ones, because I had seen the forktail carrying grubs in her bill. The problem was that when the bird flew upstream I had difficulty in following her rapidly enough as the rocks were sharp and slippery.

Eventually I decorated myself with bracken fronds and, after slowly making my way upstream, hid myself in the hollow stump of a tree at a spot where the forktail often disappeared. I had no intention of robbing the bird: I was simply curious to see the home.

By crouching down, I was able to command a view of a small stretch of the stream and the sides of the ravine; but I had done little to deceive the forktail, who continued to object strongly to my presence so near her home.

I summoned up my reserves of patience and sat perfectly still for about ten minutes. The forktail quietened down. Out of sight, out of mind. But where had she gone? Probably into the walls of the ravine where I felt sure, she was guarding hernest.

I decided to take her by surprise, and stood up suddenly, in time to see not the forktail on her doorstep, but the leopard bounding away with a grunt of surprise! Two urgent springs, and it had crossed the stream and plunged into the forest.

I was as astonished as the leopard, and forgot all about the forktail and her nest. Had the leopard been following me again? I decided against this possibility. Only man-eaters follow humans, and, as far as I knew, there had never been a man-eaterin the vicinity of Mussoorie.

During the monsoon the stream became a rushing torrent, bushes and small trees were swept away, and the friendly murmur of the water became a threatening boom. I did not visit the place too often, as there were leeches in the long grass.

One day I found the remains of a barking deer which had only been partly eaten. Iwondered why the

leopard had not hidden the rest of his meal, and decided that it must have been disturbed while eating.

Then, climbing the hill, I met a party of hunters resting beneath the oaks. They asked me if I had seen a leopard. I said I had not. They said they knew there was a leopard in the forest.

Leopard skins, they told me, were selling in Delhi at over 1,000 rupees each. Of course there was a ban on the export of skins, but they gave me to understand that there were ways and means. . . . I thanked them for their information and walked on,feeling uneasy and disturbed.

The hunters had seen the carcass of the deer, and they had seen the leopard's pug-marks, and they kept coming to the forest. Almost every evening I heard their guns banging away; for they were ready to fire at almost anything.

'There's a leopard about,' they always told me. 'You should carry a gun.''I don't have one,' I said. There were fewer birds to be seen, and even the langurs had moved on. The red fox did not show itself; and the pine martens, who had become quite bold, now dashed into hiding, at my approach. The smell of one human is like the smell of anyother.

And then the rains were over and it was October; I could lie in the sun, on sweet- smelling grass, and gaze up through a pattern of oak leaves into a blinding blue heaven. And I would praise God for leaves and grass and the smell of things, the smell of mint and bruised clover, and the touch of things—the touch of grass and airand sky, the touch of the sky's blueness.

I thought no more of the men. My attitude towards them was similar to that of the denizens of the forest. These were men, unpredictable, and to be avoided if possible.

On the other side of the ravine rose Pari Tibba, Hill of the Fairies: a bleak, scrub-covered hill where no one lived.

It was said that in the previous century Englishmen had tried building their houses on the hill, but the area had always attracted lightning, due to either the hill's location or due to its mineral deposits; after several houses had been struck by lightning, the settlers had moved on to the next hill, where the town now stands.

To the hillmen it is Pari Tibba, haunted by the spirits of a pair of ill-fated loverswho perished there in a storm; to others it is known as Burnt Hill, because of its scarred and stunted trees.

One day, after crossing the stream, I climbed Pari Tibba—a stiff undertaking, because there was no path to the top and I had to scramble up a precipitous rock-face with the help of rocks and roots that were apt to come loose in my groping hand.

But at the top was a plateau with a few pine trees, their upper branches catching the wind and humming softly. There I found the ruins of what must have been the houses of the first settlers—just a few piles of rubble, now overgrown with weeds, sorrel, dandelions and nettles.

As I walked through the roofless ruins, I was struck by the silence that surrounded me, the absence of birds and animals, the sense of complete desolation.

The silence was so absolute that it seemed to be ringing in my ears. But there was something else of which I was becoming increasingly aware: the strong feline odour of one of the cat family.

I paused and looked about. I was alone. There was no movement of dry leaf or loose stone. The ruins were for the most part open to the sky. Their rotting rafters had collapsed, jamming together to form a low passage like the entrance to a mine; and this dark cavern seemed to lead down into the ground.

The smell was stronger when I approached this spot, so I stopped again and waited there, wondering if I had discovered the lair of the leopard, wondering if the animal was now at rest after a night's hunt.

Perhaps he was crouching there in the dark, watching me, recognizing me, knowing me as the man who walked alone in the forest without a weapon.

I like to think that he was there, that he knew me, and that he acknowledged my visit in the

friendliest way: by ignoring me altogether.

Perhaps I had made him confident—too confident, too careless, too trusting of thehuman in his midst. I did not venture any further; I was not out of my mind. I did not seek physical contact, or even another glimpse of that beautiful sinewy body, springing from rock to rock. It was his trust I wanted, and I think he gave it to me.

But did the leopard, trusting one man, make the mistake of bestowing his trust on others? Did I, by casting out all fear—my own fear, and the leopard's protective fear —leave him defenseless?

Because next day, coming up the path from the stream, shouting and beating drums, were the hunters. They had a long bamboo pole across their shoulders; and slung from the pole, feet up, head down, was the lifeless body of the leopard, shot in the neck and in the head.

'We told you there was a leopard!' they shouted, in great good humour. 'Isn't he afine specimen?'

'Yes,' I said. 'He was a beautiful leopard.'

I walked home through the silent forest. It was very silent, almost as though the birds and animals knew that their trust had been violated.

I remembered the lines of a poem by D. H. Lawrence; and, as I climbed the steep and lonely path to my home, the words beat out their rhythm in my mind: 'There was room in the world for a mountain lion and me.'

## **Glossary:**

Ravine: Narrow Valley Sanctuary: Shelter Curiosity: Interest Extinction: Loss Pasture: Grazing Land Precipitous: Steep

Denizens: A person, animal, or plant that lives or is found in a particular place

Glimpse: Sight

#### Ex: 1. Choose the correct option:

- 1. The author first saw the leopard when ...
  - (a) he was climbing the hill(b) it was caught by hunters(c) he was crossing the stream(d) he was going after forktail
- 2. When the author discovered the stream, it was month of ...
  - (a) May (b) June (c) February (d) April
- 3. The ... was a regular visitor of the stream.
  - (a) Forktail (b) Tiger (c) lion (d) sparrow
- 4 Leopared skins are sold in ....
  - (a) Delhi (b) Kolkatta (c) Lucknow (d) Mumbai
- 5 . . . . is called *Hill of Fairies* 
  - (a) Pari Hill (b) Angel Tibba (c) God Hill (d) Pari Tibba

#### Ex: 2. Answer the following questions:

- 1. Describe the valley where the leopard lived.
- 2. Why did the author return to mountains?
- 3. Why didn't his approach disturb the birds and animals?
- 4. What happened when the leopard sensed the author's presence?
- 5. What did the author do to find forktails's home?
- 6. What was the hunters' advice to the author?
- 7. What was the author's attitude towards men?

## Suggested Speaking Skills Topics (For 30 Marks of PA in LAB)

- 1. Beauty of Nature
- 2. Cruelty towards Animals
- 3. Environment Conservation



#### **UNIT 2 After Twenty Years**

#### **O'Henry**

The policeman on the beat moved up the avenue impressively. The impressiveness was habitual and not for show, for spectators were few. The time was barely 10 o'clock at night, but chilly gusts of wind with a taste of rain in them had well nigh depeopled the streets.

Trying doors as he went, twirling his club with many intricate and artful movements, turning now and then to cast his watchful eye adown the pacific thoroughfare, the officer, with his stalwart form and slight swagger, made a fine picture of a guardian of the peace. The vicinity was one that kept early hours. Now and then you might see the lights of a cigar store or of an all-night lunch counter; but the majority of the doors belonged to business places that had long since been closed.

When about midway of a certain block the policeman suddenly slowed his walk. In the doorway of a darkened hardware store a man leaned, with an unlighted cigar in his mouth. As the policeman walked up to him the man spoke up quickly.

"It's all right, officer," he said, reassuringly. "I'm just waiting for a friend. It's an appointment made twenty years ago. Sounds a little funny to you, doesn't it? Well, I'll explain if you'd like to make certain it's all straight. About that long ago there used to be a restaurant where this store stands--'Big Joe' Brady's restaurant."

"Until five years ago," said the policeman. "It was torn down then."

The man in the doorway struck a match and lit his cigar. The light showed a pale, square-jawed face with keen eyes, and a little white scar near his right eyebrow. His scarfpin was a large diamond, oddly set.

"Twenty years ago to-night," said the man, "I dined here at 'Big Joe' Brady's with Jimmy Wells, my best chum, and the finest chap in the world. He and I were raised here in New York, just like two brothers, together. I was eighteen and Jimmy was twenty. The next morning I was to start for the West to make my fortune. You couldn't have dragged Jimmy out of New York; he thought it was the only place on earth. Well, we agreed that night that we would meet here again exactly twenty years from that date and time, no matter what our conditions might be or from what distance we might have to come. We figured that in twenty years each of us ought to have our destiny worked out and our fortunes made, whatever they were going to be."

"It sounds pretty interesting," said the policeman. "Rather a long time between meets, though, it seems to me. Haven't you heard from your friend since you left?"

"Well, yes, for a time we corresponded," said the other. "But after a year or two we lost track of each other. You see, the West is a pretty big proposition, and I kept hustling around over it pretty lively. But I know Jimmy will meet me here if he's alive, for he always was the truest, stanchest old chap in the world. He'll never forget. I came a thousand miles to stand in this door to-night, and it's worth it if my old partner turns up."

The waiting man pulled out a handsome watch, the lids of it set with small diamonds.

"Three minutes to ten," he announced. "It was exactly ten o'clock when we parted here at the restaurant door."

"Did pretty well out West, didn't you?" asked the policeman.

"You bet! I hope Jimmy has done half as well. He was a kind of plodder, though, good fellow as he was. I've had to compete with some of the sharpest wits going to get my pile. A man gets in a groove in New York. It takes the West to put a razor-edge on him."

The policeman twirled his club and took a step or two.

"I'll be on my way. Hope your friend comes around all right. Going to call time on him sharp?"

"I should say not!" said the other. "I'll give him half an hour at least. If Jimmy is alive on earth he'll be here by that time. So long, officer."

"Good-night, sir," said the policeman, passing on along his beat, trying doors as he went.

There was now a fine, cold drizzle falling, and the wind had risen from its uncertain puffs into a steady blow. The few foot passengers astir in that quarter hurried dismally and silently along with coat collars turned high and pocketed hands. And in the door of the hardware store the man who had come a thousand miles to fill an appointment, uncertain almost to absurdity, with the friend of his youth, smoked his cigar and waited.

About twenty minutes he waited, and then a tall man in a long overcoat, with collar turned up to his ears, hurried across from the opposite side of the street. He went directly to the waiting man.

"Is that you, Bob?" he asked, doubtfully.

"Is that you, Jimmy Wells?" cried the man in the door.

"Bless my heart!" exclaimed the new arrival, grasping both the other's hands with his own. "It's Bob, sure as fate. I was certain I'd find you here if you were still in existence. Well, well, well--twenty years is a long time. The old gone, Bob; I wish it had lasted, so we could have had another dinner there. How has the West treated you, old man?"

"Bully; it has given me everything I asked it for. You've changed lots, Jimmy. I never thought you were so tall by two or three inches."

"Oh, I grew a bit after I was twenty." "Doing

well in New York, Jimmy?"

"Moderately. I have a position in one of the city departments. Come on, Bob; we'll go around to a place I know of, and have a good long talk about old times."

The two men started up the street, arm in arm. The man from the West, his egotism enlarged by success, was beginning to outline the history of his career. The other, submerged in his overcoat, listened with interest.

At the corner stood a drug store, brilliant with electric lights. When they came into this glare each of them turned simultaneously to gaze upon the other's face.

The man from the West stopped suddenly and released his arm.

"You're not Jimmy Wells," he snapped. "Twenty years is a long time, but not long enough to change a man's nose

from a Roman to a pug."

"It sometimes changes a good man into a bad one," said the tall man. "You've been under arrest for ten minutes, 'Silky' Bob. Chicago thinks you may have dropped over our way and wires us she wants to have a chat with you. Going quietly, are you? That's sensible. Now, before we go on to the station here's a note I was asked to hand you. You may read it here at the window. It's from Patrolman Wells."

The man from the West unfolded the little piece of paper handed him. His hand was steady when he began to read, but it trembled a little by the time he had finished. The note was rather short.

"Bob: I was at the appointed place on time. When you struck the match to light your cigar I saw it was the face of the man wanted in Chicago. Somehow I couldn't do it myself, so I went around and got a plain clothes man to do the job."

JIMMY.

## **Glossary:**

on the beat: usual path of a policeman on duty avenue : road with trees on both sides habitual : usual intricate : complicated chilly: very cold gust: sudden violent rush of wind pacific: peaceful thoroughfare: a street much used by traffic and open at both ends swagger: walk in a proud manner vicinity: surroundings, neighbourhood reassuringly: comfortingly and without any fear torn down: pulled down, demolished oddly: strangely chum: close friend chap: fellow, man dragged out: caused to last an unnecessarily long time in bustling around: moving around quickly turns up: comes up, arrives plodder: person who works slowly but earnestly groove: way of living that becomes a habit twirled: turned round quickly club: heavy stick with one thick end drizzle: rain in many fine drops astir: in a state of excitement dismally: gloomy lasted: existed for more time egotism: practice of talking about oneself chat: friendly talk

#### 45

#### **Sample Exercises:**



3. The choice between Right and Wrong.

## UNIT 3 Stopping by Woods on a Snowy Evening

#### Robert Frost

Whose woods these are I think I know. His house is in the village though; He will not see me stopping here To watch his woods fill up with snow.

My little horse must think it queer To stop without a farmhouse near Between the woods and frozen lake The darkest evening of the year.

He gives his harness bells a shake To ask if there is some mistake. The only other sound's the sweep Of easy wind and downy flake.

The woods are lovely, dark and deep, But I have promises to keep, And miles to go before I sleep, And miles to go before I sleep

#### **Glossary:**

Woods : an area of land covered with thick growth of trees Queer: beyond or deviating from the usual or expected Farmhouse: a house attached to a farm Frozen: turned into ice Harness: an arrangement of leather straps fitted to a draft animal Flake : a crystal of snow Promise: a verbal commitment to do something in the future Sleep : euphemisms for death **Sample Exercise**: Q.1 Where was the speaker going? What stopped him on the way?

Q.2 What according to the speaker will surprise the horse?

Q.3 What does the speaker wish to convey through the phrase "fill up with the snow"?

Q.4 What does the poet says about the owner of the woods?

Q.5 What are the sights and sounds that the poet experiences in the woods?

Q.6 What promises do you think the poet has to keep?

Q.7 What message do the last paragraph convey?

Q. 8 What is the role played by the horse in this poem?

#### Q. 9 Write a short note on :

- (1) Description of nature
- (2) Central idea of the poem

## UNIT 4 Where the Mind is Without Fear

Rabindranath Tagore,

"Where the mind is without fear

and the head is held high, where knowledge is free. Where the world has not been broken up into fragments by narrow domestic walls. Where words come out from the depth of truth, where tireless striving stretches its arms toward perfection. Where the clear stream of reason has not lost it's way into the dreary desert sand of dead habit. Where the mind is led forward by thee into ever widening thought and action. In to that heaven of freedom, my father, LET MY COUNTRY AWAKE!"

#### **Glossary:**

Fragments- pieces Head is held high- self respect Domestic- pertaining to family. Striving – try hard, motivated. Tireless - without getting tired Stream: river Dreary: dull Reason: intellect Dead habit: old customs Desert – dry area of land Awake- to get up from sleep

#### **Sample Exercise:**

Q.1 What is meant by "mind is without fear and head is held high". Tick the correct answer.

- (i) to be fearless and self respecting
- (ii) to be proud of one's high position .

(iii) to stand straight and be carefree.

Q. 2. What does the poet mean by "where knowledge is free"?

Q.3. The 'domestic walls' are usually associated with safety, comfort and love. What is the meaning of 'narrow domestic walls'? Choose the correct answer.

(i) small houses which make us feel cramped

(ii) ideas which are petty and narrow-minded.

iii) a house divided into rooms by walls.

Q.4. What according to the poet do people tirelessly strive towards?

Q.5. How does the poet describe the old habit?

Q.6 How does the poet describe 'heaven of freedom'?

Q.7. Who does the poet address as 'thee' and my father?

Q.8 What kind of freedom does the poet desire for his country?

Q.9 Write a short note on the central idea of the poem.





## **Email Writing**

The email writing format is the same for each of the categories, though the choice of words and language differ depending upon the type of email. One can use friendly and casual language in <u>informal emails</u>. The language used in formal emails should be professional, clear, and formal.

The email writing format is

From: Sender's amail id		
To: Recipient's email id		
Cc. Other individuals receiving the same mail wit	th visible ids	
Bcc: Other individuals receiving the same mail wi	ith invisible ids	
Subject: Title or the reason of writing mail	$\sim$	
Salutation: Words like Dear, Respected, Hi etc.		
Main body: the main content of the email 1. Introduction 2. Matter in detail 3. Conclusion		
Closing: Ending Statement		
Attachments: Attached Files with emails	31	
Signature Line: Sender's name, signature, and ot	her details of contact	
126		

#### **Email Format**

Let us look at the important steps to follow when writing a formal email.

### 1. Subject line

Grab attention with the subject line. The first part of an email which your recipient sees is the subject of the email. If you do not put it well, you risk having your email not opened until later or at all. Here are some things to keep in mind:

- Make the subject line **specific**, **simple**, **and to the point**. For example, instead of '*The internship* report you asked for', write, 'Internship Report, {date/week/month}'.
- The subject line should be **short**. Ideally, your subject line should stand around six words.
- Keep the most **important and informative words in the beginning** of the subject line.
- Use **markers** like *Fwd, Reply, Urgent*, or *Notice* to further narrow down the subject. It informs your reader about the nature of your email.

Some of the examples of good subject lines in formal emails can be:
- Marketing Budget, October 2018
- List of New Freelancers
- Job Application for the Post of XYZ
- Leave Application
- Query Regarding the Missing Information in the Document
- Contract Agreement XYZ Assignment

#### 2. Salutation

Each email is directed towards someone. Start your formal email with addressing the recipient in a manner fitting the relationship you have with them.

For people you are unfamiliar with or do not know the names of, use '*To Whom It May Concern*' or '*Dear sir/madam*'.

For senior officials, stick to their designation or follow it with their name, for example, 'To the Manager', 'Dear Dr. Ghosh', or 'Dear Ms. Kapoor'.

Among colleagues, it may be appropriate to simply precede the name with a 'Hi'.

Do not skip the salutation and always be respectful. Never use nicknames or just surnames or first names in a formal email.

#### 3. Body of the email

The body text is the main part of your email. It is important to follow a certain pattern when writing the body of your email.

- The **opening paragraph should set the tone** and reason for your email. Introduce yourself if you are a stranger to the person you are writing to, and jot down why you are writing to them.
- For example, you can begin with 'My name is Abc, and this email is with reference to Xyz.' or 'This is with reference to the marketing budget as discussed in the meeting.'
- Elaborate on your concern, question, or response as comprehensively as possible. Write in a way that is easy to understand, but at the same time, do not lose your point in providing unnecessary information. Say only what is required.
- The closing of the email should also support the nature of your email. If you are asking a question, close with something like '*Hope to have an answer from you soon*', or '*Looking forward to hearing from you soon*', and if you are addressing a question, end with '*Hope I have sufficiently answered your query/doubts*.'
- Signature
- These are the last words of your email, capable of forming a lasting impression on your reader.
- Sign off with a simple word or phrase, which conveys respect. Safe choices are 'Best regards', 'Warmly', 'Sincerely', 'Kind regards', or simply 'Thanks'.
- If you are writing to someone for the first time or someone who is not an immediate colleague or senior, use your full name.

- Furnish your name with contact information. Your phone number and/or work address are enough.
- If you are writing on behalf of or as an employee of an institution, make sure to mention it along with adequate contact details
- To make your signature even more effective, you may also choose or design an attractive (but not flashy) template.

#### **Formal Email Samples**

Formal emails are sent in a whole variety of situations. While they use the same rules, they may have to be modified according to their purpose.

Now that you are familiar with the format of a formal email, let us have a look at few email samples.



#### Sample Emails

#### **1.Inquiry**

Question: Draft an email to make an inquiry for raincoats and umbrellas from a wholesaler in Mumbai .

To: rambrellasuppliers@gmail.com

From: tirupatiagency@gmail.com

Subject: Inquiry for different varieties of raincoats and umbrellas.

Dear Sir,

We would like to buy raincoats and umbrellas (product) for the next monsoon. You are a leading manufacturer of raincoats and umbrellas. We have also visited your website and we are interested in starting business with you.

We would like to see your company catalogue which has details of all the products that you manufacture. We would like to have all the details of different models and sizes of your products we intend to sell them during the coming rainy season.

Let us know the prices of your products and the rate of discount you allow Please inform us the time you will take to deliver the goods.

We hope to receive a prompt reply to this inquiry.

Thank You

Yours sincerely,

(Name)

#### 2. Reply to inquiry

Question: You have received an inquiry for raincoats and umbrellas Draft a suitable reply.

To: tirupatiagency@gmail.com

From: rambrellasuppliers@gmail.com

Subject: reply to inquiry for different varieties of raincoats and umbrellas.

Dear Sir,

We have received your mail regarding the inquiry for different raincoats and umbrellas. We appreciate your interest in our products.

We have attached our company catalogue of all our products that we manufacture and price list with this mail.

We shall allow you 30% discount on the prices of these products. We can supply your goods within 10 days of receiving the order. You have to settle the account within 15 days of receiving the goods.

Please note that we will give you 3% extra rebate if your order exceeds Rs. 500000.

We are keen on executing your order quickly and carefully.

Thank You

Yours sincerely,

(Name)

#### 3. Placing an order

Question: Place an order of Air conditioners for your newly constructed branch office.

To: kabirworld21@gmail.com

From: gujaratagro@gmail.com

Subject: order for air conditioners for new office

Dear Sir,

We have received your mail reply to our inquiry about the air conditioners .We are thankful to you for your prompt reply.

We have studied the specification of the air conditioners and have found that it is according to our need. The terms and conditions of business stated by you are suitable to us. So, we request you to supply us 15 air conditioners as shown below:

Sr.No	Туре	capacity	Quantity	Unit Price	Total Price
1	Voltas AC with inverter	1.5 ton	3	35000	105000
2	Voltas AC with inverter	2.0 ton	5	52000	260000
3	Voltas AC without inverter	15ton	2	33000	66000
4	Voltas AC without inverter	2.0 ton	5	50000	100000

Total 531000

Please note that the air conditioners ought to be installed before 15<sup>th</sup> May 2021 since our new office is to start functioning from 18<sup>th</sup> May 2021.

Thank You

Yours sincerely,

(Name)

#### 4. Complaint: Delay in Delivery of goods

Question: You have placed an order for table and ceiling fans for coming summer season. But the order has not been executed even after one month. Draft the complaint to the supplier about delay in delivery of goods.

To: newindia@gmail.com

From: Gujaratelectronics@gmail.com

Subject: complaint for delay in delivery of fans.

Dear Sir,

We refer to our order dated 2<sup>nd</sup> April 2021 for Usha Table and Ceiling Fans. We have specially instructed you to supply them before 18<sup>th</sup> April 2021but we are sorry we have not yet received the goods.

We had ordered the goods for the coming summer season. The delay in delivery of our order has caused great loss to our business.

We, therefore, request you to supply them within 7 days of receiving the mail. If you fail to do so, we shall be compelled to cancel our order.

We look forward to your prompt and positive response..

Thank You

Yours sincerely,

(Name)

#### 5. Adjustment to above Complaint.

New India Electrical Suppliers have received a complaint from Gujarat Electronics, Ahemdabad about delay in delivery of goods. Draft a suitable reply.

To: Gujaratelectronics@gmail.com

From: newindia@gmail.com

Subject: reason for delay in delivery of fans

Dear Sir,

We have received your mail regarding delay in delivery of your order for table and ceiling fans. We are sorry for the inconvenience caused to you due to this delay.

The workers and staff in our office were on strike so the administrative work was badly paralyzed. Due to this we could neither execute your order nor intimate you about the delay in delivery.

However, the strike has been called off now. We hope we shall be able to dispatch the goods with four or five days. We trust you will understand our position and cooperate.

Thank You

Yours sincerely,

(Name)

#### **Complaint: shortage in goods**

Question: You have placed an order for 500 compass boxes. But the consignment had only 475 boxes. Draft a complaint to the supplier.

To: omegainstruments@gmail.com

From: swastikstationers@gmail.com

Subject: complaint for shortage in number of boxes..

Dear Sir,

We are thankful to you for executing our order no. 24/A dated 20<sup>th</sup> April 2021 for500 Camel Compass boxes. However, we are sorry to point out that the execution of the order has not been as careful as it ought to be.

Our shop assistant has opened the container of compass boxes. He has reported that there are 475 compass boxes in it instead of 500.

Please make the necessary adjustment. We are sure that you will execute our orders more carefully in future.

Thank You

Yours sincerely,

(Name)

Adjustment to above Complaint.

Omega Instruments have received a complaint from Swastik Stationers that he has received 475 instead of 500 ordered by him. Draft a suitable reply.

To: swastikstationers@gmail.com

From: omegainstruments@gmail.com

Subject: adjustment for remaining 25 boxes

Dear Sir,

We have received your mail on  $25^{\text{th}}$  May 2021. We regret to note that you have received 475 Compass Boxes instead of 500 against your order no.24/A of  $20^{\text{th}}$  April 2021.

We have dispatched the remaining 25 compass boxes by Maruti Couriers. You will receive them tomorrow evening.

We request you not to judge our services by this isolated incident. We shall try to render consistently efficient services in future.

Thank You

Yours sincerely,

(Name)

#### **Complaint: damaged goods**

Question: You have placed an order for 250 Flower Vases. But you found that the consignment had 23 flower vases in damaged condition. Draft a complaint to the supplier.

To : duraguardglasses@gmail.com

From: suhasininovelties@gmail.com

Subject: complaint for damaged flower vases.

Dear Sir,

We have received 250 flower vases against our order no. 76/C dated 20<sup>th</sup> June 2021. However, when our shop assistant opened the box, he found 23 vases in damaged condition.

This damage is due to the fact that you have not packed the goods in thermocoal lined boxes according to our instructions.

Please send us 23 new flower vases. Alternatively permit us to adjust their price in the settlement of the invoices.

Thank You

Yours sincerely,

(Name)

#### Adjustment to above Complaint.

Duraguard Glasses Limited have received a complaint from Suhasini Novelties that he has received 23 flower vases in damaged condition. Draft a suitable reply.

To: suhasininovelties@gmail.com

From: duraguardglasses@gmail.com

Subject: adjustment for damaged flower vases

Dear Sir,

We have received your mail on 25<sup>th</sup> July 2021. We are sorry to note that you have received 23 flower vases in damaged condition out of total 250 in the consignment against your order no.76/C of 20<sup>th</sup> June 2021.

We accept our liability in this matter . We have enclosed a credit note for Rs. 2300 along with this mail against 23 damaged flower vases.

We regret the trouble caused to you in this transaction. We assure you to execute your orders more carefully in future.

Thank You

Yours sincerely,

(Name)

### Exercise:

- 1. You have placed an order for 15 HP scanners to National Systems Limited, but received only 12 scanners. Draft an email to the supplier complaining about it.
- 2. Draft an email asking for the illustrated catalogue and quotation of certain electronic goods required by your firm.
- 3. Draft a complaint to Swagat Furnitures asking for compensation as you found some of the pieces of furniture delivered in the damaged condition.
- 4. The Book Store in your college requires 15 copies of Oxford Advanced Dictionary. Place an order for it.
- 5. The proprietor of sports goods manufacturing company has received a complaint from one of their customers regarding non-execution of his order in stipulated time. Draft a suitable reply.
- 6. You are interested in purchasing a variety of watches and clocks from Quartz Palace. Draft an email for inquiry.
- 7. You have an email inquiring about prices of plastic toys manufactured by you. Draft a reply.
- 8. Place an order for 50 Godrej Filing Cabinets for your newly constructed office.
- 9. You have received a consignment of sugar bags and found shortage in weight .Draft an email to complaint about it.
- 10. One of your customers has complained the curtains supplied by you are of inferior quality and not in accordance with the samples shown to him. Draft a reply expressing your regrets and showing willingness to replace the goods.



### **Business Letters**

A **business letter** is a letter from one company to another, or between such organizations and their customers, clients, or other external parties. The overall style of letter depends on the relationship between the parties concerned. Business letters can have many types of content, for example to request direct information or action from another party, to order supplies from a supplier, to point out a mistake by the letter's recipient, to reply directly to a request, to apologize for a wrong, or to convey goodwill. A business letter is useful because it produces a permanent written record, and may be taken more seriously by the recipient than other forms of communication.

#### **Qualities of a Good Letter:**

The 7 Cs of business communication which make it are:

- 1. Clarity
- 2. Correctness
- 3. Conciseness
- 4. Courtesy
- 5. Concreteness
- 6. Consideration
- 7. Completeness

#### #1: Clarity

Practicing clarity in your communication ensures that the message is received accurately. You should know what you wish to say and how to say it. Use language that can be easily understood, and resist the temptation to include unnecessary information.

#### Example:

Instead of saying, "We have considered the consequences of the existing policy on the hiring strategies we employ with our human resources department and updated them accordingly," say, "We have updated our hiring policy."

#### #2: Correctness

You must communicate with correctness – correct grammar, language, data, etc. In written communication, you should proofread before sending.

#### Example:

"You may enter the building during opening hours but must show relevant I.D."

Immediately, the recipient of this information has two questions:

• "What are the opening hours, and what ID is considered relevant?

Correctness in this communication is conveyed by saying, "You may enter the building during the opening hours of 9am to 5pm daily, but must show your employee identity card."

#### #3: Conciseness

Never use more words than is necessary. Brevity is more easily understood, though you must avoid discourtesy. Concise messages save you and the recipient time, too. To be concise, follow these rules:

• Eliminate unnecessary words

- Use action verbs
- Remove repetition

#### Example:

"As a matter of fact, during the month of June, all employees must ensure that they wear appropriate clothing to ensure they stay cool while the air-conditioning is being repaired."

#### Becomes:

"Indeed, during June, employees must wear appropriate clothing to stay cool while the air-conditioning is repaired."

#### **#4: Courtesy**

Employ courtesy when communicating. This shows you respect the recipient and helps to build goodwill. You must ensure that you are sincere, thoughtful, and do not use discriminatory language.

Example:

"I don't appreciate how your team ignores requests for collaboration from my team. The work we do is equally as important as your work. Could you make certain that your team collaborates more readily from now on?"

Such a message is unlikely to encourage a negative response. Instead, a more effective approach would be:

"I understand that your team is extremely busy and receives many requests to collaborate on project work. However, my team is working a highly urgent project with enormous mutual benefits. I would greatly appreciate if you could ask your team to collaborate more effectively with mine to move this project forward faster. If there is any help that we can provide to make this happen, please let me know."

#### **#5: Concreteness**

Concrete communication is specific, clear, and meaningful. It avoids vagueness, uses available facts and figures to add authenticity, and builds around an active voice.

Example:

An example would be poor communication of underperformance during a one-to-one. You might say, "Your sales numbers are on the low side. They need to be improved to at least the team's average."

Give your employee concrete direction with evidence and an active voice:

"Your sales conversion rate is below 50%. You must improve this to the team average of 65% or higher."

#### #6: Consideration

Be considerate with your messaging by putting yourself in the position of the recipient. Focus on communicating to 'you', considering needs and issues experienced by the recipient.

Example:

Imagine that you are unable to pay a promised bonus. How do you communicate this?

"We are unable to pay bonuses now. The business is awaiting payment from a major client. Once this payment is received, we can consider paying contractual bonuses as soon as is practicable."

This could be better conveyed as follows:

"Unfortunately, we are not presently in the position to pay your bonus. However, as soon as our major client has settled their account, we will pay any bonuses owed to you. We're sorry about this delay, but are sure you understand our need for positive cash flow and the long-term benefits this will deliver to you."

#### **#7: Completeness**

Your message should be complete, delivering all the facts needed for the recipient to make an informed decision. Incomplete messages often receive poor responses.

To ensure your communication is complete, ask if it answers the what, when, why, who, where, and how.

Example:

"You haven't completed the task that I set you," is a message full of ambiguity. Instead, make sure you include all relevant facts:

"The data analysis for client ABC that I asked for on March 5 should have been completed by today. Will you have it finished this afternoon?"

#### Format:

A business letter must include:

#### 1. Address

The address of the person receiving the correspondence includes a formal name, street address, city, state, and pin code.

#### 2. Date

The date is put for any business communication.

The date is a critical piece of information documenting when the correspondence was sent.

This is important for correspondence that may be kept for future reference.

#### 3. Subject Line

This indicates the subject of the letter so the receiver gets the idea what is the letter about.

#### 4. Salutation

The salutation is the formal way of addressing the person.

Common salutations are Dear or To Whom It May Concern.

#### 5. Introduction

The first few sentences of a letter are introductory.

The introduction section introduces the subject of the letter.

It is a summary in a sentence or two that explains the goal of the letter.

For example, an introduction may be something like:

I am writing today to further explore a vendor relationship with XYZ Corporation.

### 6. Body of the Letter

The body of the letter is where the bulk of the information is shared.

The body of the letter explains in detail all aspects of what is being communicated.

This would include detail of the information being shared.

For instance, the body may be something like this:

We understand that XYZ Corporation can provide tools for 10% less than other competitors. And, that the focus on service after the sale is amongst the best in the industry.

#### 7. Closing

The closing of the letter summarizes what the letter was about and any next steps or action items.

This section gives the reader a heads up that the communication is coming to a close.

For instance, the closing may be something like this:

Please call me at your earliest convenience to discuss a vendor relationship and to explore if we can come to a mutually beneficial relationship. I look forward to speaking with you soon.

#### 8. Signature

The signature section has a complimentary closing.

Examples are Sincerely, Warmest Regards, Respectfully Yours, Very Truly Yours, or Cordially Yours.

Be sure to gauge the audience when selecting a complimentary closing.

After the complimentary closing, space is left for the signature that goes above the typed name and title of the person sending the letter.





## Sample Letters

### 1. Order Letter

From
Date: (Date on Which Letter is Written)
То,
Subject: Order Letter
Dear Sir,
I am the purchase manager of XYZ Company and I am personally writing this letter to order goods for our site work. As we have been purchasing goods from you company since some time now, I am writing this letter to order material.
Along with this letter I am attaching the list of materials or goods that is needed. Please make sure you send it across in a week as the requirement is a bit urgent this time.
I hope there is enough stock left with you to complete this order of ours. Thanking you for your support and timely orders till date.
Thanking You,
Yours truly,
Name and Signature

### 2. Complain letter

From
(your name)
(your address)
Date (date of writing letter)
То
(name of recipient) (designation) (name of organization)
(address)
Dear Sir/Madam,
I purchased a(mention item with specifications) from your store on(mention date). The piece is on warranty (mention duration). It was delivered on(mention delivery date, if any), and your representative familiarized me with its operation on(mention date), (briefly explain the problem faced with the piece and repairs undertaken if any).
Since the piece is on warranty, I request you to kindly(mention how you want concerned authority to assist you). I am enclosing a copy of(mention documents you are enclosing along with the letter). I am hoping for immediate action taken regarding this issue.
Thanking You (your name)

#### 3. Leave Application

Sender's name and address:

Date:

Receiver's name and address:

Subject: Sick Leave application

Respected Mr. /Mrs. [Name of the recipient] (or Sir/Madam),

I am writing this application to notify you that I am suffering from severe viral infection and therefore, I need sick leave from work. I caught this infection last night and I will not be able to come to the office for at least [number of days]. As notified by my doctor, it is best that I take rest and recover properly before resuming work. The letter from the doctor is also attached for your reference.

Kindly grant me a leave for [number of days] days.

I hope you will understand and grant me a leave for aforementioned period. Waiting your approval.

Yours Sincerely, [Your Name] [Signature]

#### GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY (GTU)

#### Competency-focused Outcome-based Green Curriculum-2021 (COGC-2021)

I/II – Semester

#### Course Title: Engineering Chemistry (Course Code: 4300006)

Diploma programme in which this course is offered	Semester in which offered
Electrical Engineering, Power Electronics Engineering	First
Biomedical Engineering	Second

#### 1. RATIONALE

The background of chemistry allows engineers to get the most out of raw elements in creating fuels, drugs, new and modern materials, construction materials etc. needed in wide variety of engineering and technological applications. The in-depth comprehension of concepts and chemical reactions involved in chemistry would be applicable in solving the problems of engineering in spectrum of engineering branches like, electrical, Power Electronics Engineering, Biomedical Engineering etc.

The deep understanding of various topics/ subtopics of engineering chemistry course would enable the diploma engineers to understand and solve the various engineering problems, developments and breakthrough in engineering and technology in a very systematic and scientific way.

#### 2. COMPETENCY

The purpose of this course is to help the student to attain the following industry identified competencies through various teaching-learning experiences:

# • Use principles of engineering chemistry to solve broadly-defined engineering problems.

#### 3. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

The practical exercises, the underpinning knowledge, and the relevant soft skills associated with this competency are to be developed in the student to display the following COs:

- Apply the principles of chemical bonding and solutions to solve various engineering problems.
- Solve engineering problems using the concepts of electrochemistry and corrosion.
- Use relevant fuels and lubricants for domestic and industrial applications.
- Select appropriate engineering materials for industrial applications.
- Choose various types of electrochemical devices for domestic and industrial applications.

#### 4. TEACHING AND EXAMINATION SCHEME

Teaching Scheme		Total Credits	Examination Scheme					
(In Hours)		(L+T+P/2)	Theory Marks Practical Marks		Total Marks			
L	Т	Р	С	CA	ESE	СА	ESE	TOLAT WARKS
3	-	2	4	30*	70	25	25	150

(\*): Out of 30 marks under the theory CA, 10 marks are for assessment of the micro-project to facilitate the integration of COs, and the remaining 20 marks are the average of 2 tests to be taken during the semester for assessing the attainment of the cognitive domain UOs required for the attainment of the COs.

**Legends:** L-Lecture; T – Tutorial/Teacher Guided Theory Practice; P -Practical; C – Credit, CA - Continuous Assessment; ESE -End Semester Examination.

#### 5. SUGGESTED PRACTICAL EXERCISES

The following practical outcomes (PrOs) are the subcomponents of the COs.

S. No.	Practical Outcomes (PrOs)	Unit No.		Approx. Hrs. required
1	Prepare a standard solution of oxalic acid or potassium	I		02
L L	permanganate.			
	Determine the strength of the given sodium hydroxide	I		02
2	solution by titrating against standard oxalic acid solution			
	using phenolphthalein indicator.			
2	Standardize potassium permanganate solution by	П	Any	02
5	standard oxalic acid solution and estimate ferrous ions.		three	
4	Determine pH-Values of given samples of Solution by	П		02
4	using Universal Indicator and pH-meter.			
5	Determine emf of an electrochemical cell (Daniel cell).			02
C	Determine electrochemical equivalent of copper metal	П		02
6	using Faraday's first law.			
7	Determine the rate of corrosion for different metals in			02
/	the given solution.			
0	Determine the rate of corrosion of metal in the solution			02
0	of different pH.			
0	Determine the calorific value of solid or liquid fuel using a	IV		02
9	bomb calorimeter.			
10	Determine the percentage of moisture content in the	IV		02
10	given sample of coal by proximate analysis.			
11	Determine the ash content of the given sample of coal by	IV		02
11	proximate analysis.			
17	Determine the viscosity of the lubricating oil using a	V	Any	02
12	Redwood viscometer.		three	

S. No.	Practical Outcomes (PrOs)		Approx. Hrs. required
13	Determine the Acid value of the given lubricating oil.	V	02
14	Determine the Saponification value of the given lubricating oil	V	02
15	Determine flash point and fire point of the given lubricating oil using Pensky Martens/Cleveland open cup/Able's flashpoint apparatus.	V	02
16	Prepare Polystyrene and Bakelite. (Any one)		02
	Total Hrs.		28

#### <u>Note</u>

- *i.* More **Practical Exercises** can be designed and offered by the respective course teacher to develop the industry-relevant skills/outcomes to match the COs. The above table is only a suggestive list.
- *ii. The following are some sample 'Process' and 'Product' related skills (more may be added/deleted depending on the course) that occur in the above listed Practical Exercises of this course required which are embedded in the COs and ultimately the competency.*

S. No.	Sample Performance Indicators for the PrOs	Weightage in %
1	Prepare experimental setup accurately.	10
2	Use apparatus for precise measurements. 20	
3	Practice and adapt good and safe measuring techniques.	10
4	Good Record keeping of the observations accurately.	20
5	Interpret the results and their conclusion.	20
6	Prepare Report in prescribed format	10
7	Viva-Voce	10
	Total	100

#### 6. MAJOR EQUIPMENT/ INSTRUMENTS AND SOFTWARE REQUIRED

These major equipment/instruments and Software required to develop PrOs are given below with broad specifications to facilitate procurement of them by the administrators/management of the institutes. This will ensure the conduction of practice in all institutions across the state in a proper way so that the desired skills are developed in students.

S. No.	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications	PrO. No.
1.	Digital pH Meter:	4
	Type: Microcontroller Based, Display: LED / LCD / Touch Screen, 3	
	digits, Calibration: up to 3 points with auto buffer, pH Range (pH): 0.00	
	to 14.00, +/- 0.05, Power Requirements: 230 V +/- 10, 50 Hz AC,	
	Modes: pH mV- C, Temperature Compensation Type: Automatic,	

S. No.	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications	PrO. No.
	Temperature Compensation Range (Degree C): 0 to 100, Temperature	
	Accuracy (Degree C): +/- 0.3, Resolution (pH): 0.01	
2.	Bomb Calorimeter:	9
	Calorimeter outer container: Aluminum with rolled rim, Shape of the	
	container: Cylindrical, Type of top cover: Removable, Calorimeter	
	Material of Stirrer: Conner Stirrer size (Height x dia.), in mm. (min):	
	$100 \times 3.5$ . Stirrer with a loop at the bottom to fit inside the Calorimeter,	
	Thermometer holder, removable: Nickel-plated brass.	
3.	Hot Air Oven:	10
	Temperature is controlled by digital temperature indicator cum	
	controller from ambient to $250^{\circ}$ C with $\pm 0.1^{\circ}$ C Accuracy. Power supply:	
	220/230V, 50Hz single phase, Capacity (Approx.): 50 – 100 liter, Type of	
	Shelves: 03, Material of Inner Chambers: SS 304, Material of Outer	
	Chamber: MS with powder coated paint, Material of Shelves: SS wire	
	mesh.	
4.	Muttle Furnace:	11
	The Furnace should be provided with a fast response temperature	
	Probe and with high-density energy-saving ceramic wool, remperature Range 0-1200 °C Muffle Size (approx ): 6" X 6" X 12" Display: LED	
5	Redwood viscometer:	12
5.	Flow Range (Viscosity) in second: 20-2000, Redwood Viscometer Model	12
	No.: 01. Material: Stainless Steel. Bath Capacity (Approx.): 7 liters.	
	Temperature Required: 95 °C, Power supply: 220 Volt, 800 Watt, 50 Hz.	
6.	Pensky Martens flash point apparatus:	15
	Voltage: 220-240V, Phase: Single phase, Power Source: Electric, Timing	
	Range: 999.9s	
	OR	
	Cleveland Open Cup apparatus:	
	Temperature range: Ambient to 370°C, Temp. measurement PT100	
	temp. sensor, remp. scale resolution 0.1 C, ignition source gas or	
	$\Delta \Gamma$	
	OR	
	Abel's flash point apparatus:	
	Material: Stainless Steel, Power Source: Electric, Voltage: 115V/220-	
	240V, 50-60 Hz, Dimensions: 230 mm x 470 mm x 470 mm (W x D x H)	
	Temperature Range: 70 °C, Resolution: 0.1 °C	
7.	Laboratory weighing balance:	All
	Type of Laboratory Balance: Analytical, Sensitivity (mg): 1 mg,	
	Maximum Capacity of Weigning (grams): 200 g, Shape of PAN: Circular,	
8	Hot plate with Magnetic stirrer:	1 7 3 / 13 1
0	Number of stirring Positions 1 Calibration: Automatic Calibration	1,2,3,4,13,1 <u>A</u>
	Magnetic stirrer with a hot plate, Speed Control Accuracy of set speed	

S. No.	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications	PrO. No.
	(+/-) (RPM): 5, Maximum Stirring capacity per position: 3000 ml, Top plate Material: Stainless steel.	

#### 7. AFFECTIVE DOMAIN OUTCOMES

The following *sample* Affective Domain Outcomes (ADOs) are embedded in many of the above-mentioned COs and PrOs. More could be added to fulfill the development of this competency.

- a) Work as a leader/a team member.
- b) Follow ethical practices
- c) Observe safety measures
- d) Good house keeping
- e) Time management

f) Practice environmentally friendly methods and processes. (Environment-related)

The ADOs are best developed through laboratory/field-based exercises. Moreover, the level of achievement of the ADOs according to Krathwohl's 'Affective Domain Taxonomy' should gradually increase as planned below:

- i. 'Valuing Level' in 1<sup>st</sup> year
- ii. 'Organization Level' in 2<sup>nd</sup> year.
- iii. 'Characterization Level' in 3<sup>rd</sup> year.

#### 8. UNDERPINNING THEORY

The major underpinning theory is given below based on the higher level UOs of *Revised Bloom's taxonomy* that are formulated for development of the COs and competency.. If required, more such higher-level UOs could be included by the course teacher to focus on the attainment of COs and competency.

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics
Unit – I	1a. Apply the different atomic	1.1. Atomic Structure: Concepts of orbit
	theories, models and	and orbital, Pauli's exclusion
Atomic	principles for structural	principle.
Structure,	illustration.	1.2. Hund's rule of maximum
Chemical	1b. Explain Pauli's exclusion	multiplicity,
Bonding	principle, Hund's rule and	1.3. Aufbau rule, electronic
and	Aufbau rule with examples.	configuration of atom (up to
Solutions	1c. Write the electronic	atomic number 30)
	configurations of different	1.4. Chemical Bonding: Concept of
	elements.	chemical bonding, types of
	1d. Describe the different types	chemical bonds, Ionic bond, and its
	of chemical bonds.	characteristics (example NaCl),
	1e. Differentiate among the	Covalent bond and its
	ionic, covalent and	characteristics (example $H_2$ , $O_2$ , $N_2$ ,
	coordinate compounds	$HF$ , $NH_3$ , $H_2O$ , $CH_4$ ), Coordinate
	based on the type of	covalent bond (example $NH_4^+$ ,
	chemical bonding.	$H_3O^+$ ), Metallic bond and its

Unit		Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics				
	1f.	Explain various properties		characteristics. Hydrogen bonding.			
		of Materials depending		its types, and Significance,			
		upon bond formation.		Intermolecular force of attraction.			
	1g.	Prepare the solution of	1.5.	Molecular arrangement in solid.			
	0	given concentrations		liquid and gases. Structure of solids			
		(Normality, Molarity).		- Molecular solid. Ionic solid.			
		(		Network solid, and Metallic solid.			
			1.6.	Solutions: The Idea of solute and			
			-	solution. Methods to express the			
				concentration of solution -			
				Normality. Molarity ( $M$ = mole per			
				liter), ppm, mass percentage.			
				volume percentage, and mole			
				fraction.			
Unit – II	2a.	Explain the theory of	2.1.	Arrhenius theory of ionization.			
		ionization and the factors	2.2.	Electronic concept of oxidation,			
Concepts of		affecting it.		reduction, and redox reactions.			
Electrochemistry	2b.	Describe pH value and its	2.3.	Degree of ionization and factors			
		industrial application.		affecting the degree of ionization.			
	2c.	Describe different types of	2.4.	Definition of pH, pH of acid, base			
		buffer solutions and their		and neutral solution, pH			
		application.		calculations for acid, base, and salt			
	2d.	Differentiate electrolyte		solutions at different			
		and nonelectrolyte.		concentrations, Importance of pH in			
	2e.	Describe the construction		various fields.			
		and working of an	2.5.	Definition of buffer solution, buffer			
		electrochemical cell and		action and types of buffer solution,			
		standard hydrogen		Application of buffer solution.			
		electrode (SHE)	2.6.	Definition of terms: electrolytes,			
	2f.	State the Nernst equation		non-electrolytes with suitable			
		and Faraday's laws of		examples, Types of electrolytes.			
		electrolysis and its	2.7.	Construction and working of			
		application.		Electrochemical Cell.			
	2g.	Use the different electrolysis	2.8.	Construction and working of			
		process such as electro		Standard Hydrogen Electrodes			
		metallurgy, electroplating	2.0	(SHE).			
		and electrorefining to solve	2.9.	Nernst theory of single electrode			
		where variety of industrial	2 10	potential and Nemst equation.			
		problems.	2.10.	Electrolycic Earaday's laws of			
			2.11.	electrolysis, Faladay's laws of			
			2 1 2	Industrial application of electrolysic			
			2.12.	Flectro metallurgy electronisting			
				and electro refining			
Unit- III	32	Describe the various types	31	Corrosion: Dry or Chemical			
		of corrosion.	5.1.	corrosion: Oxidation corrosion-			

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics
Corrosion of	2h Identify the different	machanicm Correction by other
corrosion or motals and its	factors affecting the rate of	mechanism, corrosion by other
neuronation	corrosion	gases.
prevention	Corrosion. Re Explain the various type of	S.2. Wet of Electrochemical corrosion-
	sc. Explain the various type of	$\Pi_2$ liberation and $O_2$ absorption
	protective measures to	
	prevent corrosion.	Corrosion.
	3d. Select relevant method to	3.3. Galvanic corrosion mechanism.
	prevent metal from	3.4. Concentration cell corrosion.
	corrosion	3.5. Pitting corrosion, waterline and
		Crevice corrosion.
		3.6. Factors affecting the rate of
		corrosion: Nature of the metal,
		Nature of surface film, Relative
		areas of the anodic and cathodic
		parts, Purity of metal,
		Influence of plu
		Influence of pn.
		5.7. Internal and External corrosion
		of opvironment Medification of
		the properties of motal lise of
		protective costings Apodic and
		protective coatings, Anounc and
		in design and choice of material
Lipit_ IV	4a Classify various types of	4.1 Definition and Classification of
Unit-IV	fuels	4.1. Definition and Classification of
Fuels and	Ab Calculate the calorific value	units Determination of calorific
Combustion	of various fuels using	value using a homb calorimeter
combustion	Dulong's formula	4.2 Characteristics of good fuel
	4c. Determine proximate	4.3. Comparison between solid, liquid.
	analysis of coal for	and gaseous fuels.
	assessing its quality for	4.4. Theoretical calculation of HCV and
	domestic and industrial	LCV of fuel using Dulong's formula.
	use.	4.5. Solid fuels: Coal, Classification of
	4d. Assess the efficiency of coal	coal, Proximate and ultimate
	by determining the calorific	analysis of coal.
	value of fuel.	4.6. Liquid fuels: Petroleum, Origin of
	4e. State the significance of	petroleum and classification of
	octane and cetane number.	petroleum, Refining of petroleum.
	4f. Justify the need for	4.7. Petrol and Diesel-fuel rating
	alternative fuels.	(Octane and Cetane numbers),
		Power alcohol and Bio-diesel.
		4.8. Chemical composition, Calorific
		values, and Applications of LPG,
		CNG, water gas, coal gas, producer
		gas, and biogas.

Unit-V     5a. Explain terms lubricant and lubrication     5.1. lubricants     and     Lubricatio       Lubrication     Functions of lubricants.     5.2     Machanisms of lubricants.     5.3	on,
Iubrication Functions of lubricants.	- /
Lubricente Ele Describe the turner of E. 2. Machemiere of L. briestice Ele	
LUDRICARTS IS DESCRIPTION TO EXPRESSION 157 IVIECHANISM OF LUBRICATION' FILL	hiu
lubricants	
Ec. Describe the physical and Classification of Jubrication.	/i+b
showing properties of a	/1111
chemical properties of a examples.	
iubricant. Solid, Semi-solid, liquid ar	ina
5d. Selection of proper synthetic	
lubricants for engineering lubricants.	
use. 5.3. Physical Properties of lubricant	nts:
5e. Select relevant lubricant Viscosity and viscosity index, Flag	ash
based on their function and and fire point, Cloud and por	our
characteristic properties for point, Oiliness.	
use in different kind of 5.4. Chemical properties of lubricants:	5:
machinery. Saponification number,	
5f. Determine viscosity, flash Neutralization number,	
and fire point of given Emulsification number.	
lubricant for their specific 5.5. Selection of lubricants for differe	ent
use. types of Machinery like: Gear	ars.
5g. State the biodegradable Cutting tools. Steam turbin	ne.
lubricants. Transformers.	,
5.6 Biodegradable lubricants	
Linit-VI 6a Classify Polymers based on 6.1 Definition of Monomer Polym	ner
molecular structures and and Polymerization	ici
<b>Bolymors</b> monomors 6.2 Classification of Polymors based (	on
<b>Electomers</b> Ch. Differentiate thermonlastic melocular structure: Line	oar
Elastomers, pb. Differentiate thermoplastic indicating between burnshad reduced in the structure.	ear
And insulating and thermosetting Polymers, branched polymer	215,
<b>Materials</b> polymers with examples. Cross-linked polymers.	
bc. Explain polymerization 6.3. Classification of polymers based o	on
reactions with examples. Monomer: Homopolymer,	
6d. Describe the applications of Copolymer.	
thermoplastic and 6.4. Classification of polymers based of	on
thermosetting polymers. thermal behavior: Thermoplasti	tics
6e. Describe the application of and Thermosetting polymers.	
biodegradable polymers. 6.5. Types of polymerizations: Additic	ion
6f. Explain the properties and and condensation polymerization	ו
application of synthetic 6.6. Simple reactions involved in the	
rubbers. preparation and their properties	
6g. Explain the process of and application of thermoplastics	5
vulcanization of rubber. and thermosetting polymers:	
6h. Use relevant insulating Polyethylene, Polypropylene,	
materials for engineering Polyvinyl chloride,	
applications. Polytetrafluoroethylene (Teflon),	,
Polvstvrene, Polvacrvlonitrile.	
Bakelite. Epoxy resins.	
6.7. Biodegradable Polymers:	

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)		Topics and Sub-topics
			Introduction, chemical
			composition, and application:
			Polyβ- hydroxybutyrate–co-β-
			hydroxy valerate (PHBV), Nylon-2–
			nylon-6.
		6.8.	Rubber: Natural rubber and its
			properties, Vulcanization of rubber,
			Synthetic rubber – simple reaction
			involved in the preparation and
			their properties and application:
			Buna-S rubber, Buna-N rubber,
			Neoprene rubber
		6.9.	Insulating Materials: Types and
			Properties of Insulating materials,
			Application of Thermal and
			Electrical Insulating Materials.
Unit– VII	7a. Describe the construction	7.1	Batteries: An electrochemical
	and working of various		source of energy, Types of
Electrochemical	batteries.		Batteries: Primary, Secondary and
Energy Sources	7b. Explain the working of fuel	7 2	Fuel batteries
	Cell.	7.2	Dry cell - construction and working.
	7c. Describe the solar cells.	7.5	construction and working
	fuel cells based on their	71	Nickel/Cadmium battery
	mechanism and	7.4	construction and working
	characteristics	75	Fuel cells - definition example
	characteristics.	7.5	Hydrogen fuel cell and biochemical
			fuel cell. Characteristics of fuel
			cells, Solar Cells.

#### 9. SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION TABLE FOR QUESTION PAPER DESIGN

Unit	Unit Title	Teaching	Distribution of Theory Marks			
NO.		Hours	R	U	Α	Total
			Level	Level	Level	Marks
-	Atomic Structure, Chemical Bonding, and Solutions	06	03	03	02	08
П	Concepts of Electrochemistry	07	02	06	04	12
111	Corrosion of metals and its prevention	05	02	04	02	08
IV	Fuels and Combustion	07	03	05	04	12
V	Lubricants	05	02	04	02	08

VI	Polymers, Elastomers, and Insulating Materials	07	03	06	05	14
VII	Electrochemical Energy Sources	05	02	04	02	08
	Total	42	17	32	21	70

Legends: R=Remember, U=Understand, A=Apply and above (Revised Bloom's taxonomy)

**Note**: This specification table provides general guidelines to assist students for their learning and to teachers to teach and question paper designers/setters to formulate test items/questions to assess the attainment of the UOs. The actual distribution of marks at different taxonomy levels (of *R*, *U* and *A*) in the question paper may slightly vary from above table.

#### **10.** SUGGESTED STUDENT ACTIVITIES

Other than the classroom and laboratory learning, the following are the suggested studentrelated *co-curricular* activities which can be undertaken to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course: Students should conduct the following activities in group and prepare small reports of about 5 pages for each activity. They should also collect/record physical evidence such as photographs/videos of the activities for their (student's) portfolio which will be useful for their placement interviews:

- a) Prepare a PowerPoint presentation or animation showing different types of chemical bonds and atomic structures.
- b) Prepare a model of an atom with the help of a ball and stick or of any other items.
- c) pH Calculations for acid, base, and salt solutions at different concentrations.
- d) Preparation of a table showing the different methods used for prevention of corrosion.
- e) Solve simple problems on hardness calculation.
- f) Market survey of different lubricating oil and compare their physical and chemical properties.
- g) Library survey regarding polymers, synthetic rubber, and adhesives used in different industries.
- h) Collect different polymers and prepare the chart/ PowerPoint based on their type, properties, and uses.
- i) Market survey of different batteries and differentiate primary and secondary batteries.

#### 11. SUGGESTED SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES (if any)

These are sample strategies, which the teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course:

- a) Massive open online courses (*MOOCs*) may be used to teach various topics/subtopics.
- b) Guide student(s) in undertaking micro-projects/activities.
- c) Different types of teaching methods i.e. video demonstration, activity-based learning, case study, m-learning need to be employed by teachers to develop the outcomes.

- d) **Some** of the topics/sub-topics which are relatively simpler or descriptive are to be given to the students for self-learning but to be assessed using different assessment methods.
- e) Teachers need to ensure to create opportunities and provisions for *co-curricular* activities.
- f) Guide students to address issues on environment and sustainability with reference to using the knowledge of this course.
- g) OERs, Vlab, and Olabs may be used to teach for the teaching of different concepts.

#### 12. SUGGESTED MICRO-PROJECTS

**Only one micro-project** is planned to be undertaken by a student that needs to be assigned to him/her at the beginning of the semester. In the first four semesters, the micro-project are group-based (group of 3 to 5). However, **in the fifth and sixth semesters**, the number of students in the group should **not exceed three**.

The micro-project could be industry application-based, internet-based, workshopbased, laboratory-based, or field-based. Each micro-project should encompass two or more COs which are the integration of PrOs, UOs, and ADOs. Each student will have to maintain a dated work diary consisting of individual contributions in the project work and give a seminar presentation of it before submission. The duration of the micro-project should be about **14-16** *(fourteen to sixteen) student engagement hours* during the course e. The students ought to submit micro-project by the end of the semester (so that they develop industry-oriented COs).

A suggestive list of micro-projects is given here. This should relate highly to the competency of the course and the COs. Similar micro-projects could be added by the concerned course teacher:

- a) Prepare a PowerPoint animation that can explain the structure of an atom.
- b) Prepare a chart of the modern periodic table which gives information about the atomic number and mass number of different elements.
- c) Prepare common salt crystals from NaCl solution
- d) Prepare a chart representing compounds and solutions which affect human life positively and negatively.
- e) Prepare a model of an atom with the help of a ball and stick or of any other items.
- f) Form three groups of students in the class. Consider a hypothetical situation of exchanging/ sharing/giving of different items/belongings and demonstrate the type of ionic, covalent, and co-ordinate bonding amongst the students in a simulated situation. Present your findings.
- g) Model of electronic configurations for different atoms (Z=30)
- h) Prepare a model to demonstrate the application of electrolysis cells.
- i) Collect three metallic strips of Al, Cu, Fe, strips, Place them in different acidic and alkaline solutions of the same concentration. Observe and record the loss in weight of metals due to an acidicand alkaline environment. Discuss the findings with your teacher and colleagues.
- j) Classify the surrounding corrosion into dry corrosion and wet corrosion.
- k) Collect different samples of utensils reinforced materials, iron, copper, brass, bronze, and other alloys. Place them in an open environment under tin shade. Observe the corrosive properties overa period of four weeks. Record your observations. Discuss the findings with your teacher and colleagues.
- I) Collect samples of petrol, kerosene oil, diesel, any edible oil, coconut oil. Find out the

flash point and fire point, cloud and pour point, and viscosity of the same. Compare the properties and justify their use in relevant applications.

- m) Depending on the type of machinery, the load applied, speed of the machine, heat generated, etc, select the appropriate lubricant which can be applied to the machinery. Discuss with your teachers and colleagues and present the same.
- n) Make a table showing the availability of natural rubber in India and show places on the India map.
- o) Collect different polymers and prepare the chart/ PowerPoint based on their type, properties, and uses.
- p) Collect fuel samples from different sources and prepare a chart showing their calorific values and uses.
- q) Mapping of energy resources in India.
- r) Collection of data of various electrochemical cells-batteries used in equipment and devices and available in the market.

#### **13.** SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES

S. No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication with the place, year and ISBN
1	Engineering Chemistry	Jain & Jain	Dhanpat Rai Publishing Co.(P) Ltd., New Delhi, 2015, ISBN: 93-521- 6000-2
2	A Textbook of Engineering Chemistry	Dr. S. S. Dara & Dr. S. S. Umare	S. Chand & Co.(P) Ltd., New Delhi, 2014, ISBN:81-219-0359-9
3	Textbook of Chemistry for Class XI & XII (Part-I & II)	NCERT	NCERT, New Delhi, 2017-18, Class- XI, ISBN: 81-7450-494-X (part-I), 81-7450-535-O (part-II), Class-XII, ISBN: 81-7450-648-9 (part-I), 81- 7450-716-7 (part-II)
4	Engineering Chemistry	Shikha Agarwal	Cambridge Uni. Press, New Delhi, 2019, ISBN: 978-1-108-72444-9
5	Understanding Chemistry	C.N.R. Rao	World scientific publishing Co., 2009, ISBN: 9789812836045
6	Engineering Chemistry	Dr. Vikram, S.	Wiley India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2013, ISBN: 9788126543342
7	Applied Chemistry Laboratory Practices, Vol. I & II	Dr. G.H. Hunger & Prof. A.N. Pathak.	NITTTR, Chandigarh, Publication, 2013-14
8	Chemistry for Engineers	Rajesh Agnihotri	Wiley India Pvt. Ltd., 2014, ISBN: 9788126550784
9	Fundamental of Electrochemistry	V. S. Bagotsky	Wiley International N. J.,2005, ISBN: 9780471700586

#### 14. SUGGESTED LEARNING WEBSITES

- a) <u>http://www.chemguide.co.uk/atommenu.html</u>
- b) <u>https://www.visionlearning.com</u>
- c) <u>http://www.chem1.com</u>

- d) <u>http://www.em-ea.org</u>
- e) <u>https://ncert.nic.in</u>
- f) <u>www.onlinelibrary.wiley.com</u>
- g) <u>www.rsc.org</u>
- h) <u>www.chemcollective.org</u>
- i) <u>www.wqa.org</u>
- j) <u>https://docslib.org/insulation-materials-science-and-application</u>
- k) http://www.olabs.edu.in/
- I) <u>http://chemcollective.org/activities/type\_page/1</u>
- m) <u>http://www.presentingscience.com/vac/corrosion/index.htm</u>
- n) <u>https://vlab.amrita.edu/index.php?sub=2&brch=190</u>

#### 15. PO-COMPETENCY-CO MAPPING

Semester I/II	Engineering Chemistry (Course Code: 4300006)								
				POs					
Competency & Course Outcomes	PO 1 Basic & Discipline- specific knowledge	PO 2 Problem Analysis	PO 3 Design/ development of solutions	PO 4 Engineering Tools, Experimentation &Testing	PO 5 Engineering practices for society, sustainability & environment	PO 6 Project Management	PO 7 Life-long learning		
<u>Competency</u> Use principles of engineering chemistry to solve broadly- defined engineering problems.	3	2	2	1	1	1	1		
Course Outcomes CO1: Apply the principles of chemical bonding and solutions to solve various engineering problems.	3	1	-	1	-	-	1		
CO2: Solve engineering problems using the concepts of electrochemistry and corrosion.	3	1	-	1	1	-	1		
CO3: Use relevant fuels and lubricants for domestic and industrial applications.	3	1	1	1	1	-	1		
CO4: Select appropriate engineering materials for industrial application.	3	1	-	1	1	1	1		
CO5: Choose various types of electrochemical devices for domestic and industrial applications.	3	1	-	1	1	1	1		

Legend: '3' for high, '2' for medium, '1' for low and '-' for no correlation of each CO with PO.

#### 16 COURSE CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE

#### **GTU Resource Persons**

S. No.	Name and Designation	Institute	Contact No.	Email
1.	Dr. Narendra Makwana,	Government	9909911391	ngmakwana@yahoo.com
	Lecturer in Chemistry	Polytechnic,		
		Chhotaudepur		
2.	Rehana Baiju Mampilly,	Government	8758267072	rehanabaijum@gmail.com
	Lecturer in Chemistry	Polytechnic,		
		Kheda		
3.	Dr. Lopa KiranKumar	Govt. Polytechnic	9429810823	l <u>opa4ever@gmail.com</u>
	Sanghavi	for Girls,		
		Ahmedabad		

#### NITTTR Resource Persons

S. No.	Name and Designation	Department	Contact No.	Email
1.	Dr. Bashirulla Shaik,	Dept. of Applied	9981382711	bshaik@nitttrbpl.ac.in
	Assistant Professor	Science Education		
2.	Dr. Anju Rawlley,	Curriculum	9406947814	arawlley@nitttrbpl.ac.in
	Professor	Development &		
		Assessment		
		Education		

#### **GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY (GTU)**

#### Competency-focused Outcome-based Green Curriculum-2021 (COGC-2021) 1<sup>st</sup> Semester

#### Course Title: Basics of Information and Communication Technology (ICT) (Course Code: 4300010)

Diploma programme in which this course is offered	Semester in which offered	
Electronics & Communication Engineering, Electrical	First	
Engineering, Civil Engineering	FIrst	

#### 1. RATIONALE

In this era of the 21st century, information and communication technology (ICT) is used in every walk of life. Today, the potential of ICT is extensively used in scientific, business, industrial and educational areas. This course envisages developing basic skill sets in the use of Information and Communication Technology. It will provide the student hands-on experience on different application software used for office automation and improve day-to-day problem-solving skills using online resources for creating business documents, data analysis, and graphical representations. It will also enable the student to use Internet services for different communication.

#### 2. COMPETENCY

The purpose of this course is to help the student to attain the following industry identified competency through various teaching learning experiences.

• Develop basic skills in ICT for creating professional documents, analyzing data, preparing multimedia presentations, and using internet services.

#### 3. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

The practical exercises, the underpinning knowledge and the relevant soft skills associated with the identified competency are to be developed in the student for the achievement of the following COs:

- a) Classify various computer hardware, peripherals, and software for various purposes.
- b) Prepare professional documents, analyzing data, creating a presentation
- c) Use computer Networks for data and device sharing.
- d) Use Internet services for various applications.
- e) Create a webpage using HTML

#### 4. TEACHING AND EXAMINATION SCHEME

Teachi	ng Sch	neme	Total Credits	Examination Scheme				
(In	Hours	s)	(L+T+P/2)	Theory Marks Practical Marks			Total	
L	Т	Р	С	СА	ESE	СА	ESE	Marks
0	-	4	2	0	0	25*	25	50

(\*): For this practical only course, 25 marks under the practical CA has two components i.e. the assessment of micro-project, which will be done out of 10 marks and the remaining 15 marks are for the assessment of practical. This is designed to facilitate attainment of COs holistically, as there is no theory ESE.

*Legends: L*-Lecture ; *T* – Tutorial/Teacher Guided Theory Practice; *P* - Practical; *C* – Credit, *CA* - Continuous Assessment; *ESE* - End Semester Examination.

#### 5. SUGGESTED PRACTICAL EXERCISES

The following practical outcomes (PrOs) are the sub-components of the COs. *These PrOs need to be attained to achieve the COs.* 

S. No.	Practical Outcomes (PrOs)		Approx. Hrs. Required
1	Identify various parts of computer systems & peripherals.		02
2	Install Windows/linux Operating System.		04
3	Use various tools / utilities available in accessories of Windows/Linux OS.	Ι	04
4	Install printer, scanner, web cam, projector with the computerI02system.		02
5	Create a text document incorporating different formattingII02features, inserting images and tables as per given sampleII02		02
6	Create a text document setting page layout features, backgrounds, shapes and smart arts as per given sample.	II	02
7	Use mail merge feature for sending invitation letter for expert lecture to 10 industries.	II	04
8	Create spreadsheet, analyse data using formulas and functions and present it through charts.	II	04
9	Create Pay bills/ Pay slips/ Electricity bills/student mark sheets using spreadsheet and take a print out.	II	04
10	Create a professional presentation incorporating various formatting features, inserting media and action buttons.	II	04
11	Prepare & test Ethernet LAN Cable for connecting computers & peripherals using PING command.	III	04
12	Connect two Computers/laptops and transfer/share data using Bluetooth/Wifi/cable.		04
13	Connect a Remote Desktop and share data using any remote login method.		02
14	Create an E-Mail account for sending and receiving mail.	IV	02
15	Create an online form for registration of students (for any activity) IV ( and download its response.		04
16	Organize an online video meeting inviting 10 students.	IV	02
17	Develop HTML/Web page using various formatting tags as per given sample.	V	06
	Total		56

Note

- *i.* More **Practical Exercises** can be designed and offered by the respective course teacher to develop the industry relevant skills/outcomes to match the COs. The above table is only a suggestive list.
- ii. Care must be taken in assigning and assessing study report as it is a first year study report. Study report, data collection and analysis report must be assigned in a group. Teacher has to discuss about type of data (which and why) before group start their market survey.

The following are some **sample** 'Process' and 'Product' related skills (more may be added/deleted depending on the course) that occur in the above listed **Practical Exercises** of this course required which are embedded in the COs and ultimately the competency.

S. No.	Sample Performance Indicators for the PrOs	Weightage in %
1	Lab Records	05
2	Question answer or Writing steps exercise	20
3	Executing of exercise	40
4	Printout/ Result	20
5	Viva voice	15
Total		100

#### 6. MAJOR EQUIPMENT/ INSTRUMENTS REQUIRED

These major equipment with broad specifications for the PrOs is a guide to procure them by the administrators, so uniformity for conducting practical can be maintained across the state.

S. No.	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications	PrO. No.
1	Computer with basic configuration and Internet Facility	All
2	Word Processing Software	All
3	Data Analysis Software	All
4	Presentation Software	All
5	Anti Virus Software	All
6	Window/Linux as operating system	All
7	Gujarati Indic	ALL

#### 7. AFFECTIVE DOMAIN OUTCOMES

The following *sample* Affective Domain Outcomes (ADOs) are embedded in many of the above-mentioned COs and PrOs. More could be added to fulfil the development of this course competency.

- a) Follow safety practices.
- b) Practice good housekeeping.
- c) Demonstrate working as a leader/a team member.

- d) Maintain tools and equipment
- e) Follow ethical practices.

The ADOs are best developed through the laboratory/field-based exercises. Moreover, the level of achievement of the ADOs according to Krathwohl's 'Affective Domain Taxonomy' should gradually increase as planned below:

- i. 'Valuing Level' in 1<sup>st</sup> year
- ii. 'Organization Level' in 2<sup>nd</sup> year.
- iii. 'Characterization Level' in 3<sup>rd</sup> year.

#### 8. UNDERPINNING THEORY

The major underpinning theory is given below based on the higher level UOs of *Revised Bloom's taxonomy* that are formulated for development of the COs and competency. If required, more such UOs could be included by the course teacher to focus on attainment of COs and competency.

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics				
	(4 to 6 UOs at different levels)					
Unit – I	la. Explain functions of	1.1 Computer system block diagram,				
	CPU ,ALU and memory	Concept of Hardware and Software				
Basics of	unit of a computer system	1.2 CPU, Control Unit, Arithmetic logic				
Computer	1b. Write the steps to install	Unit(ALU), Memory Unit, Power Unit				
Systems	Windows and Linux operating	and Interfacing Ports.				
	Systems in virtual box	1.3 Input Output unit: Monitor,				
		keyboard, External Hard disk, Mouse				
		Printers, Plotters, Scanner,				
		Projectors, Webcam, Mic, etc.				
		1.4 Operating system concepts, purpose				
		and functions				
		1.5 Operations of Windows and Linux				
		1.5.1 Installation on PC / virtual box				
		1.5.2 Configuration				
		1.5.3 Files and Folder Operation				
		1.5.4 Basic Terminal Commands				
		1.5.5 Installation of various				
		Application Software				
Unit – II	2a. Write steps for text formatting,	Using Text Processing				
	page Setup features, checking	2.1 Basics of Font type, size, colour,				
Documentat	spelling and grammar, with	Effects and other text formatting				
ions	header and footer for a Word	features				
	Document	2.2 Page settings and margins including				
	2b. Write steps for inserting	header and footer in word				
	graphics/clipart, Shapes and	document.				
	Table in a Word Document	2.3 Spelling and Grammatical checks				
	2c. Write steps to mail merge	2.4 Table and its options, Inserting rows				
	documents for inviting	or columns, merging and splitting				
	students	cells, Arithmetic Calculations in a				
	2d. Write steps for creating a excel	Table.				
Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics				
------	--------------------------------------	---	--	--	--	--
	(4 to 6 UOs at different levels)					
	worksheet and representing in	2.5 Working with pictures. Drawings				
	the form of chart.	and WordArt				
	2e. Write steps to setup page as	2.6 Mail merge				
	per given layout and print an	Using Spreadsheet				
	excel sheet	2.7 Introduction to data, Cell address,				
	2f. Write steps for creating	Excel Data Types, formatting,				
	presentation and apply basic	number, text and date Concept of				
	formatting features using	hyperlink in Worksheet				
	Spreadsheet.	2.8 Understanding formulas, Operators				
	2g. Write steps to insert objects	and Common spreadsheet functions				
	,clips, video, audio, with special	2.9 Types of graphics : Word art, auto				
	effects and hyperlink in a	shapes ,Images ,charts				
	multimedia presentation.	2.10 Concept of print area, margins,				
	2h. Write steps for installing indic	header, footer and other page				
	INE GUJarati for creating a	setup options				
	document.	2.11 Overview of spreadsheets and				
		lising Professional Presentation				
		2.12 Creating new Slides, Working with				
		text boxes, fonts, tables, Lavouts,				
		themes, effects, background and				
		Colours				
		2.13 Selecting, deleting, moving,				
		copying, resizing and arranging				
		objects.				
		2.14 Working with drawing tools,				
		Applying shape or picture styles,				
		Applying object borders, object				
		fill, object effects, clip art				
		collection and modifying clip art				
		2.15 EIIIbeu a Video, Link to a Video,				
		ontions				
		2.16 Configuring a sound playback.				
		Assigning sound to an object.				
		Adding a digital music sound track,				
		Transition effects and timings				
		Using Gujarati IME				
		2.17 Installation of Guajarati IME				
		Software				
		2.18 How to change language English to				
		Gujarati				
		2.19 Introduction about the Gujarati				
		keyboards				
		2.20 Introduction about the Gujarati				

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics
	(4 to 6 UOs at different levels)	
		IME and create Documents in
	<u> </u>	Gujarati
Unit– III	3a. State the advantages of	3.1 Basics of Computer Networks
	Computer Network in your lab	3.1.1 Needs
Computer	3b. Create a layout of computer	3.1.2 Types
Networks	network topology in the lab	3.1.3 Topologies
and Data	3c. Analyse network	3.1.4 Components
Sharing	specifications(Devices, Capies &	3.2 Network Cables and Connectors
	Connectors) , iP addressing	3.3 UVERVIEW OF INETWORK DEVICES
	of your lab	3.4 IF AUDIESSES BASILS
	2d Write stens of various remote	
	login techniques	Remote Login
	3e Write steps of various Data	3 6.1 Remote Desktop
	Transfer Techniques	3.6.2 Telnet
		3.6.3 FTP
		8.7 Data Transfer or sharing
		3.7.1 Using LAN
		3.7.2 Bluetooth
		3.7.3 Wi-Fi
	<u> </u>	3.7.3 Modems
Unit– IV	4a. Use various internet	4.1 Internet
	applications.	4.2 Web Browser and Browsing Websites
Internet	4b. Create Online form for data	4.3 Search engines
Services	collection.	4.4 WWW and URL
	4c. Write various methods to	4.5 E-mail
	secure your personal computer	4.5 Video-Comerencing/online weet
		4.7 Online Games 4.8 F-Commerce
		4.0 Forums
		4.10 Online Data Management
		4.10.1 Online Quiz
		4.10.2 Online Forms
		4.10.3 Online Assignment.
		4.11 Cyber security
		4.11.1 Threats in Internet : Virus,
		Malware
		4.11.2 Preventing Tools : Antivirus,
		Firewall
Unit-V	5a. Write structure of a HTML	Working with HTML
	page	5.1 Structure of HTML Page
Designing of	5b. Write formatting tags as per	5.2 Inserting formatting tags for Text
Web pages,	the sample given page.	5.3 FORL COLOF, SIZE, SLYLE, Alignment
Diugs anu Wehsites	HTMI nage	and text colour
<b>WEDSILES</b>		

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics
	5d. Write tags to insert image in a	5.5 Ordered and unordered lists
		5.6 <b>Tables</b> – basic structure, Using TD, TR, TH tags, use of basic elements in table : border, cell padding, cell spacing, width, caption, align, bg color
		5.7 Images in web page: inserting and formatting of images using SRC, border, Vspace, Hspace, align, ALT, height, width and background in HTML page

#### 9. SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION TABLE FOR QUESTION PAPER DESIGN

Unit	Unit Title	Teaching	Distr	Distribution of Theory Marks				
No.		Hours	R	U	Α	Total		
			Level	Level	Level	Marks		
		Not Applicable						

#### **10. SUGGESTED STUDENT ACTIVITIES**

Other than the classroom and laboratory learning, following are the suggested student-related *co-curricular* activities which can be undertaken to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course: Students should perform following activities in group and prepare reports of about 5 pages for each activity. They should also collect/record physical evidences for their (student's) portfolio which may be useful for their placement interviews:

- a) Undertake micro-projects in team/individually.
- b) Encourage Students for creating and designing forms related to Departmental work.
- c) Encourage students to participate in the Microsoft-Office Specialist World Championship.
- d) Students are encouraged to register themselves in various MOOCs such as: Swayam, edx, Coursera, Udemy etc to further enhance their learning.
- e) Undertake a market survey of different Version like new and improved desktop apps, as well as mobile apps and a web-based alternative for both Windows and Mac users.

#### 11. SUGGESTED SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES (if any)

These are sample strategies, which the teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course:

- a) Guide student(s) in undertaking micro-projects.
- b) Diagnosing Essential Missed Learning concepts that will help for students to improve their performance.
- c) Guide Students to do Personalized learning so that students can understand the course material at his or her pace.
- d) Encourage students to do Group learning by sharing so that learning can be enhanced.

e) About 20% of the topics/sub-topics which are relatively simpler or descriptive in nature is to be given to the students for *self-learning*, but to be assessed using different assessment methods.

Guide students on addressing the issues on environment and sustainability using the knowledge of this course

#### **12. SUGGESTED MICRO-PROJECTS**

**Only one micro-project** is planned to be undertaken by a student that needs to be assigned to him/her in the beginning of the semester. In the first four semesters, the micro-project are group-based (group of 3 to 5). However, in the fifth and sixth semesters, the number of students in the group should *not exceed three*.

The micro-project could be industry application based, internet-based, workshopbased, laboratory-based or field-based. Each micro-project should encompass two or more COs which are in fact, an integration of PrOs, UOs and ADOs. Each student will have to maintain dated work diary consisting of individual contribution in the project work and give a seminar presentation of it before submission. The duration of the microproject should be about **14-16** (*fourteen to sixteen*) *student engagement hours* during the course. The students ought to submit micro-project by the end of the semester to develop the industry-oriented COs.

A suggestive list of micro-projects is given here. This has to match the competency and the COs. Similar micro-projects could be added by the concerned course teacher:

#### MICRO PROJECT 1: Prepare the following text documents

1. Prepare your Resume as per the given sample

- 2. Draft a letter addressed to the principal getting permission to avail leave.
- 3. Develop a handout for Unit-1 of 10-pages with the table of content (INDEX).

#### **MIICRO PROJECT 2:** / Prepare the following spreadsheets.

1. Prepare a Timetable for your current semester.

2. Prepare a Mark sheet with grades for your final examination as per the given sample.

**MICRO PROJECT 3:** Prepare 15-20 slides presentation having Department and Institute Information.

**MICRO PROJECT 4:** Develop a webpage for your department as per the given sample.

#### **13. SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES**

S. No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication with place, year and ISBN
1	Computer Course	R Taxali	Tata McGraw Hills. New Delhi.
2	World Wide Web design	Xavier	Tata McGraw Hills. New Delhi.
	with HTML		
3	INFORMATION	Dennis P. Curtin,	Tata McGraw Hills. New Delhi.
	TECHNOLOGY	Kim Foley, Kunal	
		Sen, Cathy Morin	
4	Fundamentals of	V. Rajaraman	PHI; 5th edition (1 December 2011)

S. No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication with place, year and ISBN
	Computers		
5	Data communication and	Behrouz A	Tata McGraw Hills. New Delhi.
	networking	Forouzan	

#### **14. SOFTWARE/LEARNING WEBSITES**

- a) <u>www.tutorialspoint.com</u>
- b) <u>www.wix.com</u>
- c) <u>www.blogger.com</u>
- d) <u>www.forms.google.com</u>

#### **15. PO-COMPETENCY-CO MAPPING**

Semester-I	Basics of Information and Communication Technology (ICT) (Course Code: 4300010)							
	POs							
Competency & Course Outcomes	PO 1 Basic & Discipline specific knowledge	PO 2 Problem Analysis	PO 3 Design/ develop- ment of solutions	PO 4 Engineering Tools, Experimen- tation &Testing	PO 5 Engineering practices for society, sustainability & environment	PO 6 Project Manage- ment	PO 7 Life-long learning	
<u>Competency</u> Use Fundamentals of Computer in various engineering applications								
Course Outcomes CO a) Classify various computer hardware, peripherals and software for various purposes	3	3	2	3	2	2	2	
CO b) Prepare professional documents, analyzing data, creating presentation	2	1	2	1	-	2	1	
CO c) Use computer Networks for data and device sharing.	3	2	2	3	1	2	3	
CO d) Use Internet	3	2	2	2	1	2	3	

Semester-I	Basics of Information and Communication Technology (ICT)						
	(Course Code: 4300010)						
POs							
Competency	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7
& Course Outcomes	Basic & Discipline specific knowledge	Problem Analysis	Design/ develop- ment of solutions	Engineering Tools, Experimen- tation &Testing	Engineering practices for society, sustainability & environment	Project Manage- ment	Life-long learning
services for various applications.							
CO e) Create webpage using HTML.	3	2	2	1	1	2	3

Legend: '3' for high, '2' for medium, '1' for low and '-' for no correlation of each CO with PO.

#### **16. COURSE CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE**

#### **GTU Resource Persons**

S. No.	Name and Designation	Institute	Contact No.	Email
1	Mr. N. M. Rindani	AVPTI, Rajkot	9898533198	nmrindani@gmail.com
2	Mr. D. M. Modi	G.P.Ahmedabad	9429613765	dhavalmodi765@gmail.com
3	Mr. J. S. Patel	G.P.Palanpur	9979258538	jay.me85@gmail.com
4	Mr. M. R. Panchal	G.G.P., Ahmedabad	9723340568	panchalmihir031@gmail.com

#### NITTTR Resource Persons

S. No.	Name and Designation	Department	Contact No.	Email
1	Dr. M.A.Rizvi	Department of	0755-2661600	marizvi@nitttrbpl.ac.in
	Associate Professor	Computer Science		
		Engineering		
		Education		
2	Dr. K.J.Mathai	Department of	0755-2661600	kjmathai@nitttrbpl.ac.in
	Associate Professor	Media Research		
		and Development		
		Education		

#### GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY (GTU)

## Competency-focused Outcome-based Green Curriculum-2021 (COGC-2021)

#### Course Title: **Sports and Yoga** (Course Code: 4300015)

Diploma programme in which this course is offered	Semester in which offered
Civil, Environment, Automobile, Fabrication, Marine,	
Mechanical, Electrical, Electronics and Communication,	
Metallurgy, Plastics, Bio Medical, Instrumentation and	Eirct
Control, Power Electronics, Computer, Information	FIISt
Technology, CACDDM, Ceramics, Printing, Textile Design,	
Textile Manufacturing, Textile Processing	
Architectural Assistantship, Mining, Chemical, Mechatronics	Second

#### 1. RATIONALE

Physical activity is vital to the holistic development of students, fostering their physical, social and emotional health. Sports and Yoga are essential part of our life for good health and peace of mind. Yoga is considered itself as a sport which plays through your own physical ability. Yoga provides you all the benefits that you are willing to have from generic sports like badminton, football, cricket, etc. Yoga is the application of physical postures, control of breath, purification and relaxation of mind / body and spiritual principles aimed at bringing greater unity and balance to the mind and body. The use of breathing techniques known as *Pranayama* enables a person to focus on breath and helps to calm and still the mind and cultivate concentration ability. *Pranayama* can also help to energise and revitalize the body.

#### 2. COMPETENCY

The purpose of this course is to help the student to attain the following industry identified competency through various teaching learning experiences:

#### • Apply sports and yoga activities to keep the body physically and mentally fit.

#### 3. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

The practical exercises, the underpinning knowledge and the relevant soft skills associated with the identified competency are to be developed in the student for the following Course Outcomes (COs) achievement:

- a) Practice physical activities and yoga for strength, flexibility and relaxation.
- b) Use techniques for increasing concentration and decreasing anxiety for stronger academic performance.
- c) Perform yoga exercises in various combination and forms.
- d) Improve personal fitness through participation in sports and yoga activities.
- e) Follow sound nutritional practices for maintaining good health and physical performance.

Teaching Scheme Total Credits			Examination Scheme					
(1)	n Houi	rs)	(L+T+P/2)	Theory	Theory Marks Practical Marks			Total
L	Т	Р	С	СА	ESE	CA	ESE	Marks
0	0	2	0	0	0	25	0	0

#### 4. TEACHING AND EXAMINATION SCHEME

This is designed to facilitate attainment of COs holistically, as there is no examination.

**Legends:** L-Lecture; T – Tutorial/Teacher Guided Theory Practice; P - Practical; C – Credit, CA - Continuous Assessment; ESE - End Semester Examination.

#### 5. SUGGESTED PRACTICAL EXERCISES

The following practical outcomes (PrOs) are the sub-components of the COs. Some of the **PrOs** marked '\*' are compulsory, as they are crucial for that particular CO at the 'Precision Level' of Dave's Taxonomy related to 'Psychomotor Domain'.

S. No.	Practical Outcomes (PrOs)	Unit No.	Approx. Hrs. required
1.	Perform following Yoga Asanas under the guidance of yoga		
	trainer :-		
	<ul> <li>Surya Namaskar (Sun Salutation)</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Tadasana (Mountain pose)</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Vrikshasana (Tree pose)</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Vajrasan (Hand under foot pose)</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Pada-hastasana (Hand under foot pose)</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Ushtrasana (Camel pose)</li> </ul>	ш	17*
	<ul> <li>Dhanurashana.(Bow Pose)</li> </ul>		12
	<ul> <li>Bhjangasana (Snake pose)</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Halasana (Plough pose)</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Shavasana/Yoga Nidra</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Bhastrikai Pranayam</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Kapalbhati Pranayam</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Anulom Vilom Pranayam</li> </ul>		
	• Bhramari Pranayam		
	Participate in any sports activities of your choice :	IV	14
	<ul> <li>Indoor sports/games (Badminton, Chess, Carrom,</li> </ul>		
2.	Table Tennis)		
	<ul> <li>Outdoor sports/games (Cricket, Kabaddi, , Volley ball,</li> </ul>		
	Basketball, Football, Hockey)		
2	Prepare report on any sports events including associated	IV	02*
э.	rules, playground specification, rules for judgement, etc.)		
	Total		28

#### <u>Note</u>

*i.* More **Practical Exercises** can be designed and offered by the respective course teacher to develop the industry relevant skills/outcomes to match the COs. The above table is only a suggestive list.

ii. The following are some **sample** 'Process' and 'Product' related skills (more may be added/deleted depending on the course) that occur in the above listed **Practical Exercises** of this course required which are embedded in the COs and ultimately the competency.

S. No.	Sample Performance Indicators for the PrOs	Weightage in %
	-Not applicable-	Nil

#### 6. MAJOR EQUIPMENT/ INSTRUMENTS REQUIRED

The major equipment with broad specifications for the PrOs is a guide to procure them by the administrators to usher in uniformity of practicals in all institutions across the state.

S. No.	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications	PrO. No.
1	Yoga Mats/ Blankets	
	Straps	
	Blocks	
	Bolsters	
	Chairs	
	Meditation cushions	
	Eye pillows (tissues or washable cloth to cover them)	
	Mat cleaning wipes	
	Strong floorings	1
	Temperature control, fans, portable heaters (if needed)	
	Chime, bells, or gong (for bringing people out of corpse pose, or	
	silent meditation)	
	Essential oil diffuser	
	Yoga CD's	
	CD player	
	Lighting system that allows for dimming	
	Effective sound system	
	Salt lamp – they purify air and look lovely	
	Sandbags	
2	Sports and games accessories as per the decision of college.	
		2

#### 7. AFFECTIVE DOMAIN OUTCOMES

The following *sample* Affective Domain Outcomes (ADOs) are embedded in many of the above-mentioned COs and PrOs. More could be added to fulfill the development of this course competency.

- a) Follow safe practices.
- b) Practice good housekeeping.
- c) Demonstrate working as a leader/a team member.
- d) Maintain tools/accessories/ equipment.
- e) Follow ethical practices.

The ADOs are best developed through the laboratory/field-based exercises. Moreover, the level of achievement of the ADOs according to Krathwohl's 'Affective Domain Taxonomy' should gradually increase as planned below:

- i. 'Valuing Level' in 1<sup>st</sup> year
- ii. 'Organization Level' in 2<sup>nd</sup> year.
- iii. 'Characterization Level' in 3<sup>rd</sup> year.

#### 8. UNDERPINNING THEORY

The major underpinning theory is given below based on the higher level UOs of *Revised Bloom's taxonomy* that are formulated for development of the COs and competency. If required, more such UOs could be included by the course teacher to focus on attainment of COs and competency.

Unit		Unit Outcomes (UOs)		Topics and Sub-topics
	(4 t	to 6 UOs at different levels)		
Unit – I	1a.	Explain importance of	1.1	Aims & Objectives of Physical
		physical education.		Education
Introduction	1b.	Describe importance of	1.2	Changing trends in Physical Education
to Physical		Physical Fitness &	1.3	Meaning & Importance of Physical
fitness		Wellness		Fitness & Wellness
	1c.	Explain the components	1.4	Components of Physical fitness
		of physical fitness.	1.5	Components of health related fitness
	1d.	Demonstrate healthy life	1.6	Components of wellness
		style.	1.7	Preventing health threats through
	1e.	Prevent health threats by		lifestyle change
		changing life style.	1.8	Concept of positive lifestyle
Unit – II	2a.	Explain importance of	2.1	Anatomy, physiology and its
		anatomy and physiology.		importance.
Fundamentals	2b.	Describe effects of	2.2	Effect of exercise on various body
of Anatomy &		exercise in various body		system i.e. circulatory system,
Physiology in		systems.		respiratory system, neuro- muscular
sports & yoga	2c.	Describe concept of		system
		correct posture.	2.3	Concept and advantages of correct
	2e.	Explain corrective		posture.
		measures for posture	2.4	Posture deformities and corrective
	-	deformities.	_	measures.
Unit– III	3.1	Explain importance of	3.1	Meaning & Importance of Yoga
		yoga.		Asanas, Pranayama & Meditation
Yoga &	3.2	Perform various	3.2	Yoga & related Asanas - Sukhasana,
Pranayama		pranayama for increasing		Tadasana, Padmasana &
		concentration.		Shashankasana
	3.3	Use meditation and other	3.3	Relaxation techniques for improving
		relaxation techniques for		concentration - Yog-Nidra
		improving concentration.		

Unit– IV	4.1 Describe various warming 4.1 Warming up and limbering down
	exercises. exercises
Sports/	4.2 Select any game/sports of 4.2 Tournaments- Knock out, League/
games	your choice. Round Robin & combination
	4.3 Explain latest rules of any 4.3 Following sub topics related to any one
	game/sports. Game/Sport of choice of student out
	4.4 Describe specifications of of: Badminton, Chess, Carrom, Table
	play fields and related Tennis, Cricket, Kabaddi, , Volley ball,
	sports equipment. Basketball, Football, Hockey, etc.
	4.4 History of the Game/Sport.
	4.5 Latest General Rules of the
	Game/Sport.
	4.6 Specifications of Play Fields and
	Related Sports Equipment.
	4.7 Effect of anxiety & fear on sports
	performance.

#### 9. SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION TABLE FOR QUESTION PAPER DESIGN

Unit	Unit Title	Teaching/	eaching/ Distribution of Theory Marks			
No.		Practical	Practical R		Α	Total
		Hours	Level	Level	Level	Marks
1	Introduction to Physical fitness					
П	Fundamentals of Anatomy &					
	Physiology in sports & yoga		- Not	Applical	ble -	
III	Yoga & Pranayama					
IV	Sports/games					
	Total					

*Legends:* R=Remember, U=Understand, A=Apply and above (Revised Bloom's taxonomy)

#### **10. SUGGESTED STUDENT ACTIVITIES**

Other than the classroom and laboratory learning, following are the suggested studentrelated **co-curricular** activities which can be undertaken to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course: Students should perform following activities in group and prepare reports of about 5 pages for each activity. They should also collect/record physical evidences for their (student's) portfolio which may be useful for their placement interviews:

- a) Prepare a list of specifications for various tools/equipment/machines used in gymnasium/indoor sports complex.
- b) Undertake a market survey of local dealers for procurement of sports items/ equipment/machines.
- c) Visit the sports shop and collect all relevant information about any sport item and submit the detailed report.
- d) Download video clips showing correct practices for yogasanas, pranayam and any sports/games.
- e) Prepare a chart showing different types of yogasanas.
- f) Prepare a chart showing different types of pranayams.

g) Prepare a chart showing the field details of any sports/games.

#### 11. SUGGESTED SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES (if any)

These are sample strategies, which the teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course:

- a) Massive open online courses (*MOOCs*) may be used to teach various topics/sub topics.
- b) About **20% of the topics/sub-topics** which are relatively simpler or descriptive in nature is to be given to the students for **self-learning**, but to be assessed using different assessment methods.
- c) With respect to *section No.10*, teachers need to ensure to create opportunities and provisions for *co-curricular activities*.
- f) Arrange visit to nearby yoga centre and sports complex and use of videos/animations for understanding various steps , processes related to the activities .

#### 12. SUGGESTED MICRO-PROJECTS

#### - Not Applicable -

S.	Title of Book	Author	Publication with place, year
No.			and ISBN
1	Modern Trends and Physical	Ajmer Singh	Kalyani Publication, New Delhi
	Education class 11 & class 12		ISBN : 9789327264319
2	Light on Yoga	B.K.S.	Thomson's Publication, New Delhi
		lyengar	ISBN: 8172235011
3	Health and Physical Education	V.K.Sharma	NCERT Books; Class11,12
			Saraswati House Publication,
			New Delhi
4.	Yoga and Stress Management	Acharya	Fingerprint Publishing
		Yatendra	ISBN: 938905303X
5.	Patanjali Yoga Sutras	Swami	Fingerprint Publishing
		Vivekanand	ISBN: 9389567351
6.	Pranayam Rahasya	Ramdev	Patanjali-Divya
			Prakashan, Haridwar
			ISBN: 978-8189235017
7.	Yoga its Philosophy & Practice	Ramdev	Divya Prakashan, Haridwar

#### **13.** SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES

#### 14. SOFTWARE/LEARNING WEBSITES

- https://youtu.be/dAqQqmaI9vY
- https://youtu.be/c8hjhRqIwHE
- https://youtu.be/MrR04m1zoJ8
- https://youtu.be/P-jwGj7YqNM

- https://youtu.be/3p4r\_ad2Y7g
- https://youtu.be/mndOIVCwFss
- https://youtu.be/J68MR3dBzto

#### 15. PO-COMPETENCY-CO MAPPING

Semester-I & II	Sports & Yoga (Course Code: 4300015)							
	POs							
Competency & Course Outcomes	PO 1 Basic & Discipline specific knowledge	PO 2 Problem Analysis	PO 3 Design/ develop- ment of solutions	PO 4 Engineering Tools, Experimen- tation &Testing	PO 5 Engineering practices for society, sustain- ability & environ- ment	PO 6 Project Manage- ment	PO 7 Life-long learning	
Competency	Apply	sports and	yoga activit	ies to keep the	body physically an	d mentally	fit.	
<u>Course Outcomes</u> CO a) Practice Physical activities and yoga for strength, flexibility, and relaxation.	2	-	-	-	1	-	2	
CO b) Use techniques for increasing concentration and decreasing anxiety for stronger academic performance.	3	-	-	-	1	-	2	
CO c) Perform yoga exercises in various combination and forms.	2	-	-	-	1	-	2	
CO d) Improve personal fitness through participation in sports and yoga activities.	2	-	-	-	1	-	2	
CO e) Follow sound nutritional practices for maintaining good health and physical performance.	3	-	-	-	1	-	2	

Legend: '3' for high, '2' for medium, '1' for low and '-' for no correlation of each CO with PO.

#### 16. COURSE CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE

#### **GTU Resource Persons**

S. No.	Name and Designation	Institute	Contact No.	Email
1.				
2.				
3.				

#### NITTTR Resource Persons

S. No.	Name and Designation	Department	Contact No.	Email
1.	Prof. M.C.Paliwal, Associate Professor	Civil Engg. Education	9407271980	mcpaliwal@nitttrbpl.ac.in
2.	Dr. K.K. Jain, Professor	Mech. Engg. Education	9425017472	kkjain@nitttrbpl.ac.in

#### GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY (GTU)

#### Competency-focused Outcome-based Green Curriculum-2021 (COGC-2021) Semester – 1 & II

## Course Title: Basics of Mechanical Engineering

(Course Code: 4300017)

Diploma Programme in which this course is offered	Semester in which offered
Electrical	First
Civil, Environment, Mining, Metallurgy, Plastics	Second

#### 1. RATIONALE

Now a days as an advancement of technology interdisciplinary knowledge is must for the engineering diploma holders. An engineering diploma holder expected to look after many activities at work place, which may be of interdisciplinary. Knowledge other than own discipline plays important role in the development of individual as well as society. This course mainly encompasses the major areas of mechanical engineering which are being used by engineering diploma holders and are required to perform tasks such as selection of hand tools, power tools, welding, cutting, manufacturing processes, diesel generator sets, refrigeration and air conditioning, hydro-pneumatic devices/equipment, and material handling equipment used for various purposes. Such skills can be developed by knowing the basic principles of mechanical engineering. The motive of this subject is to enhance the knowledge & skill level in the interdisciplinary area. This course is designed in such a way that practical performed in this course will develop these basic skills to perform well in industry as well as in field work.

#### 2. COMPETENCY

The purpose of this course is to help the student to attain the following industry identified competency through various teaching learning experiences:

# • Apply basic principles of mechanical engineering in various engineering applications.

#### 3. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

The practical exercises, the underpinning knowledge and the relevant soft skills associated with the identified competency are to be developed in the student for the achievement of the following COs:

- a) Use relevant mechanical power and hand tools in real life applications.
- b) Select relevant power transmission mode in simple engineering situation.
- c) Use relevant manufacturing process for various components.
- d) Identify different components of various thermal systems.
- e) Identify various hydro-pneumatic devices/equipment.
- f) Use material handling equipment for given situations.

Teach	ing Sc	heme	Total Credits	Examination Scheme				
(Ir	n Hour	s)	(L+T+P/2)	Theory Marks Practical Marks			Total	
L	Т	Р	С	СА	ESE	СА	ESE	Marks
0	2	2	3	-	-	25*	25	50

#### 4. TEACHING AND EXAMINATION SCHEME

(\*): Out of 25 marks under the theory CA, 10 marks are for assessment of the micro-project to facilitate integration of COs and the remaining 15 marks is the average of 2 tests to be taken during the semester for the assessing the attainment of the cognitive domain UOs required for the attainment of the COs.

**Legends:** L-Lecture; **T** – Tutorial/Teacher Guided Theory Practice; **P** - Practical; **C** – Credit, **CA** - Continuous Assessment; **ESE** - End Semester Examination.

#### 5. SUGGESTED PRACTICAL EXERCISES

The following practical outcomes (PrOs) are the sub-components of the COs. Some of the **PrOs** marked **'\*'** are compulsory, as they are crucial for that particular CO at the 'Precision Level' of Dave's Taxonomy related to 'Psychomotor Domain'.

S. No.	Practical Outcomes (PrOs)	Unit No.	Approx. Hrs. required
1	Use different hand, power tools and pipe fitting tools for the given application	I	02*
2	Make simple pipe layouts using pipes and pipe fittings as per given drawing.	I	02
3	Assemble/dismantle given power transmission setup.	П	02*
4	Fix different transmission elements between two parallel shaft systems (Bike, Cycle, Washing Machine, etc.)	II	02
5	Assemble/dismantle different brakes, clutches and couplings.	П	02*
6	Produce a plain or taper turning job as per given drawing.		02
7	Prepare a job using arc and gas welding operation.	Ш	02
8	Perform soldering/brazing operation on the given job.	III	02*
9	Prepare a wooden joint as per the given drawing		02
10	Prepare a simple sheet metal product such as (Funnel or Box)		02*
11	Attach/detach different mountings and accessories on steam boiler model.		02*
12	Assemble/dismantle impulse turbine model.	IV	02
13	Assemble/dismantle reaction turbine model.	IV	02
14	Assemble/dismantle two stroke and four stroke petrol engine (Any one).	IV	02*
15	Assemble/dismantle two stroke and four stroke diesel engine (Any one).	IV	02
16	Determine properties of air (Dry bulb temperature, Wet bulb temperature, Humidity).	IV	02
17	Assemble/dismantle centrifugal and reciprocating pump. (Any one)	V	02*
18	Assemble/dismantle water turbines models.	V	02
19	Assemble/dismantle centrifugal, reciprocating and screw	V	02

S. No.	Practical Outcomes (PrOs)		Approx. Hrs. required
	compressor model.(Any one)		
	Design and assemble a pneumatic circuit that extends and	V	02
20	retracts a single acting (spring return) and double acting cylinder		
	on a given training kit.		
	Design and assemble a hydraulic circuit that extends and retracts	V	02*
21	a single acting (spring return) and double acting cylinder on a		
	given training kit.		
22	Identify different material handling equipment.	VI	02
	Minimum 14 Practical Exercises #		28Hrs

#### <u>Note</u>

- *i. (#)*Minimum 14 (fourteen) practical have to be performed which is equal to 28 hours and it should be a proper mix of practical which cover all the units.
- *ii.* More **Practical Exercises** can be designed and offered by the respective course teacher to develop the industry relevant skills/outcomes to match the COs. The above table is only a suggestive list of practical.
- *iii.* The following are some **sample** 'Process' and 'Product' related skills (more may be added/deleted depending on the course) that occur in the above listed **Practical Exercises** of this course required which are embedded in the COs and ultimately the competency.

S.	Sample Performance Indicators for the PrOs	Weightage in %
No.		
1	Preparation of experimental set up.	20
2	Observation and recording.	20
3	Interpretation of result and conclusion.	20
4	Answer to sample questions.	10
5	Safety measures and good housekeeping.	10
6	Submission of report in time and attendance.	20
	Total	100

#### 6. MAJOR EQUIPMENT/ INSTRUMENTS REQUIRED

These major equipment with broad specifications for the PrOs is a guide to procure them by the administrators to usher in uniformity of practical's in all institutions across the state.

S. No.	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications	PrO. No.
1	Plumbing tools- Coupling, Elbow, Bends, Tee, Plug, Cap, Nipple, Union, Reducer, Cross, Flanges.	For Demo in Tutorial class for Unit-I
2	Hand tools- Different spanners (Wrench), Pliers, Screw drives, Chisel, Hand hacksaw, Hammers.	1
3	Power tools- Portable Drilling and grinding machine, Electric power saw, portable electric cutter, electric demolition hammer, power screw driver.	1

S. No.	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications	PrO. No.
4	Plastic Pipes and Metal pipes of different diameters and connectors, different types of pipe fittings, different types of pipe joints.	2
5	Pipe wrench, pipe vice, hacksaw , plumb bob, dies, pipe cutter, files and rasps	2
6	Working models of different belts in different arrangement.	3, 4
7	Working models of belt drives, chain and sprocket, various gear drives.	3, 4
8	Working and cut section models of various types of brake assemblies.	3, 4, 5
9	Models (Wooden/Plastic/Metallic) of various clutch (suitable for dismantling)	5
10	Models (Wooden/Plastic/Metallic) of various coupling.(suitable for dismantling)	5
11	Center lathe machine(length between centers:1200mm)	6
12	Arc Welding machine welding current 20-400A.	7
13	Arc welding tools-electrode holder, cable connector, cable lugs, earthing clamp, wire brush.	7
14	Oxygen and acetylene gas welding and cutting kit with cylinders and regulators.	7
15	Gas welding tools- welding torch, welding tip, spark lighters.	7
16	Brazing and soldering kit. (Brazing kit with suitable silver and copper brazing alloy rods for $\frac{1}{4}$ " to $\frac{7}{8}$ " tubes- cu to cu, cu to steel, cu to brass and appropriate flux.)	8
17	Wood working tools- carpentry vice 150mm, marking and measuring tools, saws, claw hammer, mallet, chisel, squares.	9
18	Sheet metal material - Black iron, Galvanized iron, Stainless steel, Copper, Aluminum, Tin plate	10
19	Hand tools for sheet metal work - Trammers, Wire Gauge, Snips, Hammers, Stakes, Steel Metal Joints.	10
20	Models/cut section (Wooden/Plastic/Metallic) of fire and water tube boilers.	11
21	Models (Wooden/Plastic/Metallic) of different mountings and accessories for boilers.	11
22	Models/cut section (Wooden/Plastic/Metallic) of impulse and reaction turbine (suitable for dismantling)	12, 13
23	Model/cut section (Wooden/Plastic/Metallic) of two stroke and four stroke petrol engine (suitable for dismantling)	14
24	Model/cut section (Wooden/Plastic/Metallic) of two stroke and four stroke diesel engine (suitable for dismantling)	15
25	Sling psychomotor and thermometer.(Digital temperature and humidity measurement, temperature range of -25° C to 60° C or higher)	16

S. No.	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications	PrO. No.
26	Centrifugal pump (suitable for dismantling)	17
27	Reciprocating pump. (suitable for dismantling)	17
20	Model/cut section (Wooden/Plastic/Metallic) Pelton wheel, Francis	18
28	and Kaplan turbine. (suitable for dismantling)	
29	Centrifugal compressor (suitable for dismantling)	19
30	Reciprocating compressor (suitable for dismantling)	19
31	Screw compressor(suitable for dismantling)	19
32	Hydraulic and Pneumatic trainer	20, 21
33	Working models of material handling equipment	22

#### 7. AFFECTIVE DOMAIN OUTCOMES

The following *sample* Affective Domain Outcomes (ADOs) are embedded in many of the above mentioned COs and PrOs. More could be added to fulfill the development of this course competency.

- a) Work as a leader/a team member.
- b) Maintain tools and equipment.
- c) Follow safety Practices.
- d) Practice good housekeeping.
- e) Follow ethical practices.
- f) Practice energy conservation.

The ADOs are best developed through the laboratory/field based exercises. Moreover, the level of achievement of the ADOs according to Krathwohl's 'Affective Domain Taxonomy' should gradually increase as planned below:

- i. 'Valuing Level' in 1<sup>st</sup> year
- ii. 'Organization Level' in 2<sup>nd</sup> year.
- iii. 'Characterization Level' in 3<sup>rd</sup> year.

#### 8. UNDERPINNING THEORY

The major underpinning theory is given below based on the higher level UOs of *Revised Bloom's taxonomy* that are formulated for development of the COs and competency. If required, more such UOs could be included by the course teacher to focus on attainment of COs and competency.

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics		
	(4 to 6 UOs at different levels)			
Unit – I 1a. Describe the significance of		1.1. Introduction of mechanical		
	mechanical engineering in daily	engineering.		
Basic	routine.	1.2. Use of mechanical engineering		
Mechanical	1b. Describe the procedure to	a. In day to day life.		
Tools and	Identify mechanical tools in	b. Interdisciplinary use		
Components	general use.	1.3. Items in general use-		
	1c. Select pipe and pipe fitting	identification criteria, major		
	tools.	types, specifications and uses:		

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs) Topics and Sub-topics			
	(4 to 6 UOs at different levels)			
	<ul> <li>(4 to 6 OOs at different levels)</li> <li>1d. Use of different hand and power tools.</li> <li>1e. Describe the significance of Industry 4.0 in 21<sup>st</sup> century</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>such as bolts, nuts, washers, bearings, valves, bushes, springs, levers, rivets, keys, o'rings, oil seals, shafts, axles.</li> <li>1.4. Pipes and pipe fittings- Types, specifications and uses.</li> <li>1.5. Hand and power tools <ul> <li>a. Types, specifications and uses of spanners (such as fix, ring, box, pipe, Allen, adjustable).</li> <li>b. Types, specifications and uses of hand tools (such as, Pliers, Screw drives, Chisel, Hand hacksaw, Hammers).</li> <li>c. Types, specifications and uses of power tools (Portable Drilling and grinding machine, Electric power saw, portable electric cutter, electric demolition hammer, power screw driver)</li> </ul> </li> <li>1.6. Industry 4.0, Fourth Industrial Bevolution Industry 4.0</li> </ul>		
		Technologies		
Unit – II	2a. Identify different mode of power transmission.	2.1. Power transmission: a. Importance.		
Power Transmission	2b. Select suitable power	b. Modes (belt drives, rope		
110113111331011	application.	trains).		
	2c. Identify the different types of	c. Types of belt and belt drive.		
	Brake, Clutch and Coupling.	d. Types of gear and gear train.		
	2d. Explain with sketches	e. Applications.		
	given brake. clutch and	a. Classification.		
	coupling.	b. Construction and working.		
		c. Application.		
Unit– III	3a. Identify basic machine tools.	3.1. Basic machine tools.		
Machine Tools	3b. State operation performed on	<ol> <li>a. Introduction to lathe, drill, milling and grinding</li> </ol>		
and	3c. Explain concept of different	machines.		
Manufacturing	metal joining processes.	b. Types of operations / jobs		
Processes	3d. Describe the procedure for	which can be performed on		
	casting of given object. 3e. Explain concept of various	machine tools listed above. 3.2. Metal Joining Processes.		

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics
	(4 to 6 UOs at different levels)	
	metal forming processes.	<ul> <li>3.2.1. Welding.</li> <li>a. Types.</li> <li>b. Working setup of arc and gas welding.</li> <li>c. Precautions and safety during arc and gas welding.</li> <li>3.2.2. Brazing and Soldering.</li> <li>d. General set up.</li> <li>e. Applications.</li> <li>3.3. Foundry.</li> <li>a. Concept.</li> <li>b. Process of casting a component.</li> <li>c. Applications.</li> <li>3.4. Basic metal forming processes Bending, rolling, forging and extrusion – concept and its</li> </ul>
		application
Unit– IV Thermal systems	<ul> <li>4a. Explain steam formation process.</li> <li>4b. Explain working of the given boiler.</li> <li>4c. Describe the function of</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>4.1. Steam generation.</li> <li>a. Steam formation process.</li> <li>4.2. Boilers.</li> <li>a. Introduction.</li> <li>b. Classification.</li> </ul>
	different mounting and accessories.	<ul> <li>c. Construction and working of Cochran, Lancashire, and Babcock and Wilcox boiler.</li> <li>d. Functioning of different mountings and accessories.</li> </ul>
	<ul><li>4d. Explain working of a given steam turbine.</li><li>4e. Identify the components of given type of IC Engine</li></ul>	<ul> <li>4.3. Prime movers.</li> <li>a. Definition.</li> <li>b. Classifications.</li> <li>4.4 Steam turbine -working and</li> </ul>
	<ul><li>4f. Explain working of two stroke and four stroke petrol and diesel engine with sketches.</li></ul>	applications. 4.5. Internal combustion engines. a. Introduction.
	4g. State effect of air pollution due to IC engine.	<ul> <li>b. Classification.</li> <li>4.6. Construction and Working of two stroke and four stroke petrol engine.</li> <li>4.7. Construction and Working of two stroke and four stroke diesel engine.</li> <li>4.8 Air pollution due to IC engines</li> </ul>

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics
	(4 to 6 UOs at different levels)	
Unit	<ul> <li>4 to 6 UOs at different levels)</li> <li>4h. Identify the component of refrigeration and air conditioning systems.</li> <li>4i. Differentiate refrigeration and air conditioning systems.</li> <li>4j. Suggest the solution for energy saving in the given simple situation.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>4.9. Refrigeration.</li> <li>a. Definition.</li> <li>b. Major components of refrigeration systems.</li> <li>c. Ton of refrigeration.</li> <li>d. Applications.</li> <li>4.10. Air Conditioning.</li> <li>a. Definition.</li> <li>b. Properties of air.</li> <li>c. Types of air conditioning systems. (Window, Package, Central air conditioning system)</li> </ul>
		4.11. Methods of energy conservation in refrigeration and air conditioning systems.
Unit– V	5a. Explain different fluid	5.1. Concept of theory of fluid flow.
Hydraulic and Pneumatic Devices	<ul> <li>properties.</li> <li>5b. Describe construction, working and application of centrifugal and reciprocating pumps.</li> <li>5c. Explain working and application of water turbines and air compressors.</li> <li>5d. Describe working and application of other pneumatic/ hydro-pneumatic equipment.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>5.2. General properties of fluids.</li> <li>5.3. Pump. <ul> <li>a. Working principle.</li> <li>b. Types.</li> <li>c. Construction and Working of centrifugal and reciprocating pumps.</li> </ul> </li> <li>5.4. Water turbines: <ul> <li>a. Working principle.</li> <li>b. Types.</li> <li>c. Application.</li> </ul> </li> <li>5.5. Air compressor. <ul> <li>a. Working principle.</li> <li>b. Types.</li> <li>c. Application.</li> </ul> </li> <li>5.6. Other hydraulic/pneumatic/hydro-pneumatic equipment. <ul> <li>a. Principle of working-hydraulic lift, hydraulic power pack, hydraulic jack.</li> <li>b. Application.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Unit– VI Material Handling	<ul> <li>6a. Identify different material handling equipment.</li> <li>6b. Describe the procedure for selecting relevant material</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>6.1. Need of material handling.</li> <li>6.2. Types, principle of working and applications of material handling equipment</li> </ul>
Devices	handling equipment.	a. Hoisting equipment. b. Conveying equipment.

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics
		c Surface & overhead
		<ul> <li>c. Surface &amp; Overhead equipment.</li> <li>d. Earth moving machineries.</li> <li>e. Construction machineries.</li> <li>6.3. Criteria for selection of material handling equipment.</li> </ul>

#### 9. SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION TABLE FOR QUESTION PAPER DESIGN

Unit	Unit Title	Tutorial	Distribution of Theory Marks			
No.		Hours	R	U	Α	Total
			Level	Level	Level	Marks
I	Basic Mechanical Tools and	03				
	Components					
II	Power Transmission	03				
Ш	Machine Tools and Manufacturing	06				
	Processes			NOT APP	PLICABLE	
IV	Thermal Systems	10				
V	Hydraulic and Pneumatic Devices	04				
VI	Material Handling Devices	02				
	Total	28				

Legends: R=Remember, U=Understand, A=Apply and above (Revised Bloom's taxonomy)

#### **10. SUGGESTED STUDENT ACTIVITIES**

Other than the classroom and laboratory learning, following are the suggested studentrelated **co-curricular** activities which can be undertaken to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course: Students should perform following activities in group and prepare reports of about 5 pages for each activity. They should also collect/record physical evidences for their (student's) portfolio which may be useful for their placement interviews:

- a) Student will visit the respective discipline industry / site and will prepare the list of mechanical engineering related equipment/machineries used by that industry / site.
- b) Prepare a seminar on casting Processes.
- c) Prepare a power point presentation on metal forming process.
- d) Prepare a list of household items which are made by joining processes.
- e) Prepare a chart on construction and working of various boilers.
- f) Visit a nearby automobile workshop and collect parts of IC engine from scrap.
- g) Prepare property table for different types of refrigerants/alternate fuels.
- h) Collect videos, animation showing working of various hydro/pneumatic devices.
- i) Visit a nearby industry and prepare a report on different types of material handling equipments.
- j) Students will visit the industry and collect the specification and features of different water turbine and submit the report.

#### 11. SUGGESTED SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES (if any)

These are sample strategies, which the teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course:

- a) Massive open online courses (*MOOCs*) may be used to teach various topics/sub topics.
- b) Guide student(s) in undertaking micro-projects.
- c) *'L' in section No. 4* means different types of teaching methods that are to be employed by teachers to develop the outcomes.
- d) About **20% of the topics/sub-topics** which are relatively simpler or descriptive in nature is to be given to the students for **self-learning**, but to be assessed using different assessment methods.
- e) With respect to *section No.10*, teachers need to ensure to create opportunities and provisions for *co-curricular activities*.
- f) Guide students on how to address issues on environment and sustainability

#### 12. SUGGESTED MICRO-PROJECTS

**Only one micro-project** is planned to be undertaken by a student that needs to be assigned to him/her in the beginning of the semester. In the first four semesters, the micro-projects are group-based (group of 3 to 5). However, **in the fifth and sixth semesters**, the number of students in the group should **not exceed three**.

The micro-project could be industry application based, internet-based, workshop-based, laboratory-based or field-based. Each micro-project should encompass two or more COs which are in fact, an integration of PrOs, UOs and ADOs. Each student will have to maintain dated work diary consisting of individual contribution in the project work and give a seminar presentation of it before submission. The duration of the microproject should be about **14**-**16** *(fourteen to sixteen) student engagement hours* during the course. The students ought to submit micro-project by the end of the semester to develop the industry-oriented COs.

A suggestive list of micro-projects is given here. This has to match the competency and the COs. Similar micro-projects could be added by the concerned course teacher:

- a) Gear: Build model of different gears from cardboard.
- b) **Boilers**: Build model of different mountings with suitable material.
- c) **IC Engine**: Build model of IC Engine parts from cardboard.
- d) **Casting**: Prepare cast product with wax material.
- e) **Pump:** Collect leaflets of pump from market, analyze and compare specifications.
- f) Material Handling Equipment: Collect information on different material handling equipment used in power plant/ construction site/Mining industries/Process industries/heavy manufacturing industries/ship building industries/aircraft industries from the internet.
- g) Air conditioning and Refrigeration Controls : Make models of controls demonstrating their functions at least 3 under guidance of instructor/teacher in lab/ workshop.

S. No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication with place, year and ISBN
	Theory of machine	R S Khurmi & J K	Eurasia Publishing House (Pvt.)
1		Gupta	Ltd. New Delhi,2020
			ISBN: 9788121925242
	Elements of	S.K. Hajra chaudhary	Media promoters & publishers
2	workshop	A.K. Hajra chaudhary	Pvt.Ltd. Mumbai,2010
	Technology (Vol. 1,2)		ISBN:9788185099156
	Fluid mechanics and	R.K.Bansal	Laxmi publication Pvt.Ltd. New
3	hydraulic machines		Delhi,2018
			ISBN: 9788131808153
4	Material Handling	N.Rundenko	Central Books Ltd, 1970,
4	equipment		ISBN: 978-0714702858
	Thermal Engineering	R.K.Rajput	Laxmi Publication Pvt.Ltd. New
5			Delhi,2018
			ISBN:9788131808047
6	A Textbook of	R. S. Khurmi &	S.chand Limited, New Delhi,2020,
0	thermal Engineering	J. K. Gupta	ISBN:9788121925730
7	Basic Mechanical	Pravin Kumar	Pearson Education ,India, 2018
/	Engineering		ISBN: 9789386873293
0	Basic Mechanical	S. C. Sharma &	Khanna Publishing,2018
0	Engineering	M.P. Poonia	ISBN:9789386173331

#### 13. SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES

#### 14. SOFTWARE/LEARNING WEBSITES

- http:/nptel.iitm.ac.in/
- https://www.khanacademy.org/
- http://learnerstv.in/
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DGST2NvATKI (Basic Mechanical tools)
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=eRfTZpEmnys&t=6s (Hand Tools)
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RdipnvBPOKU (Power Tools)
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=r3f7klDFwrU (Gears)
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EdiuTT7xzZg&t=144s (Power Transmission Mode)
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MYhe3KSKKiU (Operations of lathe machine)
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Nao\_mLlh5dk (Welding)
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EIBDp6U8bHo (Foundry)
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Um\_g8sQ\_p3Y (Manufacturing Processes)
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dVBoZ4PfZmE (Boiler)
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=\_ui143hJCK4 (IC Engine Parts)
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Pu7g3uIG6Zo&t=18s (Four stroke Engine Working)
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=h5wQoA15OnQ (Refrigeration)
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gVLhrLTF878 (Air Conditioning)
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BaEHVpKc-1Q (Pump)
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7uI7G8csJSM (Pump)

- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=VoUtTjtA5vE (Compressor)
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=M08LCcVAuUY (Material Handling equipment)

#### 15. PO-COMPETENCY-CO MAPPING

Semester I & II	Basics of Mechanical Engineering (Course Code: 4300017)						
		POs					
Competency & Course Outcomes	PO 1 Basic & Discipline specific knowledge	PO 2 Problem Analysis	PO 3 Design/ development of solutions	PO 4 Engineering Tools, Experimentation &Testing	PO 5 Engineering practices for society, sustainability & environment	PO 6 Project Management	PO 7 Life- long learning
<u>Competency</u>	Apply basi	c principles	of mechanical	engineering in	various engine	eering applicat	ions.
Course Outcomes CO a) Use relevant mechanical power and hand tools in real life applications.	3	1	1	3	2	1	3
CO b) Select relevant power transmission mode in simple engineering situation.	3	2	1	1	2	1	2
CO c) Use relevant manufacturing process for various components.	2	1	3	2	2	2	2
CO d) Identify different components of various thermal systems.	3	2	1	1	2	1	2
CO e) Identify various hydro- pneumatic devices/ equipment.	2	2	1	2	1	2	2
CO f) Use material handling equipment for given situations.	2	2	2	2	2	1	3

Legend: '3' for high, '2' for medium, '1' for low and '-' for no correlation of each CO with PO.

#### 16. COURSE CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE

#### **GTU Resource Persons**

S. No.	Name and Designation	Institute	Contact No.	Email	
	Mr. C.R. Vyas,	Dr. Jivraj N Mehta			
1	Lecturer, Mechanical	Government	7609567447		
L	Engineering	Polytechnic,	/09850/44/	criiragvyas064@yari00.com	
	Department	Amreli			
	Mr. M.N. Dodiya,	Dr. Jivraj N Mehta		monikdodiya@gmail.com	
2	Lecturer, Mechanical	Government	0265006540		
2	Engineering	Polytechnic,	9203000349		
	Department	Amreli			
	Dr. H.R. Sapramer,	Dr. Jivraj N Mehta			
2	HOD, Mechanical	Government	0426597107	morhamir@gmail.com	
5	Engineering	Polytechnic,	9420367197	mernanni @gman.com	
	Department	Amreli			

#### **NITTTR Resource Persons**

S. No.	Name and Designation	Department	Contact No.	Email
1	Dr. Vandana Somkuwar, Associate Professor	Mechanical Engineering Education	0755-2661600	vsomkuwar@nitttrbpl.ac.in
2	Dr. Sanjay Alan Rocha, Professor	Mechanical Engineering Education	0832-2411326	asrocha@nitttrbpl.ac.in

# Induction Program for Diploma Engineering

## **Preamble:**

As suggested in Model Curriculum of Diploma by AICTE, all students will have to undergo a mandatory induction program as part of their Diploma Programme Curriculum right at the start of the first year. The duration of the induction program will be of two weeks (12 Working Days) wherein students will undergo a wide variety of activities without actually starting with their usual classes. Normal classes will start only after the induction program is over.

This will help build confidence among the new students, instill a sense of connect and appreciation towards their institution, provide them with the comfortable environment to adjust and pick up friendship with other students, facilitate them to get to know important functionaries and faculty members of the institution, equip them with human and social values.

The Induction Program will help the new students in building social character, leadership qualities, self-confidence, creativity and appreciation for mankind and nature at large. In nutshell, the induction program is envisaged to give the new students the broader foundational experience for the life- long success.

The new students, in the process, will get to learn about various processes and procedures in place in the institution, facilities and best practices, student activities, and the culture & values prevailing in the institution. The Program is also expected to be used for rectifying some critical lacunas, for example, Communication Skills in English for those students who have deficiency in it. Such students can be identified by conducting diagnostic tests and special Proficiency Modules can be conducted for them.

The mentor-mentee groups of the students are formed with each group comprising small number of students and being associated with a faculty mentor. Then the different activities start with a healthy daily routine.

Sr No	Phase and Activities Heads	Weightage	Hours
1.	Initial Phase	1 day (6 Hrs)	6
2	Regular Phase	10 Days	60
a)	Physical activity	14 Hours	14
b)	Creative Arts & Culture	10 Hours	10
c)	Mentoring & Universal Human Values	8 Hours	8
d)	Literary Activity	6 Hours	6
e)	Proficiency Modules	6 Hours	6
f)	Lectures & Workshop by Eminent People	3 Hours: 3 Expert Lectures, One per Week	3
g)	Visits to local Areas or Industry	1 Day	10
h)	Co & Extra-curricular Activities in the institute	3 Hours	3
3	Closing Phase (Feedback & Report)	1 Day (6 Hrs)	6
	Total	72 Hours/ 12 Days	72

## Scheme:

## **Phases, Modules, Activities and Guidelines:**

The activity during Induction Program would have an Initial Phase, a Regular Phase and a Closing Phase. The initial and closing phases would be one day each. The following is the guidelines indicating the possible activities under each phase of the Induction Program.

## Initial Phase (First Day)-6 Hrs.

Following are the activities to be carried on the first day:

- Orientation Programme
- Know your Department/Institute
- Know your university
- Know hostel and other amenities
- Information about Student Diary and Induction Program

### **Regular Phase (10 Days)-60 Hrs.**

The Regular Phase consists of 8 days; each day is of 6 hours. It may cover any/ all the 8 different activity modules. For each module, the objectives, suggested activities and guidelines are provided herewith. Institute can form their time table according to local situation and priorities or use additional relevant activities in additional in suggested activities for each of the phases.

Module	Objectives	Suggested Activities			
Name					
1. Physical Activity (14 hours )	<ol> <li>Improve bone health</li> <li>Improve cardio respiratory and muscular fitness</li> <li>Understand the anatomy, basic biomechanical principles and</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Running/Jogging</li> <li>Brisk Walk</li> <li>Cycling</li> <li>Heavy yard work</li> <li>Swimming</li> <li>Yoga/Pranayama</li> <li>Aerobics</li> <li>Ortheor Specto(Indeen Compo(Inc. 1997)</li> </ol>			
	<ul> <li>4. Examine the effect of nutrition, rest and other lifestyle factors that contribute to the better health.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>8. Outdoor Sports/Indoor Games(In addition to cricket, Volleyball, Badminton, Chess, Carom, Table Tennis, Other games like Critical Thinking, Math skill developing Games, Memory Games can be included.)</li> <li>9. Calculate Body mass index of each students and explain their fitness level fromit.</li> <li>10. Tree Plantation</li> <li>11 Gardening</li> </ol>			
Guidelines:					
• Half an	hour Yoga/Pranayama followed	d by physical activities including various games.			
• Refer th	is link for Yoga/Pranayama	/front/ndf/CVDEnglishBooklot ndf			
Modulo		Suggested			
Name	Objectives	Activities			
2.	1. Develop creativity	and 1. Make a model of any physical			
Creative	imagination through a ra	ange of object related to Engineering			
Arts &	complexactivities.	Design			
Culture	2. Improve the student's ab	bility to 2. Crafting			
(10 hours)	control materials, tool	is and 3. Painting			
	techniques.	4. Sculpture			
	3. Develop increasing	5. Potterv			

confidence in the use of visual 6. Music

elements

and

materials.

tactile

and 7. Dance

#### **Guidelines:**

- Use any activities leading to creative thing and practice.
- Show the video demonstrating the creative ideas and thinking.
- Show the video demonstrating phenomenon performance using innovation in different areas of humanity and social science.
- Demonstrate the story of leaders with the context of how with their creative vision, with all odds they achieved success.

Module	Objectives	Suggested Activities	
Name			
3. Mentoring & Universal Human Values (08 hours)	<ol> <li>Impart universal human values in students.</li> <li>Enable students to live in harmony within themselves, with family, with society and the nature</li> <li>Initiate the process of self-exploration and self- investigation within themselves about their understanding of happiness.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Mentoring for creating a learning relationship</li> <li>Showing Motivational Movies.</li> <li>Social Activities like visit of orphanage,old age home, blind people association, Apang Manav Mandal etc.</li> <li>Swachchhata Mission Activities.</li> <li>Awareness regarding environmental issues and remedies.</li> <li>Spread awareness about blood donation, organ donation, precaution to avoid malaria in monsoon etc.</li> <li>Discuss autobiography of legendary persons who practiced universal human values in their life and work.</li> <li>Conduct universal human values group discussions.</li> </ol>	
Guidelines:			
• Use the mate	erials and activities covered in t	he FDP on Induction Program held at GTU	
organized by	y AICTE.		
The faculties	s trained from institute will take	e leadership role to rollout it at institute level.	
Module	Objectives	Suggested Activities	
Name			
4. • • •	1. Inculcate the habit	of 1. Digital literacy and use of Internet	
Literary	active (or interactive	e) 2. Basic Mathematics for Solving Real World	
(06 hours)	content available	in 3 Use of Scientific Calculator in Engineering	
(00 110013)	literature.	4. General Knowledge Quiz Competition	
	2. Develop thinking skills.	5. Vedic Mathematics	
	3. Improve reading abilitie	es 6. Reading/writing/speaking/listening	
	and attitude.	7. Debating/Elocution	
		8. Enacting a play	
		10. Digital India Portal	

#### **Guidelines:**

• Use the video lectures to literate students in different skills needed for day-to-day life and need.

11. Vernacular Literature

- Motivate students to create the nature of inquiry and reading habits.
- Arrange the various competitions like Elocution, Essay writing, Storytelling, Bookreviews etc.
- Writing the review of the well-known books, movies etc. and sharing.

Module	Objectives	Suggested Activities	
Name			
5. Proficiency Modules (06 hours)	<ol> <li>Determining English proficiency level students and mentorin accordingly.</li> <li>Learn the minin vocabulary, idioms, an expressions and Understand their meanings in context.</li> <li>Develop ability to write paragraph about gener topics by using th English language correctly.</li> <li>Realize the important of English language as global business language</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Activity by Faculty from Communication Skills/ English from Science &amp; Humanitie General Departments</li> <li>English general diagnostic test to Determine student's English proficiencylevel.</li> <li>Mentoring students to improve in English proficiency according to his/her proficiency level based on test.</li> </ol>	
Cuidalinas	language.		
Guidelines:	) test of 30 Marks / 30 minu	tes should be conducted covering basic grammar	
• All MCC	bulary	tes should be conducted covering basic grammar	
• Group th	build y. The students in three groups hase	d on test result in three proficiency levels:	
• • • • • • • • •	Insatisfactory	a on test result in three pronotoney levels.	
• S	Satisfactory		
• <b>(</b>	Good		
Followin	ng activities are to be used to up	lift proficiency levels of students.	
• N	Aotivational movies, document	ary	
• I	Language games	•	
• E	Essay/story writing		
• I	ce breaking games.		
<ul> <li>Separate</li> </ul>	set of activities from suggested	l list should be used for different groups.	
<ul> <li>Groups 1</li> </ul>	requiring Mentoring may be ide	entified and informed to respective departments for	
their dev	relopment in future		
• Groups v	who can lead can also be identify	tied and informed to respective departments for their	
development in future			
Module	Objectives	Suggested Activities	
Name			
6.	1. Motivation through	1. To conduct lecture by eminent people.	
Lectures &	knowing experience of	2. Interaction with leaders, experts,	
Workshop	successful person /	entrepreneurs, contributors and successful	
by Eminent	Alumni.	personalities / alumni.	
people	2. Meet and interact with		
(03 nours)	different fields		
	unicient neius.		

#### Guidelines:

- 3 expert lectures each of 1 hour for every discipline. It should be arranged at department level or Common for institute. If multiple disciplines are to be combined in an expert lecture then it may be arranged in both the weeks so as to accommodate all branches.
- External expert should be invited.
- Expert can be from academic, industry, research organization, social organization etc.
- An individual successful person in any of the field can be invited.
- The aspect to be addressed may be social / economical / engineering / entrepreneurship/ spiritual/ humanity science.

Module	Objectives	Suggested Activities			
Name					
7. Visit to LocalArea and Industry (1 Full day- 10 Hrs.)	<ol> <li>To familiarize students with the local area.</li> <li>Sensitize with the different aspects of the life including social services and heritage</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>A full day visit covering at least 2 or 3 places.</li> <li>List of possible places         <ul> <li>A. Centre of excellence</li> <li>B. Elite Academic Institutes</li> <li>C. Research institute</li> <li>D. Hospitals</li> <li>E. Industry visit</li> <li>F. Heritage places</li> </ul> </li> </ol>			
Guideline and	References:				
Institute	e can arrange visit to public, s	ocial or specifies places to give insight of the			
activitie	s and overall socio-economic co	ontribution of such places.			
• The uni	queness or impact of such visits	s should be highlighted.			
Module	Objectives	Suggested Activities			
Name					
8. Co & Extra Curricular Activities in the institute (03 hours)	<ol> <li>Introduce the student about innovation in different fields</li> <li>Make students aware about innovative and modern practices and products in their own branch</li> <li>Create awareness about support available for start-up and innovation</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Lectures by Convener/ senior members of Gymkhana Committee.</li> <li>Showing videos demonstrating Gymkhana Activity / Talent hunt/ Performances.</li> <li>Introducing NSS Activity</li> <li>Awareness regarding SSIP Scheme of Government of Gujarat</li> <li>Awareness about Government initiatives in areas of innovations and supports for start- up, Incubation, Entrepreneurship etc.</li> </ol>			
<ul> <li>Guideline:</li> <li>Video lectures of Gymkhana Activity / Talent hunt/ Performances</li> <li>Video lectures from leaders and innovators.</li> <li>TeDx Talks.</li> <li>Government Policy documents for different schemes.</li> </ul>					
The closing	g phase is the last day of the	Induction Program and covering conclusion			
andsummar	y of the Induction Program.				
Conclus	ion and summary:				
Guiding	students for preparation of stude	ent report about Induction Program.			
Instruct s	students regarding submission a	nd examination of the Induction Program.			
• Address by HODs/Senior faculties regarding branch/discipline and career option in					

• Address by HODs/Senior faculties regarding branch/discipline and career opt respective branch.

• Introduce about the engineering and its importance in life and their responsibilitiestowards the society.

## **General Regulations:**

- a) Every student has to maintain a daily diary. Format of the diary is already given.
- b) After completion of the Induction program student has to prepare a report based onactivities performed during the Induction program. Diary will be attached as Appendix in Report.
- c) 75% Attendance is required during Induction Program.
- d) This program will be noncredit subject but it will reflect in 1<sup>st</sup> Semester Mark sheet as PASS or FAIL.
- e) Institute should appoint a mentor for a group of 20 to 30 students. Mentor can take help of senior students.
- f) If student gets admission transfer in other college during Induction Program the diary will be continued from previous college to new college.
- g) If student gets admission in middle of the Induction Program or student gets admission after Induction Program, it is responsibility of the institute to fulfill the criteria of the Induction Program.
- h) If student fails in the Induction program the student has to clear the same during subsequent Semester

## **Evaluation Pattern:**

- 1. Induction Program is Mandatory course for each branch of Engineering.
- 2. It is mandatory for each student to clear Induction Program with PASS grade.
- 3. Grades for Induction Program are either PASS or FAIL and have no credits. Evaluation for Induction Program is based on the Induction Program Report prepared by a student from Student diary and student will be declared PASS or FAIL.
- 4. Student has to submit the Induction Program Report at the end of first semester dully approved by Mentor and HOD.
- 5. Evaluation of Induction Program will be done along with first Semester Term-Work Submission.
- 6. The evaluation is carried out by Internal Examiner from institute itself. The entry on the GTU portal will be PASS or FAIL, not marks.
- 7. The students who will FAIL have to reappear again after every 6 months as remedial exam.

## **Guidelines for Program Report:**

- 1) Report should have minimum 15 pages.
- 2) Report must have One Photograph per Activity.
- 3) Report consists of Certificate, Index and Diary as Appendix.
- 4) Report should be dully signed by Mentor and HOD.
- 5) Index will have following sequence:

#### [A] The Suggestive List of activities is as mentioned below:

- ✓ Physical Activity
- ✓ Creative Arts and Culture
- ✓ Mentoring & Universal Human Values
- ✓ Familiarization with the institution, Dept. /Branch
- ✓ Literary Activity
- ✓ Proficiency Modules
- ✓ Lectures & Workshops by Eminent People
- ✓ Visits in Local Area
- ✓ Extra-Curricular Activities in the institution
- ✓ Feedback and Report on the Program

## Induction Program Schedule (Suggestive only)

**Note:** It is presumed that the first year students are so divided into two major groups that the number of students in each group is almost equal with some branches forming part of Group-I while the rest of the branches being part of Group-II. Grouping can also be done at discipline/ department level.

The detailed suggestive program is as under:

Arrival to I	Hostel/ Accommodation		
Time	Activity	Students'	Venue
		Group	
Whole day	Students arrive - Hostel allotment	I & II	Respective Hostels /
			Accommodation
DAY 1- Init	tial Phase- Reporting at 10.00 am in the respectiv	e Departme	nts
10.30 am – 12.00	<ul> <li>Mentor-mentee groups - Introduction with-in group.</li> <li>Orientation Programme</li> <li>Know your Department/Institute</li> <li>Know your university</li> <li>Know hostel and other amenities</li> </ul>	I	Suitable Venue as per number of mentor-mentee groups
	Screening of Institute Documentary Movie; video clips of various functions and events	II	Conference/Seminar Hall
12.00 – 01.30 pm	<ul> <li>Mentor-mentee groups - Introduction with- in group.</li> <li>Orientation Programme</li> <li>Know your Department/Institute</li> <li>Know your university</li> <li>Know hostel and other amenities</li> </ul>	II	Suitable Venue as per number of mentor-mentee groups
	Screening of Institute Documentary Movie; video clips of various functions and events	Ι	Conference/Seminar Hall
1.30 pm – 2.00 pm	Lunch	I & II	Respective Departments/ Hostels/ Mess/ canteens
2.00 pm – 5.00 pm	Institute Excursion	I & II	Around the Campus
DAY 2 t	to 10- Regular Phase -Timings can be changed for	or Physical /	other Activities as per local
requirer	nents	1	
10.30 am – 12.00	Events from [A] are to be scheduled as per guidelines and local convenience i.e. Various activities from Regular Phase like Physical Activity Creative Arts and Culture Mentoring & Universal Human Values Familiarization with the institution, Dept. /Branch Literary Activity Proficiency Modules Lectures & Workshops by Eminent People Visits in Local Area Extra-Curricular Activities in the institution Eachback and Paport on the Program	I	Suitable Indoor/ Outdoor Venue in respective Departments as per number of mentor-mentee groups or Conference / Seminar Hall

12.00 – 01.30 pm	Events from [A] are to be scheduled as per guidelines and local convenience	II	Suitable Indoor/ Outdoor Venue in respective Departments as pernumber of mentor-mentee groups or Conference / Seminar Hall
1.30 pm – 2.00 pm	Lunch	I & II	Respective Departments/ Hostels/ Mess/ canteens
2.00 pm – 5.00 pm	Events from [A] are to be scheduled as per guidelines and local convenience	Ι	Suitable Indoor/ Outdoor Venue in respective Departments as pernumber
		II	of mentor-mentee groups or Conference / Seminar Hall
DAY 11	- Visits to local Areas or Industry/ Any 1 DAY fr	om above	•
DAY 12	- Closing Phase (Feedback & Report)		
10.30 am – 12.00	<ul> <li>Guiding students for preparation of student report about Induction Program.</li> <li>Instruct students regarding submission and examination of the Induction Program.</li> <li>Address by HODs/Senior faculties</li> </ul>	I	Suitable Indoor/ Outdoor Venue in respective Departments as pernumber of mentor-mentee groups or Conference / Seminar Hall
	<ul> <li>Address by HODS/Schiol faculties regarding branch/discipline and career option in respective branch.</li> <li>Introduce about the engineering and its importance in life and their responsibilities towards the society.</li> </ul>		
12.00 – 01.30 pm	<ul> <li>Address by HODs/Senior faculties regarding branch/discipline and career option in respective branch.</li> <li>Introduce about the engineering and its importance in life and their responsibilities towards the society.</li> </ul>	II	Suitable Indoor/ Outdoor Venue in respective Departments as pernumber of mentor-mentee groups or Conference / Seminar Hall
	<ul> <li>Guiding students for preparation of student report about Induction Program.</li> <li>Instruct students regarding submission and examination of the Induction Program.</li> </ul>	I	
1.30 pm – 2.00 pm	Lunch	I & II	Respective Departments/ Hostels/ Mess/ canteens
2.00 pm – 5.00 pm	Talent Show and Valedictory Function Principal's Address	I & II	Suitable Indoor/ Outdoor Venue in respective Departments as pernumber of mentor-mentee groups or Conference / Seminar Hall

#### Note:

- 1) Total duration of the Induction Program is two weeks i.e. 12 working days with Saturdays being working and Sundays off.
- 2) Sundays can be utilized for screening some Patriotic / Socially Significant Movies/ home viewing.
- 3) Faculty mentors would be required to obtain the feedback cum suggestions of the students of their respective groups about the Induction programme on the last day.

4) Coordinators can be assigned for various activities during the induction programme.

S. No.	Name of the activity	Coordinators
1.	Visits to different departments and around the	HoDs
	campus	
2.	Physical/Sports activities in the Sports Ground	In charge of Physical
	(Morning as well as Evening)	Education / Sports/ Gymkhana
		Activity
3.	Creative Arts / Technical Workshops.	In charge of Technical /
	Lecture Sessions or Films on Universal Human	Cultural activities/ Gymkhana
	Values / Cultural / Talent hunt Activities /	Activity
	Performances by Classical or folk artists.	
	Talent Show and Valedictory Function.	
4.	Presentation cum Interactive Session with Eminent	Training & Placement In
	Alumni / Eminent Speaker	charge of Department
5.	Universal Human Values	Suitable Faculty members
6.	Proficiency Module (English)	Faculty of English language
7.	Local Visits	Hostel Wardens / Discipline in
		-charge, 1Sr. & 1 Jr. Faculty
8.	Wake up call/Hostel related activities and	Chief Wardens (Boys/Girls)
	Arrangements at Valedictory Function	Gymkhana Members

The suggestive template is as under:

#### • Schedule of local visits can be tabulated as under:

Dates	Sections		

#### • Note:

- 1) The faculty mentors of the respective mentor-mentee groups / sections will accompany the students on local visits.
- 2) The Institute buses, if there, may be made available for the purpose each day or some other/local arrangements may be made.
- 3) Attendance of the students' needs to be taken at the time of departure and return.

#### **GTU BoS Resource Persons**

Sr. No.	Name and Designation	Institute	Contact No.	Email
1	Shri U. V. Buch- BoS Member and Subject in- charge (EC)	G P Ahmedabad	9825346922	uvbuch@gmail.com

#### NB: The format of diary to be maintained will be as per Annexure-I

# Annexure-I Induction Program for Diploma Engineering Format of Diary

Enrolment/Roll No: \_\_\_\_\_

Name of Student: \_\_\_\_\_

Dates from : to					
Day	Activities Done	Learning Outcomes	Remarks		
1					
2					
3					
4					
5					
6					
7					
8					
9					
10					
11					
12					
Signature of the Student					
Evaluation: PASS/ FAIL					
Signature with Date of MentorSignature of HoD					
# GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY (GTU)

# Competency-focused Outcome-based Green Curriculum-2021 (COGC-2021)

I – Semester

Course Title: **D.C. Circuits** (Course Code: 4310901)

Diploma programme in which this course is offered	Semester in which offered
Electrical Engineering	First

# 1. RATIONALE

Students of diploma electrical engineering need to have a thorough understanding of fundamental concepts and principles of DC Circuits to determine various electrical engineering parameters. Diploma students undertaking this course are expected to apply the fundamentals of DC circuits to analyse the different electrical and electronics engineering circuits, advance course like electrical machines and drives and also develop skills required to meet the expectations of the industry.

# 2. COMPETENCY

The purpose of this course is to help the student to attain the following industry identified competency through various teaching learning experiences:

#### • Solve basic circuit problems using circuit laws and network theorems.

# 3. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

The practical exercises, the underpinning knowledge and the relevant soft skills associated with the identified competency are to be developed in the student for the achievement of the following COs:

- a) Solve simple electrical circuits using basic circuit laws.
- b) Solve simple electric circuits using different network solution techniques/analysis.
- c) Solve simple electrical circuits using network theorems.
- d) Interpret the working of capacitor based on electrostatic principle.
- e) Interpret the working of inductor based on electromagnetic principle.

#### 4. TEACHING AND EXAMINATION SCHEME

Teachi	ng Sch	neme	Total Credits	Examination Scheme				
(In	Hours	5)	(L+T+P/2)	Theory Marks Practical Marks				Total
L	Т	Ρ	С	СА	ESE	СА	ESE	Marks
3	1	2	5	30*	70	25	25	150

(\*): Out of 30 marks under the theory CA, 10 marks are for assessment of the micro-project to facilitate integration of COs and the remaining 20 marks is the average of 2 tests to be taken during the semester for the assessing the attainment of the cognitive domain UOs required for the attainment of the COs.

**Legends:** L-Lecture; T – Tutorial/Teacher Guided Theory Practice; P - Practical; C – Credit, CA - Continuous Assessment; ESE - End Semester Examination.

# 5. SUGGESTED PRACTICAL EXERCISES

The following practical outcomes (PrOs) are the sub-components of the COs. Some of the **PrOs** marked **'\*'** are compulsory, as they are crucial for that particular CO at the 'Precision Level' of Dave's Taxonomy related to 'Psychomotor Domain'.

S. No.	Practical Outcomes (PrOs)	Unit No.	Approx. Hrs. required
1	Identify resistor, inductor and capacitor.	1,4,5	2
2	Demonstrate various types of resistors	1	2
3	Calculate the temperature coefficient of the given resistor.	1	2
4	Verify Ohm's law in the given electric circuit	1	2*
5	Verify Kirchhoff's current law in the given electric circuit	1	2*
6	Verify Kirchhoff's voltage law in the given electric circuit	1	2*
7	Measure voltage, current and resistance in the given DC circuit.	1	2
8	Find equivalent resistance for series connection.	2	2
9	Find equivalent resistance for parallel connection.	2	2
10	Verify Superposition theorem and determine the current and voltage in each branch of the given circuit.	3	2*
11	Verify the Thevenin's theorem and determine the voltage and current in the given branch of the circuit.	3	2*
12	Verify the Norton's Theorem and determine the voltage and current in the given branch of the circuit.	3	2*
13	Verify Maximum Power Transfer Theorem and determine value of load resistance for maximum power transfer in the given electrical circuit.	3	2*
14	Connect given capacitors in series, parallel, series-parallel and determine the total equivalent value of capacitance.	4	2
15	Measure charging and discharging time of capacitor in the given circuit and verify the same with RC time constant.	4	2
16	Test different types of capacitors.	4	2*
17	Connect batteries in series and in parallel to the given load and check the resultant voltage and current at load terminals.	4	2
18	Test different types of inductors.	5	2*
19	Measure inductance of the given choke coil using LCR meter.	5	2
20	Demonstrate Faraday's law of electromagnetic induction.	5	2
	Minimum 14 Practical Exercises		28 Hrs.

# <u>Note</u>

- *i.* More *Practical Exercises* can be designed and offered by the respective course teacher to develop the industry relevant skills/outcomes to match the COs. The above table is only a suggestive list.
- *ii. The following are some sample 'Process' and 'Product' related skills (more may be added/deleted depending on the course) that occur in the above listed Practical Exercises of this course required which are embedded in the COs and ultimately the competency.*

S. No.	Sample Performance Indicators for the PrOs	Weightage in %
1	Prepare of experimental setup.	20
2	Operate the equipment setup or circuit.	20
3	Follow safe practices.	10
4	Record observations correctly.	20
5	Interpret the result and conclude.	30
	Total	100

# 6. MAJOR EQUIPMENT/ INSTRUMENTS REQUIRED

This major equipment with broad specifications for the PrOs is a guide to procure them by the administrators to usher in uniformity of practicals in all institutions across the state.

S. No.	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications	PrO. No.
1	Variable DC source, Dual channel (0-30 V, 0-2 A, digital display)	3 -15, 20
2	DC Ammeter (0-2 A, Analog)	3 -15, 17, 20
3	DC Voltmeter(0-30 V or 0-50 V, Analog)	3-15, 17
4	Digital Multimeter (3-1/2 display, max reading 1999m hand held)	3-15, 17
5	Stop Watch	15
6	Thermometer (lab thermometer, degree Celsius /Fahrenheit, non- contact type)	3
7	Rheostat (0-200 Ohm, 0-2 A, linear, slider type)	2,3,7
8	Bread board (2 Power, 2 ground rails, 2 circuit areas, contact points > 200, Volt > 15 V, Current > 1 A)	4,5,6,8,9,10,11, 12,13,14
9	Resistors of various range	2
10	Capacitors of various range	16
11	Inductors of various range	18
12	Variable POT: Single turn (rotation upto 270 degrees , multi turn, Dual gang POT)	11,12,13
13	LCR meter – Diplay-3.5 Digits, Count-1999, Inductance range-1mh- 10 H or suitable, Inductance accuracy-+/- 5%, Capacitor range- 1nF – 1000 micro F, Capacitance accuracy-+/- 5 %, Resistance accuracy- +/- 1 %, Auxiliary-Test leads, batteries and manual.	19
14	Batteries (1.5 V to 12 V, cylindrical, rectangular, chargeable / non-rechargeable, Size A, AA, C, D, E etc.)	17

# 7. AFFECTIVE DOMAIN OUTCOMES

The following *sample* Affective Domain Outcomes (ADOs) are embedded in many of the above mentioned COs and PrOs. More could be added to fulfil the development of this course competency.

- a) Work as a leader/a team member.
- b) Follow safety practices while using electrical appliances.
- c) Practice environmental friendly methods and processes. (Environment related)

The ADOs are best developed through the laboratory/field based exercises. Moreover, the level of achievement of the ADOs according to Krathwohl's 'Affective Domain Taxonomy' should gradually increase as planned below:

- i. 'Valuing Level' in 1st year
- ii. 'Organization Level' in 2<sup>nd</sup> year.
- iii. 'Characterization Level' in 3<sup>rd</sup> year.

#### 8. UNDERPINNING THEORY

The major underpinning theory is given below based on the higher level UOs of *Revised Bloom's taxonomy* that are formulated for development of the COs and competency. If required, more such UOs could be included by the course teacher to focus on attainment of COs and competency.

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)		Topics and Sub-topics		
	(4 to 6 UOs at different levels)				
Unit – I	1a. Explain the properties of the	1.1	Electric Potential, EMF,		
Fundamental	commonly used electrical		Current, Power and Energy		
concepts of	engineering materials.	1.2	Conductor, Semiconductor		
D.C. Circuits	1b. Classify different types of resistors.		and insulator-properties and		
	1c. Explain the effect of temperature on		applications		
	resistance.	1.3	Resistor, Inductor and		
	1d. Determine voltage, current and		Capacitor		
	resistance in electrical circuit using	1.4	Resistor-Properties and		
	Ohm's law.		Practical applications,		
	1e. Apply Kirchhoff's Voltage and		Classification based on		
	Current Law to determine voltage,		ohmic value and material,		
	current and power in the given		Effect of temperature on		
	resistive circuit.		resistance and temperature		
	1f. Calculate work, power and energy in		coefficient of resistance		
	given electrical circuit.	1.5	Conductance, conductivity,		
	1g. Use Joule's Law of heating to		current density		
	compute the amount of heat	1.6	Ohm's law: Applications and		
	produced due to current flow in a		limitations		
	conductor.	1.7	Kirchhoff's voltage law and		
	1h. State the impact of using electrical		Kirchhoff's current law		
	source over the other energy sources	1.8	Joule's law of heating,		
	on the environment		applications		
		1.9 Power and energy, unit			
			conversion from mechanical		
			to electrical and vice-versa		

			1.10	) Impact of using electrical
				operate over the other
				environment.
Unit – II	2a.	Determine the equivalent	2.1	Node, branch, loop, mesh;
Network		resistance of given series, parallel		open, closed and short
solution		connections.		circuit
techniques	2b.	Apply source transformation	2.2	Series and Parallel
-		techniques to simplify electrical		connections of
		circuits.		resistors and equivalent
	2c.	Apply Mesh analysis and Nodal		resistance
		analysis to calculate voltage,	2.3	Source transformation
		current and power in given		techniques
		resistive circuits.	2.4	Mesh analysis
	2d.	Apply the principle of duality to	2.5	Nodal Analysis
		electrical networks	2.6	Duality in electrical
				networks.
Unit– III	3a.	Differentiate given types of	3.1	Types of electric circuits -
Network		electrical circuits with examples.		Active and Passive, Linear &
Theorems	3b.	Apply superposition theorem to		Nonlinear, unilateral and
		calculate current and voltage in any		bilateral circuit
		branch of circuit with two or more	3.2	Superposition theorem,
		sources.		equivalent circuit
	3c.	Apply Thevenin's theorem to	3.3	Thevenin's theorem,
		simplify a given electrical network	_	equivalent circuit
		and compute current and voltage in	3.4	Norton's theorem,
		branch under consideration.		equivalent circuit
	3d.	Apply Norton's theorem to simplify	3.5	Maximum Power Transfer
		a given electrical network and		theorem
		compute current and voltage at a	3.6	'I' to 'Pi' network conversion
	2.	branch under consideration.		(star-delta transformation)
	зe.	Apply Maximum Power Transfer		and Pl to T network
		theorem to calculate load resistance		conversion (delta-star
	Эf	for maximum power transfer.		transformation),
	51.	to (ni (dolta)' notwork and vice		
Lipit_ IV	10	Evolution the working of a capacitor	11	Capacitor Eurotion types
Canacitors	4a. 1h	Identify the factors affecting the	4.1	applications Canacitance
and its	40.	canacitance		Capacitive reactance Factors
Applications	4c	State applications and types of		affecting canacitance
Applications	40.	canacitors	42	Behaviour of capacitors in DC
	4d	Calculate the canacitance charging	<b>ч.</b> ∠	circuits Charging and
	чи.	and discharging time energy stored		discharging of Canacitor BC
		in capacitors in electrical circuits		time constant. Energy stored
	4e.	Classify the types of batteries &		in Capacitor
		connect it in series & parallel	4.3	Series and parallel

	4f. Describe in brief, the recycling as well as disposal processes of old capacitors and batteries.	<ul> <li>combination of capacitors</li> <li>4.4 Capacitance of parallel plate capacitor and Spherical capacitor</li> <li>4.5 Batteries, ratings, types and their comparison,</li> <li>4.6 Identification of weak battery in series and parallel combination</li> <li>4.7 Recycling, disposal of old capacitors and batteries safely</li> </ul>
Unit– V	5a. Compare magnetic circuit with	5.1 Flux, Flux density (B),
Magnetism	electric circuit.	Magnetic field intensity (H),
and	5b. Apply laws of	M.M.F, magnetic lines of
Electromagn	electromagnetism to determine	force, permeability,
etism	direction of flux, magnetic force,	hysteresis loop, reluctance,
	induced emf, flux density and field	leakage factor, B-H Curve
	strength.	5.2 Comparison of magnetic and
	5c. State Faraday's laws of	electric circuit
	electromagnetic induction, Flemings	5.3 Electromagnetism,
	right- and left-hand rule and Lenz's	Electromagnetic field around
	law.	a current carrying conductor
	5d. Compute equivalent	5.4 Faladay's Laws Of
	inductance in various	Eleming's right- and left-hand
	series-parallel combinations.	rule Lenz's Law
	5e. State applications of	5.5 Induced EMF. Self(static and
	the given type of inductor.	dynamically induced emf) and
	5f. Calculate the energy stored in the	mutually induced emf and
	given inductor.	their applications.
		5.6 Self and mutual inductance,
		Inductive reactance,
		Coefficient of self and mutual
		inductance.
		5.7 Inductance in series and parallel
		5.8 Inductors- Function, types,
		construction and applications
		5.9 Energy stored in an inductor

# 9. SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION TABLE FOR QUESTION PAPER DESIGN

Unit	Unit Title	Teaching	Distribution of Theory Mark			
No.		Hours	R	U	Α	Total
			Level	Level		Marks
Ι	Fundamental concepts of DC Circuits	10	5	5	5	15
П	Network Solutions Techniques	7	4	5	6	15

Unit	Unit Title	Teaching	Distribution of Theory Marks				
No.		Hours	R	U	Α	Total	
			Level	Level		Marks	
	Network Theorems	8	4	5	6	15	
IV	Capacitors and its applications	7	4	2	4	10	
V	Magnetism and Electromagnetism	10	6	4	5	15	
	Total	42	23	21	26	70	

Legends: R=Remember, U=Understand, A=Apply and above (Revised Bloom's taxonomy)

**Note**: This specification table provides general guidelines to assist students for their learning and to teachers to teach and question paper designers/setters to formulate test items/questions to assess the attainment of the UOs. The actual distribution of marks at different taxonomy levels (of R, U and A) in the question paper may slightly vary from above table.

# **10.** SUGGESTED STUDENT ACTIVITIES

Other than the classroom and laboratory learning, following are the suggested studentrelated **co-curricular** activities which can be undertaken to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course: Students should perform following activities in group and prepare reports of about 5 pages for each activity. They should also collect/record physical evidences for their (student's) portfolio which may be useful for their placement interviews:

- a) Prepare specification of electrical and electronic components.
- b) Give seminar on resistors, Inductors and Capacitors, function, types and applications.
- c) Undertake a market survey of different electrical and electronic components.

# 11. SUGGESTED SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES (if any)

These are sample strategies, which the teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course:

- a) Massive open online courses (*MOOCs*) may be used to teach various topics/sub topics.
- b) Guide student(s) in undertaking micro-projects.
- c) *'L' in section No. 4* means different types of teaching methods that are to be employed by teachers to develop the outcomes.
- d) About **20% of the topics/sub-topics** which are relatively simpler or descriptive in nature is to be given to the students for **self-learning**, but to be assessed using different assessment methods.
- e) With respect to *section No.10*, teachers need to ensure to create opportunities and provisions for *co-curricular activities*.
- f) Guide students on how to address issues on environment and sustainability
- g) Guide students for using data manuals.

# 12. SUGGESTED MICRO-PROJECTS

**Only one micro-project** is planned to be undertaken by a student that needs to be assigned to him/her in the beginning of the semester. In the first four semesters, the micro-project are group-based. However, in the fifth and sixth semesters, it should be preferably be

*individually* undertaken to build up the skill and confidence in every student to become problem solver so that s/he contributes to the projects of the industry. In special situations where groups have to be formed for micro-projects, the number of students in the group should *not exceed three*.

The micro-project could be industry application based, internet-based, workshopbased, laboratory-based or field-based. Each micro-project should encompass two or more COs which are in fact, an integration of PrOs, UOs and ADOs. Each student will have to maintain dated work diary consisting of individual contribution in the project work and give a seminar presentation of it before submission. The duration of the microproject should be about **14-16** *(fourteen to sixteen) student engagement hours* during the course. The students ought to submit micro-project by the end of the semester to develop the industryoriented COs.

A suggestive list of micro-projects is given here. This has to match the competency and the COs. Similar micro-projects could be added by the concerned course teacher:

- a) Electromagnetism: Build a basic model to demonstrate Fleming's right and left hand rules.
- b) Build a simple electric model to demonstrate mutually induced emf
- c) Build a small heater (room, water etc.)
- d) Make demonstrable models of various types of resistors, capacitors, inductors, their types, application based on types and ratings etc.
- e) DC Source and application: Use toy motor and batteries to make any moving toy.
- f) Flashing neon bulb using RC timer circuit. (Or any application using RC timer circuit).
- g) Disposal of old capacitors and batteries Compile a report on handling recycling and disposal of old capacitors and batteries with figures, tables and comparative charts and strategies used and suggested.

S. No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication with place, year and ISBN
1	Electrical Technology Vol-1	Theraja, B. L.	S. Chand & Co. Ltd., 23 edition or
			latest edition, ISBN-10: 8121924405
2	Basic Electrical Engineering	Sahdev RItu	Khanna Publications, 2018 edition, ISBN: 9789386173492
3	Basic Electrical Engineering	Rao, Uma. K.	Pearson Education, India, 2012
			or latest edition, ISBN: 9788131766026,
4	Basic Electrical Engineering	Ananda	Pearson Education, India,2011 or
		Murthy, R. S	latest edition: ISBN: 9788131754276
5	Basic Electrical Engineering	Mehta V. K.	S. Chand & Company (PVT) LTD., 1988 or Latest edition, ISBN: 9788121908719
6	Introduction to Electrical	Partha Kumar	PHI Learning Private Limited, 2014 or latest
	Engineering	Ganguly	edition
			Print Book ISBN: 9788120348097; eBook
			ISBN : 9789354433719

# 13. SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES

#### 14. SOFTWARE/LEARNING WEBSITES

- a. www.nptel.iitm.ac.in
- b. www.khanacademy.org
- c. https://phet.colorado.edu/
- d. https://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in
- e. www.electrical4u.com
- f. www.vlab.co.in

#### 15. PO-COMPETENCY-CO MAPPING

	Semester I			DC Circuits	s (Course Cod	le: 431090	1)		
					POs				
	Competency & Course Outcomes	PO 1 Basic & Discipline specific knowledge	PO 2 Problem Analysis	PO 3 Design/ development of solutions	PO 4 Engineering Tools, Experimentation &Testing	PO 5 Engineering practices for society, sustainability & environment	PO 6 Project Management	PO 7 Life-long learning	
	<u>Competency</u>	Solve basic circuit problems using circuit laws and network theorems.							
CO a)	<u>Course Outcome</u> Solve simple electrical circuits using basic circuit laws.	3	2	2	3	2	1	2	
CO b)	Solve simple electric circuits using different network solution techniques/analysis.	3	2	2	3	-	1	2	
CO c)	Solve simple electrical circuits using network theorems.	3	2	2	3	-	1	2	
CO d)	Interpret the working of capacitor based on electrostatic principle.	3	1	1	2	2	1	2	
CO e)	Interpret the working of inductor based on electromagnetic principle.	3	1	1	2	-	1	2	

Legend: '3' for high, '2' for medium, '1' for low and '-' for no correlation of each CO with PO.

# 16. COURSE CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE

S. No.	Name and Designation	Institute	Contact No.	Email
1	H. B. Kapadiya Lecturer	Government Polytechnic, Ahmedabad	9427600807	hbkapadia@gpahmedabad.ac.i n
2	M.H. Kumar Lecturer	Government Polytechnic, Ahmedabad	9924826791	Mksingh.gpa@gmail.com

3	S. N. Doshi Lecturer	Government Polytechnic, Himatnagar	9724433844	sndoshi1980@gmail.com
4	Dipa J. Kapupara Lecturer	A. V. Parekh Technical Institute, Rajkot	9409111405	dipakapupara.ee@gmail.com

# GTU Resource Persons NITTTR Resource Persons

S. No.	Name and Designation	Department	Contact No.	Email	
1	Dr. C. S. Rajeshwari, Professor	Electrical & Electronics			
		Engineering Education	9340068700	csrajeshwari@nitttrbpl.ac.in	
2	Dr. A.S. Walkey, Associate Professor	Electrical & Electronics Engineering Education	8989792155	aswalkey@nitttrbpl.ac.in	

#### **GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY (GTU)**

# Competency-focused Outcome-based Green Curriculum-2021 (COGC-2021) I – Semester

#### Course Title: Environment and Sustainability (Course Code: 4300003)

Diploma programme in which this course is offered	Semester in which offered				
Chemical, Mechatronics, Computer	First				
Civil, Environment, Mining, Architectural Assistantship,					
Mechanical, Automobile, Marine, Metallurgy,					
Fabrication, Electrical, Electronics and Communication,					
Instrumentation and Control, Bio Medical, Power	Second				
Electronics, IT, Textile Manufacturing, Textile					
Processing, Textile Design, Printing, Plastics, Ceramics,					
CACDDM, Computer Science and Engineering.					

#### 1. RATIONALE

For a country to progress, sustainable development is one of the key factors. Environment conservation and hazard management is of much importance to every citizen of India. Considerable amount of energy is being wasted. Energy saved is energy produced. Environmental pollution is on the rise due to rampant industrial mismanagement and indiscipline. Renewable energy is one of the answers to the energy crisis and also to reduce environmental pollution. Therefore this course has been designed to develop a general awareness of these and related issues so that the every student will start acting as a responsible citizen to make the country and the world a better place to live in.

#### 2. COMPETENCY

The purpose of this course is to help the student to attain the following industry identified competency through various teaching learning experiences:

• Adopt the sustainable practices to resolve the environment related issues.

#### 3. COURSE OUTCOMES (Cos)

The practical exercises, the underpinning knowledge and the relevant soft skills associated with this competency are to be developed in the student to display the following COs:

- a) Adopt relevant ecofriendly product in the given situation to protect ecosystem
- b) use relevant method of pollution reduction in the given situation
- c) Use of renewable resources of energy for sustainable development
- d) Use the relevant techniques in given context to reduce impact due to climate change
   Use relevant laws and policies for developing the sustainable environmental development

#### 4. TEACHING AND EXAMINATION SCHEME

Teaching Scheme Tota		Total Credits		Examination Scheme				
(In Hours)		(L+T/2+P/2)	Theory Marks		Practical Marks		Total	
L	Т	Р	С	CA	ESE	СА	ESE	Marks
3	0	0	3	30*	70	0	0	100

(\*): Out of 30 marks under the theory CA, 10 marks are for assessment of the microproject to facilitate integration of COs and the remaining 20 marks is the average of 2 tests to be taken during the semester for the assessing the attainment of the cognitive domain UOs required for the attainment of the COs.

**Legends:** L-Lecture; T – Tutorial/Teacher Guided Theory Practice; P - Practical; C – Credit, CA - Continuous Assessment; ESE - End Semester Examination.

# 5. SUGGESTED PRACTICAL EXERCISES – Not Applicable

The following practical outcomes (PrOs) that are the sub-components of the COs. Some of the **PrOs** marked '\*' are compulsory, as they are crucial for that particular CO at the 'Precision Level' of Dave's Taxonomy related to 'Psychomotor Domain'.

S. No.	Practical Outcomes (PrOs)	Unit No.	Approx. Hrs. required
	Total		44

<u>Note</u>

- *i.* More **Practical Exercises** can be designed and offered by the respective course teacher to develop the industry relevant skills/outcomes to match the COs. The above table is only a suggestive list.
- ii. The following are some **sample** 'Process' and 'Product' related skills (more may be added/deleted depending on the course) that occur in the above listed **Practical Exercises** of this course required which are embedded in the COs and ultimately the competency..

S. No.	Sample Performance Indicators for the PrOs	Weightage in %
1	Prepare of experimental setup	20
2	Operate the equipment setup or circuit	20
3	Follow safe practices measures	10
4	Record observations correctly	20
5	Interpret the result and conclude	30
	Total	100

# 6. MAJOR EQUIPMENT/ INSTRUMENTS REQUIRED – (Not Applicable)

These major equipment with broad specifications for the PrOs is a guide to procure them by the administrators to usher in uniformity of practicals in all institutions across the state.

S. No.	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications	PrO. No.
1		

# 7. AFFECTIVE DOMAIN OUTCOMES

The following *sample* Affective Domain Outcomes (ADOs) are embedded in many of the above mentioned COs and PrOs. More could be added to fulfil the development of this competency.

- a) Work as a leader/a team member.
- b) Follow ethical practices.

c) Practice environmental friendly methods and processes. (Environment related)

The ADOs are best developed through the laboratory/field based exercises. Moreover, the level of achievement of the ADOs according to Krathwohl's 'Affective Domain Taxonomy' should gradually increase as planned below:

- i. 'Valuing Level' in 1<sup>st</sup> year
- ii. 'Organization Level' in 2<sup>nd</sup> year.
- iii. 'Characterization Level' in 3<sup>rd</sup> year.

# 8. UNDERPINNING THEORY

Only the major Underpinning Theory is formulated as higher level UOs of *Revised Bloom's taxonomy* in order development of the COs and competency is not missed out by the students and teachers. If required, more such higher level UOs could be included by the course teacher to focus on attainment of COs and competency.

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics			
	(4 to 6 UOs at Application and				
	above level)				
Unit – I	1a. Explain the Structure with	1.1 Structure and components of			
Ecosystem	components of the given	ecosystem			
	Ecosystem	1.2 Types of Ecosystem, changes in			
	1b. Explain Carbon, Nitrogen,	ecosystem			
	Sulphur and phosphorus cycle	1.3 Various natural cycles like carbon,			
	for the given ecosystem.	Nitrogen, Sulphur, Phosphorus			
	1c. Justify the need to conserve the	1.4 Ecosystem conservation, carrying			
	given Ecosystem on the w.r.t.	capacity of earth, Biomes in India,			
	following points:	(ESA) Ecologically sensitive areas			
	<ul> <li>carrying capacity of earth</li> </ul>	1.5 Bio diversity, its need and			
	• Biomes,	importance, International Union for			
	<ul> <li>Ecologically sensitive area</li> </ul>	Conservation of Nature (IUCN) red			
	1d. Explain the term biodiversity	list			
	with its importance.	1.6 Concept of Ecological foot print,			
	1e. Illustrate the importance of	virtual water, global ecological			
	IUCN red list in environmental	overshoot			
	engineering.				
	1f. Calculate global ecological				
	overshoot and virtual water				
	requirement of given natural				
	and man-made materials.				
Unit – II	2a. Explain the term, "pollution	2.1. Definition of pollution and pollutant			
Pollution	and pollutant" in the given	2.2. Air pollution, classification and its			
and its	situation.	sources			
types	2b.Classify the air pollution on the	2.3. Air pollution control Equipments			
	Dasis of its source	2.4. water pollution, pollution			
	2c. Use relevant equipment to	parameters like BOD,COD, pH, 10tal			
		Solide			
		5 Wasto wator troatmont like primary			
		2.5. waste water treatment like primary,			

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics
	(4 to 6 UOs at Application and	
	above level)	
	2d. Explain relevant techniques of	secondary and tertiary
	treatment to deal with given	2.6. Solid waste generation, sources and
	type of water pollution.	characteristics of Muncipal solid
	2e. Apply relevant techniques of	waste
	Solid waste management based	2.7. Collection and disposal of Muncipal
	on its characteristics.	waste and Hazardous waste
	2f. Explain drawbacks of noise	2.8. Noise pollution- its effects, sources
	pollution in given situation.	and measurement
	2g. Describe the environmental	2.9. Plastic waste and its hazard
	degradation due to Plastic	2.10. E waste and its hazard
	waste and E- waste	
Unit– III	3a. Justify the need of renewable	<b>3.1</b> Need of Renewable energy and energy
Renewable	energy adopting relevant	policy
sources of	energy policy in given situation.	3.2 Solar energy: National solar mission
energy	3b. Explain the working of the solar	3.3 Features of solar thermal and PV
	thermal and PV systems with	Advanced collector Solar Pond Solar
	sketch in given situation.	water heater. Solar drver
	3c. Justify the need of Advanced	polycrystalline, monocrystalline and
	collector, Solar Pond, Solar	thin film PV systems
	water heater, Solar dryer in the	3.4 Wind Energy: Growth of wind power in
	given system.	India
	3d. Emphasize the importance of	3.5 Types of wind turbines – Vertical axis
	wind power in India	wind turbines (VAWT) and horizontal
	3e. Select the relevant type of wind	axis wind turbines (HAWT)
	turbines in the given situation.	<b>3.6</b> Types of HAW Is – drag and lift types
	31. Identify the relevant types of	source. Thermal characteristics of
	Sources of biomass energy.	biomass as fuel
	of simple biogas plant to	3.8 Anaerobic digestion, Biogas production
	explain its working	mechanism, utilization and storage.
	3h Identify the sources of the	3.9 New energy sources: Geothermal energy,
	energy generation for the given	Ocean energy sources, Tidal energy
	situation.	conversion, mydrogen energy
Unit– IV	4a. Explain the term, "climate	4.2 Definition of climate change
Climate	change" in context of	4.3 Global warming-causes, effect,
Change	environment.	process
_	4b. Describe the ill effects of Global	4.4 Greenhouse effect
	warming due to various causes	4.5 Ozone depletion
	arising in the given situation.	4.6 Factors affecting climate change
	4c. Explain the term, "greenhouse	4.7 Impact and mitigation
	effect" with its causes.	4.8 Climate change management
	4d. Relate the impact of Ozone	
	depletion in climate change due	
	to its causes.	

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics
	(4 to 6 UOs at Application and	
	above level)	
	4.1 Identify Factors affecting	
	climate change in given locality.	
	4e. Justify the need of relevant	
	Climate change management	
	system to reduce the impact of	
	climate change in the given	
	context.	
<mark>Unit– V</mark>	5.a Use relevant policy or law in	5.1 Environmental policies in India
Environme	relation with environment in	5.2 Air act, water act, Environment
ntal	given situation	protection act, wild life protection
<b>legislation</b>	5.b Relate the relevant provision of	act, Forest conservation act,
<mark>and</mark>	given act in given situation.	Biodiversity act
sustainable	5.c Explain the necessity of the	5.3 Environmental management system:
<b>practices</b>	Environmental management	ISO 14000, definition and benefits
	system in given situation.	5.4 Rain water harvesting
	5.d Use the principle of Rain water	5.5 Green building and rating system in
	harvesting in the given	India
	situation.	5.6 Cradle to cradle concept and Life
	5.e Justify the necessity of Green	<mark>cycle analysis</mark>
	building in India.	5.7 Green label
	5.f. Adopt the relevant rating	5.8 Carbon credit system its advantages
	system for energy calculation	and disadvantages
	for the given building.	5.9 Concept of 5R(Refuse, Reduce,
	5.f Explain the terms, "Cradle to	Reuse, Repurpose, Recycle)
	cradle concept" and "Life cycle	5.10 Eco tourism: advantages and
	analysis"	disadvantages
	5.g Emphasize the importance of	
	Carbon credit system in India.	
	5.h Explain the importance of 5R	
	concept.	

**Note**: The UOs need to be formulated at the 'Application Level' and above of Revised Bloom's Taxonomy' to accelerate the attainment of the COs and the competency.

# 9. SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION TABLE FOR QUESTION PAPER DESIGN

Unit	Unit Title	Teaching	Distribution of Theory Marks			
No.		Hours	R	U	Α	Total
			Level	Level		Marks
I	Ecosystem	08	6	6	2	14
П	Pollution and its types	10	4	6	6	16
Ш	Renewable sources of energy	10	4	6	6	16
IV	Climate Change	08	4	6	4	14

Unit	Unit Title	Teaching	Distribution of Theory Mar			
No.		Hours	R	U	Α	Total
			Level	Level		Marks
V	Environmental legislation and sustainable practices	06	5	3	2	10
	Total	42	12	28	30	70

**Legends:** R=Remember, U=Understand, A=Apply and above (Revised Bloom's taxonomy) <u>Note</u>: This specification table provides general guidelines to assist student for their learning and to teachers to teach and question paper designers/setters to formulate test items/questions assess the attainment of the UOs. The actual distribution of marks at different taxonomy levels (of R, U and A) in the question paper may vary slightly from above table.

# **10.** SUGGESTED STUDENT ACTIVITIES

Other than the classroom and laboratory learning, following are the suggested student-related *co-curricular* activities which can be undertaken to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course: Students should conduct following activities in group and prepare reports of about 5 pages for each activity, also collect/record physical evidences for their (student's) portfolio which will be useful for their placement interviews:

- a) Prepare specification of some renewable sources of energy.
- b) Undertake micro-projects in teams
- c) Give seminar on any relevant topic.
- d) Undertake a market survey of different green materials.
- e) Prepare showcase portfolios.
- f) Prepare report on various issues related to environment and sustainable development
- g) Publish a research paper on themes related to environment and sustainable development.
- h) Compare the pollution (water, air and noise) data of various cities with standard values as laid by pollution control board.
- i) Undertake some small mini projects on various issues related to environment and sustainable development.
- j) Submit a report on visit to an energy park
- k) Prepare power point on clean and green technologies
- I) Submit a report on visit to garbage disposal system in your city/town.
- m) Submit a report on analysis of the life cycle of any one or two eco-friendly product/s.
- n) Calculate ecological footprint using various calculator available on web with a report recommending ways and means to reduce ecological footprint.
- o) Give seminar on relevant topic.
- p) Undertake micro-projects.

# 11. SUGGESTED SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES (if any)

These are sample strategies, which the teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course:

- a) Massive open online courses (*MOOCs*) may be used to teach various topics/sub topics.
- b) Guide student(s) in undertaking micro-projects.
- *'L' in section No. 4* means different types of teaching methods that are to be employed by teachers to develop the outcomes.

- d) About 20% of the topics/sub-topics which are relatively simpler or descriptive in nature is to be given to the students for self-learning, but to be assessed using different assessment methods.
- e) With respect to section No.10, teachers need to ensure to create opportunities and provisions for co-curricular activities.
- f) Guide students on how to address issues on environment and sustainability
- g) Guide students for using data manuals.
- h) Guide students for using data manuals.
- i) Arrange visit to nearby industries and workshops for understanding various sources of pollution.
- j) Use video/animation films to explain various processes related to environment and sustainable development
- k) Use different instructional strategies in classroom teaching.
- Write the report on properties of various eco-friendly construction materials like Stone, aggregate of different sizes, timber, lime, bitumen, Bricks, tiles, precast concrete products, Water proofing material, Termite proofing material, Thermal insulating material, plaster of Paris, paints, distemper, and varnishes.
- m) Display various technical brochures of recent projects/themes related to environment and sustainable development
- n) Visit the Pollution control board office and its various projects to demonstrate the various practices adopted for control of Pollution

# 12. SUGGESTED MICRO-PROJECTS

**Only one micro-project** is planned to be undertaken by a student that needs to be assigned to him/her in the beginning of the semester. In the first four semesters, the micro-project are group-based. However, in the fifth and sixth semesters, it should be preferably be **individually** undertaken to build up the skill and confidence in every student to become problem solver so that s/he contributes to the projects of the industry. In special situations where groups have to be formed for micro-projects, the number of students in the group should **not exceed three.** 

The micro-project could be industry application based, internet-based, workshop based, laboratory-based or field-based. Each micro-project should encompass two or more COs which are in fact, an integration of PrOs, UOs and ADOs. Each student will have to maintain dated work diary consisting of individual contribution in the project work and give a seminar presentation of it before submission. The total duration of the micro-project should not be less than **16** (sixteen) student engagement hours during the course. The student ought to submit micro-project by the end of the semester to develop the industry-oriented COs.

A suggestive list of micro-projects is given here. This has to match the competency and the COs. Similar micro-projects could be added by the concerned course teacher:

- a) **Natural cycles**: Build a Chart showing different natural cycles like Carbon, Nitrogen,Sulphur and phosphorus cycle.)
- b) Solar Energy: Build a model of Solar water heater/Solar cooker
- c) Wind energy: Build a model of wind mill
- d) **Best out of waste**: Build useful items from waste materials like used plastic bottles, discarded pens etc.

e) Compare the pollution (water, air and noise) data of various cities with standard values as laid by pollution control board.

- f) Surf different websites related environment and sustainable development, Pollution control.
- g) Prepare energy audit report of any residential building.
- h) Collect relevant information about the software used in pollution control.
- o) Visit to ongoing project and study various aspects related to environment and sustainable development

#### **13.** SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES

<mark>S.</mark> No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication with place, year and ISBN
1	Renewable Energy Technologies: A Practical Guide for Beginners	Solanki, Chetan Singh	PHI Learning, New Delhi, 2010 Print Book ISBN: 9788120334342 eBook ISBN: 9789354437151
2	Ecology and Control of the Natural Environment	Izrael,Y.A.	Kluwer Academic Publisher eBook ISBN: 978-94-011-3390-6 Softcover ISBN: 978-94-010-5499-7
3	Green Technologies and Environmental Sustainability	Singh, Ritu, Kumar, Sanjeev	Springer International Publishing, 2017 eBook ISBN 978-3-319-50654-8
4	Environmental Noise Pollution and Its Control	G.R. Chhatwal, M. Satake, M.C. Mehra, Mohan Katyal, T. Katyal, T. Nagahiro	Anmol Publications, New Delhi ISBN: 8170411378 ISBN: 8170411378
5	Wind Power Plants and Project Development	Earnest, Joshua & Wizelius, Tore	PHI Learning, New Delhi, 2011 ISBN-10: 8120351274 ISBN-13: 978-8120351271
6	Renewable Energy Sources and Emerging Technologies	Kothari, D.P. Singal, K.C., Ranjan, Rakesh	PHI Learning, New Delhi, 2009 ISBN-13 - 978-8120344709
7	Environmental Studies	Anandita Basak	Pearson Publications ISBN 8131785688, 9788131785683 ISBN: 9788131721186, 8131721183
8	Environmental Science and Engineering	Aloka Debi	University Press ISBN: 9788173718113 ISBN-10: 8173716080 ISBN-13: 978-8173716089
9	Coping With Natural Hazards: Indian Context	K. S. Valadia	Orient Longman ISBN-10: 8125027351 ISBN-13: 978-8125027355
10	Introduction to Engineering and Environment	Edward S. Rubin	Mc Graw Hill Publications ISBN-10 : 0071181857 ISBN-13 : 978-0071181853

#### 14. SOFTWARE/LEARNING WEBSITES

- a) www.nptel.iitm.ac.in
- b) www.khanacademy
- c) http://www1.eere.energy.gov/wind/wind\_animation.html
- d) http://www.nrel.gov/learning/re\_solar.html
- e) http://www.nrel.gov/learning/re\_biomass.html
- f) <a href="http://www.mnre.gov.in/schemes/grid-connected/biomass-powercogen/">http://www.mnre.gov.in/schemes/grid-connected/biomass-powercogen/</a>
- g) <u>http://www.epa.gov/climatestudents/</u>
- h) <u>http://www.climatecentral.org</u>
- i) <u>http://www.envis.nic.in/</u>
- j) <u>https://www.overshootday.org/</u>
- k) <u>http://www.footprintcalculator.org/</u>
- I) <u>https://www.carbonfootprint.com/calculator.aspx</u>

#### 15. PO-COMPETENCY-CO MAPPING

Semester II	En	Environment and Sustainability (Course Code:)							)
		POs and PSOs							
Competency & Course Outcomes	PO 1 Basic & Discipline specific knowledg e	PO 2 Proble m Analysi s	PO 3 Design/ develop ment of solutio ns	PO 4 Engineering Tools, Experiment ation &Testing	PO 5 Engineering practices for society, sustainability & environment	PO 6 Project Manageme nt	PO 7 Life-long learning	PSO 1 Environm ental planning & deisgn	<b>PSO 2</b> Execution & Maintenan ce
Competency - Adopt the su	stainable	practi	ces to r	esolve the	environme	nt related	issues	-	
a. Adopt relevant ecofriendly product in the given situation to protect ecosystem	2	1	1	-	2	1	1	2	2
b. use relevant method of pollution reduction in the given situation	2	2	1	1	2	-	2	2	2
c. Use of renewable resources of energy for sustainable development	2	2	2	1	2	2	1	2	2
d. Use the relevant techniques in given context to reduce impact due to climate change	2	2	2	1	2	1	2	2	2
e. Use relevant laws and policies for developing the sustainable environmental development	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	2

Legend: '3' for high, '2' for medium, '1' for low or '2' for the relevant correlation of each competency, CO, with PO/ PSO

#### 16. COURSE CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE

#### **GTU Resource Persons**

S. No.	Name and Designation	Institute	Contact No.	Email
1	Dr. Jayesh Shah	Ass. Dean GTU, Pacific School of Engineering, Surat	9825436342	jayesh.shah.23021971 @gmail.com
2	Mrs. Jini Sunil	Shri K.J. Polytechnic, Bharuch	9601880636	jinivt@rediffmail.com

# NITTTR Resource Persons

S. No	Name and Designation	Dept.	Contact No.	Email
1	Dr. V.D.Patil, Associate Professor, DCEEE	DCEEE	9422346736	vdpatil@nitttrbpl.ac.in
2	Prof. M.C.Paliwal, Associate Professor, DCEEE	DCEEE	9407271980	mcpaliwal@nitttrbpl.ac.in

# **OGUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY (GTU)**

#### Competency-focused Outcome-based Green Curriculum-2021 (COGC-2021)

I &II – Semester Course Title: **Physics** (Course Code: 4300005)

Diploma programme in which this course is offered	Semester in which offered	
Biomedical Engineering, Electronics and Communication	First	
Engineering, Instrumentation & Control, Printing Technology	FIISL	
Computer Engineering, Electrical Engineering, Information	Second	
Technology, Power Electronics	Second	

#### 1. RATIONALE

Physics is branch of science mainly deals with interaction of energy and matter and considered as the mother of all engineering disciplines. Diploma engineers (technologists) have to deal with various materials while using/ maintaining machines. More over the basic knowledge of principles of physics helps diploma students to lay foundations of core engineering courses. The laws and principles of physics, formulae and knowledge of physical phenomena and physical properties provides a means of estimating the behavior of things before we design and observe them. This course of physics has been designed as per program requirements to help students to study the relevant core engineering courses. The complicated derivations have been avoided and micro projects are introduced. This course will help the diploma engineers to use/apply the basic concepts and principles of physics solve well designed engineering problems and comprehend different technology-based applications.

# 2. COMPETENCY

The purpose of this course is to help the student to attain the following industry identified competency through various teaching learning experiences:

• Use principles of physics to solve broadly defined engineering problems.

#### 3. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

The practical exercises, the underpinning knowledge and the relevant soft skills associated with this competency are to be developed in the student to display the following COs:

- a) Use relevant instruments with precision to measure the dimension of given physical quantities in various engineering situations.
- b) Apply the concepts of electrostatics and capacitance for engineering applications.
- Apply the basic concepts of heat transfer and thermometric properties to provide solutions for various engineering problems.
- d) Use the concept of waves and sound waves for various engineering applications involving wave dynamics.
- e) Use the concepts of LASER and Fiber optics for various engineering applications.

Teachi	ing Sch	neme	Total Credits	Examination Scheme				
(In	Hours	s)	(L+T+P/2)	Theory Marks Practical Marks			Total	
L	Т	Р	С	CA	ESE	CA	ESE	Marks
3	-	2	4	30*	70	25	25	150

#### 4. TEACHING AND EXAMINATION SCHEME

(\*): Out of 30 marks under the theory CA, 10 marks are for assessment of the micro-project to facilitate integration of COs and the remaining 20 marks is the average of 2 tests to be taken during the semester for the assessing the attainment of the cognitive domain UOs required for the attainment of the COs.

**Legends:** L-Lecture; **T** – Tutorial/Teacher Guided Theory Practice; **P** - Practical; **C** – Credit, **CA** - Continuous Assessment; **ESE** - End Semester Examination.

# 5. SUGGESTED PRACTICAL EXERCISES

The following practical outcomes (PrOs) that are the sub-components of the COs. Some of the **PrOs** marked '\*' are compulsory, as they are crucial for that particular CO. These PrOs need to be attained at least at the 'Precision Level' of Dave's Taxonomy related to 'Psychomotor Domain'.

S. No.	Practical Outcomes (PrOs)	Unit No.	Approx. Hrs. required
1	Use Vernier calipers to measure the dimensions of a given object.	I	02*
2	Use micrometer screw gauge to measure diameter of a given wire and determine volume of a given metallic piece.	I	02
3	Use a parallel plate capacitor to investigate the dependence of capacitance of a parallel plate capacitor on various factors.	II	02*
4	Use principles of series and parallel combinations of capacitance in solving various electrical circuits.	II	02
5	Use different types of thermometers to measure temperature of a hot bath and convert it into different scales.		02*
6	Use Searle's method to measure the coefficient of thermal conductivity of a given metallic rod.		02
7	Use Searle's method to determine the coefficient of linear expansion of the given metallic rod.		02
8	Use sonometer to find the frequency of given tuning fork.	IV	02*
9	Use resonance tube to determine velocity of sound in air at room temperature.	IV	02
10	Determine the refractive index of given semi-circular glass block using TIR.	V	02*
11	Determine refractive index of liquid by concave mirror.	V	02
12	Determine the value of the numerical aperture (NA) of given optical fibre.	V	02

S. No.	Practical Outcomes (PrOs)	Unit No.	Approx. Hrs. required
13	Use ultrasonic interferometer to determine the velocity of ultrasonic waves in different liquids.	V	02
14	Use electrical vibrator to find the frequency of AC mains.	V	02
	Total		28

#### <u>Note</u>

- *i.* More **Practical Exercises** can be designed and offered by the respective course teacher to develop the industry relevant skills/outcomes to match the COs. The above table is only a suggestive list.
- *ii. The following are some* **sample** 'Process' and 'Product' related skills (more may be added/deleted depending on the course) that occur in the above listed **Practical Exercises** of this course required which are embedded in the COs and ultimately the competency.

S. No.	Sample Performance Indicators for the PrOs	Weightage in %
1	Prepare of experimental setup	20
2	Operate the equipment setup or circuit	20
3	Follow safe practices measures	10
4	Record observations correctly	20
5	Interpret the result and conclude	30
	Total	100

# 6. MAJOR EQUIPMENT/ INSTRUMENTS AND SOFTWARE REQUIRED

These major equipment/instruments and Software required to develop PrOs are given below with broad specifications to facilitate procurement of them by the administrators/management of the institutes. This will ensure conduction of practical in all institutions across the state in proper way so that the desired skills are developed in students.

Sr. No.	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications	PrO. No.
1	Vernier caliper analog - least count- 0.02 mm	1
2	Micrometer screw gauge analog (0-25 mm) – least count 0.01mm	2
3	Parallel plate capacitor (variable plate distance and area)	3
4	Digital capacitance meter	3, 4
5	Hot water bath	5
6	Mercury filled glass thermometer 0-110 °C, Mercury filled glass thermometer 0-250 °C., digital food thermometer, bimetallic thermometer.	5

Sr. No.	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications	PrO. No.
7	Clamp with stand.	5
8	Searle's thermal conductivity apparatus - made up of pure copper and outer boxes are of wooden polished material, 04 thermometers, steam boiler, measuring cylinder, constant water level tank, pinch cork, stop watch (1/100 s), rubber tube.	6
9	Linear expansion apparatus, steam generator, rubber tubing, metal rods of aluminum, iron, copper, brass, and steel.	7
10	A Sonometer with a tuning fork set and two sharp edge wedges and a weight box.	8
11	Resonance tube apparatus, tuning forks of different frequencies, rubber pad, thermometer	9
12	Semi-circular glass block	10
13	Laser light pen	10
14	A concave mirror, stand, pointer	11
15	Complete set up to determine numerical aperture (NA) of optical fiber with LASER source.	12
16	Hot plate (1800 W)	6, 7
17	Ultrasonic interferometer - gold plated quartz crystal, operating voltage - 220 Volt, display - analog, frequency - 2MHz with position control	13
18	Electrical Vibrator, uniform cord, weight pan, weight box, pulley, meter scale, sensitive balance	14

# 7. AFFECTIVE DOMAIN OUTCOMES

The following *sample* Affective Domain Outcomes (ADOs) are embedded in many of the above-mentioned COs and PrOs. More could be added to fulfil the development of this competency.

- a) Work as a leader/a team member.
- b) Follow ethical practices.
- c) Follow safe practices
- d) Handle equipment carefully

e) Practice energy saving processes.

f) Practice environmentally friendly methods and processes. (Environment related)

The ADOs are best developed through the laboratory/field-based exercises. Moreover, the level of achievement of the ADOs according to Krathwohl's 'Affective Domain Taxonomy' should gradually increase as planned below:

- i. 'Valuing Level' in 1<sup>st</sup> year
- ii. 'Organization Level' in 2<sup>nd</sup> year.
- iii. 'Characterization Level' in 3<sup>rd</sup> year.

# 8. UNDERPINNING THEORY

The major underpinning theory is given below based on the higher level UOs of *Revised Bloom's taxonomy* that are formulated for development of the COs and competency. If required, more such higher level UOs could be included by the course teacher to focus on attainment of COs and competency.

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics		
	(4 to 6 UOs at different levels)			
Unit – I:	1.a Explain physical quantities	1.1 Measurement and units in		
	and their units.	engineering and science		
Units and	1.b Convert unit of a given	1.2 Physical quantities; fundamental		
Measurements	physical quantity in one	and derived quantities,		
	system of units into another	1.3 Systems of units: CGS, MKS and SI,		
	systems of units.	definition of units (only for		
	1.c Explain methods to measure	information and not to be asked in		
	the dimensions of given	examination), Interconversion of		
	object by using relevant	units MKS to CGS and vice versa,		
	instruments.	requirements of standard unit,		
	1.d Estimate errors in the	1.4 Vernier caliper, Micrometer screw		
	measurement.	gauge		
	1.e Apply the concept of least	1.5 Accuracy, precision and error,		
	count, errors and significant	estimation of errors - absolute		
	figures to solve the given	error, relative error and percentage		
	problems.	error, error propagation, significant		
		figures		
Unit – II:	2.a Explain Coulomb's inverse	2.1 Charge, unit of charge, Coulomb's		
_	square law and apply it on			
Electrostatics	system of charges.	2.2 Electric field, electric field lines and		
	2.b Explain an electric field,	Its properties		
	electric flux, electric	2.3 Electric flux, electric potential and		
		ophy)		
	2 c Explain the concents of a	2.4 Capacitor and its capacitance		
	capacitor capacitance and	(C - O/V) Working of the parallel		
	working of parallel plate	(C = Q/V), working of the parameter		
	canacitor	capacitor, formula $(L = \varepsilon_0 \frac{1}{d})$ ,		
	2.d Apply the concept of series	types of capacitors: Plane, spherical		
	and parallel combination of	& cylindrical (Information only)		
	capacitors to solve problems	2.5 Equivalent capacitance of		
	in electrical circuits.	capacitors in series and in parallel		
		combinations.		
		2.6 Effect of dielectric material on the		
		capacitance of parallel plate		
	2 a Distinguish batwaan Uast	Capacitor. (NO Derivation)		
Unit – III:	and Tomporature	2.2 Modes of Heat transfer:		
Heat and	and reinperdure. 3 h Explain modes of heat	5.2 Would of Heat transfer.		
Unit – III: Heat and	in electrical circuits. 3.a Distinguish between Heat and Temperature. 3.b Explain modes of heat	<ul> <li>capacitors in series and in parallel combinations.</li> <li>2.6 Effect of dielectric material on the capacitance of parallel plate capacitor. (No Derivation)</li> <li>3.1 Heat and Temperature</li> <li>3.2 Modes of Heat transfer: Conduction, Convection and</li> </ul>		

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics
•	(4 to 6 UOs at different levels)	
Thermometry	transmission	Radiation
include y	3.c Explain various temperature	3.3 Temperature measurement scales:
	scales and conversion	Kelvin. Celsius and Fahrenheit and
	between them.	interconversion between them
	3.d Explain Heat Capacity and	3.4 Heat Capacity and Specific Heat
	Specific Heat	3.5 Types of thermometers (Mercury
	3.e Explain types of	thermometer. Bimetallic
	thermometers and their	thermometer. Platinum resistance
	uses.	thermometer. Pyrometer) and their
	3.f Apply the concept of co-	uses
	efficient of thermal	3.6 Coefficient of thermal conductivity
	conductivity to solve	and its engineering applications
	engineering problems.	3.7 Expansion of solids, coefficient of
	3.g Explain expansion in solids	linear expansion
	and coefficient of linear	·
	expansions in solids.	
Unit – IV:	4.a Explain wave and wave	4.1 Waves, wave motion, and types of
	motion with example.	waves: longitudinal and transverse
Wave motion	4.b Distinguish between	waves
and its	longitudinal and transverse	4.2 Frequency, periodic time,
applications	waves.	amplitude, wave length and wave
	4.c Explain frequency, periodic	velocity and their relationship
	time, amplitude, wave length	4.3 Properties of sound and light waves
	and wave velocity.	4.4 phase, phase difference and various
	4.d Explain sound waves, light	terms of wave equation $(y =$
	waves and their properties	$Asin(\omega t + \varphi))$ [NO equations of
	4.e Explain amplitude, phase,	velocity and acceleration]
	phase difference and wave	4.5 Superposition of waves,
	equation.	Interference: constructive and
	4.f Explain principle of	destructive interference , condition
	superposition of waves,	for stationary interference pattern,
	interference and beat	beat formation
	formation.	4.6 Ultrasonic waves, production of
	4.g Explain ultrasonic waves,	ultrasonic waves – magnetostriction
	production and their	and piezoelectric method, their
	properties.	properties, applications of
	4.h Explain engineering and	ultrasonic waves in the field of
	medical applications of	engineering and medical
	ultrasonic waves.	
Unit – V:	5.a Apply Snell's law to calculate	5.1 Refraction, refractive index and
	retractive index of given	Snell's law
Uptics and	meaium	5.2 Iotal internal reflection, critical
ivioaern Dhusiss	5.0 Explain the phenomenon of	angle and necessary conditions for
Physics	total internal reflection	Local Internal reflection
	5.c Explain LASER and It's in	5.3 Application of total internal

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics
	(4 to 6 UOs at different levels)	
	<ul> <li>engineering and medical applications.</li> <li>5.d Explain construction and working principle of step index and graded index optical fibers.</li> <li>5.e Comprehend engineering and medical applications of optical fiber.</li> </ul>	reflection in optical fire 5.4 LASER, characteristics of LASER, differences between LASER and ordinary light 5.5 Applications of LASER in engineering and medical field. 5.6 Optical fiber and light propagation through optical fiber, acceptance angle and numerical aperture 5.7 Step index and graded index 5.8 Applications of optical fiber in engineering and medical. 5.9 Advantages of optical fiber over coaxial cable.

**Note**: The UOs need to be formulated at the 'Applcation Level' and above of Revised Bloom's Taxonomy' to accelerate the attainment of the COs and the competency.

- 'Definition of units' is only for information and not to be asked in examination.
- Students can be introduced to system of units other than SI, MKS, CGS unit systems.
- Application level based numerical should be given at the time of instruction and assessment in each unit.
- Only scalar treatment is to be given to Coulomb's law (No Vector Treatment)
- Concept of electric potential and potential difference is constrained to Point charge only.
- Types of capacitors: parallel plate, spherical & cylindrical are for information point of view only.
- Types of Optical Fiber: Step index and Graded index (Only Single mode)

# 9. SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION TABLE FOR QUESTION PAPER DESIGN

Unit	Unit Title	Teaching	Distribution of Theory Marks				
No.		Hours	R	U	Α	Total	
			Level	Level	Level	Marks	
Ι	Units and Measurements	8	4	4	5	13	
II	Electrostatics	8	4	4	5	13	
111	Heat and Thermometry	8	2	5	6	13	
IV	Wave motion and its applications	9	4	6	5	15	
V	Optics and Modern Physics	9	4	7	5	16	
	Total	42	18	26	26	70	

**Legends:** R=Remember, U=Understand, A=Apply and above (Revised Bloom's taxonomy) <u>Note</u>: This specification table provides general guidelines to assist student for their learning and to teachers to teach and question paper designers/setters to formulate test items/questions to assess the attainment of the UOs. The actual distribution of marks at different taxonomy levels (of R, U and A) in the question paper may slightly vary from above table.

# **10.** SUGGESTED STUDENT ACTIVITIES

Other than the classroom and laboratory learning, following are the suggested studentrelated **co-curricular** activities which can be undertaken to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course: Students should conduct following activities in group and prepare small reports of about 5 pages for each activity. They should also collect/record physical evidences such as photographs/videos of the activities for their (student's) portfolio which will be useful for their placement interviews:

- a) Prepare model to demonstrate concepts of physics
- b) Undertake micro-projects in teams
- c) Give seminar on any relevant topic.
- d) Measure physical quantities using smart phone.
- e) Prepare showcase portfolios.

# **11.** SUGGESTED SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES (if any)

These are sample strategies, which the teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course:

- a) Massive open online courses (MOOCs) may be used to teach various topics/sub topics.
- b) Guide student(s) in undertaking micro-projects.
- c) *'L' in section No. 4* means different types of teaching methods that are to be employed by teachers to develop the outcomes.
- d) About **20% of the topics/sub-topics** which are relatively simpler or descriptive in nature is to be given to the students for **self-learning**, but to be assessed using different assessment methods.
- e) With respect to *section No.10*, teachers need to ensure to create opportunities and provisions for *co-curricular activities*.
- f) Guide students on how to address issues on environment and sustainability using the knowledge of this course

# **12.** SUGGESTED MICRO-PROJECTS

**Only one micro-project** is planned to be undertaken by a student that needs to be assigned to him/her in the beginning of the semester. In the first four semesters, the micro-project are group-based (group of 3 to 5). However, **in the fifth and sixth semesters**, the number of students in the group should **not exceed three**.

The micro-project could be industry application based, internet-based, workshopbased, laboratory-based or field-based. Each micro-project should encompass two or more COs which are in fact, an integration of PrOs, UOs and ADOs. Each student will have to maintain dated work diary consisting of individual contribution in the project work and give a seminar presentation of it before submission. The duration of the microproject should be about **14-16** (*fourteen to sixteen*) *student engagement hours* during the course.The students ought to submit micro-project by the end of the semester (so that they develop the industryoriented COs). A suggestive list of micro-projects is given here. This should relate highly with competency of the course and the COs. Similar micro-projects could be added by the concerned course teacher:

- a) Measurement: Measure physical quantities using smart phone applications.
- b) Prepare proto type Vernier calipers of given least count.
- c) Arduino: Physical quantities such as Voltage, Magnetic field, Temperature, Light, Sound and distance can be measured with the help of low-cost sensors and Arduino.
- d) Paper Capacitor: Aluminum foil and tissue paper can be used to make cylindrical capacitor.
- e) Variable capacitor: Two copper cylinders and plastic pipe can be used to make variable capacitor.
- f) Sugar and bending of light: prepare a solution of sugar and water to demonstrate bending of light (using semiconductor LASER).
- g) Fiber optics: prepare an optical fiber cable using transparent flexible plastic tube, laser and water to demonstrate the property of optical fiber cable.

#### 13. SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES

S. No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication with place, year and ISBN
1	SEARS and ZEMANSKY'S	Hugh D. Young &	Person Publication
	University Physics with	Roger A.	14th Edition, USA,
	modern Physics	Freedman	ISBN 10: 0-321-97361-5;
			ISBN 13: 978-0-321-97361-0
			(Student edition)
2	Physics for Scientists and	John W. Jewett &	CENGAGE Learning, 2010, Boston,
	Engineers with Modern	Raymond A.	10 <sup>11</sup> edition, ISBN-10: 1337553298
	Physics	Serway	
3	University Physics	William Moebs,	OPENSTAX, 2016, Houston, Texas
	(Volume I, II & III) (Open-	Samuel J. Ling &	ISBN-13: 1-947172-20-4
	source Material)	Jeff Sanny	*b
4	PHYSICS for SCIENTISTS &	Douglas C.	Pearson, 2015, 7 <sup>th</sup> edition, Delhi,
	ENGINEERS with Modern	Giancoli	ISBN-13: 978-1292057125
	Physics		**
5	Principles of Physics	Jearl Ealker, David	Wiley India, 2015, Navi Mumbai 10"
		Halliday, Robert	edition,
		Resnick	ISBN-13: 978-8126552566
6	Physics in Daily Life With	L.J.F. Hermans &	EDP Sciences, 2012, France
	illustrations	Wiebke	ISBN: 978-2-7598-0705-5
		Drenckhan	
7	Introductory Physics:	Ryan Martin,	Creative Commons license, 2019,
	Building Models to	Emma Neary,	GitHub
	Describe Our World	Joshua Rinaldo &	
	(Open-Source Material)	Olivia Woodman	
8	Concept of Physics	H.C. Verma	Bharati Bhavan Publishers, 2017, 1 <sup>st</sup>
	(volume I & II)		edition, New Delhi, ISSBN-13: 978-
			8177091878

S. No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication with place, year and ISBN
9	Introduction to Fiber	Ajoy Ghatak & K.	Cambridge University Press India
	optics	Thyagarajan	Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, ISBN:
			9780521577854

#### 14. SUGGESTED LEARNING WEBSITES

- a) www.williamson-labs.com
- b) www.cadsoft.io
- c) www.nptel.iitm.ac.in
- d) www.khanacademy
- e) www.olabs.edu.in
- f) www.vlab.co.in
- g) www.vlabs.iitb.ac.in
- h) www.vlab.amrita.edu
- i) www.praxilabs.com
- j) www.compadre.org/osp/
- k) www.datasheetcafe.com

#### 15. PO-COMPETENCY-CO MAPPING

Semester I/II	Physics (Course Code: 4300005)								
				POs					
Competency & Course Outcomes	PO 1 Basic & Discipline specific knowledge	PO 2 Problem Analysis	PO 3 Design/ development of solutions	PO 4 Engineering Tools, Experimentation &Testing	PO 5 Engineering practices for society, sustainability & environment	PO 6 Project Management	PO 7 Life-long learning		
<u>Competency</u> Use Principles of Physics to solve broadly defined engineering problems.	3	1	1	2	1	ł	1		
<u>Course Outcomes</u> CO a)Use relevant instruments with precision to measure the dimension of given physical quantities in various engineering situations.	3	1	1	2	-	-	1		
CO b) Apply the concepts of electrostatics and capacitance for engineering applications	3	1	1	2	-	-	1		
CO c) Apply the basic concepts of heat transfer and thermometric properties to provide solutions for various engineering problems.	3	1	1	2	1	-	1		
CO d) Use the concept of waves and sound waves for various engineering applications involving wave -dynamics.	3	1	1	2	1	-	1		
CO e)Use the concepts of LASER and Fiber optics for various engineering applications.	3	-	1	2	1	-	1		

Legend: '3' for high, '2' for medium, '1' for low or '-' for no correlation with CO and PO

#### 16. COURSE CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE

#### **GTU Resource Persons**

S. No.	Name and Designation	Institute	Contact No.	Email
1	Shri Dineshkumar V. Mehta Lecturer in Physics	Government Polytechnic, Gandhinagar	9879690825	<u>dv mehta@yahoo.com</u>
2	Lt (Dr.) Duhita B. Lakhatariya Lecturer in Physics	Government Polytechnic, Ahmedabad	9725201631	duhita.167@gmail.com
3	Shri Jignesh B. Chauhan Lecturer in Physics	Government Polytechnic, Kheda	9428486344	jbclph@gmail.com
4	Shri Aditya Kumar B. Patel Lecturer in Physics	K.D. Polytechnic, Patan	9979534522	graquantum@gmail.com
5	Late Dr. Gaurang S. Patel Lecturer in Physics	Dr. S. & S. S. Ghandhy College of Engineering & Technology, Surat	9909986859	goru16686@gmail.com

#### NITTTR Resource Person

S. No.	Name and Designation	Department	Contact No.	Email
1	Dr Hussain Jeevakhan Assistant Professor	Department of Applied science and education	0755-261600*360	hjeevakhan@nitttrbpl.ac.in

# **GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY (GTU)**

# Competency-focused Outcome-based Green Curriculum-2021 (COGC-2021) I – Semester

#### Course Title: Basic Engineering Drawing and Graphics (Course Code: 4300013)

Diploma programme in which this course is offered	Semester in which offered
Civil, Environment, Mining, Metallurgy, Plastics, Mechatronics, Textile Manufacturing, Textile Processing, Printing, Ceramics	First
Chemical Engineering, Electrical Engineering	Second

# 1. RATIONALE

Engineering drawing is a way of communication for engineers. It is a graphical language that essential for communicating design ideas and technical information to engineers in industry and other professionals throughout the design process. The purpose of an engineering drawing is to clearly and accurately capture all geometric features of a product or component so that a manufacturer or engineer can produce the required item. This course aims at development of fundamental understanding and application of engineering drawing so as to develop the ability to prepare, read and interpret drawings correctly and make aware of drafting practices, symbols, codes, norms and standards generally used in industries. It covers knowledge & application of drawing instruments & also familiarizes the learner about codified symbols and principles of technical drawing as per BIS (Bureau of Indian Standards): "SP 46:2003" standards. The course also intended to develop the sense of drawing sequence and imagination in the students and to use computer aided software to create engineering branch specific 2D entities.

# 2. COMPETENCY

The purpose of this course is to help the student to attain the following industry identified competency through various teaching learning experiences.

# • Prepare engineering drawings using prevailing drawing standards, drafting instruments and computer aided drafting software.

# 3. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

The practical exercises, the underpinning knowledge and the relevant soft skills associated with this competency are to be developed in the student to display the following COs:

- a) Use scales, drawing standards and drafting instruments as per BIS codes.
- b) Construct polygons, circles and lines with different geometric conditions.
- c) Construct engineering curves as per given dimensions.
- d) Draw the projection of points, lines and planes under different conditions.
- e) Draw orthographic views from isometric views of simple objects and vice versa.
- f) Use computer aided drafting software to draw 2D and 3D entities.

#### 4. TEACHING AND EXAMINATION SCHEME

Teachi	ing Sch	neme	Total Credits	Examination Scheme				
(In	Hours	s)	(L+T/2+P/2)	Theory	Theory Marks Practic		Marks	Total
L	Т	Р	С	CA	ESE	СА	ESE	Marks
2	-	4	4	30*	70	25	25	150

(\*): Out of 30 marks under the theory CA, 10 marks are for assessment of the micro-project to facilitate integration of COs and the remaining 20 marks is the average of 2 tests to be taken during the semester for the assessing the attainment of the cognitive domain UOs required for the attainment of the COs.

**Legends:** L-Lecture; T – Tutorial/Teacher Guided Theory Practice; P - Practical; C – Credit, CA - Continuous Assessment; ESE - End Semester Examination.

# 5. SUGGESTED PRACTICAL EXERCISES

The following practical outcomes (PrOs) are the sub-components of the COs. *These PrOs need to be attained to achieve COs.* 

S. No.	Practical Outcomes (PrOs)	Unit No.	Approx. Hrs. required
	Use of Drawing Instruments:		
	Draw following as per I.S.		
	1a. Draw different types of lines.		
	1b. Draw simple 2D entities and demonstrate the use of different		
1	types of dimensioning methods.	1,11,111	08
-	1c. Illustrate dimensioning of circle, arc, angle, square bar,		
	hexagonal bar, cylinder & sphere through figures.		
	1d. Draw 1st and 3rd angle orthographic projection symbols.		
	1e. Draw a typical Title block.		
	1f. Draw simple objects using reduced and enlarge scales.		
	Geometric Construction:		
	2a. Draw set of lines with different conditions (Four problems).		
	2b. Draw circle and arcs with different geometric conditions		
2	and constraints (Four problems).	IV	08
-	2c. Draw polygons by general methods (Triangle, square,		
	pentagon, hexagon, heptagon) (Three problems).		
	2d. Draw polygons by special methods (Pentagon, hexagon and		
	heptagon) (Three problems).		
	Engineering Curves (Conic Sections):		
	3a. Construct ellipse using concentric circle method, four center		
	method, arc of circle method, rectangle method, oblong		
	method and eccentricity method. (Any three methods)	V	04
3	3b. Construct parabola using rectangular method,	•	01
	parallelogram method, tangent method and eccentricity		
	method. (Any two methods)		
	3c. Construct hyperbola using rectangular method, oblique		
	method and eccentricity method. (Any two methods)		

S. No.	Practical Outcomes (PrOs)		Approx. Hrs. required
	Projections of Points and Lines:		
л	4a. Draw projection of points (For 10 various conditions).	VI	04
4	4b. Draw projection of lines with different conditions (Five		
	problems).		
	Projections of Planes:		
5	Draw projections of different planar entities with different	VI	04
5	conditions. (Triangle, square/rectangular, pentagonal, hexagonal		
	and circular – One for each) (Five problems).		
	Orthographic Projections:	VII	08
6	Draw Orthographic projections of different objects (three views	VII	00
	of each object) (Four problems).		
	Isometric Projections:	VIII	08
7	Draw isometric drawing from given orthographic views (Four	viii	00
	problems).		
_	Draw basic 2D entities like: Rectangle, Rhombus, Polygon,	іх	02
8	Circles, Arcs, circular and rectangular array, blocks using		02
	AutoCAD (Print out should be a part of progressive assessment)		
9	Draw two complex branch specific components in 2D using	IX	02
	AutoCAD (Print out should be a part of progressive assessment)		
10	Draw 6-7 engineering branch specific components (Minimum		
	two should be based on real industrial components selected by	IX	08
	student as student activity and approved by teacher) using		
	AutoCAD. Also take print outs of the same.		
	Total		56

# <u>Note</u>

- i. Note: The teacher should demonstrate -
  - Use of drawing instruments.
  - Planning and layout of drawing sheet as per IS code.
  - Scaling technique.
- *ii.* More **Practical Exercises** can be designed and offered by the respective course teacher to develop the industry relevant skills/outcomes to match the COs. The above table is only a suggestive list.
- *iii.* The following are some **sample** 'Process' and 'Product' related skills (more may be added/deleted depending on the course) that occur in the above listed **Practical Exercises** of this course required which are embedded in the COs and ultimately the competency.
- iv. Teachers should encourage students for optimum use of drawing sheet space. Further, instruct them to use both sides of a drawing sheet. For example, draw sheet number 2 on back side of sheet number 1, 4 on back of 3, and likewise.
- *v. First angle orthographic projection and IS codes* (Engineering Drawing Practices for School and Colleges SP 46:2003) *should be followed wherever applicable.*
- vi. The dimensions of line, axes, distances, angle, side of polygon, diameter, etc. must be varied for each student in batch so that each student will have same problems, but with different dimensions.

- vii. The sketchbook should contain data related to all problems, solutions of all problems and student activities performed. Students' activities are compulsory to be performed.
- viii. A hand out containing applicable standards from IS codes including title block as per IS standard should be given to each student by concerned teacher.
- *ix.* For 25 marks Practical Marks ESE, students are to be assessed for competencies achieved. Students are to be given data for practical ESE to prepare drawings.

S. No.	Sample Performance Indicators for the PrOs	Weightage in %
1	Drawing planning and layout (for optimum use of drawing sheet)	10
2	Use of appropriate instruments, lines, dimensioning & annotations	20
3	Completing given practice problems	30
4	Accuracy of drawing	10
4	Neatness of drawing	10
5	Timely submission of completed drawing sheet	10
6	Answering viva voce questions	10
Total		100

**Note:** Use above sample assessment scheme for practical exercises 1 to 7.

S. No.	Sample Performance Indicators for the PrOs	Weightage in
		%
1	Developing/ using Institute Template	20
2	Selecting relevant set up parameters	05
3	Creating given drawing using relevant Commands.	40
4	Dimensioning the given drawing and writing text using blocks and	15
	layers effectively.	
5	Answer to sample questions	10
6	Submission of digital drawing file/plot in time	10
	Total	100

Note: Use above sample assessment scheme for practical exercises 8 to 10.

#### 6. MAJOR EQUIPMENT/ INSTRUMENTS REQUIRED

These major equipment with broad specifications for the PrOs is a guide to procure them by the administrators to usher in uniformity of practicals in all institutions across the state.

S. No.	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications	PrO. No.
1	Drawing instruments for class room teaching (Large Size).	1 to 7
2	Models of various objects (Mechanical, Electrical, Civil etc.).	3 to 7
3	Set of various drawings being used by industries/developed by experienced teachers.	1 to 7
4	Drawing Board (B2) & Mini Drafter.	1 to 7
5	Other Instruments: T-Square, Set square (45° and 30°-60°), Roller Scale, Protector, Drawing Compass, Dividers, Drawing Pencils	1 to 7

S. No.	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications	PrO. No.
	(Clutch Pencil with H & 2H Lead), Lead Box (H & 2H – 0.5 or 0.7 mm) Circle Master, French Curves, Stencils (8-6-4 mm, All in One), Eraser, Drawing sheets, Drawing Pins/Clips, Sheet Container and Drawing instrument box.	
6	Interactive board with LCD overhead projector	All
7	CAD Workstation: i7, 2 GB RAM, 320 GB HDD, 17" Screen, 1 GHz. (Minimum requirement)	8 to 10
8	Plotter: Print resolution Up to 1200 x 600 dpi, 16 MB Memory	8 to 10
9	Licensed latest network version of AutoCAD software	8 to 10

# 7. AFFECTIVE DOMAIN OUTCOMES

The following *sample* Affective Domain Outcomes (ADOs) are embedded in many of the above mentioned COs and PrOs. More could be added to fulfill the development of this course competency.

- a) Work as a leader/a team member.
- b) Follow safety practices. Particularly don't use razor or blade to sharpen the pencils.
- c) Follow ethical practices.
- d) Maintain cleanliness.
- e) Practice environmental friendly methods and processes. (Environment related)
- f) Shutdown the CAD workstation if not in use.

The ADOs are best developed through the laboratory/field based exercises. Moreover, the level of achievement of the ADOs according to Krathwohl's 'Affective Domain Taxonomy' should gradually increase as planned below:

- i. 'Valuing Level' in 1<sup>st</sup> year
- ii. 'Organization Level' in 2<sup>nd</sup> year.
- iii. 'Characterization Level' in 3<sup>rd</sup> year.

# 8. UNDERPINNING THEORY

The major underpinning theory is given below based on the higher level UOs of Revised Bloom's taxonomy that are formulated for development of the COs and competency. If required, more such UOs could be included by the course teacher to focus on attainment of COs and competency.

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics	
	(4 to 6 UOs at different levels)		
Unit – I	<ol> <li>Use drawing instruments and materials effectively.</li> </ol>	<ul><li>1.1 Drawing instruments and materials.</li><li>a) Instruments-types,</li></ul>	
Engineering Drawing		specifications, method to use them and applications.	
Aids		<ul> <li>b) Pencils-grades, papers-grades, applications, types of points and applications.</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>Other materials-types and applications.</li> </ul>	
Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)		Topics and Sub-topics
-------------	---	-----	--------------------------------------
	(4 to 6 UOs at different levels)		
Unit – II	2a. Follow and apply standard	2.1	. I.S. cods for planning and layout.
	practice as per B.I.S. for	2.2	. Scaling technique used in drawing:
Planning	planning and layout.		a) Plain Scale
Layout and	2b. Choose appropriate scale		b) Diagonal Scale
Scaling of	factor for the drawing as per		
Drawing	the given situation with justification.		
Unit– III	3a. Write annotations on the given	3.1	Different types of lines.
	drawing where ever necessary.	3.2	Lettering.
Lines,	3b. Choose appropriate line and	3.3	Dimensioning methods.
Lettering	dimensioning style for the given		a) Aligned method.
and	Geometrical entity.		b) Unilateral with chain, parallel,
Dimension-			progressive and combined
ing			dimensioning.
Unit– IV	4a. Draw polygons, circles and lines	4.1	Geometric construction related with
	with the given geometric	4.2	line.
Geometric	conditions.	4.Z	Geometric construction related with
Construc-		43	Geometric construction related with
tion			circle & arc.
		4.4	Construct polygons:
			a) Hexagon: Using drawing tools.
			b) Polygon (Triangle, square,
			pentagon, hexagon and
			heptagon) by general method.
			c) Polygon (Pentagon, hexagon and
			heptagon) by special method.
Unit– V	5a. Draw engineering curves with	5.1	Conic sections.
	dimonsions		a) Concept and understanding of
Engineering	umensions.		focus, directrix, vertex and
Curves			sections.
			b) Using various methods.
			understand construction and
			application of :
		1	• Ellipse.
			• Parabola.
			• Hyperbola.
Unit– VI	6a.Draw the projection of points,	6.1	Concept of quadrant.
	lines and planes with different	6.2	Reference planes, orthographic
Projection	conditions in first angle	6.2	projections.
of Points,	projection.	b.3	1st angle and 3rd angle projection

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics
	(4 to 6 UOs at different levels)	
Lines and Planes	6b. Find out true shape and size of an inclined line or plane.	<ul> <li>and their symbols.</li> <li>6.4 Projection of points.</li> <li>6.5 Projection of lines – determination of true length and inclinations for following cases.</li> <li>a) Line parallel to one or both the plane.</li> <li>b) Line perpendicular to one of the planes.</li> <li>c) Line inclined to one plane and parallel to another.</li> <li>d) Line inclined to both the planes.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>6.6 Projection of Planes.</li> <li>a) Type of planes.</li> <li>b) Projections of planar object parallel to one of the reference planes.</li> <li>c) Projections of planar object inclined to one reference plane and perpendicular to another.</li> <li>d) Projections of planar object inclined to both reference planes.</li> <li>Note: Planar objects like Triangle, Square / rectangle, pentagon, hexagon</li> </ul>
Unit– VII	7a. Draw the orthographic views of	and circle shape should be considered. 7.1 Types of projections-orthographic,
Ortho- graphic Projection	objects containing lines, circles and arc geometry. 7b. Interpret given orthographic views to imagine the shape of the component.	<ul> <li>perspective, isometric and oblique: concept and applications.</li> <li>7.2 Various term associated with orthographic projections.</li> <li>a) Theory of projection.</li> <li>b) Methods of projection.</li> <li>c) Orthographic projection.</li> <li>d) Planes of projection.</li> <li>7.3 Conversion of simple pictorial views into Orthographic views. Illustrative problems on orthographic projection.</li> <li>7.4 B.I.S. code of practice.</li> <li>Note: Problem should be restricted up to three views Front view/Elevation, Top view/Plan and Side views only. Use First</li> </ul>

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics
	(4 to 6 UOs at different levels)	
		Angle Method only.
Unit– VIII Isometric Projection	8a. Draw the isometric view from orthographic views of object/s containing lines, circles, arcs and slant surfaces.	<ul> <li>8.1 Isometric axis, lines and planes.</li> <li>8.2 Isometric scales.</li> <li>8.3 Isometric view and isometric drawing.</li> <li>8.4 Difference between isometric projection and isometric drawing.</li> <li>8.5 Illustrative problems limited to objects Containing lines, circles and arcs shape only.</li> </ul>
Unit– IX Computer Aided Drafting using AutoCAD	<ul> <li>9a. Draw basic 2D entities using AutoCAD software.</li> <li>9b. Prepare 2D drawing of simple engineering components using AutoCAD software.</li> <li>9c. Printing of digital drawings using Printer/plotter.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>9.1 Basic knowledge of computer hardware, software and System requirement, understanding the interface.</li> <li>9.2 AutoCAD main window elements: Title bar, standard tool bar, menu bar, object properties tool bar, draw tool bar, modify toolbar, cursor cross hair, command window, status bar, drawing area, UCS icon.</li> <li>9.3 File features: New file, Saving the file, Opening an existing drawing file, Creating Templates, Quit.</li> <li>9.4 Setting up new drawing, Units, Limits. Using Grid, Snap, Ortho, Object Snap.</li> <li>9.5 Methods of Specifying points: Absolute coordinates, Relative Cartesian &amp; Polar coordinates.</li> <li>9.6 Draw basic entities like Line, Circle, Arc, Polygon, Ellipse, Rectangle, Multiline, Poly Line.</li> <li>9.7 Modify and edit commands like trim, delete, copy, offset, array, block, layers.</li> <li>9.8 Dimensioning: Linear, Horizontal, Vertical, Aligned, Rotated, Baseline, Continuous, Diameter, Radius, Angular Dimensions.</li> <li>9.9 Editing dimensions.</li> <li>9.9 Editing dimensions.</li> <li>9.10 Text: Single line Text, Multiline toxt</li> </ul>
		text 9.11 Print/plot settings.

Unit	Unit Title	Teaching	Distribution of Theory Marks				
No.		Hours	R	U	Α	Total	
			Level	Level	Level	Marks	
	Engineering drawing aids	0	0	0	2	2	
Π	Planning, layout and scaling of drawing	0	2	0	3	5	
III	Lines, lettering and dimensioning	0	0	2	0	2	
IV	Geometric construction	3	0	3	7	10	
V	Engineering curves	3	1	0	5	6	
VI	Projection of points, lines and planes	8	3	0	14	17	
VII	Orthographic projections	6	0	0	12	12	
VIII	Isometric projections	5	0	2	8	10	
IX	Computer Aided Drafting using	2	1	0	Г	6	
	AutoCAD	5	Ţ	U	3	U	
	Total	28	7	7	56	70	

## 9. SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION TABLE FOR QUESTION PAPER DESIGN

**Legends:** R=Remember, U=Understand, A=Apply and above (Revised Bloom's taxonomy) <u>Note</u>: This specification table provides general guidelines to assist students for their learning and to teachers to teach and question paper designers/setters to formulate test items/questions to assess the attainment of the UOs. The actual distribution of marks at different taxonomy levels (of R, U and A) in the question paper may slightly vary from above table.

## **10.** SUGGESTED STUDENT ACTIVITIES

Other than the classroom and laboratory learning, following are the suggested studentrelated **co-curricular** activities which can be undertaken to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course: Students should perform following activities in group and prepare reports of about 5 pages for each activity. They should also collect/record physical evidences for their (student's) portfolio which may be useful for their placement interviews:

- a) Solve all problems for all sheets number 1 to 7 in sketch book (with complete data and dimensions).
- b) Take one circular shape (i.e. tyre). Assume one point on circumference and mark it. Roll that shape on flat and circular surface. Observe the path of point and correlate the same with respective engineering curve.
- c) Take two simple objects in your vicinity and sketch 3D isometric of them. Also draw 2D orthographic projections of them (all views). Try to clearly and accurately capture all the geometric features present in the selected objects. Also draw the same using AutoCAD software.
- d) Download soft copy of technical drawing of any engineering products. Read and interpret this drawing (e.g. Car, Cutting tools, gears, bearings etc.).
- e) Collect the orthographic views from your facilitator, at least three objects with few missing lines. The student will try to imagine the corresponding objects, complete the views and draw these views in sketch book.
- f) Create an institute template with institute logo using AutoCAD software.

- g) Explain at least one problem for construction and method of drawing in sheet to all batch colleagues. Teacher will assign the problem of particular sheet to be explained to each batch student.
- h) Each student will assess at least one sheet of other students (May be a group of 5-6 students identified by teacher can be taken) and will note down the mistakes committed by them. Student will also guide the students for correcting the mistakes, if any.

## **11.** SUGGESTED SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES (if any)

These are sample strategies, which the teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course:

- a) Massive open online courses (*MOOCs*) may be used to teach various topics/sub topics.
- b) Guide student(s) in undertaking micro-projects.
- c) *'L' in section No. 4* means different types of teaching methods that is to be employed by teachers to develop the outcomes.
- d) About **20% of the topics/sub-topics** which are relatively simpler or descriptive in nature is to be given to the students for **self-learning**, but to be assessed using different assessment methods.
- e) With respect to *section No.10*, teachers should create opportunities and provisions for *co-curricular activities*.
- f) Guide students for using BIS "SP 46:2003" standard

## **12.** SUGGESTED MICRO-PROJECTS

**Only one micro-project** is planned to be undertaken by a student that needs to be assigned to him/her in the beginning of the semester. In the first four semesters, the micro-project are group-based (group of 3 to 5). However, **in the fifth and sixth semesters**, the number of students in the group should **not exceed three**.

The micro-project could be industry application based, internet-based, workshopbased, laboratory-based or field-based. Each micro-project should encompass two or more COs which are in fact, an integration of PrOs, UOs and ADOs. Each student will have to maintain dated work diary consisting of individual contribution in the project work and give a seminar presentation of it before submission. The duration of the microproject should be about **14-16 (fourteen to sixteen) student engagement hours** during the course. The students ought to submit micro-project by the end of the semester to develop the industryoriented COs.

A suggestive list of micro-projects is given here. This has to match the competency and the COs. Similar micro-projects could be added by the concerned course teacher:

- a) Creating Digital Portfolio: Students should Observe and collect photographs and images of industrial/domestic components/items which contain or their functioning create shapes/features like polygon, ellipse, parabola, hyperbola.
- b) Technology in education: Refer websites related to use of virtual drawing instruments and environment like https://www.triumphcloud.com/, https://www.mathspad.co.uk/. Practice few problems using the virtual drawing instruments.
- c) **Model Making:** Students should Build 3D model of various object as per shape and dimension from thermocol, hardboard scrap, wooden scrap, plastic or metal scrap.

- d) **World of work connect:** Students should collect Production drawings, Building Drawings, Layouts from nearby workshops/industries/builders/contractors and try to
  - redraw types of lines used
  - redraw lettering styles used
  - list BIS code referred
  - list the symbols/annotations/dimensioning used
  - list the type of scales used. Compare the size of component on drawing sheet with actual component.
  - Redraw the 2D entities using AutoCAD software.

## **13.** SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES

S. No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication with place, year and ISBN
1	Engineering Drawing	N.D. Bhatt	Charotar Publishing House;Anand, 2014. ISBN : 9789380358963
2	Textbook of Engineering Drawing	P.J. Shah	S.Chand, New Delhi. 2013 ISBN : 9788121941822
3	Textbook of Engineering Drawing	R K Dhawan	S.Chand, New Delhi. 2013 ISBN : 9789352837373
4	Engineering Drawing	M.B. Shah, B.C. Rana	Pearsons. 2009 ISBN: 9788131759714
5	Engineering Drawing	Basant Agrawal, C. M. Agrawal	McGraw-Hill, 2019 ISBN : 9789353167448
6	Engineering Drawing Practices for School and Colleges SP 46:2003	Bureau of Indian Standards	Bureau of Indian Standards, Government of India, Third Reprint, October 1998; ISBN: 81-7061-091-2
7	Machine Design Includes AutoCAD	Ajeet Singh	Second Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Education Private Limited, New Delhi, 2018
8	AutoCAD 2020: A Problem- Solving Approach, Basic and Intermediate	Sham Tickoo	26th Edition, CADCIM Technologies, 2019
9	AutoCAD 2013, Command Reference Guide	Autodesk Inc.	Autodesk Inc.
10	AutoCAD User Guide	Autodesk	Autodesk Press, USA, 2015
11	Autodesk knowledge network, tutorials, documentation, downloads, troubleshooting articles: https://knowledge.autodes k.com/support	Autodesk Inc.	Autodesk Inc.

## 14. SOFTWARE/LEARNING WEBSITES

- a) https://www.youtube.com/results?search\_query=engineering+drawing
- b) https://www.youtube.com/c/MechanicalEnggSubjectsGTU/playlists

- c) https://youtu.be/MT1T31GtGpg
- d) https://youtu.be/WEwkepkv6mg
- e) https://youtu.be/trJQlvatIpl
- f) https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112/103/112103019
- g) https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112/105/112105294
- h) https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Engineering\_drawing
- i) https://www.slideshare.net/search/slideshow?searchfrom=header&q=engineering+d rawing
- https://www.scribd.com/search?content\_type=tops&page=1&query=engineering%2
   Odrawing&content\_types=tops,books,audiobooks,summaries,articles,documents,she
   et\_music,podcasts
- k) http://www.cognifront.com/tools.php https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bmAlJAMndwM
- I) https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=904\_RPjGJg4
- m) https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=jzlDouas0Wc
- n) https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=VuHdV38fyjc
- o) https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=iOzIIJge G0
- p) https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-l0iRdH3MbA
- q) https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vI5xhCD5mXQ
- r) https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GDrD9nEZ9LY

## 15. PO-COMPETENCY-CO MAPPING

Semester I & II	Basic Engineering Drawing and Graphics (Course Code: 4300013)								
	POs								
Competency & Course Outcomes	PO 1 Basic & Discipline specific knowledge	PO 2 Problem Analysis	PO 3 Design/ developme nt of solutions	PO 4 Engineering Tools, Experimentati on &Testing	PO 5 Engineering practices for society, sustainability & environment	PO 6 Project Management	PO 7 Life-long learning		
<u>Competency</u>	Prep	are engineeri	ng drawings	using prevailing	drawing standards and	l drafting instru	ments.		
<u>Course Outcomes</u> CO a)Use scales, drawing standards and drafting instruments as per BIS codes.	3	1	2	3	-	-	2		
CO b) Construct polygons, circles and lines with different geometric conditions	3	-	3	2	2	-	2		
CO c) Construct engineering curves as per given dimensions	3	-	3	2	2	-	2		
CO d)Draw the projection of points, lines and planes under different conditions.	3	-	3	2	2	-	2		
CO e)Draw orthographic views from isometric views of simple objects and vice versa.	3	2	3	2	2	2	2		
CO f) Use computer aided drafting software to draw 2D and 3D entities.	3	-	3	3	-	2	2		

Legend: '3' for high, '2' for medium, '1' for low and '-' for no correlation of each CO with PO.

#### **16. COURSE CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE**

#### **GTU Resource Persons**

S. No.	Name and Designation	Institute	Contact No.	Email
1	Mr. M.D.Naraniya,	Government Polytechnic,	0726716125	naraniya98
-	Lecturer in Mech. Engg.	Jamnagar	9720710133	@gmail.com
2	Mr. P.C. Chavda,	AV Parekh Technical	0078816065	pragneshchavda91
2	Lecturer in Mech. Engg.	Institute, Rajkot	9978810903	@gmail.com
2	Dr. S.S. Sonigra,	Government Polytechnic,	0427222120	sssonigra
5	Lecturer in Mech. Engg.	Rajkot	9427522129	@gmail.com
л	Dr. H.R. Sapramer	Dr. J.N.Mehta Polytechnic,	0426587107	merhamir
4	HOD, Mechanical Engg.	Amreli	9420387197	@gmail.com

## NITTTR Resource Persons

S. No.	Name and Designation	Department	Contact No.	Email
	Dr. Sharad K. Pradhan,	Mechanical	9300802353	spradhan@nitttrbpl.ac.in
1	Associate Professor	Engineering		
		Education		
	Dr. K.K. Join	Mechanical	9425017472	kkjain@nitttrbpl.ac.in
2	Dr. K.K. Jaili,	Engineering		
	PIDIESSU	Education		

## **GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY (GTU)**

## Competency-focused Outcome-based Green Curriculum-2021 (COGC-2021) Semester -II

## Course Title: Indian Constitution

(Course Code: 4300016)

Diploma programmes in which this course is offered	Semester in which
	offered
Auto Mobile, Bio Medical, Power Electronics, Plastic, Computer,	
IT, Chemical, Civil, Electrical, Electronics and Communication.	
Environmental, Information Technology, Instrumentation and	
Control, Marine, Mechanical, Mechatronics, Mettalurgy, Mining, Textile	Second
Processing Technology, Textile Manufacturing Technology,	
Architectural Assistantship, CADCAM, Ceramic, Fabrication	
Technology, Printing Technology, Textile Designing	

## 1. RATIONALE

This course will survey the basic structure and operative dimensions of Indian Constitution. It will explore various aspects of the Indian political and legal system from a historical perspective highlighting the various events that led to the making of the Indian Constitution. It will also socio-political equations. The various challenges faced by the constitution and the corresponding coping mechanisms would also be discussed. Broadly, the students would be exposed to the working of various institutions, offices and political debates ensuing from the operation of the Indian constitution in the last five decades.

## 2. COMPETENCY

Thepurpose of this course is to help the student to attain the following industry identified competency through various teaching learning experiences:

• Follow policies, processes, duties, rights and federal structure of Indian constitution as responsible citizens and engineer of the country.

## 3. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

The practical exercises, the underpinning knowledge and the relevant soft skills associated with the identified competency are to be developed in the student for the achievement of the following COs:

- a) List salient features and characteristics of the constitution of India.
- b) Follow fundamental responsibilities, privileges, rights and duties as responsible citizen and engineer of the country.
- c) Differentiate between state and central administrative setup of the country.
- d) Explain major constitutional amendment procedures and emergency provisions in the country
- e) Explain judicial setup and electoral process of the country.

#### 4. TEACHING AND EXAMINATION SCHEME

Teachi	ng Scł	neme	Total Credits	Exa		Examination Scheme				
(In	Hours	5)	(L+T+P/2)	Theory Marks		Theory Marks		Theory Marks Practical Marks		Total
L	Т	Ρ	С	СА	ESE	СА	ESE	Marks		
2	-	-	0	-	-	50*	-	50		

(\*): the marks distribution total internal assessment 50 marks

#### 5. SUGGESTED PRACTICAL EXERCISES -Not applicable

#### 6. MAJOR EQUIPMENT/ INSTRUMENTS REQUIRED-Not applicable

#### 7. AFFECTIVE DOMAIN OUTCOMES

The following *sample*Affective Domain Outcomes (ADOs) are embedded in many of the above mentioned COs and PrOs. More could be added to fulfil the development of this course t competency.

- a) Work as a leader/a team member.
- b) Follow constitutional duties and responsibilities
- c) Follow ethical practices.
- d) Practice environmental friendly methods and processes.

The ADOs are best developed through the laboratory/field based exercises. Moreover, the level of achievement of the ADOs according to Krathwohl's 'Affective Domain Taxonomy' should gradually increase as planned below:

- i. 'Valuing Level' in 1<sup>st</sup> year
- ii. 'Organization Level' in 2<sup>nd</sup> year.
- iii. 'Characterization Level' in 3<sup>rd</sup> year.

#### 8. UNDERPINNING THEORY

The major underpinning theory is given below based on the higher level UOs of *Revised Bloom's taxonomy* that are formulated for development of the COs and competency. If required, more such higher level UOs could be included by the course teacher to focus on attainment of COs and competency.

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics
	(4 to 6 UOs at different levels)	
Unit – I	1a. Explain the meaningof	1.1 Meaning of the constitution of India
Constituti	preamble of the constitution.	<b>1.2</b> Historical perspective of the
on and	1b. List the salient features of	Constitution of India
Preamble	constitution. 1c. List the characteristics of constitution.	<ol> <li>Salient features and characteristics of the Constitution of India</li> <li>Preamble to the Constitution of India</li> </ol>

Unit – II Fundame ntal Rights and Directive Principles Unit– III Federal Structure	<ul> <li>2a. Enlist the fundamental rights.</li> <li>2b. Identify fundamental duties.</li> <li>2c. Follow fundamental responsibilities as an engineer.</li> <li>2d. Differentiate between fundamental rights and directive principles.</li> <li>2e. Identify fundamental duties and responsibilities applicable to a practicing engineer.</li> <li>3a. Draw the structure of governance in India.</li> <li>3b. Differentiate between state and central administrative setup of the country.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>2.1 Fundamental Rights under Part-III (Details of exercise of rights and Limitations)</li> <li>2.2 Fundamental duties and their significance</li> <li>2.3 Relevance of Directive Principles of State Policy under part-IV.</li> <li>3.1 Federal structure and distribution of legislative and financial powers between the Union and the States</li> <li>3.2 Union Executive-President, Prime minister, Parliament and the Supreme Court of India,</li> <li>3.3 State Executive - Governor, Chief Minister, State Legislator, and high Court</li> <li>3.4 Local Administration - District Administration, Municipal Corporation, Zila Panchayat</li> </ul>
Unit– IV Governanc e and Amendme nts	<ul> <li>4a. Enlist the constitutional amendments</li> <li>4b. Infer the purposes of various amendments.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>4.1 Amendment of the Constitutional Powers and Procedure</li> <li>4.2 Major Constitutional Amendment procedure - 42nd, 44th, 74th, 76th, 86th and 91st.</li> <li>4.3Emergency provisions</li> </ul>
Unit- V Judicial System and Election Commissi on&Natio nal Green Tribunal	<ul> <li>5a. Perform judicial review for societal welfare</li> <li>5b. Abide by the judicial provisions.</li> <li>5c. Adopt the electoral procedures with respect to citizenship.</li> <li>5d. Abide by greening laws</li> <li>5e. Identify the topics/subtopics in a given engineering corse where greening laws are affecting significantly.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>5.1 The Indian Judicial System</li> <li>5.2 Judicial Review</li> <li>5.3 Election Commission</li> <li>5.4 National Green Tribunal</li> </ul>

## 9. SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION TABLE FOR QUESTIONPAPER DESIGN

	Unit	Unit Title	Teachin	Distribution of Theory Marks
--	------	------------	---------	------------------------------

No.		g Hours	R	U	Α	Total
			Level	Level	Level	Marks
-	Constitution and Preamble	04	04	04	0	08
Ш	Fundamental Rights and Directive	08	03	02	10	15
	Principles		05	02	10	15
Ш	Federal Structure	07	02	03	06	11
IV	Governance and Amendments	05	02	02	04	08
V	Judicial System and Election	04	02	02	04	00
	Commission		02	02	04	00
	Total	28	13	13	24	50

## *Legends:* R=Remember, U=Understand, A=Apply and above (Revised Bloom's taxonomy)

**Note**: This specification table provides general guidelines to assist student for their learning and to teachers to teach and question paper designers/setters to formulate test items/questions to assess the attainment of theUOs. The actual distribution of marks at different taxonomy levels (of R, U and A) in the question paper may varyslightly from above table.

## **10.** SUGGESTED STUDENT ACTIVITIES

Other than the classroom and laboratory learning, following are the suggested studentrelated **co-curricular** activities which can be undertaken to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course. Students should conduct following activities in group and prepare reports of about 5 pages for each activity. They also collect/record physical evidences for their (student's) portfolio which will be useful for their placement interviews:

- a) Prepare a report on Mock court hearing
- b) Visit to courts
- c) Arrange Mock Parliament.
- d) Visit to Local Bodies
- e) Visit to Courts.
- f) Visit to Legal Service Authority
- g) Design games and simulation
- h) Group discussions on current print articles
- i) Prepare college/posters on current constitutional issues.
- j) Learning through cases
  - A.K. Gopalan Case (1950):weblink <u>https://indiankanoon.org/doc/1857950/</u>
  - Shankari Prasad Case (1951):weblink<u>https://indiankanoon.org/doc/1706770/</u>
  - Berubari Union case (1960) :weblink<u>https://indiankanoon.org/doc/1120103/</u>
  - Golaknath case (1967) :weblink<u>https://indiankanoon.org/doc/120358/</u>
  - Kesavananda Bharati case(1973):weblinkhttps://indiankanoon.org/doc/257876/
  - Indira Nehru Gandhi v. Raj Narain case (1975):weblink<u>https://indiankanoon.org/doc/936707/</u>
  - Maneka Gandhi case (1978):weblink <u>https://indiankanoon.org/doc/1766147/</u>
  - Minerva Mills case (1980): weblink <u>https://indiankanoon.org/doc/1939993/</u>
  - Indra Sawhney and Union of India (1992):weblinkhttps://indiankanoon.org/doc/1969682/
  - Samatha and State of Andhra Pradesh (1997): weblink https://indiankanoon.org/doc/1969682/

- Aruna Shanbaug Case (2011) : weblinkhttps://indiankanoon.org/doc/235821/
- Justice K.S.Puttaswamy(Retd) ... vs Union Of India And Ors.: Right To Privacy (2017)weblinkhttps://indiankanoon.org/doc/1857950/
- L Chandra Kumar Case (1997):weblink https://indiankanoon.org/doc/1152518/
- Habeas Corpus Case (1976): weblink https://indiankanoon.org/doc/1735815/
- Romesh Thapar Case (1950): weblink https://indiankanoon.org/doc/456839/
- M.C. Mehta And Anr vs Union of India &Ors on 20 December, 1986 Bhpal Gas Tragedy:weblinkhttps://indiankanoon.org/doc/1486949/
- M.C. Mehta vs Union Of India &Ors on 30 December, 1996 Taj Mahal:weblink https://indiankanoon.org/doc/1964392/
- M.C. Mehta vs Union Of India on 15 November, 2019 Delhi Pollution: weblink ttps://indiankanoon.org/doc/174204561/
- Samit Mehta v. Union of India &Ors.;National Green weblink:https://www.casemine.com/judgement/in/5b17d5604a932678010063d a

## **11.** SUGGESTED SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES (if any)

These are sample strategies, which the teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course:

- a) Massive open online courses (*MOOCs*) may be used to teach various topics/sub topics.
- b) Guide student(s) in undertaking micro-projects.
- c) *'L' in section No.* 4 means different types of teaching methods that are to be employed by teachers to develop the outcomes.
- d) About **20% of the topics/sub-topics** which are relatively simpler or descriptive in nature is to be given to the students for **self-learning**, but to be assessed using different assessment methods.
- e) With respect to *section No.10*, teachers need to ensure to create opportunities and provisions for *co-curricular activities*.
- f) Guide students on how to address issues on environment and sustainability.

## 12. SUGGESTED MICRO-PROJECTS

Not Applicable

#### 13. SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES

S. No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication with place, year and ISBN
1	The Constitution of India	P.M. Bakshi	Universal Law Publishing, New Delhi 15 <sup>th</sup> edition, 2018, ISBN: 9386515105
2	Introduction to Indian Constitution	D.D. Basu	Lexis Nexis Publisher, New Delhi, 2015, ISBN:935143446X
3	Introduction to Constitution of India	B. K. Sharma	PHI, New Delhi, 6 <sup>th</sup> edition, 2011, ISBN:8120344197
4	The Constitution of India	B.L. Fadia	Sahitya Bhawan, Agra, 2017, ISBN:8193413768

S. No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication with place, year and ISBN
5	Ethics and Politics of the Indian Constitution	Rajeev Bhargava	Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2008, ISBN:0198063555
6	The Constitutional Law	Durga Das Basu	LexisNexis
	of India		Butterworths Wadhwa, Nagpur 978-
			81-8038-426-4
7	Indian Constitution	Avtar Singh	Central Law Publication, Prayagraj.
			Uttar Pradesh 2019. 978-
			9386456861
8	The Constitution of	NaushirwanJhabwala	C. Jamnadas&Company.
	India		Ahmedabad. 2016.978-9789364572

## 14. SOFTWARE/LEARNING WEBSITES

- a) http://www.legislative.gov.in/constitution-of-india
- b) https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Constitution\_of\_India
- c) https://www.india.gov.in/my-government/constitution-india
- d) <u>https://eci.gov.in/about/about-eci/the-setup-r1/</u>
- e) https://www.toppr.com/guides/civics/the-indian-constitution/the-constitution-of-india
- f) https://main.sci.gov.in/constitution
- g) https://nios.ac.in/media/documents/srsec317newE/317EL8.pdf
- h) <u>https://legalaffairs.gov.in/sites/default/files/chapter%203.pdf</u>
- i) <u>https://www.concourt.am/armenian/legal\_resources/world\_constitutions/constit/india/i</u> <u>ndia--e.htm</u>
- j) https://constitutionnet.org/vl/item/basic-structure-indian-constitution

#### 15. PO-COMPETENCY-CO MAPPING

1	Indian Constitution (Course Code: 4300016)							
		POs and PSOs						
	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	
Competency	Basic	Proble	Design/	Engineerin	Engineering	Project	Life-long	
and Course	and	m	develop	g Tools,	practices for	Manage	learning	
Outcomes	Discipli	Analysis	ment of	Experimen	society,	ment		
	ne		solutions	tation	sustainabilit			
	specifi			andTestin	y and			
	С			g	environment			
	knowl							
	edge							
<b>Competency</b>								
Follow policies,								
processes, duties,								
rights and federal								
structure of Indian								
constitution as								
responsible citizens								

and engineer of the country.							
Course Outcomes coa) List salient features and characteristics of the constitution of India.	f -	1	1	_	2	1	2
cob) Follow fundamental responsibilities, privileges, rights and duties as responsible citizen and engineer of the country.	-	1	1	-	2	1	2
co c) Differentiate between state and central administrative setup of the country.	-	1	1	-	2	1	2
co d) Explain major constitutional amendment procedures and emergency provisions in the country.	-	1	1	-	2	1	2
co e) Explain judicial setup and electoral process of the country.	-	1	1	-	2	1	2

Legend: '3' for high, '2' for medium, '1' for low and '-' for no correlation of each CO with PO.

#### **16. COURSE CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE**

## **GTU Resource Persons**

S. No.	Name and Designation	Institute	Contact No.	Email
1	Dr PeenaThanky Lecturer [English] BOS Member	RCTechnical Institute, Ahmedabad	94094 11256	drpeena@gmail.c om

2	Dr. Yatharth Vaidya Lecturer [English] BOS Member	Government Polytechnic, Rajkot	8980291650	yatharthvaidya@ gmail.com
3	Dr J U Nanavaty Expert	Formal principal Sheth M N Law college Patan.	9898115448	junanavaty@gma il.com

## NITTTR Resource Persons

S. No.	Name and Designation	Department	Contact No.	Email
1	Dr. Roli Pradhan, Assistant Professor	Department of Management Education	0989320501 1	rpradhan@nitttrbpl.ac.in

#### GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY (GTU)

# Competency-focused Outcome-based Green Curriculum-2021 (COGC-2021)

#### Course Title: **Basics of Civil Engineering** (Course Code: 4310001)

Diploma programme in which this course is offered	Semester in which offered
Mechanical, Automobile, Marine, Fabrication	First
Electrical	Second

#### 1. RATIONALE

Now a days Industrial activities/ task to be performed by allied programs such as Automobile, Marine, Fabrication are complex in nature and involves integration of activities of core programs which are Mechanical, Electrical and Civil. Thus, they are expected to look after many activities at work place, which may be interdisciplinary, for example he/ she has to interpret and execute the task as per the drawing, select suitable material, adopt/ suggest appropriate construction activity which requires the knowledge of civil engineering. Therefore he/she is supposed to be exposed to basics of civil engineering. This course mainly encompasses the major and general areas of civil engineering considering environmental aspects; knowledge of which is required by them.

#### 2. COMPETENCY

The purpose of this course is to help the student to attain the following industry identified competency through various teaching learning experiences:

• To apply the basic principles of civil engineering to solve broadly defined engineering problems.

#### 3. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

The practical exercises, the underpinning knowledge and the relevant soft skills associated with this competency are to be developed in the student to display the following COs:

- a) Prepare drawing from field Survey data using Chain, Tape, Compass and /or Dumpy level.
- b) Select suitable building material and construction technique.
- c) Interpret various building drawing and Services.
- d) Follow traffic control aids.
- e) Use green and ecofriendly building technology.

#### 4. TEACHING AND EXAMINATION SCHEME

Teaching Scheme Tot		Total Credits		Ex	xamination Scheme			
(In Hours)		(L+T/2+P/2)	Theory Marks		arks Practical N		Total	
L	Т	Р	С	CA	ESE	СА	ESE	Marks
-	2	2	3	0	0	25*	25	50

(\*):For this practical only course, 25 marks under the practical CA has two components i.e. the assessment of micro-project, which will be done out of 10 marks and the remaining 15

marks are for the assessment of practical. This is designed to facilitate attainment of COs holistically, as there is no theory ESE.

**Legends:** L-Lecture; T – Tutorial/Teacher Guided Theory Practice; P - Practical; C – Credit, CA - Continuous Assessment; ESE - End Semester Examination.

## 5. SUGGESTED PRACTICAL EXERCISES

The following practical outcomes (PrOs) are the sub-components of the COs. Some of the **PrOs** marked **'\*'** are compulsory, as they are crucial for that particular CO at the 'Precision Level' of Dave's Taxonomy related to 'Psychomotor Domain'.

S. No.	Practical Outcomes (PrOs)	Unit No.		Approx. Hrs. required
1	Record linear and angular measurements in horizontal plane using chain, tape and compass	1		02*
2	Prepare drawing using Chain, Tape and Compass Survey Data	1		04*
3	Record measurements in vertical plane using dumpy Level.	1		02*
4	Prepare contour map using leveling data.	1		02*
5	Prepare a report on market survey of construction materials	2		04*
6	Draw a sketch of wall section showing all building components.	2	Any three	02
7	Draw Sketches of different brick masonry bonds.	2		02
8	Prepare a chart of Standards of potable water.	2		02
9	Conduct field tests on Cement.	2		02
10	Conduct field tests on Bricks.	2		02
11	Prepare a cost estimate for the given drawing.	2		02
12	Draw Utility plans of a given building (Electricals, drainage)	3	Any three	02
13	Draw Sketches of different types of Foundations	3		02
14	Draw Sketches of plumbing fixtures.	3		02
15	Prepare list of abbreviation related to civil engineering drawing.	3		02
16	Prepare drawing of symbols related to Civil engineering drawing.	3		02
17	Draw Sketches of different Traffic Signs, Road Markings and Signals.	4		02
18	Prepare a report on ecofriendly materials.	<mark>5</mark>	Any	<mark>02</mark>
19	Draw a typical sketch of rain water harvesting.	<mark>5</mark>	one	<mark>02</mark>
	Total			28

#### <u>Note</u>

*i.* More **Practical Exercises** can be designed and offered by the respective course teacher to develop the industry relevant skills/outcomes to match the COs. The above table is only a suggestive list.

*ii.* The following are some **sample** 'Process' and 'Product' related skills (more may be added/deleted depending on the course) that occur in the above listed **Practical Exercises** of this course required which are embedded in the COs and ultimately the competency..

S. No.	Sample Performance Indicators for the PrOs	Weightage in %				
For PrOs 1 to 4						
1	Operation and handling of instruments	30				
2	Observations and recording	20				
3	Interpretation of result and plotting and submitting	10				
4	Answer the questions	20				
5	Follow safe practices measures	20				
	Total	100				

S. No.	Sample Performance Indicators for the PrOs	Weightage in %				
	For PrOs 5 to 19					
1	Initiative of work allotted	30				
2	Neatness in work done and work place	20				
3	Submission of report in time	10				
4	Answer the question	20				
5	Follow safe practices measures	20				
	Total	100				

#### 6. MAJOR EQUIPMENT/ INSTRUMENTS REQUIRED

The major equipment with broad specifications for the PrOs is a guide to procure them by the administrators to usher in uniformity of practicals in all institutions across the state.

S. No.	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications	PrO. No.
1	<b>Measuring Chain</b> (20m and 30m). The length of each linked is 200 mm. each meter is provided with circular brass ring & each five meter length is provided with brass tallies of requisite shapes each chain should be provided with 10 numbers of M.S. Arrows of 4 mm diameter bar and 40 cm. Height .As per IS 1492-1970	1,2
2	<b>Metallic Tape:</b> 30 Meter, consists of 12 to 15 mm wide Low High Accuracy 5mm + 10ppm 1mm + 1ppm Range 1 km 5 km Cost \$10,000 \$40,000 Data Storage none 7500 pts. Magnification 10X 30X Run-time 3 hrs. 6 hrs strip of either Yarn coating or linen or cloth / or plastic coating. having very fine brass or copper or bronze wires. Woven into it to prevent it from elongation and twisting Graduated in metric system. Each meter length is divided into decimeter and centimeters. It is available in various length. 30 meter length is in common use. The tape is available in a leather / suitable cover with a winding device. The Zero end of the tape is provided with a metal ring. 10 meters 15 meters 20 meters 30 meters 50 meters	1,2
3	<b>Ranging Rods:</b> Circular / Octagonal Ranging Rods preferably circular with 3 to 5 cm diameter made up of either seasoned solid bamboo stick or	1,2

S. No.	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications	PrO. No.
	metal conduit pipe of length 2 to 3 meters, with conical metallic shoe fitted at bottom & fully painted with 20 cm. long colour bands of either of the following combinations. Salient Features a) Black & White - size 2 meters b) Red & White - size 3 meters	
4	<b>Prismatic Compass:</b> consisting of brass or aluminum circular box with a diameter of 100/125 millimeter. Aluminum circle consists of a needle graduated to 30 min. (0. 50)	2
5	<b>Dumpy Level:</b> image erect, magnification 24x, length of telescope 300 mm, objective aperture 40 mm, stadia radio 02:40:00 am ,field of view 1° 30' ,resolution 0.01 cm at 100 mt plate, bubble size 12mm x 87.5 mm, sensitivity 45°/2 mm, circle diameter 75 mm(magnetic ), circle graduation 1 div=1°	3,4
6	<b>Leveling Staff:</b> Made of Aluminium body Telescopic in 3 PCS, 4 meter in length packed in canvas cover, graduated in meters, dm, cm, and mm with background and black strips. 5 mm thick with suitable locking arrangement Made of Aluminium body / Metallic Body folding in 2 PCS, 4 meter in length graduated in meters, dm, cm and mm. with white background and black strips. 5mm thick with suitable folding & locking arrangement. Improved soap with pattern is made of best quality well seasoned teak wood, Telescopic in three pieces, brass fitting and glued, thus greatly increasing its strength, stability and durability, Accurately machine divided and engraved to read 5 mm. painted and polished. Size 4 meters. Long Size 5 meters. Long Size 6 meters Long.	3,4

## 7. AFFECTIVE DOMAIN OUTCOMES

The following *sample* Affective Domain Outcomes (ADOs) are embedded in many of the above mentioned COs and PrOs. More could be added to fulfil the development of this course competency.

- a) Work as a leader/a team member.
- b) Follow ethical practices.
- c) Practice of environmental friendly methods and processes.

The ADOs are best developed through the laboratory/field based exercises. Moreover, the level of achievement of the ADOs according to Krathwohl's 'Affective Domain Taxonomy' should gradually increase as planned below:

- i. 'Valuing Level' in  $1^{st}$  year
- ii. 'Organization Level' in 2<sup>nd</sup> year.
- iii. 'Characterization Level' in 3<sup>rd</sup> year.

## 8. UNDERPINNING THEORY

The major underpinning theory is given below based on the UOs of *Revised Bloom's taxonomy* that are formulated for development of the COs and competency. If required, more such UOs could be included by the course teacher to focus on attainment of COs and competency.

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics
	(4 to 6 UOs at different levels)	
Unit – I Surveying and Ievelling	<ul> <li>1a. Use surveying tools and instruments for field survey.</li> <li>1b. Determine horizontal distances by chaining.</li> <li>1c. Compute horizontal angles using prismatic compass.</li> <li>1d. Calculate difference in levels using dumpy level.</li> <li>1e. Prepare contour map of a given area.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>1.1 Importance and types of Surveying &amp; leveling</li> <li>1.2 Principals of surveying.</li> <li>1.3 Instrument/tools used for surveying and levelling.</li> <li>1.4 Chaining and Ranging</li> <li>1.5 Recording of measurements in field book.</li> <li>1.6 Functions of different part of Prismatic compass</li> <li>1.7 Setting and operations of compass</li> <li>1.8 Methods of finding included angles from bearings</li> <li>1.9 Basic terminology related to levelling</li> <li>1.10Functions of different part of Dumpy level</li> <li>1.11Different types of levelling staff</li> <li>1.12Setting of Dumpy Level</li> <li>1.13Methods of finding out the RL in level book by HI method and Rise &amp; Fall Method with necessary check</li> <li>1.14Contour – use, characteristics</li> <li>1.15Preparations of contour sheets/ plan using survey data.</li> </ul>
Unit – II Building	2a. Select different types of construction materials as per requirements.	2.1. Common construction materials such as cement, brick, sand, aggregate, steel and water.
Material and Construc-	2b. Test given construction materials on field for quality control.	<ul><li>2.2. Properties of each materials &amp; their acceptable standards.</li><li>2.3 Types of bricks, cement and</li></ul>
tion	2c. Classify various types of	aggregate
Technology	<ul> <li>foundations.</li> <li>2d. Explain various types of bonds in brick masonry.</li> </ul>	<ul><li>2.4.Field tests on bricks, cement</li><li>2.5.Functions of various components of buildings.</li></ul>
	2e. Estimate the cost of given simple construction works.	<ol> <li>Classification and Types of foundations.</li> </ol>

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics
	(4 to 6 UOs at different levels)	
		2.7.Bonds in brick masonry.
		2.8. Estimations and costing for simple structure (only the material cost)
Unit– III Building Drawing and Building Services.	<ul> <li>3a. Interpret various types of drawings used in civil engineering.</li> <li>3b. Explain building bylaws and principles of planning.</li> <li>3c. Describe basics of building services.</li> <li>3d. Classify various types of building services.</li> <li>3e. Apply various types of services as per need of building.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>3.1 Types of building drawings</li> <li>3.2 Abbreviation, conventions &amp; symbols in civil drawing for <ul> <li>Electric fittings</li> <li>Water supply and sanitary fittings.</li> <li>Material for constructions</li> <li>Surveying</li> </ul> </li> <li>3.3 Building byelaws and principles of planning of residential building.</li> <li>3.4 Planning of a simple residential building.</li> <li>3.5 Objective and uses of building services.</li> <li>3.6 Applications of services for different types of building.</li> <li>3.7 Classification of building services</li> <li>3.8 Types of services</li> <li>3.1 Electrical</li> <li>3.2 Water Supply</li> <li>3.3 Drainage</li> <li>3.4 Circulation</li> </ul>
Unit– IV	4a. Explain role of transportation.	4.1 Role of transportation in national
Basics of Transpor- tation Engineering	<ul> <li>4b. Explain various modes of transportation.</li> <li>4c. Explain importance of traffic signs.</li> <li>4d. Explain traffic control aids.</li> </ul>	<ul><li>development.</li><li>4.2 Modes of Transportation.</li><li>4.3 Introduction to road traffic and traffic control aids.</li></ul>
Unit– V Green and ecofriendly Technology	<ul> <li>5a. Use green and ecofriendly building technology.</li> <li>5b. Explain rain water harvesting.</li> <li>5c. Explain various types of green building materials.</li> <li>5d. Explain components of green buildings.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>5.1 Rain water harvesting for buildings.</li> <li>5.2 Concept of GREEN buildings</li> <li>5.3 Components of GREEN building.</li> </ul>

Unit	Unit Title	Teaching	Distribution of Theory Mar		Marks	
No.		Hours	R U A Tot		Total	
			Level Level Mark			Marks
	Surveying and levelling	6				
П	Building Material and Construction	8				
	Technology					
≡	Building Drawing and Building Services.	8		at the e	oLE dS 110	uneory
IV	Basics of Transportation Engineering	3	exam	at the e	iu or sen	lester.
V	Green and ecofriendly Technology	<mark>3</mark>	]			
	Total	28				

## 9. SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION TABLE FOR QUESTION PAPER DESIGN

*Legends:* R=Remember, U=Understand, A=Apply and above (Revised Bloom's taxonomy)

## **10.** SUGGESTED STUDENT ACTIVITIES

Other than the classroom and laboratory learning, following are the suggested studentrelated **co-curricular** activities which can be undertaken to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course: Students should conduct following activities in group and prepare reports of about 5 pages for each activity, also collect/record physical evidences for their (student's) portfolio which will be useful for their placement interviews:

- a) Prepare specification of surveying devices.
- b) Prepare specification of various building materials by market survey.
- c) Submit a report of construction work going on at site.
- d) Prepare drawing of line plan of a house.
- e) Prepare drawing of various services provided in a house.
- f) Prepare power point on various construction stages.
- g) Submit a report on traffic system in your city/town.
- h) Submit a report on traffic control aids in your city/town.
- i) Calculate traffic intensity in peak hours in a busy road in your city/town.
- j) Give seminar on relevant topic.
- k) Prepare a report of rainwater harvesting.
- I) Prepare a report on green building construction.
- m) Prepare showcase portfolios.

## 11. SUGGESTED SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES (if any)

These are sample strategies, which the teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course:

- a) Massive open online courses (*MOOCs*) may be used to teach various topics/sub topics.
- b) Guide student(s) in undertaking micro-projects.
- c) *'L' in section No. 4* means different types of teaching methods that are to be employed by teachers to develop the outcomes.
- d) About **20% of the topics/sub-topics** which are relatively simpler or descriptive in nature is to be given to the students for **self-learning**, but to be assessed using different assessment methods.
- e) With respect to *section No.10*, teachers need to ensure to create opportunities and provisions for *co-curricular activities*.

#### ) Guide students on how to address issues on environ and sustainability

#### 12. SUGGESTED MICRO-PROJECTS

**Only one micro-project** is planned to be undertaken by a student that needs to be assigned to him/her in the beginning of the semester. In the first four semesters, the micro-project are group-based (group of 3 to 5). However, in the fifth and sixth semesters, the number of students in the group should *not exceed three*.

The micro-project could be industry application based, internet-based, workshopbased, laboratory-based or field-based. Each micro-project should encompass two or more COs which are in fact, an integration of PrOs, UOs and ADOs. Each student will have to maintain dated work diary consisting of individual contribution in the project work and give a seminar presentation of it before submission. The duration of the microproject should be about **14-16** (*fourteen to sixteen*) *student engagement hours* during the course. The student ought to submit micro-project by the end of the semester to develop the industry oriented COs.

A suggestive list of micro-projects is given here. This has to match the competency and the COs. Similar micro-projects could be added by the concerned course teacher:

- a) Prepare a layout plan of an existing building of campus.
- b) Comparison of test results obtain from different sources of drinking water with potable water standards (minimum 5 samples)
- c) Prepare Report on Justifying traffic signs on particular section of roads.
- Prepare a suggestive report on upgrading existing building into green building as per IGBC/GRIHA standards.

e) Rain water Harvesting System.

#### **13. SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES**

S. No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication with place, year and ISBN
1	Surveying and Levelling	T.P.Kanetkar and	Pune Vidyarthi Griha Prakashan,
		S.V.Kulkarni	ISBN13-9782508807185
2	Surveying Volume 1	B.C.Punamia,	Laxmi Publication
		Ashokkumar Jain	ISBN-13: 978-8170088530
		Arunkumar Jain,	
3	Engineering Material	S.C.Rangwala	Charotar Publishing House
			ISBN13 9788185594965
4	Building Construction	S.C.Rangwala	Charotar Publishing House
			ISBN13-9789385039041
5	Building Construction	Shushilkumar	Standard Publications-Delhi, 2008
			ISBN 13: 9788186308868
6	Building Construction	Bindra and Arora	Dhanpat Rai & Co.
			ISBN-13-9788189928803
7	Traffic Engineering	L.R.Kadiyali	KHANNA PUBLISHERS
			ISBN-13-9788174092205
8	Water Supply and Sanitary	G. S. Birdi and J. S.	Dhanpat Rai Publishing Company (p) Ltd
	Engineering	Birdi	ISBN-13- 9788187433798
9	Building Drawing with an	CM Kale, MG Shah,	McGraw Hill Education
	Integrated Approach to	SY Patki	ISBN-13-9780071077873

S. No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication with place, year and ISBN
	Built Environment		
10	A text book on Green Building	Guttila Yugantha Jaysinghe Shehani Sharadha Maheepala	LAP Lamberd Academic Publishing ISBN13-9786138389187
11	Green building Guidence :The ultimate guide for IGBC	Karthik Karuppu	Notion Press.com ISBN-13 978-1684667291

## 14. SOFTWARE/LEARNING WEBSITES

- a) www.nptel.iitm.ac.in
- b) www.surveyofindia.gov.in
- c) <u>www.igbc.in</u>
- d) www.grihaindia.org

## 15. PO-COMPETENCY-CO MAPPING

	Basics of Civil Engineering (Course Code: 4310001)						
		POs					
Competency & Course Outcomes	PO 1 Basic & Discipline specific knowledge	PO 2 Problem Analysis	PO 3 Design/ developme nt of solutions	PO 4 Engineering Tools, Experimentatio n &Testing	PO 5 Engineering practices for society, sustainability & environment	PO 6 Project Management	PO 7 Life-long learning
<u>Competency</u> To supervise the simple civil engineering tasks related to own branch's integrated tasks.							
Course Outcomes CO a) Prepare drawing from field Survey data using Chain, Tape, Compass and /or Dumpy level.	3	2	-	3	-	2	1
CO b)Select suitable building material and construction technique.	3	-	-	2	1	-	1
CO c) Interpret various building drawing and Services.	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO d)Follow traffic control aids.	2	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO e)Use green and ecofriendly building technology	1	1	-	-	2	-	1

Legend: '3' for high, '2' for medium, '1' for low and '-' for no correlation of each CO with PO

#### **16. COURSE CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE**

#### **GTU Resource Persons**

S.	Name and	Institute	Contact No.	Email
No.	Designation			
1	Shri Umesh.N.Pattani	Govt.Poly.,Ahmedabad	079-26301285	unpat1969@gmail.com
2	Shri Prakash.A.Pandya	R.C.Tech Inst. Ahmedabad	079-27664785	pap31067@gmail.com
3	Smt. Margee Milisia	Shri. K.J.Polytechnic, Bharuch	0264-2246402	margee.milisia@gmail.com
4	Shri Munaf Jagdu	Govt.Poly.,Ahmedabad	079-26301285	mjagadu@gmail.com
5	Shri Darshan V Patel	Govt.Poly., Himatnagar	02772-229285	darshan.2228@gmail.com

#### **NITTTR Resource Persons**

S. No.	Name and Designation	Department	Contact No.	Email
1	Prof. M.C.Paliwal, Associate Professor	Civil Engineering	0755-2661602	mcpaliwal@nitttrbpl.ac.in
2	Prof. A.K.Jain, Professor	Civil Engineering	0755-2661600	akjain@nitttrbpl.ac.in

#### **GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY (GTU)**

## Competency-focused Outcome-based Green Curriculum-2021 (COGC-2021) Semester -II

# Course Title: Engineering Mathematics

(Course Code: 4320002)

Diploma programmes in which this course is offered	Semester in which offered
Biomedical Engineering, Computer Engineering, Electrical	
Engineering, Electronics & Communication Engineering,	
Environment Engineering, Information Technology,	Second
Instrumentation & Control Engineering, Power Electronics	
Engineering, Computer Science & Engineering	

## 1. RATIONALE

This course is an extension of the course based on Mathematics of first semester namely Engineering Mathematics. The course is designed to inculcate its applications in relevant branch of engineering and technology using the techniques of Differentiation, Integration, Differential equations, Matrix theory and Complex numbers. Calculus is a branch of Mathematics that calculates how matter, particles and heavenly bodies actually move. With calculus, we can find how the changing conditions of a system affect us, we can control a system. Derivatives are useful to find maxima and minima of the function, velocity and acceleration and also useful for many engineering optimization problems. Definite integrals are a powerful tool to help us realize and model the world around us. Differential equations are widely applied to model natural phenomena, engineering systems and many other situations. Matrix analysis is a valuable tool used in nearly all the engineering sciences. Complex numbers, is one of the most elegant and interesting topics in mathematics. Complex numbers, their algebra and geometry has always been an important tool to crack thousands of the problems based on Pure and Applied Mathematics. In fact, some properties are easier in complex than real variables. DeMoivre's Theorem is one of the most important and useful theorems which connects complex numbers and trigonometry and also helpful for obtaining relationships between trigonometric functions of multiple angles. This course further develops the skills and understanding of mathematical concepts which underpin the investigative tools used for modeling and analysis in a wide range of applications in engineering.

#### 2. COMPETENCY

The purpose of this course is to help the student to attain the following industry identified competency through various teaching learning experiences:

• Solve broad-based technology problems using the principles of engineering mathematics.

## 3. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

The practical exercises, the underpinning knowledge and the relevant soft skills associated with the identified competency are to be developed in the student for the achievement of the following COs:

- a) Demonstrate the ability to Crack engineering related problems based on Matrices.
- b) Demonstrate the ability to solve engineering related problems based on applications of differentiation.
- c) Demonstrate the ability to solve engineering related problems based on applications of integration.
- d) Develop the ability to apply differential equations to significant applied problems.
- e) Represent complex numbers algebraically and geometrically for solving engineering related problems.

## 4. TEACHING AND EXAMINATION SCHEME

Teaching Scheme Total Credits				Examination Scheme				
(In	Hour	s)	(L+T+P/2)	Theory	Theory Marks Practical Marks		Total	
L	Т	Р	С	СА	ESE	СА	ESE	Marks
3	1	-	4	30*	70	-	-	100

(\*): Out of 30 marks under the theory CA, 10 marks are for assessment of the micro-project to facilitate integration of COs and the remaining 20 marks is the average of 2 tests to be taken during the semester for the assessing the attainment of the cognitive domain UOs required for the attainment of the COs.

**Legends:** L-Lecture; T – Tutorial/Teacher Guided Theory Practice; P - Practical; C – Credit, CA - Continuous Assessment; ESE - End Semester Examination.

#### 5. SUGGESTED PRACTICAL/TUTORIALS EXERCISES (During Tutorial Hours)

The following practical outcomes (PrOs)/Tutorials are the sub-components of the COs. Some of the **PrOs/Tutorials** marked '\*' (in approx. Hrs column) are compulsory, as they are crucial for that particular CO at the 'Precision Level' of Dave's Taxonomy related to 'Psychomotor Domain'.

S. No.	Practical Outcomes (PrOs)/Tutorials	Unit No.	Approx. Hrs. required
1	Solve simple problems using the concept of algebraic operations of matrices.	Ι	1
2	Use the concept of adjoint of a matrix to find the inverse of a matrix.	Ι	1
3	Solve system of linear equations using matrices. Use suitable software to demonstrate the geometric meaning of solution of system of linear equations.	I	1
4	Solve examples related to 1 <sup>st</sup> rule of derivative, working rules.	II	1
5	Solve examples of derivative related to Chain Rule, Implicit functions.	II	1
6	Solve the examples derivative of Parametric functions and second order derivative of simple functions.	II	1

S. No.	Practical Outcomes (PrOs)/Tutorials	Unit No.	Approx. Hrs. required
	Use concept of derivative to solve the problems related to	Ш	1
7	velocity, acceleration and Maxima-Minima of given simple		
	functions. Use suitable graphical software to visualize the		
	Solve examples of integration using working rules standard forms		1
8	of integration and method of substitution.		1
0	Use the concept of integration by parts to solve related problems.		1
9	Solve problems related to definite integral using properties.		
10	Apply the concept of definite integration to find area and	Ш	1
10	volume.		
11	Solve problems of the order, degree of differential equations and	IV	1
	Variable Separable method.		
4.2	Apply the concept of linear differential equations to solve given	IV	1
12	differential equation. Explain the various applications of		
	Solve problems related to algebraic operations of complex	V	1
13	numbers conjugate modulus and inverse of given complex	v	Ŧ
10	number.		
	Solve problems related to polar form of a complex number,	V	1
14	argument of complex number, De Moivre's Theorem and square		
	root of a given complex number.		
			14 Hrs.

#### <u>Note</u>

- *i.* More *Practical Exercises/Tutorials* can be designed and offered by the respective course teacher to develop the industry relevant skills/outcomes to match the COs. The above table is only a suggestive list.
- ii. The following are some **sample** 'Process' and 'Product' related skills (more may be added/deleted depending on the course) that occur in the above listed **Practical Exercises/Tutorials** of this course required which are embedded in the COs and ultimately the competency.

S. No.	Sample Performance Indicators for the PrOs/Tutorials	Weightage in %
	Geometric Thinking: Comprehend geometric concepts to	
	prove theorems by applying apt results to solve well	
	defined Engineering problems.	
1	Solve problems based on derivative/integration and	40
	interpret geometrically the obtained solution.	
2	Solve problems involving area and volume through	20
	integrals and interpret geometrically.	
3	Perform basic operations of complex numbers	30
	geometrically.	
4	Interpret the result and conclude.	10
	Total	100

S. No.	Sample Performance Indicators for the PrOs/Tutorials	Weightage in %
S. No.	Sample Performance Indicators for the PrOs/Tutorials	Weightage in %
	Algebraic Thinking: Create, interpret, use, and analyze	
	expressions, equations, and inequalities in a variety of	
	contexts.	
1	Represent, interpret, and solve variable expressions,	60
	equations, and inequalities.	
2	Write expressions in equivalent forms to solve problems.	20
3	Interpret the result and conclude.	20
	Total	100

## 6. MAJOR EQUIPMENT/ INSTRUMENTS REQUIRED

This major equipment with broad specifications for the PrOs is a guide to procure them by the administrators to usher in uniformity of practicals in all institutions across the state.

S. No.	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications	PrO. No.
1	Computer System & LCD Projector	3,5,6,10,12,13
2	Scientific Calculator (Display type: Natural Display Algebraic input logic: Natural V.P.A.M. Significant function: 10+2.	5,9,11

#### 7. AFFECTIVE DOMAIN OUTCOMES

The following *sample* Affective Domain Outcomes (ADOs) are embedded in many of the above-mentioned COs and PrOs. More could be added to fulfill the development of this competency.

- a) Work as a leader/a team member.
- b) Follow ethical practices.
- c) Realize importance of green Mathematics.

The ADOs are best developed through the laboratory/field-based exercises. Moreover, the level of achievement of the ADOs according to Krathwohl's 'Affective Domain Taxonomy' should gradually increase as planned below:

- i. 'Valuing Level' in 1<sup>st</sup> year
- ii. 'Organization Level' in 2<sup>nd</sup> year.
- iii. 'Characterization Level' in 3<sup>rd</sup> year.

#### 8. UNDERPINNING THEORY

The major underpinning theory is given below based on the higher level UOs of *Revised Bloom's taxonomy* that are formulated for development of the COs and competency. If required, more such higher level UOs could be included by the course teacher to focus on attainment of COs and competency.

Unit - I1a. Solve simple problems using the concept of algebraic operations of matrices.1.1 Concept of Matrix 1.2 Types of MatricesMatrices1a. Addition, matrices.Subtraction and multiplication by scalar of matricesMatrices1b. Apply the concept of adjoint of a matrix.1.3 Addition, multiplication by scalar of matrices1c. Investigate the solution of system of linear equations using matrices.1.4 Product of two matricesUnit - II2a. Apply the working rules and standard forms of differentiati on and its2.1. Concept and Differentiati2.1. Concept and DifferentiatiDifferentiati to find the derivative of simple to find the derivative of simple to find the derivative of simple2.1. Concept and DifferentiatiDefinition of SimultaneousDifferentiati to find the derivative of simple to find the derivative of simple2.1. Concept and DivisionDefinition of SimultaneousDivision 2.2. Working rules:2.1. Concept and Division2.2. Working rules:Sum, Product, DivisionDivision 2.3. Chain Rule to find the derivative of simple to find the derivative of simple2.3. Chain Rule 2.4. Derivative of Implicit functions
Unit - I1a. Solve simple problems using the concept of algebraic operations of matrices.1.1 Concept of MatrixMatrices1.2 Types of MatricesMatrices1.3 Addition, matrix to find the inverse of a matrix.1.3 Addition, multiplication by scalar of matrices1b. Apply the concept of adjoint of a matrix.1.4 Product of two matrices1c. Investigate the solution of system of linear equations using matrices.1.5 Adjoint and Inverse of a matrix of order 2X2 and 3X3.Unit - II2a. Apply the working rules and standard forms of differentiation to find the derivative of simple on and its2.1. Concept and Definition of DivisionDifferentiati on and its2b. Invoke the concept of Chain Rule to find the derivative of simple to find the derivative of simple2.4. Derivative of Implicit functions
1b. Apply the concept of adjoint of a matrix to find the inverse of a matrix.multiplication by scalar of matrices1c. Investigate the solution of system of linear equations using matrices.1.4 Product of two matrices1c. Investigate the solution of system of linear equations using matrices.1.5 Adjoint and Inverse of a matrix of order 2X2 and 3X3.Unit – II2a. Apply the working rules and standard forms of differentiation to find the derivative of simple functions.2.1. Concept and Definition of DifferentiationDifferentiati on and its Applications2b. Invoke the concept of Chain Rule to find the derivative of simple to find the derivative of simple2.3. Chain Rule2.4. Derivative of Implicit functions2.4. Derivative of Implicit functions
Unit – II2a. Apply the working rules and standard forms of differentiation2.1. Concept and Definition of DifferentiationDifferentiatito find the derivative of simple2.2. Working rules: Sum, Product, Divisionon and itsfunctions.DivisionApplications2b. Invoke the concept of Chain Rule to find the derivative of simple2.4. Derivative of Implicit functions
Differentiatito find the derivative of simple2.2. Working rules: Sum, Product, Divisionon and itsfunctions.DivisionApplications2b.Invoke the concept of Chain Rule to find the derivative of simple2.3. Chain Rule
on and its       functions.       Division         Applications       2b.       Invoke the concept of Chain Rule       2.3. Chain Rule         to       find the derivative of simple       2.4. Derivative of Implicit functions
Applications 2D. Invoke the concept of Chain Rule 2.3. Chain Rule to find the derivative of simple 2.4. Derivative of Implicit functions
functions. 2.5. Derivative of Parametric
2c. Find the derivative of Implicit and functions
Parametric functions. 2.6. Logarithmic Differentiation
2d. Apply the standard forms and 2.7. Successive Differentiation up to
rules of derivative to find the second order
functions Acceleration Maxima & Minima
2e. Apply the concept and rules of of given simple functions.
derivative to solve the problems
related to velocity, acceleration
and Maxima-Minima of given
simple functions.
Unit-III 3a. Apply the working rules and 3.1 Concept and Definition of standard forms of integration to Integration
Integration find the integral of simple 3.2 Working rules and Integral of
and its functions. standard functions.
Applications 3b. Find the integral of simple 3.3 Method of substitution.
functions using the method of 3.4 Integration by parts.
substitution and integration by 3.5 Definite Integral and its
parts. properties.
3c. Solve problems related to 3.6 Applications: Area and Volume.
properties.
3d. Apply the rules and standard
forms of integration to solve the
problems related to area and
volume.
Unit-IV 4a. Find the order and degree of 4.1 Concept and Definition, Order
equation.

Differential Equations	<ul> <li>4b. Solve Differential Equations related to Variable Separable method.</li> <li>4c. Solve given linear differential equations</li> </ul>	<ul><li>4.2 Solution of DE of first degree and first order by Variable Separable method.</li><li>4.3 Solution of linear Differential equation.</li></ul>
Unit– V	5a. Convert the complex form into	5.1 Concept of Complex number.
	a+ib form using algebraic	5.2 Algebra of Complex numbers.
Complex	operations of complex numbers.	5.3 Conjugate, Modulus and inverse
Numbers	5b. Find conjugate, modulus and	of Complex numbers.
	inverse of a given complex number.	5.4 Argument and Polar form of a Complex number.
	5c. Convert the given complex number into polar form using the	5.5 De Moivre's Theorem and related simple examples.
	concept of modulus and argument.	5.6 Square root of a Complex number and cube root of unity.
	5d. Use De Moivre's Theorem to simplify mathematical expressions.	
	5e. Find the square root of a given complex number and cube root of unity.	

#### 9. SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION TABLE FOR QUESTIONPAPER DESIGN

Unit	Unit Title	Teaching	<b>Distribution of Theory Marks</b>				
No.		Hours	R	U	Α	Total	
			Level	Level	Level	Marks	
I	Matrices	09	4	6	6	16	
П	Differentiation and its Applications	10	4	6	6	16	
III	Integration and its Applications	10	4	4	6	14	
IV	Differential Equations	06	2	4	6	12	
V	Complex Numbers	07	2	6	4	12	
	Total	42	16	26	28	70	

Legends: R=Remember, U=Understand, A=Apply and above (Revised Bloom's taxonomy)

**Note**: This specification table provides general guidelines to assist student for their learning and to teachers to teach and question paper designers/setters to formulate test items/questions assess the attainment of theUOs. The actual distribution of marks at different taxonomy levels (of R, U and A) in the question paper may varyslightly from above table.

## **10.** SUGGESTED STUDENT ACTIVITIES

Other than the classroom and laboratory learning, following are the suggested student-related *co-curricular* activities which can be undertaken to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course: Students should conduct following activities in group and prepare

reports of about 5 pages for each activity, also collect/record physical evidences for their (student's) portfolio which will be useful for their placement interviews:

- a) Identify engineering problems based on real world problems relevant to content of the unit and solve these problems in the light of free tutorials available on the internet.
- b) Explore the opportunity to visit Science city, ISRO or nearby Science centers.
- c) Explore the opportunity to visit Mathematics Lab Virtually.
- d) Prepare charts showing formulas of differentiation.
- e) Prepare charts showing formulas of integrations.
- f) Use Graphing calculator to plot the graph of solutions explaining Engineering applications.
- g) Communicate mathematical thinking coherently and clearly to other students, peers, and others.

## **11.** SUGGESTED SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES (if any)

These are sample strategies, which the teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course:

- a) Massive open online courses (*MOOCs*) may be used to teach various topics/sub topics.
- b) Guide student(s) in undertaking micro-projects.
- c) *'L' in section No.* 4 means different types of teaching methods that are to be employed by teachers to develop the outcomes.
- d) About **20% of the topics/sub-topics** which are relatively simpler or descriptive in nature is to be given to the students for **self-learning**, but to be assessed using different assessment methods.
- e) With respect to *section No.10*, teachers need to ensure to create opportunities and provisions for *co-curricular activities*.
- f) Explore the possibility for understanding the Biosphere through Mathematics.

## 12. SUGGESTED MICRO-PROJECTS

**Only one micro-project** is planned to be undertaken by a student that needs to be assigned to him/her in the beginning of the semester. In the first four semesters, the micro-project are group-based (group of 3 to 5). However, **in the fifth and sixth semesters**, the number of students in the group should **not exceed three**.

The micro-project could be industry application based, internet-based, workshop-based, laboratory-based or field-based. Each micro-project should encompass two or more COs which are in fact, an integration of PrOs, UOs and ADOs. Each student will have to maintain dated work diary consisting of individual contribution in the project work and give a seminar presentation of it before submission. The duration of the microproject should be about **14-16** *(fourteen to sixteen) student engagement hours* during the course. The students ought to submit micro-project by the end of the semester to develop the industry-oriented COs.

A suggestive list of micro-projects is given here. This has to match the competency and the COs. Similar micro-projects could be added by the concerned course teacher:

- a) **Charts:** Prepare the Charts of formulae for Matrix, Differentiation, Integration, Complex Numbers.
- b) **Charts:** Compare last weather conditions with current weather to predict future weather through chart.
- c) **Models:** Prepare the cardboard models based on real world applications of derivatives.

- d) **Presentation/Seminar:** Prepare a presentation/seminar on any relevant topic of interdisciplinary nature.
- e) History of Mathematics: Prepare a write up on the Historical path of Calculus.
- f) **Solution of system of linear equations:** Form the system of linear equations up to three variables for the given electrical circuit using matrices and solve it.
- g) **Maxima and Minima:** Find a real-world problem related to finding area/volume, form the corresponding function and find maxima/minima. For example, maximize the volume of a box made of a rectangle tin sheet by cutting off squares of same size from each corner and folding up.
- **h) Slope of tangent:** Find the slope of tangent for the given curves at a given point using derivative and verify using suitable software.
- i) Area/Volume: Find the area of a given closed regain or volume of revolution for a given function using integration and verify using suitable software.
- **j)** Solution of Differential equation: Form differential equations for real-world problems and plot the graph using suitable software with geometrical interpretation.
- **k)** Geometrical representation of complex numbers: Formulate the geometrical representation of addition, subtraction, multiplication, etc. and explain using suitable software.

S. No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication with place, year and ISBN
1	Elementary	B. S. Grewal	Khanna Publishers,15 <sup>th</sup> Edition.
	Engineering		ISBN: 978-81-7409-257-1
	Mathematics		
2	Engineering	Croft, Anthony	Pearson Education, New Delhi,
	Mathematics		2014.
	(Third edition).		ISBN 978-81-317-2605-1
3	Calculus and Its	Marvin L. Bittinger	Addison-Wesley
	Applications	David J. Ellenbogen	10 <sup>th</sup> Edition
		Scott A. Surgent	ISBN-13: 978-0-321-69433-1
4	Calculus and Analytic	G. B. Thomas, R. L.	Addison Wesley, 9th Edition, 1995.
	Geometry	Finney	ISBN 978-8174906168
5	Understanding	John Bird	Routledge; 1st edition
	Engineering		ISBN 978-0415662840
	Mathematics		
6	Advanced Engineering	Krezig, Ervin	Wiley Publ., New
	Mathematics		Delhi,2014,
			ISBN: 978-0-470-45836-5

## **13.** SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES

## 14. SOFTWARE/LEARNING WEBSITES

- a) <u>https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCLJVrQyPYsseCf78QWCDsvA/featured</u> (YouTube Channel of DTEGUJ)
- b) <u>https://www.geogebra.org/?lang=en</u>

- c) https://nios.ac.in/online-course-material/sr-secondary-courses/mathematics-(311).aspx
- d) www.dplot.com/ DPlot
- e) <u>www.wolfram.com/mathematica/</u>
- f) <u>www.easycalculation.com</u>
- g) www.scilab.org/ SCI Lab
- h) https://ncert.nic.in/textbook.php (NCERT Textbooks of Mathematics 11<sup>th</sup> and 12<sup>th</sup> Science)
- i) <u>https://www.desmos.com/</u>

#### 15. PO-COMPETENCY-CO MAPPING

Semester II	Engineering Mathematics (Course Code:4320002)						
	POs						
Competency & Course Outcomes	PO 1 Basic & Discipline specific knowledge	PO 2 Problem Analysis	PO 3 Design/ development of solutions	PO 4 Engineering Tools, Experimentation &Testing	PO 5 Engineering practices for society, sustainability & environment	PO 6 Project Management	PO 7 Life-long learning
<u>Competency</u>	Sc m	olve broa athematic	d-based techn s.	ology problems	using the prii	nciples of Enន្	gineering
Course Outcomes CO a) Demonstrate the ability to Crack engineering related problems based on Matrices	3	1	-	-	-	-	1
CO b) Demonstrate the ability to solve engineering related problems based on applications of differentiation	3	1	1	-	-	-	1
CO c) Demonstrate the ability to solve engineering related problems based on applications of integration	3	1	1	-	-	-	-
CO d)Develop the ability to apply differential equations to	3	1	1	-	-	-	1

significant applied problems							
CO e) Represent complex numbers algebraically and geometrically for solving engineering related problems	3	1	-	-	-	-	-

Legend: '3' for high, '2' for medium, '1' for low and '-' for no correlation of each CO with PO.

## **16. COURSE CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE**

S. No.	Name and Designation	Institute	Contact No.	Email
1	Dr. N. A. Dani Sr. Lecturer	Government Polytechnic, Rajkot	9427184187	nilesh_a_d@yahoo.co.i n
2	Dr. Udayan M. Prajapati Head and Associate Professor	St. Xavier College, Ahmedabd	9426383343	Udayan64@yahoo.com
3	Mr. P. N. Joshi Sr. Lecturer	A.V.P.T.I, Rajkot	9924844699	pnj2004@rediffmail.co m
4	Dr. J. S. Prajapati Sr. Lecturer	R.C.T.I <i>,</i> Ahmedabad	9426469752	jsprajapati26@gmail.co m
5	Dr. Sachin J. Gajjar Lecturer	Government Polytechnic, Gandhinagar	9925362754	gjr.sachin@gmail.com
6	Dr. Nirav H. Shah Lecturer	Government Polytechnic, Jamnagar	9327632570	Nirav.hs@gmail.com

#### **GTU Resource Persons**

## NITTTR Resource Persons

S. No.	Name and Designation	Department	Contact No.	Email
1	Dr. Deepak Singh Associate Professor (Mathematics) Former Head, DAS	Department of Applied Science Education, NITTTR, Bhopal	9826991961	dsingh@nitttrbpl.ac.in
# GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY (GTU)

# Competency-focused Outcome-based Green Curriculum-2021 (COGC-2021) Semester-II

# Course Title: A. C. Circuits

(Course Code: 4320901)

Diploma programmer in which this course is offered	Semester in which offered
Electrical Engineering	Second

# 1. RATIONALE

Most of electrical power generation, transmission, distribution and utilization are in the form of alternating current. Therefore it is essential for students of diploma electrical engineering to know fundamental concepts and principles of AC circuits to solve electrical circuits. This course is not only a prerequisite to learn the advanced electrical courses but also diploma students undertaking this course are expected to apply the principle of ac circuits to troubleshoot electrical circuits in industries/power system. This is one of the most important core engineering courses for electrical technocrats and hence students should try to develop mastery over fundamental concepts and principle of AC Circuits for effective working as an electrical engineer.

# 2. COMPETENCY

The purpose of this course is to help the student to attain the following industry identified competency through various teaching learning experiences:

# • Apply the principles of AC circuits to maintain electrical system.

#### 3. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

The practical exercises, the underpinning knowledge and the relevant soft skills associated with the identified competency are to be developed in the student for the achievement of the following COs:

- *a*) Interpret various terminologies, waveform and vector representation of alternating quantities.
- **b)** Apply principles of A.C. series circuits to solve electrical circuits.
- *c*) Apply principles of A.C. parallel circuits to solve electrical circuits.
- *d*) Apply principles of three phase circuits to solve electrical circuits.

#### 4. TEACHING AND EXAMINATION SCHEME

Teach	ing Sc	heme	Total Credits	Examination Scheme						
(1)	n Hour	rs)	(L+T+P/2)	Theory Marks		Theory Marks Practical Marks		Theory Marks Practical Marks		Total
L	Т	Р	С	СА	ESE	СА	ESE	Marks		
3	1	2	5	30*	70	25	25	150		

(\*): Out of 30 marks under the theory CA, 10 marks are for assessment of the micro-project to facilitate integration of COs and the remaining 20 marks is the average of 2 tests to be

taken during the semester for the assessing the attainment of the cognitive domain UOs required for the attainment of the COs.

**Legends:** L-Lecture; T – Tutorial/Teacher Guided Theory Practice; P - Practical; C – Credit, CA - Continuous Assessment; ESE - End Semester Examination.

# 5. SUGGESTED PRACTICAL EXERCISES

The following practical outcomes (PrOs) are the sub-components of the Course Outcomes (Cos). Some of the **PrOs** marked **'\*'** are compulsory, as they are crucial for that particular CO at the 'Precision Level' of Dave's Taxonomy related to 'Psychomotor Domain'.

Sr. No.	Practical Outcomes (PrOs)	Unit No.	Approx. Hrs. Required
1	Demonstrate waveforms of alternating quantities using CRO and function generator.	Ι	2
2	Use CRO to measure Peak value, RMS value, Time period and frequency of alternating quantity.	Ι	2*
3	Measure voltage, current, and power through pure resistor.	П	2
4	Measure inductance and internal resistance of choke coil.	II	2
5	Measure voltage, current, power and power factor in an RL A.C. series circuit.	II	4*
6	Measure voltage, current, power and power factor in an RC A.C. series circuit.	Π	2*
7	Measure voltage, current, power and power factor in an RLC A.C. series circuit.	Π	4
8	Measure resonance frequency and resonant impedance in RLC series circuit.	II	2
9	Measure voltage, current, power and power factor in an RL A.C. parallel circuit.	111	4*
10	Measure voltage, current, power and power factor in an RC A.C. parallel circuit.		2*
11	Measure voltage, current, power and power factor in an RLC A.C. parallel circuit.	Ш	4
12	Verify line & phase voltage and line & phase current relation for three phase star connection.	IV	2*
13	Verify line & phase voltage and line & phase current relation for three phase delta connection.	IV	2*
14	Test relation between power consumption in three phase star and delta connected load.	IV	2
	Minimum 10 Practical Exercises		28

# <u>Note</u>

- *i.* More *Practical Exercises* can be designed and offered by the respective course teacher to develop the industry relevant skills/outcomes to match the COs. The above table is only a suggestive list.
- *ii. The following are some* **sample** 'Process' and 'Product' related skills (more may be added/deleted depending on the course) that occur in the above listed **Practical Exercises** of this course required which are embedded in the COs and ultimately the competency.

Sr. No.	Sample Performance Indicators for the PrOs	Weightage in %
1	Prepare experimental setup	20
2	Operate the equipment setup or circuit	20
3	Follow safe practices.	10
4	Record observations correctly	20
5	Interpret the result and conclude	30
	Total	100

# 6. MAJOR EQUIPMENT/ INSTRUMENTS REQUIRED

This major equipment with broad specifications for the PrOs is a guide to procure them by the administrators to user in uniformity of practical's in all institutions across the state.

Sr.No.	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications	PrO. No.
1	Single phase variac: 10A, Output 0-270V AC for Input of 230V 50Hz AC	3 to 11
2	Single phase choke coil :230V, 50Hz, 2KVAR	4,5,7,9,11
3	Single phase capacitor bank: 230V, 50Hz, 2KVAR	6,7,10,11
4	Three phase variac : 20A, Output 0-415V for Input of 415V 50Hz AC	12 to 14
4	Single phase resistive load bank : 230V, 2KWOR Lamp loads	3 to 11
5.	Three phase lamp loads suitable for making three phase star and delta connection	12, 13
6.	CRO	1,2
7.	Function Generator	1,2
8.	Ammeter:0-1A/0-5A/0-10A	3 to 14
9.	Voltmeter:0-50V/0-150V/0-300V/0-500V	3 to 14

Sr.No.	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications	PrO. No.
10.	Wattmeter:0-1000W(5/10A,300/600V)	3,5,6,7 9,10,11,14

# 7. AFFECTIVE DOMAIN OUTCOMES

The following *sample* Affective Domain Outcomes (ADOs) are embedded in many of the above-mentioned COs and PrOs. More could be added to fulfill the development of this course competency.

- a) Work as a leader/a team member(while doing a micro-project)
- b) Follow safety practices while using AC supply and electrical equipments.
- c) Work as a group member (while performing experiments and taking readings)
- d) Practice environmental friendly methods and processes. (Environmentrelated)

The ADOs are best developed through the laboratory/field based exercises. Moreover, the level of achievement of the ADOs according to Krathwohl's 'Affective Domain Taxonomy' should gradually increase as planned below:

- i. 'Valuing Level' in 1<sup>st</sup> year
- ii. 'Organization Level' in 2<sup>nd</sup> year.
- iii. 'Characterization Level' in 3<sup>rd</sup> year.

#### 8. UNDERPINNING THEORY

The major underpinning theory is given below based on the higher level UOs of *Revised Bloom's taxonomy* that are formulated for development of the COs and competency. If required, more such UOs could be included by the course teacher to focus on attainment of COs and competency.

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics
	(4 to 6 UOs at different levels)	
Unit 1 A C Fundamentals	(4 to 6 UOs at different levels)1a.Explaingenerationalternating EMF.1b.Definevariousregardingalternatingquantity.1c.Deriveequationfor RMSandaveragevalueofsinusoidalwaveform.1d.Interpretphasedifferencebetweenacquantitieswithnecessarywave-forms1e.Explainthevectorrepresentationand	<ul> <li>1.1 Principle of generation of alternating voltage</li> <li>1.2Cycle, Time period, Frequency, Amplitude, Instantaneous value, Average value, R.M.S. value, Form factor, Peak Factor Phase and Phase difference</li> <li>1.3 Vector representation of alternating quantities</li> <li>1.4Addition, subtraction, multiplication and division of alternating quantity</li> <li>1.5Numerical based on AC fundamentals</li> </ul>
	mathematical operations of alternating vector quantities	

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics
	(4 to 6 UOs at different levels)	
	1f. Solve numerical based on	
	AC fundamentals	
Unit-II	2a Compare the behavior of AC	2.1 Waveform, vector diagram and
Single Phase	voltage, current, power and	expression of voltage, current and
AC Series	power factor through pure	power in pure: Resistance,
Circuits	resistance, pure inductance	Inductance, Capacitance
	and pure capacitance with	2.2 AC through RL, RC, RLC series
	waveforms and vector	CIFCUITS.
	2h Compare behavior of AC	in BLC series circuit
	voltage current power and	2.4 Active reactive and apparent
	power factor through RL RC	power with examples.
	and RLC series circuit with	2.5 lagging, leading and unity power
	waveforms and vector	factor
	diagrams.	2.6 Causes & disadvantages of low
	2c.Explain resonance in RLC	power factor and advantages of
	series circuit with graphical	improvement in power factor
	representation	2.7 Numerical based on AC series
	2d.Explain the concept of	circuits and series resonance
	active power, reactive	
	power and power factor	
	With power triangle	
	Lagging loading and unity	
	nower factor with	
	waveform and vector	
	diagram	
	2f.Explain Causes &	
	disadvantages of low power	
	factor and advantages of	
	improving power factor.	
	2g. Solve numerical based on	
	single phase AC series and	
	circuits and series resonance.	
Unit-III	3a.Decribe various methods of	3.1 Phasor (Vector) method for
Single Phase	solving AC parallel circuits.	solving AC parallel circuits.
AC Parallel	parallel circuit	3.2Admittance method for solving AC
Circuits	3c. Solve numerical based on	parallel circuits.
	single phase AC parallel	3.3 Complex algebra method for
	circuits and parallel	Solving AC parallel circuits.
	resonance	condition in parallel AC circuits
		3.4 Numerical based on AC parallel

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics
		circuits and parallel resonance.
Unit-IV Three Phase Circuits	<ul><li>4a.Differentiate between single and three phase circuits.</li><li>4b.Explain generation of three phase alternating voltage</li></ul>	<ul><li>4.1 Comparison between Single and three phase systems</li><li>4.2 Principle of generation of three phase alternating voltage</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>4c.Distinguish between line and phase voltage, line and phase currents in 3- phase AC circuits</li> <li>4d.Describe three phase star and delta connection with phasor diagrams</li> <li>4e.Solve numerical based on three phase AC circuits</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>4.3 Line and phase voltage, line and phase current</li> <li>4.4 Three-phase star connection</li> <li>4.5 Three phase delta connection</li> <li>4.6 Numerical based on three phase circuits</li> </ul>

# 9. SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION TABLE FOR QUESTIONPAPER DESIGN

Unit	Linit	Tooching	Distribution of Theory Marks				
No		llaura	R	U	Α	Total	
NO.	Title	Hours	Level	Level	Level	Marks	
I	A C Fundamentals	12	6	6	6	18	
II	Single phase AC Series Circuits	14	8	8	8	24	
	Single phase AC Parallel Circuits	08	4	6	4	14	
IV	Three Phase Circuits	08	4	5	5	14	
Total		42	22	25	23	70	

**Legends:** R=Remember, U=Understand, A=Apply and above (Revised Bloom's taxonomy) <u>Note</u>: This specification table provides general guidelines to assist students for their learning and to teachers to teach and question paper designers/setters to formulate test items/questions to assess the attainment of the UOs. The actual distribution of marks at different taxonomy levels (of R, U and A) in the question paper may slightly vary from above table.

# **10. SUGGESTED STUDENT ACTIVITIES**

Other than the classroom and laboratory learning, following are the suggested studentrelated **co-curricular** activities which can be undertaken to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course. Students should perform following activities in group (or individual) and prepare reports of about 5 pages for each activity. They should also collect/record physical evidences for their (student's) portfolio which may be useful for their placement interviews:

- a) Present seminar on various topics from course content
- b) Solve numerical given in tutorials.

The tutorials can be given unit wise. The Student should be encouraged to get their tutorial assessed by the concerned teacher progressively during the term and at the end of the term the whole work should be submitted to the concerned teacher.

#### 11. SUGGESTED SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES (if any)

These are sample strategies, which the teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course:

- a) Massive open online courses (*MOOCs*) may be used to teach various topics/sub topics.
- b) Guide student(s) in undertaking micro-projects.
- c) *'L' in section No.* 4 means different types of teaching methods that are to be employed by teachers to develop the outcomes.
- d) Show animation/video related to course content.
- e) Tutorial hours should be used to develop the ability in students to solve numerical related to AC fundamentals and AC circuits.
- f) Co-relating the importance of content of this course with other courses/ practical applications. (e.g. importance of a content in course or whole course related to A.C. Machines, Transmission and Distribution of Electrical Power, Energy Conservation Switchgear and Protection etc. and in practical industrial &/ domestic applications.
- g) Students learn Engineering Mathematics as a separate course in 2<sup>nd</sup> Semester and knowledge of some topics /concepts of this course is necessary and extremely helpful to learn various topics of A.C. Circuits. So, students should be encouraged at the beginning of the term and periodically during term by the concerned faculties of A.C. Circuits to learn Engineering Mathematics with more interest and also co-relate the content of AC Circuits with Mathematics and Engineering Mathematics.
- h) Introduce E-waste recycling technology among the students.
- i) Guide students on how to address issues on environment and sustainability

#### 12. SUGGESTED MICRO-PROJECTS

**Only one micro-project** is planned to be undertaken by a student that needs to be assigned to him/her in the beginning of the semester. In the first four semesters, the micro-projects are group-based (group of 3 to 5). However, **in the fifth and sixth semesters**, the number of students in the group should **not exceed three**.

The micro-project could be industry application based, internet-based, workshop-based, laboratory-based or field-based. Each micro-project should encompass two or more COs which are in fact, an integration of PrOs, UOs and ADOs. Each student will have to maintain dated work diary consisting of individual contribution in the project work and give a seminar presentation of it before submission. The duration of the micro project should be about **14**-**16** *(fourteen to sixteen) student engagement hours* during the course. The students ought to submit micro-project by the end of the semester to develop the industry-oriented COs.

A suggestive list of micro-projects is given here. This has to match the competency and the COs.Similar micro-projects could be added by the concerned course teacher:

- a) Build model to demonstrate generation of alternating EMF.
- b) Build model of various types of AC Series circuits.
- c) Build model of various types AC Parallel circuits.
- d) Build lamp loads in three phase star connection.
- e) Build lamp Loads in three phase delta connection.

- f) Prepare chart of generation of alternating voltage.
- g) Prepare chart for phase difference between alternating quantities
- h) Prepare chart of waveforms and vector diagram of voltage, current and power in purely resistive, inductive and capacitive circuits.
- i) Prepare chart of graphical representation of series and parallel resonance
- j) Prepare chart of waveforms and vector diagram of three phase voltage.
- k) Prepare chart for three phase star and delta connection with current and voltage relations.

#### **13. SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES**

Sr. No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication with place, year and ISBN
1	A text book of Electrical Technology Volume-I (Basic Electrical Engineering)	B. L. Theraja & A.K. Theraja	S. Chand and Co., New Delhi, 23 edition or Latest edition (ISBN : 9788121924405)
2	Principles of Electrical Engineering	B. R. Gupta	S. K. Kataria & Sons, New Delhi, Latest edition (ISBN-9788121901031)
3	Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering	Tarlok Singh	S. K. Katariav & Sons, New Delhi, Latest edition(ISBN: 9789350140680)
4	Basic Electrical Engineering	K. Uma Rao and A. Jayalakshmi	Pearson Education, New Delhi Latest Edition(ISBN: 9789385909283)
5	Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering	Ravish. R. Singh	Tata McGraw Hill EducationPvt.Ltd., New Delhi 2018 edition or Latest edition (ISBN-978007026092)
6	Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering and Electronics	S.K. Sahdev	Dhanpatrai & Co., New Delhi Latest edition(ISBN: 978877002027)
7	Principles of Electrical Engineering and Electronics	V.K. Mehta Rohit Mehta	S. Chand and Co., New Delhi (ISBN : 9789352837199)
8	Elements of Electrical Engineering	U.A. Patel	Atul Prakashan, Ahmedabad 2010 edition or latest edition

# 14. SOFTWARE/LEARNING WEBSITES WEBSITES

- <a href="https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/105/108105112/">https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/105/108105112/</a>
- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/105/108105053/
- <u>https://lectures.gtu.ac.in/(related to course content)</u>
- <u>https://circuitglobe.com/</u>

- <u>https://www.electronics-tutorials.ws/accircuits</u>
- <u>https://www.electrical4u.com/electrical-engineering-articles/basic-electrical/</u>
- <u>https://www.electricaltechnology.org/</u>
- <u>www.vlab.co.in</u>
- <u>www.khanacademy.org</u>
- https://ndl.iitkgp.ac.

# 15. PO-COMPETENCY-CO MAPPING:

Semester I	A C Circuits (Course Code:4320901)						
	POs						
Competency	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7
& Course Outcomes	Basic &	Problem	Design/	Engineerig	Engineering	Project	Life-long
	Discipline	Analysis	develop	Tools,	practices for	Manage-	learning
	specific		ment of	Experimen-	<mark>society,</mark>	ment	
	knowledge		solution	tation&Testi	<mark>sustainability</mark>		
				ng	<mark>&amp;</mark>		
					environment		
<u>Competency</u>		Apply the <b>j</b>	principles of	AC circuits to	maintain in electi	rical system.	
Course Outcomes							
CO1							
Interpret various	3	З	_	2	_	_	_
terminologies, waveform and	3	5		-			
vector representation of							
alternating quantities.							
CO2							
Apply principles of A.C.	3	3	2	2	-	-	-
series circuits to solve							
CO3							
Apply principles of A.C.	3	3	2	2	-	-	-
parallel circuits to solve							
Apply principles of three							
phase circuits to solve	3	3	2	2	-	-	-
electrical circuits.							
ciccultur circulto.							

Legend: '3' for high, '2' for medium, '1' for low and '-' for no correlation of each CO with PO.

#### 16. COURSE CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE

#### GTU Resource Persons

S. No.	Name and Designation	Institute	Contact No.	Email	
1.	Shailesh M. Kanani	AVPTI, Rajkot	9904651807	smkanani2013	
	Lecturer Electrical Engg.			@gmail.com	

2.	Mrs.PunitaLadani	AVPTI, Rajkot	9428037788	punitaladani
	Lecturer Electrical Engg.			@gmail.com
3.	Piyush M. Saradva	G P Rajkot	9978293237	pmsaradva
	Lecturer Electrical Engg.			@gmail.com
4.	Hiren R. Patel	RCTI, Ahmedabad	9904664984	hirenkumarpatel24
	Lecturer Electrical Engg.			@gmail.com

#### **GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY (GTU)**

#### Competency-focused Outcome-based Green Curriculum-2021 (COGC-2021) Semester-III

#### **Course Title: Summer Internship-I**

(Course Code: 4330001)

Diploma programme in which this course is offered	Semester in which offered
All Branches of Diploma Engineering(Except Automobile, Bio Medical, ICT, Power)	Third

#### **1. RATIONALE**

Idea of Embedded Internships- AICTE has made 7-10 weeks summer internships mandatory in the new curriculum which will equip the students with practical understanding and training about industry practices in a suitable industry or organization. To make education holistic, sports, physical activities, values and ethics have been embedded in the curriculum.

We must agree that all Branches of Diploma Engineering are changing rapidly. New technologies are adding fast which effects can be seen in our society. Summer internship is a good option by which students to get flavor of such emerging technology and familiar with industry environment to identify scope and focus of their career development opportunities. Main objective of summer internship is hand-on practice to expose students for thinking about professional career by observing, understanding working mechanism of ongoing work of industry and to obtain various types of skills throughout internship program.

This two week mandatory internship is to equip the students with practical knowledge and provide them exposure to real time industrial environments. Further, in these internships, the option is provided to do internship in Government Agencies/ skill centers/ social sector/ Govt. initiated social schemes/ NGOs etc. The duration of internship will be two weeks. It will be after completion of 2<sup>nd</sup> Semester and before the commencement of Semester 3<sup>rd</sup>. Any options from following can be chosen by the students:

- 1. **Offline internship in industry** Student is supposed to produce joining letter for starting and relieving letter once the internship is over in case of Offline internship in any industry.
- 2. **Online internships** Student can select from any of approved /supported / recommended by the All India Council of Technical education for Internship (like Internshala/ NEAT/ Gujarat Knowledge Society Initiative etc.) or Approved by the state government or University approved
- 3. A Mini Project On some suitable topic related to respective branch. It can be small fabrication / experimental results/ simulations/ Application development / Design and / or Analysis of System(s) etc. depending on the branch of the student. Preferably a single student should carry out a mini-project.

#### 2. COMPETENCY

- The purpose of this course is to help the student to attain flavor of the following industry identified competency through summer internship experiences:
- Develop multiple types of skills such as planning, communication, collaboration, decision making / Problem solving and management skills along with selected technical knowledge.

#### **3. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)**

The practical exercises, the underpinning knowledge and the relevant soft skills associated with the identified competency are to be developed in the student for the achievement of the following COs:

- a) Learn and adopt the engineer's role and responsibilities with ethics.
- b) Get exposure to the industrial environment for professional activities.
- c) Get possible opportunities to learn, understand and sharpen the technical skills required for technical advancement.
- d) Develop managerial skills required for professional career.
- e) Attain skill for writing technical report and prepare poster for presentation.

# 4. TEACHING AND EXAMINATION SCHEME

Teaching Scheme		<b>Total Credits</b>		Exa	amination S	cheme		
(In Hours)		<b>:s</b> )	(L+T+P/2)	Theory Marks		Practical Marks		Total
L	Т	Р	С	CA	ESE	CA	ESE	Marks
0	0	0	1	0	0	25	25	50

- 1. **Offline internship in industry:** CA will be carried out based on submitted progress card by Industry resource person and ESE / Assessment will be carried out by institute resources person.
- 2. **Online internships:** CA will be carried out based on submitted certificate and ESE/ Assessment will be carried out by institute resources person.
- 3. A Mini Project: CA will be carried out based on project work by institute resources person.
- *Legends: L*-*Lecture; T Tutorial/Teacher Guided Theory Practice; P* -*Practical; C Credit, CA Continuous Assessment; ESE* -*End Semester Examination.*

#### List of Documents to be prepared for Submission:

- Detail report duly signed and approved by the internal/external mentor
- Presentation softcopy approved by the internal/external mentor
- Poster of summer internship activities approved by the internal/external mentor.

#### Sample forms for Registration and Evaluation of Summer Internship-I –SI-I are given below:

- 1) Both forms are mandatory to be filled at the commencement and completion of SI respectively.
- It is mandatory to file and map SI-I Registration and Evaluation with respective forms of SI-II (Later in Semester 5) so that students get enough exposure of industry / technology. (Mapping doesn't mean same industry/ company/ project-it can be independent/ different also.)
- 3) Mapping will be done to ease CA and ESE Evaluations.
- 4) A Seminar / Webinar can be arranged so that students coming from different industry / institute / project background can share experiences and learnings to their peers / all students of the same department.
- 5) Attached formats for Registration, Completion and Evaluation are suggestive. But, adhering to these formats is anticipated.

# Summer Internship-I Registration Form

Note: Students needs to submit this registration form after finalizing mode of internship.

Student Details												
Enrollment Number												
Student Name												
<b>6</b> 1 5 1		<b>T</b> 1										
Student Details	Mobile I	Numbe	er:									
	Email A	ddress	:									
Branch												
Code of the Institute	Name o	Name of the Institute										
Mentor Details (Institute)	Name:											
	Designa	tion:										
	Mobile	No:										
	Email A	ddres	ss:									
Industry Details	Name:											
	Address:											
	Email:											
	Phone:											
	Website	e:										
Mentor Details (Industry)	Name:											
	Designa	tion:										
	Mobile	No:										
	Email A	ddres	SS									
Mode of Internship Carriec Out	l Online /	/ Offli	ne/ N	/lini P	roject							
Title of the Project/ Internship carried out												
Nature of Work Carried Out	Web De resul	esign / ts/ sin	/ App nulati	licatio	on deve Analys	elopm is of S	ent (W System	/eb / N n(s) etc	Aobile	), Exp	erimer	ntal
	Other pl	lease S	Speci	fy								

Student Signature

Faculty Signature

Summer Internship-I	-Suggested Letter for Completion
[Comp	any or Institute letter head]
No:	Date
TO WHOM	SO EVER IT MAY CONCERN
This is to certify that, Mr. /Mrs	
Enrollment No	Student of
Has successfully completed a two week	Internship in the field of
From the date:	to date:
[90% Attendance is n	nandatory for completion of Internship]
During the period of his/her summer interfollowing different processes and were   1	ernship program with us, He / She were exposed to re found sincere and hardworking.

#### Summer Internship-I -Evaluation Rubrics for Institute Evaluation Rubrics (Institute)

\_\_\_\_\_

Enrollment No: \_\_\_\_\_

Branch:

Name of the Students:	
Date of Evaluation:	

Internal Evaluation – 25 Marks PA(I) (To be carried out by the mentor in consultation with Industry) Minimum Passing Marks: 13							
Parameter	Excellent	Good	Average	Not up the level of Satisfaction Below 2	Obtained Marks		
Mark range	4-5	3-4	2-3				
Knowledge acquisition in specific domain. 5 marks							
Skill and attitude attainment in specific domain. 5 marks							
Feedback and suggestions given are incorporated? 5 marks							
Quality of the prepared report and poster. 5 marks							
Quality of the presentation. 5 marks							
		То	tal Marks Obt	ained Out of 25 PA(I)			

Signature: \_\_\_\_

Institute Resource Examiner Name: \_\_\_

Suggested Evaluation Rubrics for Industry

**Evaluation Rubrics (Industry)** 

\_\_\_\_

Enrollment No: \_\_\_\_\_

**Branch:** 

Name of the Students: \_\_\_\_\_\_ Date of Evaluation:

	External Evaluation – 25 Marks ESE(V)								
(To be carried out by the Industry Supervisor) Minimum Passing Marks: 13									
Parameter	Excellent	Good	Average	Not up the level of Satisfaction	Obtained Marks				
Mark range	4-5	3-4	2-3	Below 2					
Student regularity during the Internship period and proactive ness/responsiveness towards the given tasks ( <b>5 Marks</b> ) Work Plan, Execution and quality of work in forms of Outcome achieved ( <b>5 Marks</b> ) Engineering Tools and Techniques ( <b>5 Marks</b> )									
Quality of poster design and presentation ( <b>5 Marks</b> )									
Quality of the report and Skill (5 Marks)									
		Total ]	Marks Obtain	ed Out of 25 ESE(V)					

Signature: \_\_\_

Industry resource/ Examiner Name:

Common Note:

- 1) For Summer Internship / Projects / Seminar etc. Evaluation is based on work done, quality of report, performance in viva-voce, presentation etc. The internal / external assessment is based on the student's performance in viva-voce /work record respectively.
- 2) In case Industry Supervisor is not available / Institute Mentor/ Faculty can fill up both.

# 5. AFFECTIVE DOMAIN OUTCOMES

The following affective Domain Outcomes (ADOs) are embedded in many of the above mentioned COs. More could be added to fulfill the development of this course competency.

- a) Work as a leader/a team member as role of Engineer.
- b) Practice environmentally friendly methods and processes.

Follow safety precautions and ethical practices.

#### 6. SUGGESTED STUDENT ACTIVITIES

- Following are the suggested student-related curricular, **co-curricular** activities which can be undertaken to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course: Students should perform following activities and prepare reports and give presentation in front of students and faculty members. They should also collect/record physical evidences for their (student's) portfolio which may be useful for their placement interviews:
- a) Perform various tasks given by industry resources person during offline internship.
- b) Perform various tasks given during online internship.
- c) Perform various task required to complete mini project work under guidance of faculty member.
- d) Summer Internship program Interns are required to give a presentation before review committee consisting of a group of academic staff members.
- e) The review committee gives feedback and suggests possible improvements in the work.
- f) At the end of the program all the Summer Internship program Interns make a poster presentation of the work carried out. The poster presentation is open to the public. It is also evaluated by faculty members.
- g) A completion certificate will be issued to all Summer Internship program Interns only after the completion of internship tenure.

#### 7. SOFTWARE / LEARNING WEBSITES

An internship is a short term work program usually offered to students by companies and institutes who require staff for assistance at junior levels. Thus for the students undergoing internship a professional learning experience is provided to benefit them in their skills as well as career. It will brush existing skills and provide exposure to new skills. Generally it is provided ay entry level in the industry.

Here is a suggestive list for reference only.

- <u>https://www.internshala.com</u>
- <u>https://swayam.gov.in</u>
- <u>https://nptel.ac.in/</u>
- <u>https://neat.aicte-india.org/</u>
- <u>https://www.edx.org/</u>
- <u>https://www.coursera.org/</u>
- <u>https://www.udemy.com/</u>
- https://www.linkedIn.com
- https://www.stumags.com
- <u>https://www.letsintern.com</u>
- <u>https://www.internship.com</u>
- <u>https://www.glassdoor.com</u>

# 8. PO-COMPETENCY-CO MAPPING

Semester III	Summer Internship (Course Code:4330001)								
Semester III				POs					
Competency & Course Outcomes	PO 1 Basic & Disciplin e specific knowled ge	PO 2 Proble m Analy sis	PO 3 Design/ developme nt of solutions	PO 4 Engineerin g Tools, Experimen tation & Testing	PO 5 Engineering practices for society, sustainability & environment	PO 6 Project Manageme nt	PO 7 Life- long learni ng		
<u>Competency</u>	Us	e principl	es of basic elec	tronics to mai And equipm	ntain various elect lent	tronics circuits			
CO1) Learn and adopt the engineer's role and responsibilities with ethics.	2	1	1	1	1	1	1		
CO2) Get exposure to the industrial environment for professional activities.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
CO3) Get possible opportunities to learn understand and sharpen the technical skills required for technical advancement.	2	1	2	2	1	1	1		
CO4) Develop managerial skills required for professional career.	1	1	2	1	1	1	1		
CO5) Attain skill for writing technical report and prepare poster for presentation.	1	1	-	1	1	1	1		

Legend: '3' for high, '2' for medium, '1' for low and '-' for no correlation of each CO with PO.

# 9. COURSE CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE

Sr. No.	Name and Designation	Institute	Contact No.	Email
1	Jiger P. Acharya	GP, Ahmedabad	9429462026	jigeracharya@gmail.com
2	Alpeshkumar R. Thaker	GP, Ahmedabad	9879709675	alpeshrthaker@gmail.com
3	Umang D. Shah	GP, Ahmedabad	9427686364	umang.shah111gp@gmail
D.C.D				

**BoS Resource Persons** 

Sr. No.	Name and Designation	Institute	Contact No.	Email
1	Shri U. V. Buch- BoS Member and Subject in- charge (EC)	G P Ahmedabad	9825346992	uvbuch@gmail.com

#### GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY (GTU)

# Competency-focused Outcome-based Green Curriculum-2021 (COGC-2021) Semester-III

#### Course Title: D. C. Machines and Transformer

(Course Code: 4330901)

Diploma programmer in which this course is offered	Semester in which offered
Electrical Engineering	Third

#### 1. RATIONALE

The electrical engineering applications in industries use small and large electric motors in some crucial application systems. This course will enable the students to develop skills to select, operate, and maintain various types of D.C. machines and transformers. Practical features of the course will make the students capable of performing various tests on these machines. This course will also make the students familiar with the working and applications of Single-phase transformer and D.C. Machines.

# 2. COMPETENCY

The purpose of this course is to help the student to attain the following industry identified competency through various teaching learning experiences:

• Maintain various types of D.C. machines and single-phase transformers safely.

#### 3. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

The practical exercises, the underpinning knowledge and the relevant soft skills associated with the identified competency are to be developed in the student for the achievement of the following COs:

- *a)* Distinguish types of D.C. Generators.
- **b)** Distinguish types of D.C. Motors.
- *c)* Interpret constructional and operational features of different types of single-phase transformers.
- *d*) Undertake performance test of single-phase transformers.

#### 4. TEACHING AND EXAMINATION SCHEME

Teach	ing Sc	heme	Total Credits	Examination Scheme				
(Ir	n Houi	rs)	(L+T+P/2)	Theory	Theory Marks Practical Mark			Total
L	Т	Р	С	СА	ESE	СА	ESE	Marks
4	0	4	6	30*	70	50	50	200

(\*): Out of 30 marks under the theory CA, 10 marks are for assessment of the micro-project to facilitate integration of COs and the remaining 20 marks is the average of 2 tests to be taken during the semester for the assessing the attainment of the cognitive domain UOs required for the attainment of the COs.

**Legends:** L-Lecture; **T** – Tutorial/Teacher Guided Theory Practice; **P** - Practical; **C** – Credit, **CA** - Continuous Assessment; **ESE** - End Semester Examination.

#### 5. SUGGESTED PRACTICAL EXERCISES

The following practical outcomes (PrOs) are the sub-components of the Course Outcomes (Cos). Some of the **PrOs** marked **'\*'** are compulsory, as they are crucial for that particular CO at the 'Precision Level' of Dave's Taxonomy related to 'Psychomotor Domain'.

Sr. No.	Practical Outcomes (PrOs)	Unit No.	Approx. Hrs.
1	Identify various parts of D.C. machine	1	
2	Perform test on D.C. shunt generator to find out Magnetization characteristic.		4*
3	Maintain constant voltage of D.C. generator at different load conditions	I	4*
4	Test the performance of a separately excited D.C. shunt generator	Ι	4
5	Test the performance of D.C. series generator	I	4
6	Test the performance of D.C. compound machine	Ι	4
7	Connect three point and four-point starters for D.C. motor.	II	4
8	Control the speed of D.C. series motor.	II	4
9	Control the speed of D.C. shunt motor by armature and field control.	II	4*
10	Perform Hopkinson test on D.C. Machine.	Π	6
11	Perform field test on D.C. Series Motor.	Π	6
12	Perform Brake test on D.C. Motor.	II	6
13	Perform Swinburne's test of D.C. machine.	II	6
14	Reverse direction of various D.C. Motors.		4*
15	Study construction of BLD.C. motor and it's parts.	II	2*
16	Perform parallel operation on two single phase transformers.	IV	4*
17	Perform direct load test on single phase transformer.	IV	4*
18	Perform Sumpner's test on single phase transformer.	IV	6
19	Perform polarity test on single phase transformer.	IV	4*
20	Perform open circuit and short circuit test of single-phase transformer.	IV	6*
21	Troubleshoot of D.C. Machine.	II	4
22	Troubleshoot of single-phase transformer.	III	4
			56 Hrs

#### <u>Note</u>

- *i.* More *Practical Exercises* can be designed and offered by the respective course teacher to develop the industry relevant skills/outcomes to match the COs. The above table is only a suggestive list.
- *ii. The following are some sample 'Process' and 'Product' related skills (more may be added/deleted depending on the course) that occur in the above listed Practical Exercises of this course required which are embedded in the COs and ultimately the competency.*

Sr. No.	Sample Performance Indicators for the PrOs	Weightage in %
1	Prepare experimental setup	20
2	Operate the equipment setup or circuit	20
3	Follow safe practices.	20
4	Record observations correctly	20
5	Interpret the result and conclude	20
	Total	100

#### 6. MAJOR EQUIPMENT/ INSTRUMENTS REQUIRED

This major equipment with broad specifications for the PrOs is a guide to procure them by the administrators to user in uniformity of practical's in all institutions across the state.

Sr.No.	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications	PrO. No.
1	D.C. supply, 250 Volt, 25 Amp.	2 to 14
2	D.C. series, shunt, and compound machine (up to 230 V, 5 HP)	2 to 14
3	Single-phase transformer (1-2 KVA, 230/115 V) at least 02 nos.	16 to 20
4	Single-phase auto transformer- 0 to 270 V, 15 Amp.	16 to 20
5	Cut section of D.C. Machine	1
6	Lamp load (10-20 A)	3,4,5,6,17

#### 7. AFFECTIVE DOMAIN OUTCOMES

The following *sample* Affective Domain Outcomes (ADOs) are embedded in many of the above-mentioned COs and PrOs. More could be added to fulfill the development of this course competency.

- a) Work as a leader/a team member (while doing a micro-project)
- b) Follow safety practices while using D.C. and AC supply and electrical equipment.
- c) Work as a group member (while performing experiments and taking readings)
- d) Practice environmentally friendly methods and processes. (Environment related)

The ADOs are best developed through the laboratory/field-based exercises. Moreover, the level of achievement of the ADOs according to Krathwohl's 'Affective Domain Taxonomy' should gradually increase as planned below:

- i. 'Valuing Level' in 1st year
- ii. 'Organization Level' in 2<sup>nd</sup> year.
- iii. 'Characterization Level' in 3<sup>rd</sup> year.

#### 8. UNDERPINNING THEORY

The major underpinning theory is given below based on the higher level UOs of *Revised Bloom's taxonomy* that are formulated for development of the COs and competency. If required, more such UOs could be included by the course teacher to focus on attainment of COs and competency.

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics
	(4 to 6 UOs at different levels)	
Unit 1 D.C. Generator	<ul> <li>1a. Describe material used for various parts of D.C. machine &amp; its function and working of DC generator.</li> <li>1b. Derive emf equation of D.C. generator.</li> <li>1c. Distinguish between lap and wave winding.</li> <li>1d. Differentiate between shunt, series and compound generator.</li> <li>1e. Compare performance characteristic of different types of D.C. Generators.</li> <li>1f. Explain armature reaction and commutation</li> <li>1g. Solve numerical based on emf equation, voltage regulation and efficiency of D.C generator.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>1.1 Energy conversion principle.</li> <li>1.2 Construction of D.C. machine.</li> <li>1.3 Working principle of D.C. generator (single loop generator, action of commutator)</li> <li>1.4 EMF equation of D.C. generator.</li> <li>1.5 Armature winding terminology and its types.</li> <li>1.6 Dummy coils, Equalizer rings.</li> <li>1.7 Types of D.C. generators.</li> <li>1.8 Characteristics of various types of D.C. generators.</li> <li>1.9 Armature reaction and Commutation.</li> <li>1.10 Power stage and Losses in D.C. machines</li> <li>1.11 Voltage regulation, Efficiency and condition for maximum efficiency.</li> <li>1.12 Applications of various types of D.C. generator.</li> </ul>
Unit-II D.C. Motors	<ul> <li>2a. Explain working of D.C. motor</li> <li>2b. Derive torque equation of</li> <li>D.C. motor.</li> <li>2c. Justify the need of D.C. motor</li> <li>starter</li> <li>2d. Explain working of D.C. motor</li> <li>starter</li> <li>2e. Classify different types of D.C.</li> <li>motors</li> <li>2f. Compare performance of</li> <li>different types of D.C. motors</li> <li>2g. Explain the speed control of</li> <li>D.C. motor</li> <li>2h. Calculate the losses and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>2.1 Working principle of D.C. Motor.</li> <li>2.2 Significance of the Back EMF.</li> <li>2.3 Torque in D.C. Motor (armature torque, shaft torque, BHP) and Numerical.</li> <li>2.4 D.C. motor starter (necessity, two-point, three point and fourpoint starter)</li> <li>2.5 Types of D.C. motors and its characteristics and Numerical.</li> <li>2.6 Speed control of D.C. motor</li> <li>2.7 Electronic speed control, reversal of rotation.</li> </ul>

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics
	<ul> <li>(4 to 6 OOs at different levels)</li> <li>efficiency</li> <li>2i. State the need of Brake test, Swinburne's test and field test.</li> <li>2j. List the applications of various types of D.C. motors</li> <li>2k. Explain working of BLD.C. Motor.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>2.8 Power stages, Losses, and Efficiency of D.C. Motor and Numerical.</li> <li>2.9 Testing of D.C. Machines. (Brake test, Swinburne's test, Hopkinson test, field test)</li> <li>2.10 Applications of D.C. Motors.</li> <li>2.11 Specifications of D.C. Motors.</li> <li>2.12 Brushless D.C. Motor (construction and working)</li> </ul>
Unit-III Single Phase Transformer	<ul> <li>3a. Explain the working of a single-phase transformer with sketches</li> <li>3b. Derive EMF equation of transformer and transformation ratio</li> <li>3c. Differentiate between core and shell type transformer with sketches.</li> <li>3d. State the materials used for the different parts of the transformer</li> <li>3eExplain the performance of the transformer on no load, resistive, inductive, and capacitive loads with phasor diagrams</li> <li>3f. Explain various losses in transformer.</li> <li>3g. Derive expression for efficiency and the condition for maximum efficiency of a single-phase transformer</li> <li>3h. Describe working of an autotransformer with sketches.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>3.1 Construction and working principle of Transformer.</li> <li>3.2 Material used for core, winding and insulations)</li> <li>3.3 EMF equation and transformation ratio and Numerical.</li> <li>3.4 No load and on load phasor diagram.</li> <li>3.5 Equivalent circuit of transformer (equivalent resistance and reactance) and Numerical.</li> <li>3.6 Losses of transformer, separation of core loss components and Numerical.</li> <li>3.7 Efficiency of single-phase transformer and condition for maximum efficiency and Numerical.</li> <li>3.8 Voltage regulation, application of transformer.</li> <li>3.9 Auto transformer (construction and working)</li> <li>3.10 Saving of copper in auto transformer.</li> </ul>
Unit-IV Testing of single-phase transformer	<ul> <li>4a. State the need for conducting different types of tests on single phase transformers.</li> <li>4b. Describe the steps for conducting various test of single phase transformer.</li> <li>4c. Describe the need and conditions for parallel operation of transformers</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>4.1 Direct load test</li> <li>4.2 OC and SC test</li> <li>4.3 Back-to-Back test</li> <li>4.4 Need of parallel operation</li> <li>4.5 Conditions of parallel operation in single phase transformer.</li> <li>4.6 Parallel operation and load sharing of single-phase transformer</li> </ul>

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs) (4 to 6 UOs at different levels)	Topics and Sub-topics		
		4.7 Numerical.		

#### 9. SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION TABLE FOR QUESTIONPAPER DESIGN

11414	11	Taashing	Distribution of Theory Marks				
No	Title	Hours	R	U	Α	Total	
INO.		HOUIS	Level	Level	Level	Marks	
I	D.C. Generator	16	6	8	6	20	
П	D.C. Motor	16	6	8	6	20	
	Single-phase Transformer	16	6	8	6	20	
IV Testing of Single-phase Transformer		08	2	4	4	10	
	Total	56	20	28	22	70	

**Legends:** R=Remember, U=Understand, A=Apply and above (Revised Bloom's taxonomy) <u>Note</u>: This specification table provides general guidelines to assist students for their learning and to teachers to teach and question paper designers/setters to formulate test items/questions to assess the attainment of the UOs. The actual distribution of marks at different taxonomy levels (of R, U and A) in the question paper may slightly vary from above table.

# **10. SUGGESTED STUDENT ACTIVITIES**

Other than the classroom and laboratory learning, following are the suggested studentrelated **co-curricular** activities which can be undertaken to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course. Students should perform following activities in group (or individual) and prepare reports of about 5 pages for each activity. They should also collect/record physical evidence for their (student's) portfolio which may be useful for their placement interviews:

- a) Present seminar on various topics from course content
- b) Prepare nameplate of D.C. machines and single-phase transformer.

# **11.** SUGGESTED SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES (if any)

These are sample strategies, which the teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course:

- a) Massive open online courses (*MOOCs*) may be used to teach various topics/subtopics.
- b) Guide student(s) in undertaking micro-projects.
- c) *'L' in section No.* 4 means different types of teaching methods that are to be employed by teachers to develop the outcomes.
- d) Show animation/ video related to course content.
- e) Co-relating the importance of content of this course with other courses/ practical applications. (e.g. importance of a content in course or whole course related to A.C. Machines, Transmission and Distribution of Electrical Power, Energy Conservation Switchgear and Protection etc. and in practical industrial &/ domestic applications.
- f) Introduce E-waste recycling technology among the students.
- g) Guide students on how to address issues on environment and sustainability

# **12.** SUGGESTED MICRO-PROJECTS

**Only one micro-project** is planned to be undertaken by a student that needs to be assigned to him/her in the beginning of the semester. In the first four semesters, the micro-projects are group-based (group of 3 to 5). However, **in the fifth and sixth semesters**, the number of students in the group should **not exceed three**.

The micro-project could be industry application based, internet-based, workshop-based, laboratory-based or field-based. Each micro-project should encompass two or more COs which are in fact, an integration of PrOs, UOs and ADOs. Each student will have to maintain dated work diary consisting of individual contribution in the project work and give a seminar presentation of it before submission. The duration of the micro project should be about **12-14** *(fourteen to sixteen) student engagement hours* during the course. The students ought to submit micro-project by the end of the semester to develop the industry-oriented COs.

A suggestive list of micro-projects is given here. This has to match the competency and the COs. Similar micro-projects could be added by the concerned course teacher:

- a) Prepare chart showing different material used for various parts of D.C. machines.
- b) Collect specification from different manufacturers of D.C. machines and prepare market survey report.
- c) Collect specification from different manufacturers of single-phase transformer and prepare market survey report.
- d) Prepare simple model of single-phase transformer.
- e) Prepare chart of industrial applications of various types of D.C. motor and generator.
- f) Prepare chart of application single-phase transformer and auto transformer.
- g) Prepare report on power saving in BLD.C. motor.
- h) Prepare model of Lap and Wave winding of D.C. Machines.

#### **13. SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES**

Sr. No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication with place, year and ISBN
1	A textbook of Electrical Technology Volume-II	B. L. Theraja & A.K. Theraja	S. Chand and Co., New Delhi, 23 edition or Latest edition (ISBN : 9788121924405)
2	Principle of Electrical Machines	V.K.Mehta, Rohit Mehta	S.Chand and Co. Ltd, New Delhi ISBN: 9788121930888
3	Electrical Machines	S.K.Bhattacharya	McGraw Hill Education. New Delhi ISBN:9789332902855
4	Electrical Machinery	Dr. P.S.Bimbhra	Khanna Publication. New Delhi ISBN: 9788174091734
5	Electrical Machine-I	Gupta, J. B.	S. K. Kataria & Sons, New Delhi, ISBN : 9350140551

# 14. SOFTWARE/LEARNING WEBSITES WEBSITES

- <a href="https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/108/105/108105155/">https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/108/105/108105155/</a>
- <u>https://www.electrical4u.com/electrical-engineering-articles/transformer/</u>
- <u>https://electrical4u.in/D.C.-machines/</u>
- <u>https://lectures.gtu.ac.in/</u>
- <u>https://circuitglobe.com/</u>
- <u>https://www.electricaltechnology.org/</u>
- <u>www.vlab.co.in</u>
- <u>www.khanacademy.org</u>

# 15. PO-COMPETENCY-CO MAPPING:

Semester I	D.C. Machines and Transformer (Course Code:4330901)								
		POs							
Competency	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7		
& Course Outcomes	Basic & Discipline specific knowledge	Problem Analysis	Design / develo	Engineering Tools, Experimen-	Engineering practices for society, sustainability	Project Manage- ment	Life-long learning		

			pment of solutio n	tation & Testing	<mark>&amp;</mark> environment		
<u>Competency</u>	Mainta transfo	in vario rmers saf	us types ely.	of D.C.	machines a	and sing	e-phase
Course Outcomes CO1 Distinguish types of D.C. Generators.	3	3	1	3	2	-	-
CO2 Distinguish types of D.C. Motors.	3	3	1	3	2	-	-
CO3 Interpret constructional and operational features of different types of single- phase transformers.	3	3	1	-	-	-	-
CO4 Undertake performance test of single-phase transformers.	3	-	-	3	-	-	-

Legend: '3' for high, '2' for medium, '1' for low and '-' for no correlation of each CO with PO.

# 16. COURSE CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE

#### GTU Resource Persons

S. No	Name and Designation	Institute	Contact No.	Email
1.	Ravi J. Dattani	G.P. Jamnagar	9016593517	rjdele@gmail.com
	Lecturer Electrical Engg.			
2.	Jayesh L.Chandpa	G.P. Jamnagar	8866970001	jlc.elect@gmail.com
	Lecturer Electrical Engg.			

#### GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY (GTU)

# Competency-focused Outcome-based Green Curriculum-2021 (COGC-2021) Semester-III

#### **Course Title: Electrical Instrumentation**

(Course Code: 4330902)

Diploma programmer in which this course is offered	Semester in which offered
Electrical Engineering	Third

#### 1. RATIONALE

Precise measurement of the quantities such as voltage, current, power, temperature, pressure etc. is essential to operate and maintain the electrical machines and systems effectively and efficiently. Transducers and instruments are the devices which are used to measure such parameters. The electrical diploma engineer should therefore be competent to use, calibrate and maintain different types of electrical instrumentation systems and transducers used in the industry and power systems. This demands a better understanding of the construction, material used and principle of operation of various types of measuring instruments. This course is therefore designed to meet these needs and hence it is a core course for any electrical engineer.

# 2. COMPETENCY

The purpose of this course is to help the student to attain the following industry identified competency through various teaching learning experiences:

#### • Use relevant measuring instrument in different electrical applications.

#### 3. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

The practical exercises, the underpinning knowledge and the relevant soft skills associated with the identified competency are to be developed in the student for the achievement of the following COs:

- *a*) Interpret different terms related to measurement and instrumentation
- b) Measure circuit parameters using potentiometers and DC and AC bridges.
- *c)* Use electromechanical instruments for measurement of electrical quantities.
- *d*) Calibrate ammeter, voltmeter, wattmeter and energy meter as per IS.
- e) Use transducers to measure various non-electrical quantities.

#### 4. TEACHING AND EXAMINATION SCHEME

Teaching Scheme Total Credits				Exa	mination S	cheme		
(In Hours)		rs)	(L+T+P/2)	Theory	y Marks	Practica	l Marks	Total
L	Т	Р	С	CA	ESE	СА	ESE	Marks
4	0	2	5	30*	70	25	25	150

(\*): Out of 30 marks under the theory CA, 10 marks are for assessment of the micro-project to facilitate integration of COs and the remaining 20 marks is the average of 2 tests to be taken during the semester for the assessing the attainment of the cognitive domain UOs required for the attainment of the COs.

**Legends:** L-Lecture; **T** – Tutorial/Teacher Guided Theory Practice; **P** - Practical; **C** – Credit, **CA** - Continuous Assessment; **ESE** - End Semester Examination.

# 5. SUGGESTED PRACTICAL EXERCISES

The following practical outcomes (PrOs) are the sub-components of the Course Outcomes (Cos). Some of the **PrOs** marked **'\*'** are compulsory, as they are crucial for that particular CO at the 'Precision Level' of Dave's Taxonomy related to 'Psychomotor Domain'.

Sr. No.	Practical Outcomes (PrOs)	Unit No.	Approx. Hrs. Required
1	Identify measuring instruments on the basis of symbols on dial, type, accuracy, class, position and scale.	I	2*
2	Measure medium resistance using Wheatstone bridge.	II	2*
3	Measure low resistance using Kelvin's double bridge.	П	2*
4	Measure inductance by using Universal Impedance bridge.	II	2*
5	Measure capacitance by using Universal Impedance bridge.	II	2
6	Measure insulation resistance of winding insulation by using Megger.	II	2*
7	Measure earth resistance by using earth tester.	II	2
8	Measure power drawn by three phase load using two wattmeter method.	III	2*
9	Measure different electrical parameters using clip on meter.		2*
10	Test phase sequence of three phase AC supply using phase sequence indicator.	III	2
11	Measure maximum demand using Maximum demand meter.	Ш	2
12	Use Tri-vector meter for measuring kW, kVAr and kVA of a power line.	Ш	2
13	Extend the range of ammeter and voltmeter by using CT and PT.	==	4
14	Calibrate Ammeter (MI/MC) as per IS.	IV	2*
15	Calibrate Voltmeter (MI/MC) as per IS.	IV	2*
16	Calibrate Single phase energy meter as per IS.	IV	2*
17	Calibrate single phase wattmeter using standard voltmeter and ammeter.	IV	2
18	Calibrate power factor meter as per IS.	IV	2
19	Measure Linear displacement using LVDT.	V	2*
20	Use Thermocouple to control the temperature of a furnace/machine.	V	2
21	Measure speed using inductive pick-up transducer.	V	2
22	Use Strain gauge to measure strain.	V	2*
	Minimum 14 Practical Exercises		28

# <u>Note</u>

- *i.* More **Practical Exercises** can be designed and offered by the respective course teacher to develop the industry relevant skills/outcomes to match the COs. The above table is only a suggestive list.
- *ii.* The following are some **sample** 'Process' and 'Product' related skills (more may be added/deleted depending on the course) that occur in the above listed **Practical Exercises** of this course required which are embedded in the COs and ultimately the competency.

Sr. No.	Sample Performance Indicators for the PrOs	Weightage in %
1	Prepare experimental setup	20
2	Operate the equipment setup or circuit	20
3	Follow safe practices.	10
4	Record observations correctly	20
5	Interpret the result and conclude	30
	Total	100

# 6. MAJOR EQUIPMENT/ INSTRUMENTS REQUIRED

This major equipment with broad specifications for the PrOs is a guide to procure them by the administrators to user in uniformity of practical's in all institutions across the state.

Sr. No.	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications	PrO.No.
1	Wheatstone bridge (Measuring Range- $1.000\Omega$ to $10.00M\Omega$ )	2
2	Kelvin's double bridge (0.2 Micro - Ohms to 11 ohms)	3
3	Universal Impedance bridge (Basic accuracy- 0.3%)	4,5
4	Megger (dc voltage generated 500 V, 1000 V)	6
5	Earth tester	7
6	Two element wattmeter 0-1000W(5/10A,300/600V)	1,8,17
7	Clip on meter : Analog and digital meters with latest specifications	9
8	Phase sequence indicator: Analog and digital meters with latest specifications	10
9	Maximum demand meter	11
10	Tri vector meter	12
11	Current transformer and Potential transformer	13
12	Ammeter MI/MC (0-1 A, 0-5 A, 0-10 A)	1,13,14,17
13	Voltmeter MI/MC (0-50 V,0-150 V,0-300 V,0-500 V)	1,13,14,17
14	Energy meter : 1Ø and 3Ø analog and digital meters with latest specifications	16
15	Power factor meter : Analog and digital meters with latest specifications	18
16	LVDT: +12V D.C. at 50mA D.C .regulated Power Supply	19
17	Thermocouple	20
18	Inductive pick-up transducer	21
19	Strain gauge: +12V D.C. at 50mA I.C. regulated Power Supply	22

# 7. AFFECTIVE DOMAIN OUTCOMES

The following *sample* Affective Domain Outcomes (ADOs) are embedded in many of the above-mentioned COs and PrOs. More could be added to fulfill the development of this course competency.

- a) Work as a leader/a team member(while doing a micro-project)
- b) Follow safety practices while using AC supply and electrical equipments.
- c) Work as a group member (while performing experiments and taking readings)
- d) Practice environmental friendly methods and processes. (Environment related)

The ADOs are best developed through the laboratory/field based exercises. Moreover, the level of achievement of the ADOs according to Krathwohl's 'Affective Domain Taxonomy' should gradually increase as planned below:

- i. 'Valuing Level' in 1<sup>st</sup> year
- ii. 'Organization Level' in 2<sup>nd</sup> year.
- iii. 'Characterization Level' in 3<sup>rd</sup> year.

#### 8. UNDERPINNING THEORY

The major underpinning theory is given below based on the higher level UOs of *Revised Bloom's taxonomy* that are formulated for development of the COs and competency. If required, more such UOs could be included by the course teacher to focus on attainment of COs and competency.

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics		
	(4 to 6 UOs at different levels)			
Unit – I	1a.Differentiate between	1.1 Methods of measurement -Direct		
Fundamentals of	direct and indirect	and indirect methods		
measurement &	measurement	1.2 Types of Instruments - Indicating,		
instrumentation	1b.Discriminate between	integrating and recording,		
	Indicating, integrating	absolute and secondary		
	and recording, absolute	instrument		
	and secondary	1.3 Deflecting, Controlling and		
	instrument	damping torques		
	1c.Differentiate between	1.4 Range, true value, indicated value,		
	deflecting, controlling	correction, sensitivity,		
	and damping torques	repeatability, reproducibility,		
	1d.Explain different terms	precision, Accuracy, significant		
	related to measurement	figure, etc.		
	1e.Differentiate between	1.5 Types and sources of error : gross		
	different types of errors	error, systematic error, random		
	with examples	error		
Unit – II	2a.Explain the working of the	2.1 Construction and working of DC		
Potentiometers	DC potentiometer.	potentiometer, and its		
and Bridges	2b.Differentiate between	applications		
	different types of	2.2 Dial type and Crompton type		
	potentiometers	2.3 Low, medium, and high resistance		
	2c.Classify different types of	2.4 Kelvin's double bridge,		
	resistances	2.5 Medium resistance by Wheatstone		

11		
Unit		Topics and Sub-topics
	(4 to 6 UOs at different levels)	
	2d.Explain the procedure to	bridge, Ammeter-voltmeter
	measure low resistance	method, Ohmmeter.
	by Kelvin's double bridge	2.6 High resistance by Mugger
	with sketches	2.7 Earth resistance by Earth tester.
	2e.Explain the procedure to	2.8 Measurement of inductance and
	measure medium	capacitance by Universal
	resistances by	impedance bridge, A.C. bridge -
	Wheatstone's bridge and	Maxwell, Anderson, Hays,
	other methods with	DeSauty's and Wien's bridge. (no
	sketches.	phasor diagram)
	2f. Justify the need of a	
	Megger.	
	2g.Justify the need of a earth	
	tester.	
	2h.Select an A.C. bridge to	
	determine Inductance and	
	capacitance.	
Unit – III	3a.List the common errors in	3.1 Common errors in
Electromechanic	various electromechanical	electromechanical instruments
al Instruments	measuring instruments.	3.2 Moving iron instruments:
	3b.Differentiate between	Ammeter, voltmeter, Frequency
	moving iron and PMMC	meter.
	instruments	3.3 PMMC instruments: ammeter
	3c.Distinguish between	voltmeter Vibration
	electrodynamometer type	galvanometer
	and induction type meters.	3 1 Electrodynamometer type meter:
	3d.Describe the working of a	3.4 Electrodynamometer type meter.
	hot wire instruments	animeter, voltmeter, wattmeter,
	3e.Select different types of	
	electro-mechanical	5.5 Induction type Energy meter
	instruments for different	(single phase, three phase)
	kinds of measurement.	3.6 Hot wire type instruments
	3f. Illustrate the use of	3.7 Tri vector meter, Maximum
	shunt and multipliers for	demand meter, Phase sequence
	range extension of	indicator, Solid state energy meter,
	ammeters and voltmeters	Clip on meter
	3g.Illustrate the use of	3.8 Extension of range using shunt,
	Current Transformer and	multipliers and derive equation for
	Potential Transformer for	them.
	range extension of meters	3.9 Extension of range of meters using
		instrument transformer like CT and
		РТ
Unit – IV	4a.Justify the necessity of	4.1 Calibration and its importance
<b>Calibration and</b>	calibration	4.2 Calibration of ammeter, voltmeter
Testing	4b.State the procedure to	and wattmeter and single phase
	calibrate various electrical	energy meter(along with
	instruments	adjustments) as per IS

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics		
Onit	(4  to  6  UOs at different levels)			
Unit – V	Sa.State the basic	5.1 Basic requirements of transducers.		
Transducers	requirements of	5.2 Classification based on :		
	transducers	Transduction phenomenon, type		
	5b. Classify different types of	of application, types of input and		
	transducers	output signal, electrical principle		
	5c. Describe working principle	involved.		
	of different types of	5.3 Resistive Transducers, Inductive		
	electrical transducers.	Transducers: LVDT, RVDT,		
	5d. Describe working principle	Capacitive Transducers,		
	of different types of	Piezoelectric Transducers, Strain		
	electro optical	Gauge Transducers (unbonded and		
	transducers.	bonded), Thermocouple, RTD,		
	5e.Explain the Incident caused	Thermistor and semiconductor		
	by Transducer failure.	sensors		
	5f.Justify possibilities and	5.4 Opto-electronic devices: Photo		
	improvements after the	emissive cells. Photoconductive		
	failure.	cells. Photodiode. Photo transistor.		
		Photovoltaic cells. Photo optic		
		transducer.		
		5.5 Transducer failure which caused		
		massive industrial / equipment		
		damages and environmental		
		uanages.		

#### 9. SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION TABLE FOR QUESTIONPAPER DESIGN

l loit	Linit	Teaching D		Distribution of Theory Marks			
No	Title	leating	R	U	Α	Total	
NO.	inte	Hours	Level	Level Level			
	Fundamentals of measurement	06	04	04	01	09	
1	and instrumentation	00	04	04	01	05	
II	Potentiometers and Bridges	12	04	07	05	16	
	Electromechanical Instruments	16	07	08	05	20	
IV	Calibration and Testing	04	01	02	01	04	
V	Transducers	18	06	07	08	21	
	Total	56	22	28	20	70	

**Legends:** R=Remember, U=Understand, A=Apply and above (Revised Bloom's taxonomy) <u>Note</u>: This specification table provides general guidelines to assist students for their learning and to teachers to teach and question paper designers/setters to formulate test items/questions to assess the attainment of the UOs. The actual distribution of marks at different taxonomy levels (of R, U and A) in the question paper may slightly vary from above table.

#### **10. SUGGESTED STUDENT ACTIVITIES**

Other than the classroom and laboratory learning, following are the suggested studentrelated *co-curricular* activities which can be undertaken to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course. Students should perform following activities in group (or individual) and prepare reports of about 5 pages for each activity. They should also collect/record physical evidences for their (student's) portfolio which may be useful for their placement interviews:

- a) Present chart showing real-life examples indicating various types of electrical measuring equipment.
- b) Prepare PowerPoint presentation for different types of electromechanical instruments.
- c) Solve numerical related to Bridges.

# **11.** SUGGESTED SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES (if any)

These are sample strategies, which the teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course:

- a) Massive open online courses (*MOOCs*) may be used to teach various topics/sub topics.
- b) Guide student(s) in undertaking micro-projects.
- c) *'L' in section No. 4* means different types of teaching methods that are to be employed by teachers to develop the outcomes.
- d) Show animation/ video to explain concepts, facts and applications related to electrical measuring instruments.
- e) In respect of section no.10, teachers need to ensure to create opportunities and provisions for such co-curricular activities. (Use remaining practical hours).
- f) Co-relating the importance of content of this course with other courses/ practical applications. (e.g. importance of a content in course or whole course related to A.C. Machines, Transmission and Distribution of Electrical Power, Energy Conservation Switchgear and Protection etc. and in practical industrial &/ domestic applications.)
- g) Introduce E-waste recycling technology among the students.
- h) Guide students on how to address issues on environment and sustainability

# **12.** SUGGESTED MICRO-PROJECTS

**Only one micro-project** is planned to be undertaken by a student that needs to be assigned to him/her in the beginning of the semester. In the first four semesters, the micro-projects are group-based (group of 3 to 5). However, **in the fifth and sixth semesters**, the number of students in the group should **not exceed three**.

The micro-project could be industry application based, internet-based, workshop-based, laboratory-based or field-based. Each micro-project should encompass two or more COs which are in fact, an integration of PrOs, UOs and ADOs. Each student will have to maintain dated work diary consisting of individual contribution in the project work and give a seminar presentation of it before submission. The duration of the micro project should be about **14**-**16** *(fourteen to sixteen) student engagement hours* during the course. The students ought to submit micro-project by the end of the semester to develop the industry-oriented COs.

A suggestive list of micro-projects is given here. This has to match the competency and the COs. Similar micro-projects could be added by the concerned course teacher:

- a) Prepare a report on various measuring instruments used in Instrumentation laboratory.
- b) Build a model to extend the range of ammeter with the help of shunt resistor.

- c) Build a model to extend the range of voltmeter with the help of high resistor (multiplier).
- d) Build a model of phase sequence indicator.
- e) Prepare a report on transducers or sensors used in automation and robotics.
- f) Design an instrument to generate electricity using piezoelectric device.
- g) Case studies on transducer failure and its implications.
- h) Make a case study on any industrial accident.
- i) Prepare charts that spread awareness on environmental effect due to industrial accidents.
- j) Compile the reports of past industrial/massive accidents, their causes, effect and strategies used and suggestion to prevent such incidents and present the same in seminar.
- k) Prepare a chart that classifies recycling process for electronic waste and plastics.

#### **13. SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES**

Sr.	Title of Book	Author	Publication with place, year and
No.			ISBN
1	A text book of Electrical Technology Volume-I (Basic Electrical Engineering)	B. L. Theraja& A.K. Theraja	S. Chand and Co., New Delhi, 23 edition or Latest edition (ISBN : 9788121924405)
2	Principles of Electrical Engineering	B. R. Gupta	S. K. Kataria& Sons, New Delhi, Latest edition (ISBN-9788121901031)
3	Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering	Tarlok Singh	S. K. Katariav& Sons, New Delhi, Latest edition(ISBN: 9789350140680)
4	Basic Electrical Engineering	K. Uma Rao and A. Jayalakshmi	Pearson Education, New Delhi Latest Edition(ISBN: 9789385909283)
5	Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering	Ravish. R. Singh	Tata McGraw Hill EducationPvt.Ltd., New Delhi 2018 edition or Latest edition (ISBN-978007026092)
6	Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering and Electronics	S.K. Sahdev	Dhanpatrai& Co., New Delhi Latest edition(ISBN: 978877002027)
7	Principles of Electrical Engineering and Electronics	V.K. Mehta Rohit Mehta	S. Chand and Co., New Delhi (ISBN : 9789352837199)

#### 14. SOFTWARE/LEARNING WEBSITES WEBSITES

- <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108105153</u>
- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108105064
- https://lectures.gtu.ac.in/listview.aspx?br=09&course=DI

- <u>https://circuitglobe.com/category/electrical-terms/electrical-instrumentation</u>
- <u>https://www.electrical4u.com/electrical-engineering-articles/measurement/</u>
- https://www.electricaltechnology.org/
- <u>https://vp-dei.vlabs.ac.in/Dreamweaver/measurement.html</u>

#### 15. PO-COMPETENCY-CO MAPPING:

Semester III	Electrical Instrumentation (Course Code:4330902)						
	POs						
Competency & Course Outcomes	PO 1 Basic & Discipline specific knowledge	PO 2 Problem Analysis	PO 3 Design/ develop ment of solution	PO4 Engineering Tools, Experimen- tation &Testing	PO 5 Engineering practices for society, sustainability & environment	PO 6 Project Manage- ment	PO 7 Life-long learning
<u>Competency</u>	ι	Jse relevant	measuring i	nstrument in d	lifferent electrica	l application	s.
Course Outcomes CO1 Interpret different terms related to measurement and instrumentation	3	-	-	2	-	-	-
CO2 Measure circuit parameters using potentiometers and DC and AC bridges.	2	2	2	3	-	_	-
CO3 Use electromechanical instruments for measurement of electrical quantities.	2	_	-	3	-	-	-
CO4 Calibrate ammeter, voltmeter, wattmeter and energy meter as per IS.	3	2	2	3	-	-	-
CO5 Use transducers to measure various non electrical quantities.	2	2	2	3	2	-	-

Legend: '3' for high, '2' for medium, '1' for low and '-' for no correlation of each CO with PO.

#### 16. COURSE CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE

#### **GTU Resource Persons**

S. No.	Name and Designation	Institute	Contact No.	Email
1.	Mayur D. Muchhadiya	G P Junagadh	9638167122	muchhadiyamd
	Lecturer Electrical Engg.			@gmail.com
2.	Sunil K. Singal	G P Junagadh	9998910594	sunilksingal3
	Lecturer Electrical Engg.			@gmail.com

#### GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY (GTU)

# Competency-focused Outcome-based Green Curriculum-2021 (COGC-2021) Semester-III

#### **Course Title: Electrical Power Generation and Transmission** (Course Code: 4330903)

Diploma programmer in which this course is offered	Semester in which offered	
Electrical Engineering	Third	

#### 1. RATIONALE

Generation of Electric Power is most important activity in power system. With growing demand for electric power, it has become more necessary to generate electric power more efficiently. It is possible with advanced technology. This course deals in detail about generation of electric power using thermal (coal) hydro and nuclear sources. These types of power plants need highly skilled technocrats who are capable of operating and maintaining various equipment and auxiliaries to generate uninterrupted power.

The bulk electrical power is generated at power plants which are quite away from load center, transmitted to different load center by transmission system and then supplied to consumers through distribution system. This course deals in detail with elements & performance of overhead transmission line and HVDC transmission systems. The skilled technocrats are required to operate and maintain power transmission system so that uninterrupted electrical power supply is made available at consumer end. Essential efforts are made in this course to develop basic skills required to maintain power generation and transmission system.

#### 2. COMPETENCY

The purpose of this course is to help the student to attain the following industry identified competency through various teaching learning experiences:

# • Operate and maintain various types of electrical power generating plants and transmission systems.

#### 3. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

The practical exercises, the underpinning knowledge and the relevant soft skills associated with the identified competency are to be developed in the student for the achievement of the following COs:

- *a*) Supervise functioning of Thermal power plant, Hydro power plant and Nuclear power plant.
- **b)** Solve problems related to load curve and load duration curve.
- *c)* Apply mechanical and electrical design aspects of various types of conductor, support and insulator to maintain overhead line.
- *d*) Analyze performance of transmission line.
e) Differentiate various types of HVDC transmission system.

4.	<b>TEACHING AND EXAMINATION SCHEME</b>
----	--

Teach	ing Sc	heme	Total Credits	Examination Scheme				
(Ir	n Houi	rs)	(L+T+P/2)	Theor	y Marks	Practical	Marks	Total
L	Т	Р	С	СА	ESE	СА	ESE	Marks
4	0	2	6	30*	70	25	25	150

(\*): Out of 30 marks under the theory CA, 10 marks are for assessment of the micro-project to facilitate integration of COs and the remaining 20 marks is the average of 2 tests to be taken during the semester for the assessing the attainment of the cognitive domain UOs required for the attainment of the COs.

**Legends:** L-Lecture; **T** – Tutorial/Teacher Guided Theory Practice; **P** - Practical; **C** – Credit, **CA** - Continuous Assessment; **ESE** - End Semester Examination.

# 5. SUGGESTED PRACTICAL EXERCISES

The following practical outcomes (PrOs) are the sub-components of the Course Outcomes (Cos). Some of the **PrOs** marked **'\*'** are compulsory, as they are crucial for that particular CO at the 'Precision Level' of Dave's Taxonomy related to 'Psychomotor Domain'.

Sr. No.	Practical Outcomes (PrOs)	Unit No.	Approx. Hrs. Required
1	Sketch and interpret the schematic diagram of thermal power station (T.P.S.) and its main cycles.	Ι	4*
2	Prepare technical report of visit to a nearby T.P.S.	I	2
3	Sketch and interpret the various schemes of hydro power plant(H.P.S.)	I	2*
4	Prepare technical report of visit to a nearby H.P.S.	Ι	2
5	Sketch and interpret the schematic diagram of nuclear power station (N.P.S.)	Ι	2*
6	Prepare and interpret load curve for given data/data collected from nearby power station	=	4*
7	Demonstrate various types of conductors used in overhead transmission lines.		2*
8	Demonstrate different types of line supports employed in transmission system and distribution system.	111	4*
9	Demonstrate different types of insulators used in overhead transmission and distribution system	Ш	4*
10	Calculate sag in overhead transmission line for given data.		2
11	Determine string efficiency of suspension type insulator for given data.	III	2

Sr. No.	Practical Outcomes (PrOs)	Unit No.	Approx. Hrs. Required
12	Determine voltage regulation and transmission efficiency of short transmission line.	IV	4
13	Determine voltage regulation and transmission efficiency of medium transmission line.	IV	4
14	Prepare technical report on load dispatch center.	IV	2*
15	Prepare report on HVDC transmission systems.	V	2*
	Minimum 10 Practical Exercises		28

#### <u>Note</u>

- *i.* More **Practical Exercises** can be designed and offered by the respective course teacher to develop the industry relevant skills/outcomes to match the COs. The above table is only a suggestive list.
- *ii. The following are some* **sample** 'Process' and 'Product' related skills (more may be added/deleted depending on the course) that occur in the above listed **Practical Exercises** of this course required which are embedded in the COs and ultimately the competency.

Sr. No.	Sample Performance Indicators for the PrOs	Weightage in %
1	Understanding of concepts	20
2	Explanation of conclusion	20
3	Student attitude towards learning	20
4	Quality of term work	20
5	Timely completion of term work	20
	Total	100

## 6. MAJOR EQUIPMENT/ INSTRUMENTS REQUIRED

This major equipment with broad specifications for the PrOs is a guide to procure them by the administrators to user in uniformity of practical's in all institutions across the state.

Sr. No.	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications	PrO. No.
1	Demonstration piece of ACSR conductors, Bundle Conductor etc	7
2	Demonstration piece of Pin insulator, Disc of suspension insulator, Shackle insulator, Silicon rubber insulator	9
3	Transmission line trainer kit	12,13

# 7. AFFECTIVE DOMAIN OUTCOMES

The following *sample* Affective Domain Outcomes (ADOs) are embedded in many of the above-mentioned COs and PrOs. More could be added to fulfill the development of this course competency.

- a) Work as a leader/a team member(while doing a micro-project)
- b) Follow safety practices while usingElectrical supply and electrical equipment.
- c) Practice environmental friendly methods and processes. (Environment related)

The ADOs are best developed through the laboratory/field based exercises. Moreover, the level of achievement of the ADOs according to Krathwohl's 'Affective Domain Taxonomy' should gradually increase as planned below:

- i. 'Valuing Level' in 1<sup>st</sup> year
- ii. 'Organization Level' in 2<sup>nd</sup> year.
- iii. 'Characterization Level' in 3<sup>rd</sup> year.

## 8. UNDERPINNING THEORY

The major underpinning theory is given below based on the higher level UOs of *Revised Bloom's taxonomy* that are formulated for development of the COs and competency. If required, more such UOs could be included by the course teacher to focus on attainment of COs and competency.

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics
	(4 to 6 UOs at different levels)	
Unit Unit -I Generation of Electrical Power	<ul> <li>Unit Outcomes (UOs) (4 to 6 UOs at different levels)</li> <li>1a.Explain energy conversion process in thermal, hydro and nuclear power plant.</li> <li>1b.Identify appropriate site for thermal, hydro and nuclear power plant.</li> <li>1c.Describe schematic diagram, major equipment, accessories used in thermal, hydro and nuclear power station.</li> <li>1d.State the critical safe practices, and precautions to be followed while operation and maintenance of thermal, hydro and nuclear power plant.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Topics and Sub-topics</li> <li>1.1 Energy conversion process of thermal, hydro and nuclear power plant</li> <li>1.2 Factors of site selection for thermal, hydro and nuclear power plant</li> <li>1.3 Schematic diagram of thermal, hydro and nuclear power plant.</li> <li>1.4 Schematic diagram of different cycles of thermal power plant.</li> <li>1.5 Major equipment, accessories used in thermal power plant.</li> <li>1.6 Classification of hydro power plant</li> <li>1.7 Different schemes and elements of Hydro Power Plant</li> </ul>
		1.8 Nuclear fission, nuclear fusion and chain reaction
		1.9 Nuclear reactor and fuels used 1.10Nuclear waste in its disposal
		1.11Advantages and disadvantages of thermal, hydro and nuclear
		1.12Safe practices, environmental effect and precautions for thermal, hydro and nuclear

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics
	(4 to 6 UOs at different levels)	
		power plant 1.13Major thermal, hydro and nuclear power plant of Gujarat- state
Unit-II Variable Load on Power Station	<ul> <li>2a. Distinguish between load curve and load duration curve.</li> <li>2b. Differentiate between base load and peak load power plants.</li> <li>2c. Solve numerical related to load curve and load duration curve.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>2.1 Types of loads</li> <li>2.2 Types and importance of load curve</li> <li>2.3 Terms and factors regarding load curve</li> <li>2.4 Load duration curve</li> <li>2.5 Base load and peak load power plants</li> </ul>
Unit-III Elements of Overhead Transmission Lines	<ul> <li>3a.Compare features of different transmission systems.</li> <li>3b.State effect of system voltage and load power factor</li> <li>3c.Differentiate features of various types of line conductors, line supports and line insulators.</li> <li>3d.Explain voltage distribution across string of suspension insulator and method of improving string efficiency.</li> <li>3gDescribe factors to be considered while erecting lines and factors affecting sag of lines.</li> <li>3h Solve numerical based on string efficiency and sag.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>3.1 Single line diagram of typical power supply system.</li> <li>3.2 Classification of transmission lines</li> <li>3.3 Comparison between AC &amp; DC and overhead &amp; underground system.</li> <li>3.4 Effect of system voltage and load power factor and Selection of voltage of transmission.</li> <li>3.5 Line Conductors: requirements, materials &amp; types of conductors for overhead lines, types of ACSR conductors and features of optical fiber ground wire.</li> <li>3.6 Line Supports: requirements &amp; types of line supports and classification of transmissions line towers Line</li> <li>3.7 Line Insulators: requirements, materials, types &amp; failure of line insulators and features of silicon rubber insulators.</li> <li>3.8 String efficiency and methods of improving string efficiency.</li> <li>3.9 Sag calculation , spacing between conductors and ground clearance</li> </ul>
Unit-IV Performance	4a.Explain effect of line parameters (constants) and	4.1 Transmission line parameters: effect and representation of line
of Transmission Lines	<ul> <li>their representation in short</li> <li>&amp; medium transmission</li> <li>line.</li> <li>4b. Differentiate the features of</li> </ul>	parameters 4.2 Transposition of line conductors 4.3 Classification of transmission lines 4.4 Skin effect, proximity effect,

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics
	(4 to 6 UOs at different levels)	
	short, medium and long	ferranti effect and corona effects
	transmission lines.	4.5 Voltage regulation and
	4c.Discriminate between skin	transmission efficiency
	effect, proximity effect,	4.6 Performances of short
	Ferranti effect and corona	transmission lines.
	effect.	4.7 Performances of medium
	4d.Explain effect of load power	transmission lines
	factor on performance of	4.8 Load dispatch center; grid system
	short transmissions lines.	in India and it's hierarchy
	4e.Differentiate various	
	methods of determining	
	performance of medium	
	transmissions lines.	
	4f.Describes importance and	
	functions of LDC.	
	4g.Solve numerical based on	
	line parameters and	
	performance of short &	
	medium transmission lines.	
Unit-IV	5a.State need for EHV	5.1 Requirements of EHV transmission
HVDC	transmission.	system.
Iransmission	5b.Compare features of HVAC	5.2 Advantage and limitations of EHV
System	and HVDC transmission	AC transmission system
	system.	5.3 Single diagram of HVDC
	5c.Explain concepts and types	transmission
	of HVDC transmission	5.4 Types of HVDC transmission
	system.	systems
	5d. State application of HVDC	5.5 Merits, demerits and application
	transmission system.	of HVDC transmission system
		5.6 Comparison between HVDC and
		HVAC transmission systems

# 9. SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION TABLE FOR QUESTIONPAPER DESIGN

l loit	Unit	Tooching	Distribution of Theory Marks			
No.	Title	Hours	R	U Level	A	Total Marks
	Generation of Electrical Power	24	8	14	6	28
	Variable load on Power Station	04	2	2	4	08
	Elements of Overhead	14	4	6	4	14

	Transmission System					
IV	Performance of Transmission System	10	4	4	4	12
V	HVDC Transmission System	04	2	4	2	08
Total		56	20	30	20	70

**Legends:** R=Remember, U=Understand, A=Apply and above (Revised Bloom's taxonomy) <u>Note</u>: This specification table provides general guidelines to assist students for their learning and to teachers to teach and question paper designers/setters to formulate test items/questions to assess the attainment of the UOs. The actual distribution of marks at different taxonomy levels (of R, U and A) in the question paper may slightly vary from above table.

## **10. SUGGESTED STUDENT ACTIVITIES**

Other than the classroom and laboratory learning, following are the suggested studentrelated **co-curricular** activities which can be undertaken to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course. Students should perform following activities in group (or individual) and prepare reports of about 5 pages for each activity. They should also collect/record physical evidences for their (student's) portfolio which may be useful for their placement interviews:

- a) Present seminar on various topics from course content
- b) Present seminar on recent technologies used for power generation and transmission
- c) Solve numerical problems regarding course contents.

The student should be encouraged to get their work assessed by the concerned teacher progressively during the term and at the end of the term the whole work should be submitted to the concerned teacher.

## **11.** SUGGESTED SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES (if any)

These are sample strategies, which the teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course:

- a) Massive open online courses (*MOOCs*) may be used to teach various topics/sub topics.
- b) Guide student(s) in undertaking micro-projects.
- c) **'L' in section No. 4** means different types of teaching methods that are to be employed by teachers to develop the outcomes.
- d) Show animation/video related to course content.
- e) Visit to a nearby power plant and load dispatch center.
- f) Co-relating the importance of content of this course with other courses and practical applications.
- g) Introduce methods to reduce pollution in Thermal power plant.
- h) Introduce E-waste recycling technology among the students.
- i) Guide students on how to address issues on environment and sustainability.

## **12. SUGGESTED MICRO-PROJECTS**

**Only one micro-project** is planned to be undertaken by a student that needs to be assigned to him/her in the beginning of the semester. In the first four semesters, the micro-projects are group-based (group of 3 to 5). However, **in the fifth and sixth semesters**, the number of students in the group should **not exceed three**.

The micro-project could be industry application based, internet-based, workshop-based, laboratory-based or field-based. Each micro-project should encompass two or more COs which are in fact, an integration of PrOs, UOs and ADOs. Each student will have to maintain dated work diary consisting of individual contribution in the project work and give a seminar presentation of it before submission. The duration of the micro project should be about **14**-**16** *(fourteen to sixteen) student engagement hours* during the course. The students ought to submit micro-project by the end of the semester to develop the industry-oriented COs.

A suggestive list of micro-projects is given here. This has to match the competency and the COs. Similar micro-projects could be added by the concerned course teacher:

- a) Build model to demonstrate layout of Thermal Power Plant.
- b) Build working model to demonstrate working or Hydro Power Plant.
- c) Prepare charts of various cycles of Thermal Power Plant.
- d) Prepare charts of various schemes of Hydro Power Plant.
- e) Prepare chart of schematic diagram of Nuclear Power Plant.
- f) Prepare chart of single line diagram of Electrical power system.
- g) Prepare chart of various types of line insulators,
- h) Prepare chart of various types of line conductors.
- i) Prepare chart of various types of line supports.
- j) Prepare chart of various types of HVDC systems.
- k) Prepare chart of representation of line parameters of medium transmission line.
- I) Prepare chart of equivalent circuit and vector diagram of short transmission line.
- m) Prepare a report on various power plants in Gujarat by collecting data from internet.
- n) Prepare a report on disasters occurred in Thermal, Hydro or Nuclear Power Plant.

#### **13. SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES**

Sr. No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication with place, year and ISBN
1	Principles of Power system	Mehta, V.K.	S. Chand & Co., New Delhi, 2020 ISBN: 978-8121924962
2	Power plant Engineering	Nag, P K	Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2011 ISBN:978-0-07-064815-9
3	Electrical Power Systems	Uppal S.L.	Khanna publication, New Delhi, 2011 ISBN:978-8174092380
4	Generation and Utilization of Electrical Energy	S. Sivanagaraju	Pearson, New Delhi, 2011 ISBN:978-81-317-33325
5	A course in Power Systems	J.B.Gupta	S K Kataria & sons,2013 ISBN:978-9350143735

6	Electrical Power Systems	C.L.Wadhwa	New Age, New Delhi, sixth edition ISBN:978-8122424683
7	A Textbook on Power System Engineering	P.V. Gupta, M.L. Soni, U.S. Bhatnagar, A. Chakrabarti	Dhanpat Rai & Co., New Delhi, Latest edition

# 14. SOFTWARE/LEARNING WEBSITES

- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/105/108105112/
- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/105/108105053/
- <u>https://lectures.gtu.ac.in/(related to course content)</u>
- <u>https://www.electrical4u.com/electrical-engineering-articles/basic-electrical/</u>
- <u>https://www.electricaltechnology.org/</u>
- <u>www.vlab.co.in</u>
- <u>www.khanacademy.org</u>
- <u>https://ndl.iitkgp.ac</u>
- <u>http:www.nhpcindia.com/hydro-technology.htm</u>
- http://www.mnre.gov.in/
- <u>http://www.ntpc.co.in/index.php?option=com\_content&view=article&id=64&Itemid=3</u> <u>4&lang=en</u>
- <u>https://www.youtube.com/user/EnergyShouldBe</u>

## 15. PO-COMPETENCY-CO MAPPING:

Semester III	Electrical Power Generation and Transmission						
	(Course Code: 4330903)						
				POs			
Competency	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7
& Course Outcomes	Basic &	Problem	Design/	Engineering	Engineering	Project	Life-long
	Discipline	Analysis	develop	Tools,	practices for	Management	learning
	specific		ment of	Experimentation	society,		
	knowledge		solution	&lesting	sustainability		
					ھ environment		
Compotoncy	Opera	ate and	maintai	n various t	ypes of Ele	ectrical po	wer
competency	generating plants and transmission systems.						
Course Outcomes CO1 Supervise functioning of Thermal power plant, Hydro power plant and Nuclear power plant.	3	2	2		2		-
CO2 Solve problems related to load curve and load duration curve.	2	3					
CO3 Apply mechanical and electrical design aspects of various types of conductors, supports and insulators to	3	3	2				

maintain overhead lines.					
CO4 Analyze performance of transmission lines	3	3	2	 	 
CO4 Differentiate various types of HVDC transmission systems	3	2		 	 

Legend: '3' for high, '2' for medium, '1' for low and '-' for no correlation of each CO with PO.

# 16. COURSE CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE

### **GTU Resource Persons**

S. No	Name and Designation	Institute	Contact No.	Email
1.	Shailesh M. Kanani	AVPTI, Rajkot	9904651807	smkanani2013@gmail.com
	Lecturer Electrical Engg.			
2.	Mrs.Punita V. Ladani	AVPTI, Rajkot	9428037788	punitaladani@gmail.com
	Lecturer Electrical Engg.			

# GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY (GTU)

# Competency-focused Outcome-based Green Curriculum-2021 (COGC-2021) Semester-III

## **Course Title: Fundamentals of Electronics**

(Course Code: 4330904)

Diploma programmer in which this course is offered	Semester in which offered
Electrical Engineering	Third

### 1. RATIONALE

Electrical engineer must have knowledge about electronics devices because now a days in industry many electronics components are used. So to meet industrial demands this course discuss about fundamental concepts and principles of basic electronics and aims at providing construction, working and applications of various types of semiconductor and optoelectronic devices, working of transistor in various configuration; which are used in electronics circuits. This course is developed in such a way that, students will be able to apply the knowledge to solve broad electronic engineering problems.

### 2. COMPETENCY

The purpose of this course is to help the student to attain the following industry identified competency through various teaching learning experiences:

• Maintain electronic circuits comprising of distinct electronic components.

## 3. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

The practical exercises, the underpinning knowledge and the relevant soft skills associated with the identified competency are to be developed in the student for the achievement of the following COs:

- a) Use P-N junction diode for various rectifier circuits.
- b) Apply knowledge of transistor in amplifier circuits.
- c) Use the different types of oscillator.
- *d*) Identify the behavior of semiconductor and opto electronic devices.
- *e)* Test the performance of regulated power supply.

## 4. TEACHING AND EXAMINATION SCHEME

Teach	ing Sc	heme	Total Credits		Exa	mination S	cheme	
(Ir	n Hour	·s)	(L+T+P/2)	Theory	y Marks	Practica	l Marks	Total
L	Т	Р	С	CA	ESE	CA	ESE	Marks
4	0	2	5	30*	70	25	25	50

(\*): Out of 30 marks under the theory CA, 10 marks are for assessment of the micro-project to facilitate integration of COs and the remaining 20 marks is the average of 2 tests to be taken

during the semester for the assessing the attainment of the cognitive domain UOs required for the attainment of the COs.

**Legends:** L-Lecture; T – Tutorial/Teacher Guided Theory Practice; P - Practical; C – Credit, CA - Continuous Assessment; ESE - End Semester Examination.

## 5. SUGGESTED PRACTICAL EXERCISES

The following practical outcomes (PrOs) are the sub-components of the Course Outcomes (Cos). Some of the **PrOs** marked **'\*'** are compulsory, as they are crucial for that particular CO at the 'Precision Level' of Dave's Taxonomy related to 'Psychomotor Domain'.

Sr. No.	Practical Outcomes (PrOs)	Unit No.	Approx. Hrs. Required
1	Test characteristics of PN junction diode.	I	2*
2	Test characteristics of Half wave rectifier using CRO	I	2
3	Test characteristics of full wave centre tapped & bridge rectifier using CRO	I	2*
4	Compare output waveform of different Filters using CRO	Ι	2
5	Test the performance characteristics of CB transistor amplifier.	II	2*
6	Test the performance characteristics of CE transistor amplifier.	II	2*
7	To Test/Build transistor as a switch.	II	2
8	Testing of transistor using multi meter.	II	2
9	Test Hartley oscillator using CRO.		2*
10	Test Colpitts oscillator using CRO.		2
11	Test characteristic of zener diode.	IV	2
12	Test MOSFET amplifier.	IV	2
13	Derive characteristics of SCR.	IV	2*
14	Derive characteristics of UJT.	IV	2*
15	Display various alphanumeric characters on Seven segment LED Display.	IV	2
16	Test characteristics of LDR.	IV	2
17	Test Zener diode as voltage regulator.	V	2*
18	Build voltage regulator using 78xx and 79xx and measure the dropout voltage for the given voltage regulator.	V	2
19	Test the performance of SMPS.	V	2
20	Trouble shoot given DC regulated power supply.	V	2

	Minimum 14 Practical Exercises		28	
--	--------------------------------	--	----	--

### <u>Note</u>

- *f)* More **Practical Exercises** can be designed and offered by the respective course teacher to develop the industry relevant skills/outcomes to match the COs. The above table is only a suggestive list.
- g) The following are some **sample** 'Process' and 'Product' related skills (more may be added/deleted depending on the course) that occur in the above listed **Practical Exercises** of this course required which are embedded in the COs and ultimately the competency.

Sr. No.	Sample Performance Indicators for the PrOs	Weightage in %
1	Prepare experimental setup	20
2	Operate the equipment setup or circuit	20
3	Follow safe practices.	10
4	Record observations correctly	20
5	Interpret the result and conclude	30
	Total	100

## 6. MAJOR EQUIPMENT/ INSTRUMENTS REQUIRED

This major equipment with broad specifications for the PrOs is a guide to procure them by the administrators to user in uniformity of practical's in all institutions across the state.

Sr.No.	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications	PrO. No.
1	Regulated power supply: Dual DC , 0-30V/1A & 5V /1A with resolution of 10mV , 2mA	1-18
2	Digital Storage Oscilloscope : 300 MHZ Bandwidth , 2GSa/s maximum real time sampling rate refresh rate upto 2000 wfams/s , RS232 & USB connectivity	2,3,4,9,10
3	C.R.O.: 30 MHz Bandwidth, 2 channels, 20 ns sampling time.	2,3,4,9,10
4	Function generator: 10 HZ to 10MHZ , 10 Vpp , rise & fall time =20ns, manual / external triggering	2,3,4,9
5	Digital Multimeter: 51/2 digits resolutions with all basics measurement facility like DC Voltage: 200 mV $\sim$ 1000 V, DC Current: 200 $\mu$ A $\sim$ 10 A, AC Voltage: True-RMS, 200 mV $\sim$ 750 V, AC Current: True-RMS, 20 mA $\sim$ 10 A, 2-Wire, 4-Wire	1-18

	Resistance: $200 \Omega \approx 100 M\Omega$ , Capacitance Measurement: 2 nF ~ $10000\mu$ F, Frequency Measurement: 20 Hz ~ 1 MHz etc.,	
	0.015% DC Voltage Accuracy.	
6	DC Ammeter(0-50mA, 0-500 μA)	1-18
7	DC Voltmeter (0-30V, 0-10V)	1-18

# 7. AFFECTIVE DOMAIN OUTCOMES

The following *sample* Affective Domain Outcomes (ADOs) are embedded in many of the abovementioned COs and PrOs. More could be added to fulfill the development of this course competency.

- a) Work as a leader/a team member(while doing a micro-project)
- b) Follow ethical practices.
- c) Work as a group member (while performing experiments and taking readings)
- d) Practice environmental friendly methods and processes. (Environment related)

The ADOs are best developed through the laboratory/field based exercises. Moreover, the level of achievement of the ADOs according to Krathwohl's 'Affective Domain Taxonomy' should gradually increase as planned below:

- I. 'Valuing Level' in 1<sup>st</sup> year
- II. 'Organization Level' in 2<sup>nd</sup> year.
- III. 'Characterization Level' in 3<sup>rd</sup> year.

# 8. UNDERPINNING THEORY

The major underpinning theory is given below based on the higher level UOs of *Revised Bloom's taxonomy* that are formulated for development of the COs and competency. If required, more such UOs could be included by the course teacher to focus on attainment of COs and competency.

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics
	(4 to 6 UOs at different levels)	
	<b>1a.</b> Explain properties of Semiconductor	<b>1.1</b> Semiconductor properties and bonds in semiconductor
Unit-I	intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductor materials	<b>1.2</b> Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductor materials: P type, N type
Basics of	<b>1c</b> . Describe working of PN	semiconductors. <b>1.3</b> P-N junction diode.
and its 1d	<b>1d.</b> Describethe working of half	<b>1.4</b> Applications - Diode as rectifier, half
applications	and full wave bridge rectifier along with sketches. <b>1e.</b> Justify the need for different	rectifier. <b>1.5</b> Need of Filters
	types of filters.	

Unit– II Transistor and	<ul> <li>1f. Differentiate between C, L, LC and π filters</li> <li>2a.Describe PNP and NPN transistors</li> <li>2b. Compare the working of CB, CE and CC transistors.</li> <li>2c.Describe the load line and biasing methods of the transistor.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>2.1 PNP and NPN transistors, conduction through transistor</li> <li>Leakage current, relationship between α and β.</li> <li>2.2 Transistor configuration &amp; Characteristics for CB, CE, CC.</li> <li>2.3 Load line and biasing methods of</li> </ul>
amplifiers	<b>2d.</b> Justify the need of voltage	Transistor.
	<b>2e.</b> Select the voltage amplifier	Amplifier.
	for a particular application.	2.5 Cascade amplifiers.
	<b>21.</b> I ransistor as a switch	2.6 Transistor as a Switch: Working and application.
Unit– III	<b>3a.</b> Explain the working of different types of oscillators with	<ul><li>3.1Working principle of oscillators</li><li>3.2 Different types of oscillators: Hartley</li></ul>
Oscillators	relevant sketches <b>3b.</b> Select oscillator for different	oscillator, Colpitts oscillator, Phase-Shift Oscillator, Wien Bridge Oscillator, Crystal Oscillator
	frequency generation	
Unit– IV semiconductor and optoelectronic devices	<ul> <li>4a. Describe working of the Zener diode, FET, MOSFET, DIAC, TRIAC, UJT, TRIAC and SCR</li> <li>4b. Describe working of the Photo diode, photo transistor, LDR, Photovoltaic Cell, LCD, Light Emitting Diode (LED) and opto coupler, with symbols.</li> <li>4c.Explain seven segment LED display</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>4.1 Zener diode, FET,MOSFET, DIAC , TRIAC ,UJT and SCR</li> <li>4.2 Photo diode, photo transistor, LDR, Photovoltaic Cell, LCD, LED and opto coupler.</li> <li>4.3 Seven Segment LED display</li> </ul>
	<ul><li>5a. Justify the need of IC</li><li>5b. Explain the need of Power</li><li>Supply.</li><li>5c. Explain parameters of the</li></ul>	5.1 Need of IC 5.2 Difficulties with unregulated power supply. Need to have Regulated Power Supply.
Unit– V	regulator and the need of	5.3 Regulated power supply (module
Regulated	regulated DC power supply. <b>5d.</b> Explain the working of	level), Shunt voltage regulator (module level).
Power supply	different types of voltage	5.4 Transistorized series voltage
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	regulator circuits	regulator(basic and with feedback,
	<b>5f.</b> Explain the working of UPS.	5.5 3-Terminal Fixed/variable voltage regulator IC: 78xx, 79xx, LM317

5.6 Switch mode power supply (SMPS).
5.7 Uninterruptible Power Supply (UPS)
types and application for critical load.

# 9. SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION TABLE FOR QUESTIONPAPER DESIGN

Unit	Unit	Tooching	Dist	ribution of	of Theory	Marks
No	Title	Hours	R	U	Α	Total
100.	inte	riour3	Level	Level	Level	Marks
I	Basics of semiconductor and its applications	12	4	7	5	16
П	Transistor and amplifiers	14	5	6	7	18
Ш	Oscillators	08	4	3	3	10
IV	Semiconductor and opto electronic devices	12	6	4	4	14
V	Regulated Power Supply	10	4	4	4	12
	Total	56	23	24	23	70

**Legends:** R=Remember, U=Understand, A=Apply and above (Revised Bloom's taxonomy) <u>Note</u>: This specification table provides general guidelines to assist students for their learning and to teachers to teach and question paper designers/setters to formulate test items/questions to assess the attainment of the UOs. The actual distribution of marks at different taxonomy levels (of R, U and A) in the question paper may slightly vary from above table.

## **10. SUGGESTED STUDENT ACTIVITIES**

Other than the classroom and laboratory learning, following are the suggested student-related *co-curricular* activities which can be undertaken to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course. Students should perform following activities in group (or individual) and prepare reports of about 5 pages for each activity. They should also collect/record physical evidences for their (student's) portfolio which may be useful for their placement interviews:

- a) Present seminar on various topics from course content
- b) Test different semiconductor devices using multimeter.
- c) Prepare a chart on different configuration of transistor.
- d) Undertake micro-projects in teams.

# 11. SUGGESTED SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES (if any)

These are sample strategies, which the teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course:

- a) Massive open online courses (*MOOCs*) may be used to teach various topics/sub topics.
- b) Guide student(s) in undertaking micro-projects.
- c) 'L' in section No. 4 means different types of teaching methods that are to be employed by teachers to develop the outcomes.
- d) Show animation/ video related to course content.
- e) Some of the topics/sub-topics which are relatively simpler or descriptive are to be given to the students for self-learning but to be assessed using different assessment methods.
- f) Many electronics projects can be made using semiconductor and optoelectronic devices which are covered in syllabus, so encourage students to make such projects.
- g) Guide students on how to address issues on environment and sustainability

### **12. SUGGESTED MICRO-PROJECTS**

**Only one micro-project** is planned to be undertaken by a student that needs to be assigned to him/her in the beginning of the semester. In the first four semesters, the micro-projects are group-based (group of 3 to 5). However, **in the fifth and sixth semesters**, the number of students in the group should **not exceed three**.

The micro-project could be industry application based, internet-based, workshop-based, laboratory-based or field-based. Each micro-project should encompass two or more COs which are in fact, an integration of PrOs, UOs and ADOs. Each student will have to maintain dated work diary consisting of individual contribution in the project work and give a seminar presentation of it before submission. The duration of the micro project should be about **14-16** *(fourteen to sixteen) student engagement hours* during the course. The students ought to submit micro-project by the end of the semester to develop the industry-oriented COs.

A suggestive list of micro-projects is given here. This has to match the competency and the COs. Similar micro-projects could be added by the concerned course teacher:

- a) Build circuit of half wave rectifier without filter on bread board/General purpose PCB.
- b) Build circuit of half wave rectifier with filter on bread board/General purpose PCB.
- c) Build circuit of Full wave rectifier without filter on bread board/General purpose PCB.
- d) Build circuit of Full wave rectifier with filter on bread board/General purpose PCB.
- e) Prepare chart of comparison of CB, CE and CC transistors.
- f) Prepare chart of different methods of cascading amplifiers.
- g) Prepare chart of amplifier with positive feedback as oscillator and explain "Barkhausen criterion"

- h) Make a flasher circuit using diac and triac.
- i) Make a circuit of Burglar alarm using LDR.

### **13. SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES**

Sr. No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication with place, year and ISBN
1	Electronics Fundamental and application	Chattopadhyay ,D.	New Age International Publishers 2011
2	Electronics Principles	Malvino, Albert	TMH, New Delhi 2012
3	Principle of Electronics	Mehta, V.K.	S.Chand, New Delhi 2012
4	Basic Electronics and linear circuits	Bhargava, N.N.	TMH, New Delhi 2012
5	Basic Electronics and linear circuits	Kulshreshtha,D.C Gupta, S.C.	TTTI, Chandigarh 2007
6	Fundamentals of Electronics	Thomas F. Schubert	I K International Publishing House, 2017
7	Electronic devices and circuit	Robert Boylestad	PHI, New Delhi 2012
8	Electronics devices and circuits	J.B.Gupta	S.K.kataria& Sons, 2013
9	Electrical and ElectronicsEngineering	SK Bhattacharya	Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2011
10	Electronic Principles	SK Sahdev	DhanpatRai & Co., New Delhi, 2022
11	Semi conductor opto electronic devices	Pallab bhattacharya	Prentice-Hall of India Pvt.Ltd 2017

# 14. SOFTWARE/LEARNING WEBSITES WEBSITES

- <u>https://circuitmaker.com/</u>
- https://www.pspice.com/
- <u>https://www.electronics-tutorials.ws/</u>
- Electronics work bench
- <u>https://www.allaboutcircuits.com/</u>
- <u>Electronicsclub.info</u>

# **15. PO-COMPETENCY-CO MAPPING:**

Semester III	Fundamental Of Electronics(Course Code:4330904)						
				POs			
Competency	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3 Design/	PO4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7
& Course	Basic &	Problem	development of	Engineerig	Engineering	Project	Life-long
Outcomes	Discipline specific	Analysis	solution	Tools,	practices for	Manage-	learning
	knowledge			Experimen-	society,	ment	
				tation&lesting	sustainability &		
		nnly the heri	concents of a	listinst alastr		ata ta hui	ld and
	F F	opply the basic	concepts of d	istinct electr			id and
<u>Competency</u>			trouble shoot	s various elec	ctronic circuits.		
				1			
<u>Course Outcomes</u>							
Use P-N junction diode							
for various rectifier	3	3	2	3	-	1	1
circuits							
CO2							
Apply knowledge							
of transistor in	3	3	3	3	-	1	2
amplifier circuits.							
LUS the different							
types of	2	1	1	_	_	_	_
oscillator.	5	T	T	-	-	-	-
CO4							
Identify the behavior of	2	2	2	2	1	_	_
semiconductor and	5	۷.	2	۷	L L	-	-
opto electronic devices.							

CO5 Test the performance of regulated power supply.	3	3	3	2	-	2	2

Legend: '3' for high, '2' for medium, '1' for low and '-' for no correlation of each CO with PO.

# **16. COURSE CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE**

### **GTU Resource Persons**

S. No.	Name and Designation	Institute	Contact No.	Email
1.	Nimish R. Suchak	GP, Jamnagar	9228526725	suchak.nimish@rediffmail.com
	Lecturer Electrical Engg.			
2.	Dhara V. Sodha	GP, Junagadh	9429215260	dharasodha18@yahoo.com

## **GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY (GTU)**

# Competency-focused Outcome-based Green Curriculum-2021 (COGC-2021) Semester-III

### Course Title: Electrical Engineering Workshop Practice (Course Code: 4330905)

Diploma programmer in which this course is offered	Semester in which offered
Electrical Engineering	Third

# 1. RATIONALE

Electrical engineering diploma holders are expected to handle various electrical tools and measuring instruments in the Electrical workshop. They have to perform work related to Safety devices, Earthing, measurement of various electrical parameters and solder and de-solder the electronic components and test the circuits in the workshop. They are also expected to test the contacts of contactor and push buttons, internal wiring of fan and tube lights using appropriate tools and measuring instruments in an industry. This course helps to develop skills to select and use appropriate tools, safety devices and measuring instruments.

# 2. COMPETENCY

The purpose of this course is to help the student to attain the following industry identified competency through various teaching learning experiences:

• Identification and Use of various electrical Tools, instruments and safety devices.

# 3. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

The practical exercises, the underpinning knowledge and the relevant soft skills associated with the identified competency are to be developed in the student for the achievement of the following COs:

- **1**. Use Various Electrical Tools and Measuring Instruments.
- 2. Select different types of wires, Cables and Switches.
- **3**. Solder different electrical and electronics components using of appropriate tools.
- 4. Follow safe practices to prevent accidents/ hazards to personnel and environment.

Teach	ing Sc	heme	Total Credits	Examination Scheme										
(Ir	n Houi	rs)	(L+T+P/2)	Theory Marks Practic		Theory Marks		Theory Marks		Theory Marks		Theory Marks Practical Marks		Total
L	т	Р	С	СА	ESE	СА	ESE	Marks						
0	0	2	1	00	00	50	50	100						

# 4. TEACHING AND EXAMINATION SCHEME

(\*): For this practical only course, 25 marks under the practical CA have two components i.e. the assessment of micro-project, which will be done out of 10 marks and the remaining 15

marks are for the assessment of practical. This is designed to facilitate attainment of COs holistically, as there is no theory ESE.

**Legends:** L-Lecture; T – Tutorial/Teacher Guided Theory Practice; P - Practical; C – Credit, CA - Continuous Assessment; ESE - End Semester Examination.

# 5. SUGGESTED PRACTICAL EXERCISES

Following practical outcomes (PrOs) are the sub-components of the Course Outcomes (Cos). Some of the **PrOs** marked **'\*'** are compulsory, as they are crucial for that particular CO at the 'Precision Level' of Dave's Taxonomy related to 'Psychomotor Domain'.

Sr. No.	Practical Outcomes (PrOs)	Unit No.	Approx. Hrs. Required
1	Identify and Use of various tools used in electrical workshop.	1	2*
2	Identify symbols used in Electrical circuit diagram.	1	2
3	Use Digital meters like Multimeter, Clamp on meter and Digital tachometer for measuring various parameters.	1	2
4	Use Analogy meters like Ammeter, Voltmeter, and Wattmeter for measuring various electrical parameters.	1	2
5	Measure output voltage of the given single phase auto transformer.	1	2
6	Demonstrate different types of switches, plugs and sockets.	2	2*
7	Test the tube light wiring appropriate tools.	2	2
8	Test the fan wiring using appropriate tools.	2	2*
9	Test NO and NC contacts of contactor and push button. Operation of three phase contactor with Auxiliary Contact.	2	2*
10	Demonstrate installation of lugs and gland on the cable.	2	2
11	Identify different type of faults in a cable using Meggar and Test lamp.	2	2*
12	Identify various types of resistors, inductors and capacitors, diodes and LEDs.	3	2
13	Measure the size of different wires using standard wire gauge and micrometer.	3	2
14	Demonstrate breadboard utilization for making electronics circuits.	3	2
15	Solder various electrical and electronics components on PCB.	3	2*
16	Find out value of Resistance using color code and verify it with Multimeter.	3	2
17	Demonstrate the different types of earthing including chemical earthing.	4	2

Sr. No.	Practical Outcomes (PrOs)	Unit No.	Approx. Hrs. Required
18	Study of electrical hazard and its effect, Precaution, and cure.	4	2
19	Study of Artificial respiration and first aid exercise to learn about safety procedures.	4	2
20	Study about IE safety rules.	4	2*
21	Demonstrate the protective devices like Fuse, MCB and ELCB.	4	2*
22	Study about recycle cables and electrical/electronic waste.	2	2
	Minimum 14 Practical Exercises		28

# <u>Note</u>

- *i.* More **Practical Exercises** can be designed and offered by the respective course teacher to develop the industry relevant skills/outcomes to match the COs. The above table is only a suggestive list.
- *ii. Care must be taken in assigning and assessing study report as it is a first year study report. Study report, data collection and analysis report must be assigned in a group. Teacher has to discuss about type of data (which and why) before group start their market survey.*

The following are some **sample** 'Process' and 'Product' related skills (more may be added/deleted depending on the course) that occur in the above listed **Practical Exercises** of this course required which are embedded in the COs and ultimately the competency.

Sr.No.	Sample Performance Indicators for the PrOs	Weightage in %
1	Diagrams/Sketches/Tables	20
2	Experimental procedure and conduction by following safety practices.	30
3	conceptual clarity	30
4	Time bound completion, team work & ethical values	20
	Total	100

# 6. EQUIPMENT/ INSTRUMENTS REQUIRED :

These equipments with broad specifications for the PrOs is a guide to procure them by the administrators to user in uniformity of practical's in all institutions across the state.

Sr. No. Equipment Name					
1	Various Electrical Tools like pliers, wire stripper, cramping tools, etc.				

Sr. No.	Equipment Name
2	Various electrical measuring instruments such as Digital and analog Multimeter, Ammeter, Voltmeter, Wattmeter, Clamp on Meter, Megger, Digital Tachometer, tong tester etc.
3	Various Domestic appliances like fan, tube light, electrical iron etc.
4.	Electrical wires and Cables, Lugs, Gland, tags, switches, socket, Contactor, Push button, etc.
5.	Electrical safety devices for Protection such as Fuse, MCB, ELCB, earthing rods.
6.	Electrical and electronics Component like Resistor, Inductor, Capacitor, LEDs etc.
7.	Soldering Kit.
8.	Various safety devices used for first aid and electrical hazards.
9.	Various electrical powers supplying equipment like variac, dc power supply.

# 8. UNDERPINNING THEORY

The major underpinning theory is given below based on the higher level UOs of *Revised Bloom's taxonomy* that are formulated for development of the COs and competency. If required, more such UOs could be included by the course teacher to focus on attainment of COs and competency.

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics			
Unit-I Electrical Tools & Measuring Instruments	<ul> <li>1a.Use of Various electrical tools.</li> <li>1b. Measure electrical parameters using measuring instruments.</li> </ul>	Pliers, Nose Plier, Cutter, Screw Driver, Test Lamp, Series Lamp etc. Voltmeter, Ammeter, Wattmeter, multimeter, Digital Tachometer, Clamp on Meter, Meggar.			
Unit– II	<b>2a</b> . Identify different type of cables, switches, plugs, sockets.	Different types of Cables, Lugs, Glands, Cable Joint, Tags, Recycle of Cables, Different Types of			
Switches and	<b>2b</b> . Test NO-NC contacts of	Switches, Plugs and Sockets,			
Cable	contactor and Push buttons.	Basics of Contactor and Push			
	<b>2c.</b> Trouble shooting of	Button, Internal circuit			
	internal wiring of fan and	connection of Fan and Tube light,			
	tube light.	Recycle of cables.			
Unit– III	<b>3a</b> . Identify different type Resistors, Inductors and Capacitors	Different types of Resistor, Inductor capacitors and LED, Color Coding of Posistors			
Unit– III	<b>3a</b> . Identify different type Resistors, Inductors and Capacitors	Different types of Resistor Inductor capacitors and LED Color Coding of Resistors			

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics		
Resistor, Inductor and Capacitor	<ul> <li><b>3b</b>. Test different types of LED.</li> <li><b>3c</b>. Soldering electrical and electronics components on PCB</li> </ul>	Soldering Practices, Recycle of Electronics components		
Unit– IV Earthing and Electrical safety devices	<ul> <li>4a. Select safety devices for various types of protections.</li> <li>4b. Aware about the safety Rules to prevent accidents and hazards.</li> </ul>	Need Of Earthing, Basics of Pipe Earthing, Plate earthing and Chemical Earthing, Safety devices Like Fuse, MCB, MCCB, ELCB etc. Electrical safety Rules, I.E. Rules for Electrical Safety and Hazards		

# 9. SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION TABLE FOR QUESTIONPAPER DESIGN

Unit	Unit Title	Teaching	Distribution of Theory Marks			
No.		Hours	R	U	Α	Total
			Level	Level	Level	Marks
	Electrical tools and Measuring					
1	Instruments.					
П	Switches and Cables.		Not	Applica	ble	
Ш	Resistor, Inductor and Capacitor					
N/	Earthing and Electrical Safety					
IV	devices.					

**Legends:** R=Remember, U=Understand, A=Apply and above (Revised Bloom's taxonomy)

# 10. SUGGESTED STUDENT ACTIVITIES

Other than the classroom and laboratory learning, following are the suggested student-related *co-curricular* activities which can be undertaken to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course: Students should perform following activities in group (max.3-4 students) and prepare reports for each activity. They should also collect/record physical evidences for their (student's) portfolio which may be useful for their placement interviews.

- a) Undertake a market survey of different Switches and cables.
- b) Conduct Mock drill of Electric shock and respiration.
- c) Arrange group discussion on
- d) Seminar/Presentation on following topics:
  - i. Electrical I.E. Safety rules.
  - ii. Electrical Protective devices.
  - iii. Electrical tools

- iv. Different types of wires and cables.
- v. Different types of earthing etc.

# **11.** SUGGESTED SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES (if any)

These are sample strategies, which the teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course:

- a) Massive open online courses (*MOOCs*) may be used to teach various topics/sub topics.
- b) Guide student(s) in undertaking micro-projects.
- c) *'L' in section No. 4* means different types of teaching methods that are to be employed by teachers to develop the outcomes.
- d) About **20% of the topics/sub-topics** which are relatively simpler or descriptive in nature is to be given to the students for **self-learning**, but to be assessed using different assessment methods.
- e) With respect to *section No.10*, teachers need to ensure to create opportunities and provisions for *co-curricular activities*.

f) Introduce E-waste recycling technology among the students.

g) Guide students for reading data sheets.

# **12.** SUGGESTED MICRO-PROJECTS :

**Only one micro-project** is planned to be undertaken by a student that needs to be assigned to him/her in the beginning of the semester. In the first four semesters, the micro-projects are group-based (group of 3 to 4). However, in the fifth and sixth semesters, the number of students in the group should **not exceed three.** 

The micro-project could be industry application based, internet-based, workshop-based, laboratory-based or field-based. Each micro-project should encompass two or more COs which are in fact, an integration of PrOs, UOs and ADOs. Each student will have to maintain dated work diary consisting of individual contribution in the project work and give a seminar presentation of it before submission.. The students ought to submit micro-project by the end of the semester to develop the industry-oriented COs.

A suggestive list of micro-projects is given here. This has to match the competency and the COs. Similar micro-projects could be added by the concerned course teacher:

- 1) Prepare Extension board using few sockets and switches.
- 2) Prepare a board of different types of wires or cables.
- 3) Prepare a board of different types of Switches and sockets.
- 4) Make a PCB circuit using electronic components.
- 5) Prepare a board of different types of lugs and glands.
- 6) Prepare board of different protective devices with specification.
- 7) Make a simple control circuit using contactor and push button.

### **13. SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES**

Sr. No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication
1	Electronic Components and Materials	Joshi Madhuri	Shroff Publishers & Distributors private Itd.
2	Electrical Wiring, Estimating and Costing	S. L. Uppal & G. C. Garg	Khanna Publication
3	Electrical Measurements And Measuring Instruments.	Rajput R.K.	S Chand
4	Electrical Workshop	R. P. Singh	I.K. International Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.,
5	Handbook of Electrical Engineering	S.L. Bhatia	Khanna Publication
6	Electrical Engineering Drawing I & II	ectrical Engineering Singh, S. K. Surjit awing I & II	
7	Handbook of Electrical Design Details	ndbook of Electrical Neil Sclater, John E. sign Details Traister	
8	Text book of Applied Electronics	Sedha R.S	S. Chand
9	Electrical engineering materials & semiconductor devices	Gupta, J.B. ,& Gupta, Renu	S.K. Kataria& sons
10	Electrical Engineering Materials	G. K. Mithal	Khanna Publication

# 14. SOFTWARE/LEARNING WEBSITES

- https://www.electronics-tutorials.ws/resistor/res\_1.html (for Resistor)
- https://nptel.ac.in (for online courses and video of all engineering branches)
- https://www.electricaltechnology.org/2019/07/mcb-mccb-elcb-rcb-rcd-rccbrcbo.html (for MCB, ELCB,RCCB)
- https://uk.rs-online.com/web/generalDisplay.html?id=ideas-and-advice/cable-glands-guide (for cable Gland installation guideline)
- www.electrical4u.net/basic-accessories/electrical-cable-lugs-crimpingprocedure-for-beginner/ (For cable lug )
- <u>https://electrialstandards.blogspot.com/2015/11/circuit-diagram-of-ceiling-fan-fault.html</u> (For Trouble shoot of fan)

- <u>https://www.electrical4u.com/wiring-diagram-for-a-single-tube-light-circuit/</u> (for trouble shoot of tube light)
- <u>https://electricalgang.com/chemical-earthing</u> (For Chemical earthing)
- https://cpcb.nic.in/uploads/Projects/E-Waste/ewaste\_amendment\_notification\_06.04.2018.pdf( For E-waste Recycle guidelines)
- https://cpcb.nic.in/displaypdf.php?id=RS1XYXN0ZS9FLVdhc3RITV9SdWxlc18yM DE2LnBkZg==( For E-waste Recycle guidelines)
- https://www.meity.gov.in/writereaddata/files/1035e\_eng.pdf( For E-waste Recycle guidelines)
- https://www.meity.gov.in/content/gazettes( For E-waste Recycle guidelines)

Compositor 2	Electrical Engineering Workshop and Practice						
Semester 2	(Course Code: 4320902)						
				POs	5		
Competency & Course Outcomes	PO 1 Basic &Discipline specific knowledge	PO 2 Problem Analysis	PO3 Design/ developm ent of solutions	PO 4 Engineerin g Tools, Experimen tation &Testing	PO 5 Engineering practices for society, sustainabilit y & environmen t	PO 6 Project Managemen t	PO 7 Life-long learning
<u>Competency</u>	Identification and Use of basic electrical instruments and devices.						
CO 1Use Various Electrical Tools and Measuring Instruments.	3	-	-	3	-	2	2
CO 2Select different types of wires, Cables and Switches.	3	2	2	2	2	_	2
CO 3Solder different electrical and electronics components using of appropriate tools.	3	-	-	2	-	-	-
CO 4 Follow safe practices to prevent accidents/ hazards to personnel and environment.	3		-		3	2	2

Legend: '3' for high, '2' for medium, '1' for low and '-' for no correlation of each CO with PO.

# 16. COURSE CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE

### **GTU Resource Persons**

Sr. No	Name	Institute	Contact No.	Email
1.	Prof. R. J. Dattani	G. P. Jamnagar	9016593517	rjdele@gmail.com
2.	Prof. H.A. Dabhi	G.P.Jamnagar	9879253637	dabhihargovind@gmail.com
3.	Prof. F.M.Patel	G.P.Ahmedabad	9879161235	patelfalu12@gmail.com
4.	Prof. D.J.Kapupara	AVPTI Rajkot	9409111405	dipakapupara.ee@gmail.co m

# GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY (GTU) Semester – IV

## Course Title: Contributor Personality Development (Course Code: 4340002)

Diploma programme in which this course is offered	Semester in which offered
All branches of Diploma Engineering	4 <sup>th</sup> Semester

**Type of course:** Work-Personality Development

**For Year:** Pre-final year for all Diploma programs

**Rationale:** The Contributor Program aims to accomplish the following outcomes in the lives of students-

- Improve the employability of students by giving them the right work ethic and thinking that employers are looking for.
- Build their I-Can attitude and self-confidence for their career.
- Improve their ability to engage positively to handle the challenges in career and workplaces.
- Build long-term and sustainable view of success and career that will help them make sustainable choices in a volatile and changing world of work.
- Widen their choices of career and success, so that they are able to open up more opportunities for themselves and take up unconventional career pathways.
- Awaken their aspiration to develop as Contributors in their organizations and society.

The program is focused on building foundational career values and the self-esteem of students to contribute in today's world of work.

The Contributor Program syllabus has been evolved and fine-tuned over several years, to -

- a) address the changing needs and contemporary challenges being faced by industry and what employers today are looking for in the people they hire.
- b) working extensively with universities and students and an appreciation of their challenges and concerns.
- c) guided by the higher ideas and principles of Practical Vedanta in work.

#### OVERALL TEACHING AND EXAMINATION SCHEME

FOR ALL DIPLOMA COURSES

Teachi	ing Sch	neme	Total Credits	Examination Scheme				
(In	Hours	s)	(L+T+P/2)	Theory Marks Practical Marks			Total	
L	Т	Р	С	CA	ESE	CA	ESE	Marks
2	0	0	2	30	70	25	25	150

L- Lecture; T- Tutorial/ Teacher Guided Student Activity; P- Practical; C- Credit; ESE- End Semester Examination; PA-Progressive Assessment

Distribution of Theory Marks									
R Level	R Level U Level A Level N Level E Level C Level								
-	30	30	10	-	-				

Legends: R: Remembrance; U: Understanding; A: Application, N: Analyze and E: Evaluate C: Create and above Levels (Revised Bloom's Taxonomy)

#### Note:

It is the responsibility of the institute heads that marks for PA of theory & ESE and PA of practical for each student are entered online into the GTU Portal at the end of each semester within the dates specified by GTU.

#### Note:

- 1. This subject is compulsory.
- 2. It will carry 2 credits.

## COURSE FORMAT

#### **Class Sessions:**

- Students will have to attend 3 hours of discovery-based sessions, to build new models of thinking & capacities for every module. [i.e., total 18 hours of classroom sessions in the semester]
- They will work closely with their peers to discuss and understand these new models of thinking.
- Their learning will be facilitated by trained college faculty.
- They also go through standard end-of-module, live assessments in class via a Student App, for continuous assessment of learning, which will be used for the progressive assessment component.

#### Project work:

- Students will have to complete projects as part of Practical work. They have one project corresponding to each module. These projects help them apply contributor thinking into their careers and life. These also help them build their confidence to communicate, ability to do systematic research and present their thinking effectively.
- For the successful completion of projects:
  - Students will be given orientation to the project and systematic guidelines on how to conduct the project by their trained college faculty in a project orientation session.
  - The projects will be done in teams and will require research. It may also need field work.
  - Student teams present their projects in the classroom in project presentation sessions.

# COURSE CONTENT:

MODULE		WHAT IS COVERED	Total Hrs.
1	Part 1: Developing self- efficacy and basic inner strength	Who is a Contributor? Students build a vision of who they can become as a 'Contributor' in their career. They gain clarity on expectations from the future workforce, and importance of being a contributor. This enables students to transform their expectation of themselves in their career and future work.	3 hrs Lab Sessions (discovery-based facilitator led)

2		The 'creator approach' to life & challenges In a "caged approach", we see the career environment as full of difficulties and hurdles. We feel powerless or blame our circumstances for not having many opportunities. This makes us fearful of uncertainty and makes us settle for jobs where we remain mediocre. In this topic, students discover the "creator approach" to challenges and situations. This helps them take ownership & responsibility to shape destiny, build a new future, find answers to challenges; and stop being complainers.	Same as above
3		<b>Develop yourself to succeed: The I CAN Approach</b> Students learn to develop an "I CAN" attitude to everything. This is the base that helps them develop a Growth Identity & builds their self-esteem step by step; making them ready to deal with the dynamic demands of the future workplace.	Same as above
4	Part 2: Building ability to make more effective career choices	Achieving Sustainable Success in their career Students discover how to achieve sustainable or lasting success, by making themselves success worthy. Where their focus shifts to building one's "engine of success" rather than being focused on chasing the "fruits of success". This is important, because over a lifetime of work, all people go through ups and downs – where the fruits are not in their control. People who are focused on the fruits of success fall prey to disappointment, loss in motivation, quitting too early, trying to find shortcuts – when fruits don't come. Whereas people focused on building their engine of success continue to contribute steadily, irrespective of whether fruits come or not. This helps them make better choices in life, that leads to steady success & long-term career fulfillment in an uncertain world.	Same as above
5		<b>Career Development Pathways open to us</b> In this topic, students explore a range of diverse "career development models" and the possibilities for contribution that each opens up for them. This helps them open up hidden opportunities that such an environment offers. And free themselves from a herd mentality when making career	Same as above

		choices.	
6		Unleashing our Power to Contribute In this topic, students learn how to expand the contribution possible in any role they play. This helps them take charge of their own career growth & discover their power to contribute in any role or job.	Same as above
Project work		Project Assignments are given corresponding to each of the six topics. These projects require research and field work beyond the classroom that students are expected to do.	Beyond classroom, with student presentations in the class

#### **Reference resources:**

#### A. Basic reference for both students and teachers –

- 1. Student Resources for study comprising of key ideas learnt in the classroom in each topic and additional references to videos, articles etc. from the internet for continued exploration. These resources are made available via the Student App.
- 2. In-class Assessment Quizzes for each of the 6 modules that students do via the Student App.
- 3. Structured classroom presentations that teachers use to conduct classes systematically. This is provided via a digital delivery platform (only for teachers).
- 4. Guides and preparation material to help teachers prepare for the classroom sessions. This is also provided via the digital delivery platform.
- 5. Project Guides and support materials provided via the digital delivery platform and the Student App.

These will be made available by Illumine (www.illumine.in), Knowledge Partner for the Contributor Program.

#### B. Advanced reference for teachers –

- 1. On Contributors, Srinivas V.; Illumine Ideas, 2011
- 2. Awaken the Contributor Within (Contributor Ethic), Srinivas V.; Illumine Ideas, 2019
- 3. Becoming a Contributor Teacher (Contributor Ethic), Srinivas V.; Illumine Ideas, 2018
- 4. Reclaiming our intentionality: from "victims" to "creators of our destiny" (Design of Life), Srinivas V.; Illumine Ideas, 2016.
- 5. Examining our motives of work: can we ask more out of ourselves? (Design of Life), Srinivas V.; Illumine Ideas, 2016.
- 6. Building a Contributor Ethic in Organizations, Srinivas V.; Illumine Ideas, 2019.
- 7. Enlightened Citizenship and Democracy; Swami Ranganathananda, Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan, 1989
- 8. Eternal Values for a Changing Society Vol I-IV, Swami Ranganathananda; Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan

- 9. Karma Yoga, Swami Vivekananda; Advaita Ashrama
- 10. Six Pillars of Self Esteem, Nathaniel Branden; Bantam, 1995
- 11. Mindset: The New Psychology of Success, Carol S. Dweck; Random House Publishing Group, 2007
- 12. Lasting Contribution: How to Think, Plan, and Act to Accomplish Meaningful Work, Tad Waddington; Agate Publishing, 2007
- 13. Why not? how to use everyday ingenuity to solve problems big and small, Barry Nalebuff, Ian Ayres; Harvard Business School Press, 2003
- 14. The value mindset: returning to the first principles of capitalist enterprise (Ch 8 & 9); Erik Stern, Mike Hutchinson; John Wiley and Sons, 2004
- 15. The Power of Full Engagement: Managing Energy, Not Time, is the Key to High Performance and Personal Renewal, Jim Loehr, Tony Schwartz; Simon and Schuster, 2003
- 16. Responsibility at work: how leading professionals act (or don't act) responsibly, Howard Gardner; John Wiley & Sons, 2007

#### **Course Outcomes:**

Sr. No.	CO statement	Marks %			
		weightage			
Outcome of class sessions					
CO-1	Students are able to recognize the work ideal of a Contributor in terms of their motives	10-12%			
	for working and approach to work. They appreciate the value and importance of				
	becoming Contributors in today's context.				
CO-2	Students are able to recognize & appreciate a "caged" approach as distinct from a	10-12%			
	"creator" approach in the way people deal with challenges and situations; and learn ways				
	to develop a creator approach.				
CO-3	Students are able to recognize an "I Can" approach or way of thinking in situations. They	10-12%			
	learn how to apply this thinking to systematically develop themselves and their self-				
	confidence in any area they choose.				
CO-4	Students are able to widen their understanding of success, that will help them make more	10-12%			
	sustainable career choices.				
CO-5	Students are able to recognize & appreciate different career development pathways and	10-12%			
	their value; to open up different career possibilities for themselves.				
CO-6	Students are able to recognize that any role has the potential for contribution. And they	10-12%			
	learn how to systematically expand the contributions and impact they can make in any				
	role.				
Outcome of practical /project sessions					
	Students learn to apply the new thinking in the real world context	30%			

#### **EXAMINATION PATTERN:**

#### End Semester Examination Pattern:

- 1.0 The final examination will cover all six modules included in the course content.
- 2.0 The examination is largely understanding and application oriented. Thus, a thorough appreciation of the key concepts of the course to recognize contributor thinking and application of the concepts in everyday life & work context, will help students to do well in the examination.
- 3.0 The examination paper will have  $\sim$ 30 questions and is to be completed in 1  $\frac{1}{2}$  hours.

- 4.0 All questions are compulsory.
- 5.0 Pattern of questions
  - There are four sections in the question paper.
  - All questions are in multiple-choice format (MCQ).
  - The questions are in the form of scenarios / situations giving options. The student is expected to choose one option out of the given options.
- 6.0 The total number of marks is **70 marks**. The No. of questions and maximum marks per section is given below:

Section	Type of questions & No. of questions	Marking scheme	
Section A	Case with 4 MCQs (with 2 or 3 options each).	2 questions x 3 marks each	
	Student has to choose only one option.	2 questions x 2 marks each	
		Max. marks = 10 marks	
		Min. marks = zero	
Section B	10 MCQs (with two valid options each). Student	10 questions x 2 marks each	
	has to choose only one option.	Max. marks = 20 marks	
		Min. marks = zero	
Section C	5 MCQs (with 3 or 4 options each). Student has to	5 questions x 2 marks each	
	prioritize/ rank the statements & choose only one	Max. marks = 10 marks	
	option that is closest to their ranking or priority-	Min. marks = zero	
	combination.		
Section D	10 MCQs (with 3 options each). Student has to	10 questions x 3 marks each	
	choose only one option.	Max. marks = 30 marks	
		Min. marks = 10 marks	

#### Sample Question Paper Pattern:

#### **Section A**

Instructions: This section has a scenario. Read carefully before answering the subsequent questions. There are 4 questions in this section. All questions are compulsory. Each question has 3 or 2 options. Choose ONLY ONE option which you consider the most appropriate option. Read carefully before answering.

#### Maximum Marks: 10

E-retailer Flipkart has announced that it will use the services of Dabbawalas of Mumbai for delivering goods to customers.

The Dabbawalas have been in the profession of transporting lunch boxes with absolute accuracy for more than 120 years. Their unique delivery system has been smooth, and reliable under all conditions. Their business involves no paper or administrative team. This helps in keeping the costs down.

However the Dabbawalas are not technology savvy which can be a problem for Flipkart.

1. The biggest advantage of this partnership is that...

[3 marks]

- a] ...it will reduce Flipkart's cost of delivery significantly.
- b] ...it is an unusual and beneficial partnership for all concerned.
- c] ...it will give Dabbawalas additional income.
- 2. Suppose a partnership fails, your learning from it would be... [2 marks]
  - a] These things happen, don't think about it but go forward.
  - b] I need to think through more carefully whom to partner with and how we work together.

# Section B

Instructions: There are 10 questions in this section. All questions are compulsory. Each question has 2 statements. Select ONLY ONE statement you feel is closest to your thinking and mark it on the answer sheet given to you.

#### [10 Qs x 2 marks = max. marks 20]

- 3. An astronomer made a discovery of a new planet at a unique location in the galaxy after several years of work. This helped prove and support an already well-established theory in Physics. Will the astronomer be called a Contributor?
  - a] No, not a contributor, as finally his work led to nothing substantial (the theory was already well established).
  - b] Yes, he is a Contributor because he continued for long and didn't give up so that he could make a discovery.
- 4. a] "I won the 'Best Athlete Award' last year. I should practice well enough to win it again this year."
  - b] "I won the 'Best Athlete Award' last year. For this year's sports day, I should practice to improve my stamina and speed."

## Section C

Instructions: This section will have 5 questions. All questions are compulsory. Each question has some statements with a unique number (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4) and 3 or 4 options (e.g. a, b, c, d). Each option is either a combination of statements or a specific order of the statements. Choose ONLY ONE option closest to your thinking and mark it on the answer sheet given to you.

[5 Qs x 2 marks = max. marks 10]

- 5. What makes a project successful? (*Rank in the order of most likely to least likely option*)
  - 1. An inspiring team leader who can delegate jobs to his team.
  - 2. Hardworking team members who complete the tasks which are assigned to them.
  - 3. A team who believes the project should be successful.
  - 4. People who think like a 'team'.
    - a] 4-3-2-1 b] 2-1-4-3 c] 2-1-3-4 d] 4-3-1-2

6. What are the different I CANs required to crack a job interview?

- 1. I CAN learn to articulate my thoughts in a better manner
- 2. I CAN overcome the fear of others judging me
- 3. I CAN train myself to build my stamina
- 4. I CAN think calmly to answer difficult questions
- a] 1, 2, 3 b] 1, 2, 4 c] 1, 3, 4 d] 2, 3, 4

## Section D

Instructions: There are 10 questions in this section. All questions are compulsory. Each question has 3 options. Select ONLY ONE option you feel is the most appropriate and mark it on the answer sheet given to you.

[10 Qs x 3 marks = max. marks 30]

- 7. Which is a Contribution to Self, that a football player can make in his role?
  - a] Asking for personalized attention from the coach and better opportunities to prove himself in the team.
  - b] Improving his dribbling and passing techniques and his ability to work in smooth coordination with other players
  - c] Winning more matches and increasing the number of goals scored by him in different matches.
- 8. Vaibhav, a mechanical engineering student, guides his classmates in completing their lab and group project work, gives regular updates on the progress to the teacher and works with everyone so that the journals of the entire class are submitted in time for external evaluation. What roles is Vaibhav playing in his college/class?
  - a] Student leader, friend, role model
  - b] Student, classmate, class representative
  - c] Student, mentor, coordinator, representative of the class, assisting the teacher
### **GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY (GTU)**

### Competency-focused Outcome-based Green Curriculum-2021 (COGC-2021) Semester-IV

### Course Title: Polyphase Transformers and Rotating AC Machines (Course Code: 4340901)

Diploma programmer in which this course is offered	Semester in which offered
Electrical Engineering	4 <sup>th</sup> Semester

### 1. RATIONALE

The electrical engineering applications in industries use small and large electric motors in some crucial application systems. This course will enable the students to develop skills to select, operate, and maintain various types of A.C. Motors and transformers. Practical features of the course will make the students capable of performing various tests on these machines. This course will also make the students familiar with the working and applications of Three-phase transformer and A.C. Motors.

### 2. COMPETENCY

The purpose of this course is to help the student to attain the following industry identified competency through various teaching learning experiences:

• Maintain various types of A.C. Motors and Three-phase transformers safely.

#### 3. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

The practical exercises, the underpinning knowledge and the relevant soft skills associated with the identified competency are to be developed in the student for the achievement of the following COs:

- *a*) Maintain the working of a three phase transformer.
- **b)** Maintain the working of three phase induction motor.
- *c)* Use the relevant single phase induction motor for various applications.
- *d*) Maintain the working of Synchronous machines.

#### 4. TEACHING AND EXAMINATION SCHEME

Teach	ing Sc	heme	Total Credits	Examination Scheme		cheme				
(Ir	n Hour	rs)	(L+T+P/2)	Theory Marks		Theory Marks		Theory Marks Practical Marks		Total
L	Т	Р	С	CA	ESE	СА	ESE	Marks		
3	0	2	4	30*	70	25	25	150		

(\*): Out of 30 marks under the theory CA, 10 marks are for assessment of the micro-project to facilitate integration of COs and the remaining 20 marks is the average of 2 tests to be taken

during the semester for the assessing the attainment of the cognitive domain UOs required for the attainment of the COs.

**Legends:** L-Lecture; T – Tutorial/Teacher Guided Theory Practice; P - Practical; C – Credit, CA - Continuous Assessment; ESE - End Semester Examination.

### 5. SUGGESTED PRACTICAL EXERCISES

The following practical outcomes (PrOs) are the subcomponents of the Course Outcomes (Cos). Some of the **PrOs** marked **'\*'** are compulsory, as they are crucial for that particular CO at the 'Precision Level' of Dave's Taxonomy related to 'Psychomotor Domain'.

Sr. No.	Practical Outcomes (PrOs)	Unit No.	Approx. Hrs. Required
1	Identify various parts of the three phase transformer.	I	2
2	Perform parallel operation of two three phase transformers.	I	4
3	Make connections of different vector groups in two three phase transformers.	Ι	4
4	Identify various parts of the three phase induction motor.	П	2
5	Perform direct loading test of three phase induction motor to find out efficiency.	II	2*
6	Perform no load and blocked rotor test on a three phase induction motor to obtain various parameters using a circle diagram.	П	4*
7	Make connections of DOL and Star delta starter with appropriate three phase induction motors.	II	2
8	Perform speed control of three phase squirrel cage induction motor.	II	2
9	Perform speed control of three phase slip ring induction motor.	II	2
10	Test the circuit of capacitor start capacitor run single phase induction motor used in a ceiling fan	III	2
11	Perform No load test on single phase induction motor to determine the friction and windage loss.		2
12	Perform direct loading test on alternator to find out voltage regulation.	IV	2*
13	Find out voltage regulation of alternator by synchronous impedance method.	IV	4*
14	Find out voltage regulation of alternator by ampere turns method.	IV	4
15	Perform parallel operation of two alternators.	IV	4
16	Synchronize given Alternator with infinite bus bar.	IV	4

Sr. No.	Practical Outcomes (PrOs)	Unit No.	Approx. Hrs. Required
17	Construct V-curve of synchronous motor at different load conditions to see the effect of variation of excitation.	V	4*
18	Use a synchronous motor to improve the power factor.	V	2
			28 Hrs.

#### <u>Note</u>

- *i.* More **Practical Exercises** can be designed and offered by the respective course teacher to develop the industry relevant skills/outcomes to match the COs. The above table is only a suggestive list.
- *ii.* The following are some **sample** 'Process' and 'Product' related skills (more may be added/deleted depending on the course) that occur in the above listed **Practical Exercises** of this course required which are embedded in the COs and ultimately the competency.

Sr. No.	Sample Performance Indicators for the PrOs	Weightage in %
1	Experimental setup, Procedure and conduction by following safety practices.	40
2	Conceptual clarity	30
3	Interpretation of Results and Ethical values.	30
	Total	100

#### 5. MAJOR EQUIPMENT/ INSTRUMENTS REQUIRED

This major equipment with broad specifications for the PrOs is a guide to procure them by the administrators to use in uniformity of practical's in all institutions across the state.

Sr.No.	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications	PrO. No.
1	D.C. supply, 250 Volt, 25 Amp.	12 to 18
2	Three phase transformer, 1100/415 volt, 3 to 5 KVA	1,2,3
3	Three phase induction motor-DC shunt generator set. 5 HP, 415 volt.	5,6
4	Three Phase Squirrel cage Induction motor. 3 HP, 415 volt.	6
5	Three-phase auto transformer- 0 to 500 V, 25 Amp.	5,6,8,9
6	DC motor- Alternator Set (5 KVA, 415 volt, 3 phase 4 wire	12 to 16

Sr.No.	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications	PrO. No.
	Alternator)	
7	Synchronous Induction motor 415 volt 3 to 5 HP	17,18
8	Cut section of three phase induction motor.	4
9	Lamp load (10-20 A)	5,12

### 6. AFFECTIVE DOMAIN OUTCOMES

The following *sample* Affective Domain Outcomes (ADOs) are embedded in many of the abovementioned COs and PrOs. More could be added to fulfill the development of this course competency.

- a. Work as a leader/a team member (while doing a micro-project).
- b. Follow safety practices while using D.C. and AC supply and electrical equipment.
- c. Work as a group member (while performing experiments and taking readings)
- d. Practice environmentally friendly methods and processes. (Environment related)

The ADOs are best developed through the laboratory/field-based exercises. Moreover, the level of achievement of the ADOs according to Krathwohl's 'Affective Domain Taxonomy' should gradually increase as planned below:

- i. 'Valuing Level' in 1<sup>st</sup> year
- ii. 'Organization Level' in 2<sup>nd</sup> year.
- iii. 'Characterization Level' in 3<sup>rd</sup> year.

#### 8. UNDERPINNING THEORY

The major underpinning theory is given below based on the higher level UOs of *Revised Bloom's taxonomy* that are formulated for development of the COs and competency. If required, more such UOs could be included by the course teacher to focus on attainment of COs and competency.

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics		
	(4 to 6 UOs at different levels)			
Unit 1	<b>1a</b> . Justify the advantage of	<b>1.1</b> Comparison of three phase		
Three Phase	using 3- phase transformer	transformer with bank of three single		
Transformer	over a bank of 3 single	phase transformer.		
	phase transformers	<b>1.2</b> Construction of three phase		
	<b>1b</b> . Sketch the different types	transformer (Core and winding		
	of connections of 3-phase	arrangement, Types of Winding.)		
	transformers including	<b>1.3</b> Winding Connections / Vector group		
	vector groups.	of three phase transformers. (Star-		
	1c. Explain the major parts of	Star, Delta-Delta, Delta-Star, Star-		

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics
	(4 to 6 UOs at different levels)	
	<ul> <li>the 3-phase transformer.</li> <li>1d. Discuss the need and working of a tap changer.</li> <li>1e. Explain different cooling methods used in transformer,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Delta, Open Delta or V -V connection, Scott connection.)</li> <li>1.4 Parallel Operation of three phase Transformers.</li> <li>1.5 OFF load and ON load tap changer.</li> <li>1.6 Accessories of three phase transformers, Buchholz relay, Name plate of three phase transformers.</li> <li>1.7 Cooling of transformers, Natural and forced cooling.</li> </ul>
Unit-II Three phase Induction Motors	<ul> <li>2a. Explain how a rotating field is produced in a three phase induction motor</li> <li>2b. Differentiate between squirrel cage and wound rotor induction motor with their salient features.</li> <li>2c. Explain Torque slip characteristic of three phase induction motor.</li> <li>2d. Explain various methods of speed control of 3 phase induction motors.</li> <li>2e. Discuss Need of starters in three phase induction motors.</li> <li>2f. Solve numerical based on slip, Torque and power of three phase induction motors.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>2.1 Construction of a three phase induction motor and its types and applications.</li> <li>2.2 Rotating magnetic field due to two phase supply and three phase supply.</li> <li>2.3 Working Principle of three phase induction motor, Synchronous speed and Slip.</li> <li>2.4 Effect of slip in rotor circuit parameters.</li> <li>2.5 Derivation of Starting and Running torque, condition for maximum torque, Relation between torque and maximum torque.</li> <li>2.6 Torque slip and torque speed curve of three phase induction motor. (Generating, breaking and motoring mode)</li> <li>2.7 Power stages in an induction motor.</li> <li>2.8 Equivalent circuit of 3 phase I.M.</li> <li>2.9 Induction generator and its application</li> <li>2.10 Starting of three phase I.M.</li> <li>Necessity and types of starters- DOL, Star delta.</li> <li>2.11 Speed control of squirrel cage and slipring induction motor.</li> <li>2.12 No Load, Block rotor test and Circle diagram.</li> </ul>

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics
	(4 to 6 UOs at different levels)	
Unit-III Single Phase Induction motor	<ul> <li><b>3a</b>.Discuss two field revolving theory in single phase induction motor.</li> <li><b>3b</b>.Describe the working principle of different types of single phase motors.</li> <li><b>3c</b>. Select various single phase induction motors for relevant applications.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>3.1 Double field Revolving Theory.</li> <li>3.2 Making Single phase induction motor self-starting.</li> <li>3.3 Types of Single phase induction motor. Split phase induction motor, Shaded pole motor, Resistance start motor, Capacitor start motor, Capacitor start motor, Capacitor start motor.</li> <li>3.4 Equivalent circuit of Single Phase induction motor.</li> </ul>
Unit-IV Synchronous machines	<ul> <li>4a. Explain the working principle of an alternator.</li> <li>4b. Differentiate between turbo generator and hydro generators</li> <li>4c. Derive e.m.f equation of alternator.</li> <li>4d. Determine the voltage regulation of an alternator by various methods.</li> <li>4e. Synchronize an alternator with an infinite bus bar.</li> <li>4f. Explain different cooling methods used in alternators.</li> <li>4g. Connect and operate synchronous motor using proper starting method</li> <li>4h. Improve the power factor of the system using synchronous motor.</li> <li>4i. Explain the effect of excitation in a synchronous motor.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>4.1 Construction of Alternator and its types.</li> <li>4.2 Alternator Operation, Frequency</li> <li>4.3 A.C. Armature windings, Winding Factors, Numerical</li> <li>4.4 EMF Equation of Alternator.</li> <li>4.5 Equivalent Circuit and Phasor Diagram of Alternator.</li> <li>4.6 Armature Reaction and its effect.</li> <li>4.7 Voltage Regulation of Alternator Determination of voltage regulation by direct loading method and Synchronous impedance method.</li> <li>4.8 Parallel Operation of alternator</li> <li>4.9 Synchronization of alternator.</li> <li>4.10 Cooling of an alternator. Applications of alternators.</li> <li>4.11 Construction and working of synchronous motor and its starting.</li> <li>4.12 Effect of change in Excitation, V curve of Synchronous motor.</li> <li>4.13 Hunting and its prevention.</li> <li>4.15 Applications of Synchronous motors and its comparison with induction motor.</li> </ul>

	Unit Unit No. Title	Teaching Hours	Distribution of Theory Marks			
Unit			R	U	Α	Total
NO.			Level	Level	Level	Marks
Ι	Three Phase Transformer	08	4	6	4	14
П	Three phase Induction Motor	14	8	8	7	23
III	Single phase Induction motor	06	4	4	2	10
IV	Synchronous machines	14	8	8	7	23
Total		42	24	26	20	70

#### 9. SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION TABLE FOR QUESTIONPAPER DESIGN

**Legends:** R=Remember, U=Understand, A=Apply and above (Revised Bloom's taxonomy) <u>Note</u>: This specification table provides general guidelines to assist students for their learning and to teachers to teach and question paper designers/setters to formulate test items/questions to assess the attainment of the UOs. The actual distribution of marks at different taxonomy levels (of *R*, *U* and *A*) in the question paper may slightly vary from above table.

### **10. SUGGESTED STUDENT ACTIVITIES**

Other than the classroom and laboratory learning, following are the suggested student-related **cocurricular** activities which can be undertaken to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course. Students should perform following activities in group (or individual) and prepare reports of about 5 pages for each activity. They should also collect/record physical evidence for their (student's) portfolio which may be useful for their placement interviews:

- a) Present seminar on various topics from course content
- b) Prepare nameplate of three-phase transformer, three phase induction motor and alternator.

#### 11. SUGGESTED SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES (if any)

These are sample strategies, which the teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course:

- a) Massive open online courses (*MOOCs*) may be used to teach various topics/subtopics.
- b) Guide student(s) in undertaking micro-projects.
- c) *'L' in section No. 4 means* different types of teaching methods that are to be employed by teachers to develop the outcomes.
- d) Show animation/video related to course content.
- e) Co-relating the importance of content of this course with other courses/ practical applications. (e.g. importance of a content course or whole course related to A.C. Machines, Transmission and Distribution of Electrical Power, Energy Conservation Switchgear and Protection etc. and in practical industrial &/ domestic applications.
- f) Introduce E-waste recycling technology among the students.
- g) Guide students on how to address issues on environment and sustainability

#### **12. SUGGESTED MICRO-PROJECTS**

**Only one micro-project** is planned to be undertaken by a student that needs to be assigned to him/her in the beginning of the semester. In the first four semesters, the micro-projects are group-based (group of 3 to 5). However, **in the fifth and sixth semesters**, the number of students in the group should **not exceed three**.

The micro-project could be industry application based, internet-based, workshop-based, laboratory-based or field-based. Each micro-project should encompass two or more COs which are in fact, an integration of PrOs, UOs and ADOs. Each student will have to maintain a dated work diary consisting of individual contributions in the project work and give a seminar presentation of it before submission. The duration of the micro project should be about **12-14** (*fourteen to sixteen*) *student engagement hours* during the course. The students ought to submit micro-project by the end of the semester to develop the industry-oriented COs.

A suggestive list of micro-projects is given here. This has to match the competency and the COs. Similar micro-projects could be added by the concerned course teacher:

- a) Make a working model of control wiring of Direct on Line starter. .
- b) Make a working model of control wiring of star delta starter with contactors.
- c) Make a working model of control wiring of sequence operation of two motors.
- d) Make a working model of control wiring of forward reverse of three phase I.M.
- e) Make a working model of control wiring of the autotransformer starter.
- f) Prepare a chart of different vector groups of three phase transformers.
- g) Prepare a chart showing different materials used for various parts of the Polyphase transformer and Polyphase Induction motor.
- h) Collect specifications from different manufacturers of Polyphase transformers and prepare a market survey report.
- i) Collect specifications from different manufacturers of single-phase Induction motors and prepare a market survey report.

#### **13. SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES**

Sr. No	Title of Book	Author	Publication with place, year and ISBN
1	A textbook of Electrical Technology Volume-II	B. L. Theraja & A.K. Theraja	S. Chand and Co., New Delhi, 23 edition or Latest edition (ISBN : 9788121924405)
2	Principle of Electrical Machines	V.K.Mehta, Rohit Mehta	S.Chand and Co. Ltd, New Delhi ISBN: 9788121930888
3	A textbook of electrical machines	K R Siddhapura D B Raval	Vikas Publishing house PVT LTD ISBN: 9789325975620
4	Electrical Machinery	Dr. P.S.Bimbhra	Khanna Publication. New Delhi ISBN: 9788174091734
5	Electrical Machine	P.K. Mukherjee and S. Chakravorti	Dhanpat Rai Publications (P) Ltd. [2nd revised edition] ISBN: 9788189928667

# 14. SOFTWARE/LEARNING WEBSITES

### <u>WEBSITE</u>

- https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/108/105/108105155/
- https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/108/105/108105131/
- <u>https://www.electrical4u.com/electrical-engineering-articles/transformer/</u>
- https://electrical4u.in/A.C.-machines/
- <u>https://lectures.gtu.ac.in/</u>
- <u>https://circuitglobe.com/</u>
- <u>https://www.electricaltechnology.org/</u>
- <u>www.vlab.co.in</u>
- <u>https://www.powertransformernews.com</u>
- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108105017

#### 15. PO-COMPETENCY-CO MAPPING:

Semester I	D.C. Machines and Transformer (Course Code:4330901)						
		POs					
Competency & Course Outcomes	PO 1 Basic & Discipline specific knowledge	PO 2 Problem Analysis	PO 3 Design / develo pment of solutio n	PO4 Engineering Tools, Experimen- tation & Testing	PO 5 Engineering practices for society, sustainability & environment	PO 6 Project Manage- ment	PO 7 Life-long learning
<u>Competency</u>	Maintain various types of A.C. machines and three -p transformers safely.				-phase		
Course Outcomes CO1 Maintain the working of three phase transformer.	3	2	2	1	2	-	2
CO2 Maintain the working of three phase induction motor.	3	2	2	2	2	-	2
CO3 Use the relevant single phase induction motor for various applications.	3	-	1	1	2	-	-
CO4 Maintain the working of Synchronous machines.	3	2	-	2	-	-	2

Legend: '3' for high, '2' for medium, '1' for low and '-' for no correlation of each CO with PO.

### 16. COURSE CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE

### GTU Resource Persons

S. No	Name and Designation	Institute	Contact No.	Email
1.	Mr. Ravi J. Dattani	G.P. Jamnagar	9016593517	rjdele@gmail.com
	Lecturer Electrical Engg.			
2.	Mr. Nirav J Patel	G.P. Navsari	9979563907	ernirav911@gmail.com
	Lecturer Electrical Engg.			

#### **GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY (GTU)**

### Competency-focused Outcome-based Green Curriculum-2021 (COGC-2021) Semester-IV

#### **Course Title: Distribution and Utilization of Electrical Power**

(Course Code: 4340902)

Diploma programmer in which this course is offered	Semester in which offered
Electrical Engineering	4 <sup>th</sup> Semester

### **1.** RATIONALE

The study of distribution and utilization of electrical energy is critical for diploma electrical students as it provides a comprehensive understanding of the various electrical energy systems and the various methods of distribution and utilization of electrical energy. This course deals in detail about distribution system components, substation, cables, power factor improvement, illumination, electric drive and domestic appliances. The skilled technocrats are required to operate and maintain efficient as well as reliable power distribution and utilization. Essential efforts are made in this course to develop basic skills required to maintain economic power distribution and utilization.

### **2.** COMPETENCY

The purpose of this course is to help the student to attain the following industry identified competency through various teaching learning experiences:

• Operate and maintain various distribution system and different types of electrical utilities and systems.

#### **3.** COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

The practical exercises, the underpinning knowledge and the relevant soft skills associated with the identified competency are to be developed in the student for the achievement of the following COs:

- **1.** Identify basic components of power system distribution.
- **2.** Interpret cable specifications, site selection process and layout of substations.
- **3.** Acquire knowledge about tariff structures and power factor improvement.
- **4.** Select appropriate lighting source on the basis of different parameters related to illumination.
- **5.** Compare electrical drives and demonstrate working of various domestic electrical appliances.

#### 4. TEACHING AND EXAMINATION SCHEME

Teach	ing Sc	heme	Total Credits	Total Credits Examination Scheme				
(Ir	n Hour	rs)	(L+T+P/2)	Theory	y Marks	Practica	l Marks	Total
L	Т	Р	С	СА	ESE	СА	ESE	Marks
3	0	2	4	30	70	25	25	150

(\*): Out of 30 marks under the theory CA, 10 marks are for assessment of the micro-project to facilitate integration of COs and the remaining 20 marks is the average of 2 tests to be taken during the semester for the assessing the attainment of the cognitive domain UOs required for the attainment of the COs.

**Legends:** L-Lecture; T – Tutorial/Teacher Guided Theory Practice; P - Practical; C – Credit, CA - Continuous Assessment; ESE - End Semester Examination.

# **5.** SUGGESTED PRACTICAL EXERCISES

Following practical outcomes (PrOs) are the sub-components of the Course Outcomes (Cos). Some of the **PrOs** marked **'\*'** are compulsory, as they are crucial for that particular CO at the 'Precision Level' of Dave's Taxonomy related to 'Psychomotor Domain'.

Sr. No.	Practical Outcomes (PrOs)	Unit No.	Approx. Hrs. Required
1	To study performance characteristics of typical AC distribution system in radial & ring main configuration.	1	2*
2	To Solve problem related to voltage drop and sending/ receiving end voltage of distribution line.	1	2
3	Prepare a report after studying distribution system of a residential colony.	1	2
4	Interpret the Blue Print of a Sub-Station.	2	2
5	Prepare a report on substation with its layout after visiting a nearby substation.	2	2
6	Prepare a report on pole mounted substation.	2	2*
7	Prepare a report about types of cables used in distribution system by visiting nearby cable suppliers/industries or otherwise with the help of internet.	2	2
8	To carry out pipe/plate/chemical earthing.	2	2
9	Measure a power factor of various electrical equipments with and without power factor improvement scheme.	3	2
10	Improve the power factor of available inductive load using static capacitor.	3	2*
11	Perform power factor correction using synchronous condenser.	3	2
12	Prepare a technical report on various power factor improvement devices adopted in an industry after visit of that industry. (otherwise from internet)	3	2
13	Prepare a report based on comparative study of various tariff structures of Gujarat state.	3	2*
14	Prepare Energy Bill based on energy consumption of residence/ Institute.	3	2
15	Identify the different lighting accessories required for various types of lamps and lamp fittings.	4	2
16	Measure Illumination at different places in college using luxmeter.	4	2*
17	Visit a small manufacturing unit to observe various electrical drives and prepare a technical report.	5	2
18	Analytical comparison between Electrical & Mechanical Drive.	5	2*

Sr. No.	Practical Outcomes (PrOs)	Unit No.	Approx. Hrs. Required
19	Write the procedure of servicing of any two domestic appliances after visiting nearby servicing centers of electrical domestic appliances.	5	2
20	Prepare a comparative report on two different manufacturing companies in India for any two electrical domestic appliances.	5	2*
21	Study about IE safety rules.	5	2
22	Study about recycle cables and electrical/electronic waste.	2	2
	Minimum 14 Practical Exercises		28

### <u>Note</u>

- *i.* More **Practical Exercises** can be designed and offered by the respective course teacher to develop the industry relevant skills/outcomes to match the COs. The above table is only a suggestive list.
- ii. Care must be taken in assigning and assessing study report as it is a first year study report. Study report, data collection and analysis report must be assigned in a group. Teacher has to discuss about type of data (which and why) before group start their market survey.

The following are some **sample** 'Process' and 'Product' related skills (more may be added/deleted depending on the course) that occur in the above listed **Practical Exercises** of this course required which are embedded in the COs and ultimately the competency.

Sr.No.	Sample Performance Indicators for the PrOs	Weightage in %	
1	Diagrams/Sketches/Tables	20	
2	Experimental procedure and conduction by following safety practices.(for performance base experiment) Or Lucidity of report.( for study type experiment)	30	
3	Conceptual clarity	30	
4	Time bound completion, team work & ethical values	20	
	Total 100		

# 6. EQUIPMENT/ INSTRUMENTS REQUIRED :

These equipments with broad specifications for the PrOs is a guide to procure them by the administrators to user in uniformity of practical's in all institutions across the state.

Sr. No.	Equipment Name
1	Prototype of Radial, parallel and ring main feeder.
2	Various safety devices used for first aid and electrical hazards.
3	Electrical safety devices for Protection such as Fuse, MCB, ELCB, earthing rods.
4	Different charts of Substation layout.
5	Raw material of Earthing.
6	Cut-section of different types of cable.
7	Electrical Component like Resistor, Inductor, Capacitor bank etc.
8	Various electrical measuring instruments such as Digital and analog Multimeter, Ammeter, Voltmeter, Wattmeter, Clamp on Meter, Megger, Digital Tachometer, power factor meter etc.
9	Synchronous condenser for Power factor improvement
10	AC & DC Drive Module.
11	Various Types of Lamps i.e Halogen lamp, SL, LED Lamp etc.
12	Software for design a lighting scheme i.e. Calculux etc.
13	Various Domestic appliances like fan, tube light, electrical iron, Microwave oven, Mixer, Vacuum cleaner etc.

#### 8. UNDERPINNING THEORY

The major underpinning theory is given below based on the higher level UOs of *Revised Bloom's taxonomy* that are formulated for development of the COs and competency. If required, more such UOs could be included by the course teacher to focus on attainment of COs and competency.

	ì	
Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics
	<ul> <li>1e. Solve simple numerical problems.</li> <li>2a. State the need for</li> </ul>	grid. <b>1.7</b> Consequences of disconnecting neutral in a 3- Phase 4-wire System. <b>1.8</b> Methods of solving A.C. Single phase and three phase connected (balanced) distribution system. <b>2.1</b> Importance and Classification
Unit-II Sub-Station And Cable	<ul> <li>electrical Substations.</li> <li>2b. Sketch the single line diagram typical 220/66/11 kV electrical substation with various switchgear.</li> <li>2c. Describe pole mounted substation with sketch</li> <li>2d. State the selection of the bus bar and their arrangement.</li> <li>2e. Describe with sketches the various types of earthing adapted for substations.</li> <li>2f. State the features of unarmored and armored cables used in substation.</li> <li>2g. State the features of different types of cables used in a substation.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>of substation.</li> <li>2.2 Selection of site for substation.</li> <li>2.3 Single line diagram of substation of 220/66/11 kV Substation.</li> <li>2.4 Pole mounted substation</li> <li>2.5 Different types of Busbar arrangement: Single Bus, Main and Transfer Bus, Breaker and Half Bus and Double bus &amp; transfer bus.</li> <li>2.6 Types of earthing used in substation.</li> <li>2.7 General Construction of cable.</li> <li>2.8 Insulating materials for cable.</li> <li>2.9 Classification of cables.</li> <li>2.10 Recycling of Cables.</li> </ul>
Unit-III Tariff and Power Factor improvement	<ul> <li>3a. Select the relevant tariff for the given applications with justification.</li> <li>3b. Explain with the sketches relevant method of power factor improvement for the given load.</li> <li>3c. Describe the procedure to maintain specified power factor of the system.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>3.1 Objectives and desirable characteristics of tariffs.</li> <li>3.2 Types of consumers and Types of tariffs: Flat Rate, Block Rate, Three part, KVA maximum demand.</li> <li>3.3 Problems based on tariff</li> <li>3.4 Power factor: Disadvantages of low power factor and their causes, Advantages of improved power factor.</li> <li>3.5 Power factor improvement by: Static capacitor, Synchronous Condenser, Location of power factor correction equipment.</li> </ul>

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics
Unit-IV Illumination	<ul> <li>4a.Define various illumination terminology and its units.</li> <li>4b.Explain the laws of illumination and its significance.</li> <li>4c. Explain with sketches the various lighting schemes.</li> <li>4d. Describe with the sketches working and applications of the various lamps and fittings in use.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>4.1illumination terminology: Solid and plane angle, Luminous Flux, Luminous Intensity, Lumen, Candle Power, Lux, Lamp Efficiency, Specific Consumption, Glare, Space Height Ratio, Utilization Factor, Maintenance Factor, Absorption Factor, Reflection Factor.</li> <li>4.2 Law of Inverse Squares and Lambert's Cosine Law</li> <li>4.3 Various lighting schemes: features and applications</li> <li>4.4 Construction and working of Incandescent Lamp, Halogen Lamps, Sodium Vapour Lamps, Compact Fluorescent Lamps (C.F.L.), L.E.D lamps and its comparative advantages.</li> </ul>
Unit-V Electric Drives & Domestic Appliances	<ul> <li>5a. Describe functions of major parts of an electric drive with block diagrams.</li> <li>5b. Differentiate between: <ol> <li>A.C. and D.C. Drive.</li> <li>Individual &amp; group drive.</li> </ol> </li> <li>5c. Explain the working of various domestic electrical appliances in use.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>5.1 Electric drives and its advantages.</li> <li>5.2 Block diagram of electric drive system and advantages of electric drive.</li> <li>5.3 Comparison of D.C.&amp; A.C. Drive and Individual &amp; Group Drive and Individual &amp; Group Drive.</li> <li>5.4 Working Domestic electrical appliances: <ul> <li>i. Ceiling fan</li> <li>ii. Electric iron</li> <li>iii. Microwave oven</li> <li>iv. Mixer grinder</li> <li>v. Vacuum Cleaner</li> <li>vi. Washing machine</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

# 9. SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION TABLE FOR QUESTIONPAPER DESIGN

Unit	Unit Title	Teaching	Distribution of Theory Marks

No.		Hours	R Level	U Level	A Level	Total Marks
I	Distribution System Components	10	6	5	5	16
II	Substation and cable	10	6	6	4	16
	Tariff and Power Factor improvement	6	2	4	4	10
IV	Illumination	8	8	3	3	14
V	Electrical Drives and Domestic Appliances	8	6	4	4	14

Legends: R=Remember, U=Understand, A=Apply and above (Revised Bloom's taxonomy)

### **10.** SUGGESTED STUDENT ACTIVITIES

Other than the classroom and laboratory learning, following are the suggested studentrelated *co-curricular* activities which can be undertaken to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course: Students should perform following activities in group (max.3-4 students) and prepare reports for each activity. They should also collect/record physical evidences for their (student's) portfolio which may be useful for their placement interviews.

- a) Present seminar on various topics from course content.
- b) Visit and prepare a report of substation
- c) Undertake a market survey of different types of lighting sources.
- d) Undertake a market survey of different types of light fitting accessory.
- e) Solve numerical problems regarding course contents
- f) Arrange group discussion on various topics on course content.
- g) To become a familiar with basic lighting design software. i.e. Calculux, etc.

### **11.** SUGGESTED SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES (if any)

These are sample strategies, which the teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course:

- a) Massive open online courses (*MOOCs*) may be used to teach various topics/sub topics.
- **b)** Guide student(s) in undertaking micro-projects.
- c) 'L' in section No. 4 means different types of teaching methods that areto be employed by teachers to develop the outcomes.
- **d)** Show animation/video related to course content.
- e) Show charts/photos related to various types distribution schemes, single line diagram of substations and substation layouts.
- f) Guide students for interpretation of single line diagrams.
- g) Visit nearby substation.
- **h)** With respect to *section No.10*, teachers need to ensure to create opportunities and provisions for *co-curricular activities*.
- i) Co-relating the importance of content of this course with other courses and practical applications
- j) Introduce E-waste recycling technology among the students.

### **12.** SUGGESTED MICRO-PROJECTS :

**Only one micro-project** is planned to be undertaken by a student that needs to be assigned to him/her in the beginning of the semester. In the **first four semesters**, the micro-projects are group-based (group of 3 to 4). However, **in the fifth and sixth semesters**, the number of students in the group should **not exceed three**.

The micro-project could be industry application based, internet-based, workshopbased, laboratory-based or field-based. Each micro-project should encompass two or more COs which are in fact, an integration of PrOs, UOs and ADOs. Each student will have to maintain dated work diary consisting of individual contribution in the project work and give a seminar presentation of it before submission. The students ought to submit micro-project by the end of the semester to develop the industry-oriented COs.

A suggestive list of micro-projects is given here. This has to match the competency and the COs. Similar micro-projects could be added by the concerned course teacher:

- 1) Collect Different Samples Of Overhead Conductors, Underground Cables, Line Supports, And Line Insulators.
- 2) Prepare report on Survey of rural electrification and draw Single Line Diagram including following observation and calculation i) Visit to a village ii) Supply is taken from pole mounted transformer and distributed in various part of village iii) Load calculation iv) loading capacity of different equipment v) Verification of 3-phase balanced loading vi) Finding transformer rating based on loading.
- 3) Making drawing sheet representing Single line diagram of three phase distribution.
- 4) Prepare chart of various course topics like types of line Conductors, Various types of line supports, Types of Busbar arrangements, Single line diagram of various substation, Pole mounted substation, various tariff schemes, various earthing, working of various light sources, electric drives, working of domestic appliances etc.
- 5) Prepare a board of different types of wires or cables.
- 6) Prepare Model of Substation.

### **13.** SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES

Sr. No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication with place, year and ISBN
1	A Course In Power Systems	Gupta J. B.	S.K.Kataria& Sons, New Delhi, 2013, ISBN: 978-9350143735
2	Electric Power Transmission and Distribution	Sivanagaraju S. Satyanarayana S.	Pearson Learning, New Delhi, 2008, ISBN: 978-8131707913,
3	Electrical Power Systems	Uppal S.L	Khanna publication, New Delhi, 2011, ISBN:978-8174092380
4	Electrical Power System	Wadhwa C. L.	New Age International Publishers, New Delhi, 2018 ISBN: 978-9393159175,
5	Principles of power system	Mehta V. K.	S. Chand and Co., New Delhi, 2020, ISBN: 978-8121924962,
6	Handbook of Electrical Power Distribution	Ramamurthy G.	Universities press, Hyderabad 2009, ISBN: 9788173716843

Sr. No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication with place, year and ISBN
7	Sub-Station Engineering Design, Concepts & Computer Applications	Dahiya R. S.	S. K. Kataria& Sons, New Delhi, 2013, ISBN:978-9380027579,
8	Utilization of Electric Power & Electric Traction	Gupta J. B.	S. K. Kataria& Sons, New Delhi, 2012, ISBN:978-9350142585,
9	Utilization of Electric Power & Electric Traction	Garg G. C.	Khanna publication, New Delhi, 2019, ISBN:978-9386173355
10	Fundamentals of Electrical Drive	Dubey G. K.	Narosa Publishing, New Delhi, 2001, ISBN: 978-8173194283
11	Art & Science of Utilization of Electrical Energy	Partab H.	DhanpatRai& Sons , New Delhi, 2017, ISBN: 978-8177001440

### **14.** SOFTWARE/LEARNING WEBSITES

- "Calculux" Software for lighting design.
- https://nptel.ac.in (for online courses and video of all engineering branches)
- <u>https://sa-nitk.vlabs.ac.in/List%20of%20experiments.html</u>(S/S Automation lab)
- <u>https://lectures.gtu.ac.in/listview.aspx?br=09&course=DI</u> (Course Content)
- <u>https://em-coep.vlabs.ac.in/List%20of%20experiments.html</u>(Synchronous condenser)
- <u>https://electricalgang.com/chemical-earthing</u> (For Chemical earthing)
- <u>https://cpcb.nic.in/uploads/Projects/E-Waste/e</u> waste amendment notification 06.04.2018.pdf( For E-waste Recycle guidelines)

Semester 4	Distribution and Utilization of Electrical Power (Course Code: 4340902)								
		POs							
Competency & Course Outcomes	PO 1 Basic &Disciplin e specific knowledg e	PO 2 Problem Analysis	PO3 Design/ develop ment of solution s	PO 4 Engineeri ng Tools, Experime ntation &Testing	PO 5 Engineering practices for society, sustainability & environment	PO 6 Project Manageme nt	PO 7 Life- long learnin g		
<u>Competency</u>									
CO1: Identify basic components of power system distribution.	3						2		
CO2: Interpret cable specifications, site selection process	3	2	2				2		

and layout of substations						
CO3: Acquire knowledge about tariff structures and power factor improvement	2	2	2	2	2	 2
CO4: Select appropriate lighting source on the basis of different parameters related to illumination.	3	3	2	1	2	 2
CO5: Compare electrical drives and demonstrate working of various domestic electrical appliances	3			2		 2

Legend: '**3'** for high, '**2**' for medium, '**1'** for low and '-' for no correlation of each CO with PO.

### **15.**COURSE CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE

### **GTU Resource Persons:**

Sr. No	Name	Institute	Contact No.	Email
1	Prof. H.A. Dabhi	G.P.Jamnagar	9879253637	dabhihargovind@gmail.com
2	Prof. J. R. Ghumaliya	G.P.Rajkot	9662288331	jrg.gpr@gmail.com

#### **GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY (GTU)**

### Competency-focused Outcome-based Green Curriculum-2022 (COGC-2022) Semester-IV

### Course Title: Electrical Wiring Estimating, Costing and Contracting (Course Code: 4340903)

Diploma programmer in which this course is offered	Semester in which offered
Electrical Engineering	4 <sup>th</sup> Semester

### 1. RATIONALE

Electrical wiring plays a major role in distributing the electrical energy from electric utilities to consumer. Electrical diploma holders may work as Technicians and Supervisors for planning, installing, and testing various electrical wiring Installations such as residential, commercial and Industrial electrification schemes. They should be able to prepare costing and estimates for these schemes with a thorough understanding of the methods/procedure of estimating, tendering/ contracting is desired. Knowledge of IE rules for different types of electrical Installation, their planning considerations equips the students with the capability to plan and prepare different Installation projects. Essential efforts are made in this course to develop above skills in the students.

### 2. COMPETENCY

The purpose of this course is to help the student to attain the following competency through various teaching learning experiences

• Carry out Electrical wiring estimating, costing and contract for various electrical installations.

### 3. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

The practical exercises, the underpinning knowledge and the relevant soft skills associated with the identified competency are to be developed in the student for the achievement of the following COs:

- a) Select relevant wiring methods, tools, and accessories for electrical installations.
- **b)** Undertake tendering and purchase procedure.
- *c)* Estimate cost of various domestic and industrial installation as per IE Act-2003
- *d*) Estimate the materials and cost of electrification for different buildings
- e) Estimate cost of distribution line project as per IE Act-2003

#### 4. TEACHING AND EXAMINATION SCHEME

Teach	ing Sc	heme	<b>Total Credits</b>	Exa		mination S		
(Ir	n Hour	·s)	(L+T+P/2)	Theory	y Marks	Practica	Marks	Total
L	Т	Р	С	CA	ESE	СА	ESE	Marks
3	0	2	4	30*	70	25	25	150

(\*): Out of 30 marks under the theory CA, 10 marks are for assessment of the micro-project to facilitate integration of COs and the remaining 20 marks is the average of 2 tests to be

taken during the semester for the assessing the attainment of the cognitive domain UOs required for the attainment of the COs.

**Legends:** L-Lecture; **T** – Tutorial/Teacher Guided Theory Practice; **P** - Practical; **C** – Credit, **CA** - Continuous Assessment; **ESE** - End Semester Examination.

### 5. SUGGESTED PRACTICAL EXERCISES

The following practical outcomes (PrOs) are the sub-components of the Course Outcomes (Cos). Some of the **PrOs** marked **'\*'** are compulsory, as they are crucial for that particular CO at the 'Precision Level' of Dave's Taxonomy related to 'Psychomotor Domain'.

Sr. No.	Practical Outcomes (PrOs)	Unit No.	Approx. Hrs. Required
1	Undertake following wirings. a) Staircase Wiring b) Go down wiring	I	2
2	Select appropriate wiring and list materials and accessories for given project	Ι	2
3	Perform domestic Electrical Installation test.	I	4
4	Prepare Inquiry form, quotation, comparative statement, and order for any electrical work/materials required /small projects.	II	4
5	Prepare a tender notice for given project.	П	4*
6	Prepare cost estimate of a domestic installation cost (Residential building/ Laboratory building/Drawing Hall etc.	111	4*
7	Prepare cost estimate of an Industry Installation. (Workshop/ Agriculture, Flour mill, etc.)	III	4
8	Interpret and prepare electrical test report of a large building or complex.	IV	4*
9	Calculate Load for lift, and air conditioning in high rise building. (A group of 5 students, having one different complex per group.)	IV	4
10	Prepare cost estimate of an Overhead service connection. (Single phase/Three phase)	V	4*
11	Prepare cost estimate of an Underground service connection (Single phase/three phase)	V	4
12	Estimate of material and specification required for 440V, 3- phase, 4 wire or 3 wire Overhead Distribution line.	V	4*
	Total Hours (Perform any practical worth <b>28 hours</b> from above depending upon the availability of resources so that most units are covered		44 Hrs

#### <u>Note</u>

*i.* A suggestive list of PrOs is given in the above table. More such PrOs can be designed and offered by the respective course teacher to develop the industry relevant skills/outcomes to match the Cos.

*ii.* The following are some sample 'Process' and 'Product' related skills (more may be added/deleted depending on the course) that occur in the above listed **Practical Exercises** of this course required which are embedded in the COs and ultimately the competency.

Sr. No.	Sample Performance Indicators for the PrOs	Weightage in %
1	Prepare experimental setup/layout/line diagram	20
2	Use of the relevant wiring tools/materials	20
3	Follow safe practices.	20
4	Timely submission of work.	20
5	Answer to sample questions.	20
	Total	100

### 5. MAJOR EQUIPMENT/ INSTRUMENTS REQUIRED

This major equipment with broad specifications for the PrOs is a guide to procure them by the administrators to user in uniformity of practical in all institutions across the state.

Sr.No.	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications	PrO. No.
1	Electrician tool kit-01 Nos.	1 to 3
2	Wiring Materials	1 to 3
3	Megger 500 V-01 Nos.	03

### 6. AFFECTIVE DOMAIN OUTCOMES

The following *sample* Affective Domain Outcomes (ADOs) are embedded in many of the above-mentioned COs and PrOs. More could be added to fulfill the development of this course competency.

- a) Work as a leader/a team member (while doing a micro-project)
- b) Follow safety practices.
- c) Work as a group member (while performing experiments and taking readings)
- d) Follow ethical practices.
- e) Practice environmentally friendly methods and processes. (Environment related)

The ADOs are best developed through the laboratory/field-based exercises. Moreover, the level of achievement of the ADOs according to Krathwohl's 'Affective Domain Taxonomy' should gradually increase as planned below:

- i. 'Valuing Level' in 1<sup>st</sup> year
- ii. 'Organization Level' in 2<sup>nd</sup> year.
- iii. 'Characterization Level' in 3<sup>rd</sup> year.

### 8. UNDERPINNING THEORY

The major underpinning theory is given below based on the higher level UOs of *Revised Bloom's taxonomy* that are formulated for development of the COs and competency. If required, more such UOs could be included by the course teacher to focus on attainment of COs and competency.

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics	
	(4 to 6 UOs at different levels)		
Unit – I	1a. Differentiate between	1.1 Types of wires, wiring system.	
<b>Electrical Wiring</b>	different types of wiring	1.2 Specifications of Different	
and IE Rules	system	types of wiring materials,	
	1b. List the applications of	Accessories	
	different types of wiring	1.3 Wiring tools.	
	tools	1.4 Wiring circuits.	
	1d Explain the IE rules of	1.5 I.E. rules for wiring, IE Act-2003.	
	wiring.		
Unit-II	2a Classify types of	2.1 Estimation and estimation tools.	
Elements of	estimation and	2.2 Electrical Schedule of rates,	
Estimating and	estimation tools	catalogues, Survey and source	
concepts of	2b Describe Purchase	selection, Recording estimates	
contracting	procedure	2.3 Quantity and cost of	
	2c Explain the types of	material required.	
	contracts and	2.4 Purchase system, Purchase	
	contractors.	inquiry and selection of	
	2d Explain the concept of	appropriate purchase mode,	
	contracts and Tenders	Comparative statement,	
	2e Explain the procedure for	Purchase orders, Payment of	
	submission and opening	bills	
	of tenders.	2.5 Types of contract system.	
	2f Explain the principles of	2.6 Tendering procedure and	
	Execution of works	preparation of simple	
	2g Explain the procedure for	tender, method of opening	
	Billing of executed work	tender and <mark>e-tender</mark>	
	2h Explain the specified actions	2.7 Earnest Money Deposit,	
	for e-tendering.	Security Deposit	
Unit– III	3a. Prepare Layout and	3.1 General rules for wiring	
Estimating and	wiring diagram for	3.2 Layout of wiring.	
Costing of	domestic wiring.	socket outlets, etc.)	
Domestic and	3b. Calculate the Load,	3.4 Total load and number of sub-	
Industrial	quantity and cost of	circuits.	
Wiring	material required for	3.5 Size of conductor.	
•••••	aomestic wiring.	3.6 Ratings of main switch and	
	sc. Prepare Layout and	distribution board.	
	wiring diagram for	3.7 Case studies-Domestic wiring.	
	industrial Wiring.	3.8 Important consideration	
	30. Calculate the Load,	regarding Motor Installation	
	quantity and cost of	Wiring.	
	material required for	3.9 Input current to motors	

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics				
<b>O</b>	(4 to 6 LIOs at different levels)					
	industrial wiring	3 10 Rating of cables safety				
	industrial wiring.					
		accessories				
		5.11 Size of conduit, distribution				
		board, main switch, and starter.				
	An Calculate total load on	3.12 Case studies-Industrial Wiring				
Unit-IV	electrical distribution work	4.1 Calculation total electrical load on				
Electrification	4b.Estimate floor wise	4.2 Floor wise estimation of material				
of multistoried	electrical material	requirements				
building	requirements	i) Specification of wiring material				
	4c.Calculate the size of bus bar,	and accessories.				
	cables, panels.	ii) Estimation of total cost of				
	4d.Maintain smoke detection	electrification using schedule				
	system in multistoried	A 3 Case studies				
	4e Maintain Diesel Generator	4.4 Requirements of approval from				
	set as a stand by unit.	electrical inspection for high rise				
		multistoried building				
		4.5 Load calculation for lifts,				
		escalators, air conditioners				
		4.6 Distribution panels and bus bar				
		4 7 Fire alarm system				
		4.8 Smoke detection system				
		4.9 Use of D.G. set as a standby				
		power supply in case of				
		emergency.				
Unit–V	5a. Draw layout of overhead	5.1 Overhead distribution system.				
Estimation of	distribution line.	5.2 Line supports, Factors governing				
Overhead and	5b. Prepare plan of overhead	height of pole				
Underground	distribution project work.	5.3 cross arms, pole brackets and				
Distribution	5c. Determine main	clamps, guys and stays,				
System	components and	conductor's configuration spacing				
	specification of overhead	and clearances, span lengths,				
	distribution system.	overhead line insulators,				
	5d. Estimate quantity of	insulator materials lightning				
	material and cost required	arrestors, erection of supports,				
	for an overhead	setting of stays,				
	distribution project work.	5.4 Earthing of lines, Guarding of				
	5e. Explain types of service	overhead lines, Clearances of				
	connection.	conductor from ground, Spacing				
	5f. Explain I.E. rules related to	between supports conductors				
	overhead lines and service	5.5 Materials and accessories				
	connection.	required for the overhead				
		distribution system.				
		5.6 Estimate for 440 V, 3-phase, 4				
		wires or 3 wires overhead				
		distribution system.				
		5.7 Describe Method of installation				

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics
	(4 to 6 UOs at different levels)	
		of service connection (1-phase and 3-phase), observing I.E. rules 5.8 Types of service connections 5.9 I.E. rules pertaining to overhead lines and service connection. 5.10 Case studies.
	<ul> <li>5g. Draw layout of underground distribution system.</li> <li>5h. Prepare plan of underground distribution project work.</li> <li>5i. Determine main components and specification of underground distribution system.</li> <li>5j. Estimate quantity of material and cost required for a overhead distribution project work.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>5.11 Underground distribution system.</li> <li>5.12 Materials and accessories required for underground distribution system.</li> <li>5.13 Estimate for 440 V, 3-phase, 4 wires or 3 wires underground distribution system.</li> <li>5.14 I.E. rules pertaining to underground system and service connection.</li> <li>5.15 Case studies.</li> </ul>

#### 9. SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION TABLE FOR QUESTIONPAPER DESIGN

Unit	Unit	Teaching	Dist	ribution o	of Theory	Marks
No.	Title	Hours	R Level	U Level	A Level	Total Marks
I	Electrical Wiring and IE Rules	6	04	04	02	10
П	Elements of Estimating and concepts of contracting	6	04	04	02	10
Ш	Estimating and Costing of Domestic and Industrial Wiring	8	04	05	06	15
IV	Electrification of multistoried building	10	02	05	05	12
v	Estimation of Overhead and Underground Distribution System	12	05	09	09	23
	Total	42	19	27	24	70

**Legends:** R=Remember, U=Understand, A=Apply and above (Revised Bloom's taxonomy) <u>Note</u>: This specification table provides general guidelines to assist students for their learning and to teachers to teach and question paper designers/setters to formulate test items/questions to assess the attainment of the UOs. The actual distribution of marks at different taxonomy levels (of R, U and A) in the question paper may slightly vary from above table.

### **10. SUGGESTED STUDENT ACTIVITIES**

Other than the classroom and laboratory learning, following are the suggested studentrelated **co-curricular** activities which can be undertaken to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course. Students should perform following activities in group (or individual) and prepare reports of about 5 pages for each activity. They should also collect/record physical evidence for their (student's) portfolio which may be useful for their placement interviews:

- a) Prepare abstract of Indian standards related to industrial and non-industrial installations.
- b) Summarize given section of National Electrical Code (NEC), 2011 required for electrical installation.
- c) Prepare report on market survey of various electrical accessories, wires, and cables (specification, manufacture, quality, cost, etc.)
- d) Collect any one electrical drawing of existing electrical installation and prepare for the same.
- e) Collect information of tender published in newspaper of e-tender related to industrial or non-industrial electrical installation and fill necessary documents.
- f) Prepare power point presentation for acquiring electrical installation work.

### 11. SUGGESTED SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES (if any)

These are sample strategies, which the teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course:

- a) Massive open online courses (*MOOCs*) may be used to teach various topics/subtopics.
- b) Guide student(s) in undertaking micro-projects.
- c) *'L' in section No. 4* means different types of teaching methods that are to be employed by teachers to develop the outcomes.
- d) About **15 to 20% of the topics/subtopics** which is relatively simpler or descriptive in nature is to be given to the students for **self-directed learning** and assess the development of the COs through classroom presentation.
- e) With respect to item No. 10, teachers need to ensure to create opportunities and provisions for **co-curricular activities.**
- f) Field visit/Industrial visit.
- g) Show animation/video related to course content
- h) Guide students on how to address issues on environment and sustainability
- i) Introduce E-waste recycling technology among the students.

### 12. SUGGESTED MICRO-PROJECTS

**Only one micro-project** is planned to be undertaken by a student that needs to be assigned to him/her in the beginning of the semester. In the first four semesters, the micro-projects are group-based (group of 3 to 5). However, **in the fifth and sixth semesters**, the number of students in the group should **not exceed three**.

The micro-project could be industry application based, internet-based, workshop-based, laboratory-based, or field-based. Each micro-project should encompass two or more COs which are in fact, an integration of PrOs, UOs and ADOs. Each student will have to maintain dated work diary consisting of individual contribution in the project work and give a seminar presentation of it before submission. The duration of the micro project should be about **12-14** *(fourteen to sixteen) student engagement hours* during the course. The students ought to submit micro-project by the end of the semester to develop the industry-oriented COs.

A suggestive list of micro-projects is given here. This must match the competency and the COs. Similar micro-projects could be added by the concerned course teacher:

- a) Electrical Diagrams: Prepare report on existing electrical drawings.
- b) **Domestic and commercial Installations:** Collect civil drawing plan and prepare estimation for the same.
- c) **Industrial Installations:** Collect industrial installation plan and prepare estimation for the same.
- d) **Distribution lines:** Collect existing installation plan of distribution lines and prepare estimation for the same.
- e) **Contracting:** Collect any tender document related to electrical installation and fill all related documents.

Sr.	Title of Book	Author	Publication with place, year
No.			and ISBN
1	Electrical Design, Estimating and Costing	Raina, K.B. and Bhattacharya, S.K.	New Age International publisher, First, reprint 2010, ISBN: 978-81-224-0363-3
2	Electrical Estimating and Costing	Uppal, S.L.	Khanna Publisher New Delhi, ISBN 9788174092403
3	Electrical Installation Estimating and costing	Gupta, J.B.	S.K. Kataria and sons; New Delhi Reprint Edition. 2013, ISBN:13:9789350142790
4	I.E. rules for wiring, Electricity supply act-1948	Bureau of Indian Standards	Electricity supply act-1948
5	Relevant IS Code for-service line connection, laying of cable, wiring installation	NBC	National Building Code-Vol. IV
6	IS: 732-1989, code of practice for Electrical Wiring Installation	Bureau of Indian Standards	IS: 732-1989,

### 13. SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES

### 14. SOFTWARE/LEARNING WEBSITES WEBSITES

- <u>https://ask-the-electrician.com/wiringdiagrams.html</u>
- <u>https://www.electricaltechnology.org/2013/09/electrical-wiring.html</u>
- <u>https://www.electrical4u.com/electrical-engineering-articles/utilities/</u>
- <u>https://home.howstuffworks.com/home-improvement/repair/how-to-do-home-electrical-repairs.htm</u>
- <a href="http://www.neca-neis.org/the-standards">http://www.neca-neis.org/the-standards</a>

#### 15. PO-COMPETENCY-CO MAPPING:

Semester IV	E	ectrical	Wiring E	stimating,	Costing and	Contract	ing
				POs			
Competency	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7
& Course Outcomes	Basic &	Problem	Design/	Engineerig	Engineering	Project	Life-long
	Discipline	Analysis	develop	Tools,	practices for	Manage-	learning
	specific		ment of	Experimen-	society,	ment	
	KIIOWIEUge		Solution	ng			
				116	environment		
Competency	<u>Carry</u> ou	t Electric	al wiring	estimating,	costing and c	ontract fo	r various
	<u>electrica</u>	l installati	ions.				
Course Outcomes							
CO1							
Select relevant wiring	3	2	-	2	2		2
accessories for electrical							
installations.							
CO2							
Undertake	2	_	_	_	2	2	2
tendering and	5		_	_	5	2	2
purchase procedure.							
CO3							
various domestic and	2	_	2	_	2	2	2
industrial installation	2		2	_	2	2	
as per IE Act-2003							
CO4							
Estimate the materials and	2	2	2	2	2	_	2
cost of electrification for	2	2	2	2	2		2
different buildings							
CO5							
line project as per IE Act	2	-	2	-	2	2	2
2003							
2005							

Legend: '3' for high, '2' for medium, '1' for low and '-' for no correlation of each CO with PO.

### 16. COURSE CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE

#### **GTU Resource Persons**

S. No	Name and Designation	Institute	Contact No.	Email
1.	Jayesh L.Chandpa	G.P. Jamnagar	8866970001	jlc.elect@gmail.com
	Lecturer Electrical Engg.			
2.	Suresh V. Damor	G.P. Dahod	6352637058	svdamorlecturer16
	Lecturer Electrical Engg.			@gmail.com

#### **GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY (GTU)**

### Competency-focused Outcome-based Green Curriculum-2022 (COGC-202) Semester-IV

#### Course Title: Digital Electronics & Digital Instruments (Course Code: 4340904)

Diploma programmer in which this course is offered	Semester in which offered
Electrical Engineering	4 <sup>th</sup> semester

#### 1. RATIONALE

Digital electronics has invaded all branches of engineering and electrical engineering in particular. Hence it is essential that the diploma electrical engineer have a sound understanding of the basic fundamentals of digital electronics. The tremendous power and usefulness of digital electronics can be seen from the wide variety of industrial and consumer products, such as automated industrial machinery, computers microprocessors, pocket calculators, toys, microwave ovens, cellular phones, digital watches, microcontrollers, digital life support machines, real time systems and clocks, TV games etc. which are based on the principles of digital electronics. The digital systems with some kind of human interface will perform highly complex tasks with very high reliability and speed, unattainable by any other means Similarly digital instruments are replacing the analog instruments. Therefore, this course has been designed so that basic skills to operate and maintain the basic digital circuits and digital instruments are developed in the students.

#### 2. COMPETENCY

The course content should be taught and implemented with the aim to develop different types of skills so that students are able to acquire following competency:

#### Maintain digital electronic circuits and instruments.

#### 3. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

The theory should be taught and practical should be carried out in such a manner that students are able to acquire different learning outcomes in cognitive, psychomotor and affective domain to demonstrate following course outcomes.

- i. Perform computational activities using digital techniques.
- ii. Use digital integrated circuit and logic family chips
- iii. Build sequential and combinational logic circuits.
- iv. Analyse working of A/D and D/A converters.
- v. Select different digital meters for measurements.

Teach	ing Sc	heme	Total Credits	Examination Scheme					
(Ir	n Hour	·s)	(L+T+P/2)	Theory Marks Practical Marks		Theory Marks		l Marks	Total
L	Т	Р	С	CA	ESE	СА	ESE	Marks	
3	0	2	4	30*	70	25	25	150	

#### 4. TEACHING AND EXAMINATION SCHEME

(\*): Out of 30 marks under the theory CA, 10 marks are for assessment of the micro-project to facilitate integration of COs and the remaining 20 marks is the average of 2 tests to be taken during the semester for the assessing the attainment of the cognitive domain UOs required for the attainment of the COs.

**Legends:** L-Lecture; **T** – Tutorial/Teacher Guided Theory Practice; **P** - Practical; **C** – Credit, **CA** - Continuous Assessment; **ESE** - End Semester Examination.

### 5. SUGGESTED PRACTICAL EXERCISES

The following practical outcomes (PrOs) are the sub-components of the Course Outcomes (Cos). Some of the PrOs marked '\*' are compulsory, as they are crucial for that particular CO at the 'Precision Level' of Dave's Taxonomy related to 'Psychomotor Domain'.

Sr. No.	Practical Outcomes (PrOs)	Unit No.	Approx. Hrs. Required
1	Build a circuit to Convert 4-bit Gray to Binary Code using logic gates.	I	2
2	Build a circuit to Convert 4-bit Binary to Gray Code using logic gates.	Ι	2
3	Verify the truth table of the different Logic Gates.		4*
4	Build and test 2 input basic logic Gates using NAND Gate.	П	2*
5	Build and test 2 input basic logic Gates using NOR Gate.	П	2*
6	Verify Demorgan's theorems.		4*
7	Build and test the logic circuit for a given Boolean Expression.	Ш	2
8	Build and test Half Adder Circuit.		2*
9	Build and test Full Adder Circuit.		4
10	Build and test Half Subtractor Circuit.		2*
11	Build and test Full Subtractor Circuit.		4
12	Test Eight channel Multiplexer and Eight channel Demultiplexer.		4
13	Build/Test the 4 bit Decoder circuit for seven segment display		2
14	Build/Test the 4 bit encoder circuit for seven segment display	Ш	2
15	Build and test 3 to 8 line decoder circuit.	Ш	2
16	Build and test 8 to 3 line encoder circuit	Ш	2
17	Display various alphanumeric characters on BCD and Seven segment LED Display	III	4
18	Build and test the working of the R-S Flip-Flop	IV	2*
19	Build and verify the truth table of D Flip-Flop.	IV	2

Sr. No.	Practical Outcomes (PrOs)	Unit No.	Approx. Hrs. Required
20	Build and verify the truth table of J-K Flip-Flop.	IV	2
21	Build and verify the truth table of master – slave J-K Flip-Flop.	IV	4
22	Build and test the working of the Shift Register.	IV	4
23	Build and Test the working of the Decade counter	IV	2
24	Build 4-bit ripple counter in count-up mode using J-K flip-flop.	IV	4
25	Convert given analog signal to 4 bit Digital output using ADC	V	4
26	Convert the given digital signal to analog output using DAC.	V	4
27	Build and Test various digital circuits with the help of simulation software and digital instruments	VI	2
	Minimum 10 Practical Exercises		28

### <u>Note</u>

- *i.* More **Practical Exercises** can be designed and offered by the respective course teacher to develop the industry relevant skills/outcomes to match the COs. The above table is only a suggestive list.
- ii. The following are some **sample** 'Process' and 'Product' related skills (more may be added/deleted depending on the course) that occur in the above listed **Practical Exercises** of this course required which are embedded in the COs and ultimately the competency.

Sr. No.	Sample Performance Indicators for the PrOs	Weightage in %
1	Prepare experimental setup	20
2	Operate the equipment setup or circuit	20
3	Follow safe practices.	10
4	Record observations correctly	20
5	Interpret the result and conclude	30
	Total	100

### 6. MAJOR EQUIPMENT/ INSTRUMENTS REQUIRED

This major equipment with broad specifications for the PrOs is a guide to procure them by the administrators to user in uniformity of practical's in all institutions across the state.

Sr.No.	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications	PrO. No.
1	Digital logic trainer kit	1 to 7
2	Combinational circuit trainer kit	8 to 11

Sr.No.	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications	PrO. No.
3	Multiplexer and Demultiplexer trainer kit	12
4	Encoder and decoder trainer kit	13 to 16
5	BCD to 7-segment LED display trainer kit	17
6	Flip-flop trainer kit	18 to 21
7	Register Trainer Kit	22
8	Universal Counter Trainer kit	23 & 24
9	ADC and DAC converter kit	25 & 26
10	Simulation software	27

### 7. AFFECTIVE DOMAIN OUTCOMES

The following *sample* psychomotor &Affective Domain Outcomes (Pos& ADOs) are embedded in many of the above-mentioned COs and PrOs. More could be added to fulfill the development of this course competency.

- a) Work as a leader/a team member(while doing a micro-project)
- b) Follow safety practices while using trainer kit.
- c) Work as a group member (while performing experiments and taking readings)
- d) Follow ethical practices.
- e) Practice environmental friendly methods and processes. (Environmentrelated)

The ADOs are best developed through the laboratory/field based exercises. Moreover, the level of achievement of the ADOs according to Krathwohl's 'Affective Domain Taxonomy' should gradually increase as planned below:

- i. 'Valuing Level' in 1<sup>st</sup> year
- ii. 'Organization Level' in 2<sup>nd</sup> year.
- iii. 'Characterization Level' in 3<sup>rd</sup> year.

#### 8. UNDERPINNING THEORY

The major underpinning theory is given below based on the higher level UOs of *Revised Bloom's taxonomy* that are formulated for development of the COs and competency. If required, more such UOs could be included by the course teacher to focus on attainment of COs and competency.

Unit	Major Learning Outcomes	Topics and Sub-topics
Unit-I	1a. Convert numbers from	1.1 Introduction
Number	one to another system	1.2 Number Systems:
Systems	1b. Perform binary	1.2.1 Decimal Number System

Unit	Major Learning Outcomes	Topics and Sub-topics
	arithmetical operations. 1c. State 1's complement and 2's complement numbers for a given binary number and perform addition and subtraction. 1d. Explain various types of binary codes and its applications.	<ul> <li>1.2.2 Binary Number System</li> <li>1.2.3 Octal Number System</li> <li>1.2.3 Hexadecimal Number System.</li> <li>1.3 Conversion of Number from one Number system to Another Including decimal points.</li> <li>1.4 Arithmetic operations with binary numbers:</li> <li>1.4.1 Binary Addition</li> <li>1.4.2 Binary Subtraction</li> <li>1.4.3 Binary Multiplication</li> <li>1.4.4 Binary Division with Examples.</li> <li>1.5 1's and 2's Complement of Binary numbers.</li> <li>1.6 Binary subtraction using 1's and 2's Complement method.</li> <li>1.7 Concepts of Digital codes, BCD, Gray Code,Excess-3 Code and Alphanumeric Codes.</li> </ul>
Unit– II Logic Gates And Logic Families	<ul> <li>2a. Differentiate different logic levels</li> <li>2b. List the logic gates.</li> <li>2c. Explain the operations of different types of gates in digital circuits.</li> <li>2d. Prepare the truth table of Different types of gates OR,AND,NOT,NAND,NOR, EX-OR AND EX-NOR.</li> <li>2e. Develop basic gates using Universal gates.</li> <li>2f. Explain the features of various logic families and Characteristics of Digital ICs.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>2.1 Concept of Positive Logic and negative Logic Levels.</li> <li>2.2 Definition, symbols and truth tables of NOT, AND, OR, NAND,NOR,EX- OR and EX-NOR Gates.</li> <li>2.3 NAND and NOR as Universal gates.</li> <li>2.4 Various scales of Integration: SSI, MSI, LSI, VLSI and ULSI.</li> <li>2.5 Classification of logic families.</li> <li>2.6 Characteristics of Digital ICs : Logic Voltage level, Fan in, Fan out, Noise margin, Propagation Delay, Power Dissipation, Figure of Merit with reference to logic families.</li> <li>2.7 Introduction to Resistor Transistor Logic and Diode Transistor Logic.</li> <li>2.8 Basic logic gates using NMOS, PMOS and CMOS.</li> </ul>

Unit	Major Learning Outcomes	Topics and Sub-topics
Unit– III Boolean Algebra and Combination al circuits.	<ul> <li>3a. Create truth tables and Boolean expressions for basic logic gates.</li> <li>3b. Apply laws of Boolean Algebra to logic diagrams and truth table to minimize the circuit size necessary to solve a design problem.</li> <li>3c. State the need for De-Morgan's theorems &amp; Apply De-Morgan's theorems and other postulates to simplify Boolean expressions to reduce resources used in the design and production of circuits.</li> <li>3d. Build logic circuit for a given Boolean expression.</li> <li>3e. Construct truth tables from logic expressions and vice versa.</li> <li>3f. Build various combinational circuits.</li> <li>3g. Design, construct and test adder circuits using logic gates to perform basic addition and subtraction using a binary numbering system.</li> <li>3h. Explain the operation of multiplexer, De-multiplexer and Encoder.</li> <li>3j.Describe the working of 3 to 8 decoder and BCD to Seven segment decoder</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>3.1 Laws of Boolean algebra.</li> <li>3.2 Demorgan's theorems.</li> <li>3.3 Simplification of given Boolean equation.</li> <li>3.4 Converting Boolean expressions to logic circuits and vice versa.</li> <li>3.5 Converting Boolean expression to truth tables and vice versa.</li> <li>3.6 Block diagram of combinational circuits.</li> <li>3.7 Adders: Definition and Types.</li> <li>3.8 Half Adder: Block diagram, Logic diagram, truth table and working.</li> <li>3.9 Full Adder: Block diagram, Logic Diagram ,truth table and working.</li> <li>3.10 Types of subtractors.</li> <li>3.11 Half Subtractor: Block diagram, Logic diagram, truth table and working</li> <li>3.12 Full Subtractor: Block diagram, Logic diagram.</li> <li>3.13.1 Classification of Multiplexer.</li> <li>3.13.3 4:1 Multiplexer.</li> <li>3.13.4 8:1 Multiplexer.</li> <li>3.13.5 Applications of MUX.</li> <li>3.14 Demultiplexers: Block diagram.</li> <li>3.14.1 Classification of Demultiplexer.</li> <li>3.14.3 1:4 Demultiplexer.</li> <li>3.15.1 Octal to Binary Encoder, 3.16.1 3-Line-to-8-Line Decoder, 3.16.2 BCD-to-Seven Segment Decoders.</li> </ul>

Unit	Major Learning Outcomes	Topics and Sub-topics
Unit- IV Sequential	4a. Understand the working of	4.1 Block diagram of sequential
Unit	Major Learning Outcomes	Topics and Sub-topics
--	---	---
Circuits	<ul> <li>Sequential Logic circuits.</li> <li>4b. Explain the working of various Flip Flops with the help of truth table.</li> <li>4c. Use of flip-flops or latches to store data, act as a memory device or transfer data through a shift register.</li> <li>4d. Describe the working of various types of shift registers.</li> <li>4e. Draw the waveform of Asynchronous counter</li> <li>4f. Demonstrate the differences associated with asynchronous circuits.</li> <li>4g. Illustrate the decade counter and its waveforms.</li> <li>4h. Compare and evaluate how sequential logic determines the operation of a circuit waveform and how a truth table can be used to predict an outcome.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>circuits.</li> <li>4.2 Comparison of Sequential Circuits with Combinational circuits</li> <li>4.3 Concept of level and edge triggering.</li> <li>4.4 Types of Flip-flop.</li> <li>4.5 R-S flip-flop and clocked R-S flip-flop: Block diagram, truth table, logic diagram using NAND gates and working.</li> <li>4.6 D flip-flop: Block diagram, truth table, logic diagram and working.</li> <li>4.7 JK flip-flop: Block diagram, truth table, logic diagram using NAND gates and working</li> <li>4.8 Master slave JK flip flop with preset and clear input: block diagram only, truth table and working.</li> <li>4.9 Applications of Flip-flops.</li> <li>4.10 Shift Register: 4-bit Shift Register; Serial-In, Serial-Out Shift Register, Parallel-In, Serial-Out Shift Register, Parallel-In, Parallel-Out Shift Register, Parallel-In, Parallel-Out Shift Register, and Synchronous counters.</li> <li>4.12 Counters: Classification of Counters, Comparison between Asynchronous and Synchronous counters.</li> <li>4.13 Four-bit Decade counter : Block diagram using JK flip-flops, truth table, timing diagram and working.</li> </ul>
Unit-V A to D And D to A Converters	<ul> <li>5a. Understand Analog to Digital and Digital to Analog Converters.</li> <li>5b. List the different types of A to D and D to A converters.</li> <li>5c. Describe the working of various types of A to D Converters &amp; necessity of A to D converters</li> <li>5d. Describe the working of</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>5.1 Necessity of A to D and D to A converters</li> <li>5.2 D to A converter specifications: Resolution, accuracy, settling time.</li> <li>5.3 Digital to Analog conversion: 5.3.1 Weighted Resistor Network type 5.3.2 Binary Ladder Network type 5.4 Analog to Digital conversion:</li> </ul>

Unit	Major Learning Outcomes	Topics and Sub-topics
	various types of D to A converters & necessity of D to A converters.	<ul> <li>5.4.1 Successive approximation type</li> <li>5.4.2 Counter OR Staircase type</li> <li>5.5 Applications of A to D and D to A Converters.</li> </ul>
Unit-VI Digital Instruments	<ul> <li>6a. State the features of digital instruments over Analog instruments.</li> <li>6b.Draw the block diagram of digital instruments and explain each block.</li> <li>6c. Explain the working of various Digital instruments with block Diagram.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>6.1 Comparison of digital instrument with analog instrument.</li> <li>6.2 Basic building blocks of digital instruments.</li> <li>6.3 Types of Digital Voltmeter.</li> <li>6.4 Ramp Type Digital Voltmeter.</li> <li>6.5 Digital Multimeter.</li> <li>6.6 Digital frequency Meter.</li> <li>6.7 Digital watt meter</li> <li>6.8 Digital energy meter .</li> </ul>

#### 9. SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION TABLE FOR QUESTIONPAPER DESIGN

Unit	Unit Title	Teaching	Distrib	ution of	Theory N	Marks
No.		Hours	R Level	U Level	A Level	Total Marks
1	Number Systems	6	2	4	4	10
11	Logic Gates and Logic families	8	3	4	6	13
	Boolean Algebra and Combinational Circuits	10	5	4	8	17
IV	Sequential Circuits	9	5	6	4	15
V	A to D and D to A Converters	4	2	2	3	07
VI	Digital Instruments	5	3	3	2	08
	Total	42	20	23	27	70

**Legends:** R=Remember, U=Understand, A=Apply and above (Revised Bloom's taxonomy) <u>Note</u>: This specification table provides general guidelines to assist students for their learning and to teachers to teach and question paper designers/setters to formulate test items/questions to assess the attainment of the UOs. The actual distribution of marks at different taxonomy levels (of R, U and A) in the question paper may slightly vary from above table.

## **10. SUGGESTED STUDENT ACTIVITIES**

Following is the list of proposed student activities such as:

i. Prepare solutions of different assignments given by subject faculty.

- ii. Report writing on various topics from syllabus and beyond syllabus.
- iii. Solve the numerical related to course contents.
- iv. Prepare a report of different IC packages and mention different scale of integration.
- v. List the ICs used for different logic gates with their pin diagram details.
- vi. List the ICs used for Flip-flops, Shift registers, Counters with their pin diagrams.
- vii. Build various combinational and sequential circuits using virtual lab/simulator softwares.
- viii. Solve real life problems using binary logic theory and implement it using digital logic circuits.

Explore working of Digital Clock/Digital Panel.

- ix. Student may validate the experimental results with that of results obtained using various simulation soft ware's.
- x. Student may present seminar on a given topic from course content.
- xi. Students may develop counters for practical use.
- xii. Identification and checking ICs using IC Tester.

## **11.** SUGGESTED SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES (if any)

These are sample strategies, which the teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course:

- a) Massive open online courses (*MOOCs*) may be used to teach various topics/sub topics.
- b) Visit to nearby electronic component manufacturing factories
- c) Display of animation/video films on functioning of digital instruments.
- d) Virtual Lab may be used to perform various practicals.
- e) Introduce E-waste recycling technology among the students.
- f) Guide students on how to address issues on environment and sustainability

## 12. SUGGESTED MICRO-PROJECTS

**Only one micro-project** is planned to be undertaken by a student that needs to be assigned to him/her in the beginning of the semester. In the first four semesters, the micro-projects are group-based (group of 3 to 5). However, **in the fifth and sixth semesters**, the number of students in the group should **not exceed three**.

The micro-project could be industry application based, internet-based, workshop-based, laboratory-based or field-based. Each micro-project should encompass two or more COs which are in fact, an integration of PrOs, UOs and ADOs. Each student will have to maintain dated work diary consisting of individual contribution in the project work and give a seminar presentation of it before submission. The duration of the micro project should be about **14**-**16** *(fourteen to sixteen) student engagement hours* during the course. The students ought to submit micro-project by the end of the semester to develop the industry-oriented COs.

A suggestive list of micro-projects is given here. This has to match the competency and the COs. Similar micro-projects could be added by the concerned course teacher:

- a) Build model to demonstrate logic gates
- b) Build model of universal gates.
- c) Build model of De-morgan's theorem.

- d) Build model of various types adders and subtractors
- e) Build model of encoder and decoder.
- f) Build model of multiplexer and demultiplexer.
- g) Build model of 3 to 8 line decoder using IC74LS138.
- h) Build model of flip flops, shift registers and different counters.
- i) Build model of A to D and D to A converter.
- j) Build model of Decade Counter.
- k) Prepare chart for various digital instruments.
- I) Prepare chart for various combinational and sequential circuits.
- m) Prepare chart of number systems.
- n) Prepare chart for code conversion.
- o) Rig up common anode 7 segment display circuit using Breadboard and display 0-9.

## **13.** SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES

Sr. No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication
1.	Digital Electronics	Sanjay Sharma	S.K.Kataria & sons.
2.	Digital Electronics	Dr.B.R.Gupta & V.Singhal	S.K.Kataria & sons.
3.	Digital Electronics (for Polytechnics)	Pratima Manhas Shaveta Thakral	S.K.Kataria & sons.
4.	Trouble shooting & K. Sudeep singh Maintenance of Electronic equipments		S.K.Kataria & sons.
5.	Digital design : with an introduction to the verilog hdl	M. Morris Mano, Michael D. Ciletti	Pearson, 5 <sup>th</sup> edition.
6.	Morden Digital Electronics	R P Jain	ТМН
7.	Fundamentals of Digital circuits	A. Anand Kumar	РНІ
8.	Digital Electronics	K. Meena	PHI
9.	Digital principles & Applications	Malvino. A. P., Leach D. P., Saha Goutam	Tata Mcgraw Hill Education Private Limited (2010), 7 <sup>th</sup> Edition
10.	Pulse digital & switching wave forms	Millman & Taub	Mc. Graw Hill
11.	Electronic devices & circuits	Allen Mottershed.	Prentice Hall of India
12.	Principles of digital Electronics	Malvino & Leach	Tata Mc. Graw Hill
13.	Digital circuits & systems	Douglass V. Hall	Mc. Graw Hill
14.	Digital Electronics	B.R.Gupta	Dhanpat Rai & Co. <i>,</i> New Delhi.

15.	Digital Systems,Principles and Applications	Ronald J. Tocci	Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.
16.	Digital Electronics	Dr. R.S.Sedha	S. Chand
17.	Digital Circuits Design	S. Salivahanan, S. Arivazhagan	VIKAS Pub. House.
18.	Digital Electronics	P. RAJA	SCITECH Publication.
19.	Digital Electroncis Principles, Devices and Applications	Anil K. Maini	Wiley Publications
20.	Digital Integrated Electronics	Taub & Schilling	ТМН

## 14. SOFTWARE/LEARNING WEBSITES WEBSITES

- 1) www.nptel.iitm.ac.in
- 2) www.ocw.mit.edu
- 3) www.slideshare.net/
- 4) <u>www.alldatasheet.com</u>
- 5) www.nptl.iitm.ac.in
- 6) www.slideshare.net
- 7) www.authorstream.com
- 8) www.daenotes.com
- 9) <u>www.youtube.com/nptelhrd</u>
- 10) https://de-iitr.vlabs.ac.in/
- 11) https://dld-iitb.vlabs.ac.in/
- 12) <a href="http://vlabs.iitkgp.ac.in/dec/#">http://vlabs.iitkgp.ac.in/dec/#</a>

## 15. PO-COMPETENCY-CO MAPPING:

Semester I	D.E. & D. I. (Course Code:4340904)						
	POs						
Competency	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7
& Course Outcomes	Basic &	Problem	Design/	Engineerig	Engineering	Project	Life-long
	Discipline	Analysis	develop	Tools,	practices for	Manage-	learning
	specific		ment of	Experimen-	<mark>society,</mark>	ment	
	knowled		solution	tation&Testi	<mark>sustainability</mark>		
	ge			ng	<mark>&amp;</mark>		
					environment		
<u>Competency</u>		Maintain	digital el	ectronic cir	cuits and inst	ruments.	

			-				
Course Outcomes CO1 Perform computational activities using digital techniques.	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2 Use digital integrated circuits and logic family chips.	3	-	-	2	-	-	-
co3 Build sequential and combinational logic circuits.	3	2	2	2	-	2	-
CO4 Analyse working of A/D and D/A converters.	3	2	-	2	-	-	-
CO5 Select different digital meters for measurements.	3	-	-	2	-	-	-

Legend: '3' for high, '2' for medium, '1' for low and '-' for no correlation of each CO with PO.

## 16. COURSE CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE

#### **GTU Resource Persons**

S. No.	Name and Designation	Institute	Contact No.	Email
1.	Shri Jasmin M. Patel	SSGP Surat	9825719595	jasminp@ymail.com
	Lecturer Electrical Engg.			
2.	Ms. Dipa J. Kapupara	AVPTI, Rajkot	9409111405	dipakapupara.ee@gmail.com
	Lecturer Electrical Engg			
3.	Mrs. Upasna M. Patel	SSGP Surat	9428464009	Ups180191@gmail.com
	Lecturer Electrical Engg.			

#### **GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY (GTU)**

## Competency-focused Outcome-based Green Curriculum-2021 (COGC-2021) Semester-V

# Course Title: Entrepreneurship & Start-ups

(Course Code: 4300021)

Diploma programmer in which this course is offered	Semester in which offered
All Branches of Diploma Engineering	5 <sup>th</sup> Semester

## 1. RATIONALE

Entrepreneurs have significant impact on our country's current developing economy. The social expectations towards engineering professionals are certainly emerging as job creators especially with the thrust given to "Make in India" and "Vocal for Local" campaigns. Startup India is a well-known flagship initiative of the Government of India, intended to catalyze startup culture and build a strong and inclusive ecosystem for innovation and entrepreneurship. The last 6 years have witnessed tremendous growth of start-ups i.e. from 733 in 2016-17 to 14000 in 2021-22. This course focuses on the basic roles, skills and functions of entrepreneurship with special attention to startup. The course is directed to help students to enhance capabilities in the field of managing the given task as well as to understand peripheral influencing aspects for starting a new business. It will certainly help students to think in a direction to establish a small industry /start-up and develop /validate it using fundamental know how.

## 2. COMPETENCY

The purpose of this course is to help the student to attain the following industry identified competency through various teaching learning experiences:

• Establish a small enterprise /start-up validate it and make it scalable.

## 3. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

The practical exercises, the underpinning knowledge and the relevant soft skills associated with the identified competency are to be developed in the student for the achievement of the following COs:

Upon completion of the course, the student will be able to demonstrate knowledge of the following topics:

- 1) Understanding the dynamic role of entrepreneurship and Startups by Acquiring Entrepreneurial spirit and resourcefulness, quality, competency, and motivation
- 2) Identify a Business Idea and implement it
- 3) Select suitable Management practices like leadership and Ownership, resource institutes
- 4) Overview of Support Agencies and Incubators
- 5) Building Project Proposal & knowing CSR , Ethics, Ex-Im, & Exit strategies

## 4. TEACHING AND EXAMINATION SCHEME

Teaching Scheme	Total Credits	Examination Scheme				
(In Hours)	(L+T+P/2)	Theory Marks	Practical	Total Marks		

				N		Μ	arks	
L	Т	Р	С	СА	ESE	СА	ESE	
3	0	0	3	30*	70	0	0	100

(\*): Out of 30 marks under the theory CA, 10 marks are for assessment of the micro-project to facilitate integration of COs and the remaining 20 marks is the average of 2 tests to be taken during the semester for the assessing the attainment of the cognitive domain UOs required for the attainment of the COs.

**Legends:** L-Lecture; T – Tutorial/Teacher Guided Theory Practice; P - Practical; C – Credit, CA - Continuous Assessment; ESE - End Semester Examination.

## 5. SUGGESTED Soft PRACTICAL EXERCISES (During Theory)

The entrepreneurial or start-up journey begins by readying for your future dream from college projects and pursuing the same beyond college hours also. It is encouraged to go through COs and identify traits and search for various state and national agencies for your entrepreneurship / start-up journey and convert the same into successful product in market.

The following practical outcomes (SPrOs) are the sub-components of the Course Outcomes (COs). Some of the **SPrOs** marked **'\*'** are compulsory, as they are crucial for that particular CO at the 'Precision Level' of Dave's Taxonomy related to 'Psychomotor Domain'.

## <u>Note</u>

- *i.* Though the course does not contain any Practical work, a few **Practical Exercises** can be designed and offered by the respective course teacher to develop the industry relevant skills/outcomes to match the COs. The below table is only a suggestive list.
- ii. The following are some **sample** 'Process' and 'Product' related skills (more may be added/deleted depending on the course) that occur in the above listed **Practical Exercises** of this course required which are embedded in the COs and ultimately the competency.

Sr. No.	Sample Performance Indicators for the PrOs	Weightage in %
1	Entrepreneur Traits and Behavior Modelling	30
2	Various State and Central Entrepreneurship	30
	Promotional Schemes and Start-up Policies	
3	Business Model for a Startup and study of Unicorns*	40
	Total	100

## 6. AFFECTIVE DOMAIN OUTCOMES

The following *sample* Affective Domain Outcomes (ADOs) are embedded in many of the abovementioned COs and PrOs. More could be added to fulfill the development of this course competency.

- a. Work as a leader/a team member (while doing a micro-project).
- b. Model behavioral practices of an entrepreneur while planning for an enterprise
- c. Practice ethics and consider methods/ processes that reduce waste and/or possibly conserve environment in designing a new business till it's commercialization.

The ADOs are best developed through the laboratory/field-based exercises. Moreover, the level of achievement of the ADOs according to Krathwohl's 'Affective Domain Taxonomy' should gradually increase as planned below:

- i. 'Valuing Level' in 1st year-Planning
- ii. 'Organization Level' in 2nd year-Model Development
- iii. 'Characterization Level' in 3rd year-Make it Scalable

## 7. UNDERPINNING THEORY

The major underpinning theory is given below based on the higher level UOs of *Revised Bloom's taxonomy* that are formulated for development of the COs and competency. If required, more such UOs could be included by the course teacher to focus on attainment of COs and competency.

Unit	Major LearningOutcomes (in cognitive domain)		<b>Topics and Sub-topics</b>
1) Introduction to Entrepreneu rship and Start – Ups	<ul> <li>1a) Define Entrepreneurship</li> <li>1b) Discuss characteristics and</li> <li>functions of entrepreneurship.</li> <li>1c) Identify different types of</li> <li>Entrepreneurships</li> <li>1d) Compare the concepts</li> <li>entrepreneurand intrapreneur</li> <li>and find out the motivation</li> <li>behind it</li> <li>1e) Distinguish between</li> <li>entrepreneur and managers</li> <li>1f) Identify 7-M Resources</li> <li>1g) Know MSME &amp; Startup India,</li> <li>standup India, SSIP and its</li> <li>registration process for both.</li> </ul>	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9.	Definition, Traits of an entrepreneur, Functions of Entrepreneurship - Job Creation, Innovation, Inspiration, Economic Development Types of Entrepreneurship Motivation for Intrapreneurship Types of Business Structures, Similarities and differences between entrepreneurs and managers. 7-M Resources Micro, Small, Medium Enterprise/ MSME - Industry Registration Process Startup India, Standup India and SSIP Gujarat & Startup registration process

2) Business Ideas and	2a) Finding Ideas and making an activity map	1.	Discovering ideas and visualizing the business with Activity map
their implement ation (Idea	<b>2b)</b> Develop the plans forcreating and starting the business	2.	1.2 Product Identification Business Plan- The Marketing Plan and Financial Plan/ Sources of Capital
to Start-up)	2c) To identify business using the ideation canvas and the business model canvas	3. 4.	Business opportunity identification and evaluation Market research
	2d) To know market research related terms		<ul><li>4.1.1. Questionnaire design</li><li>4.1.2. Sampling</li><li>4.1.3. Market survey</li><li>4.1.4. Data analysis &amp; interpretation</li></ul>
	2e) To know market mix related terms	5.	Marketing Mix (4Ps- product, price, promotion place) 5.1.1. Identifying the target market
	2f) Learn Product related terminologies		Strategy adoption 5.1.3. Market Segmentation 5.1.4. Marketing, Advertising and
	2g) Emphasize on Innovation		Branding 5.1.5. Digital Marketing
	2h) Explain concept of Risk and SWOT	6.	5.1.6. B2B, E-commerce and GeM Product Terms- PLC, Mortality Curve and New product Development Steps,
		7.	Importance and concept of Innovation, Sources and Process
		8.	Risk analysis and mitigation by SWOT Analysis
<ol> <li>Management</li> <li>Practices</li> </ol>	3a) Explain the concept and differences between industry, commerce and business.	1. 2.	Industry, Commerce and Business Types of ownership in the organization -Definition.
	<ul><li>3b) Describe various types of ownerships in the organization.</li><li>3c) Explain different types of leadership models.</li></ul>	3. 4.	Characteristics, Merits & Demerits Different Leadership Models Functions of Management- Merits & Demerits
	3d) Analyze the nature and importance of various functions of management 3e) Discuss Financial organization		<ul><li>4.1 Planning</li><li>4.2 Company's Organization Structure</li><li>4.3 Directing</li><li>4.4 Controlling</li></ul>
	Management 3f) Distinguish management and administration	5. 6.	<ul><li>4.5 Staffing- Recruitment and management of talent.</li><li>Financial organization and management</li><li>Differences between Management</li></ul>
			and Administration

4) Support	4a) Identify support agencies and	1.	State & National Level Support
Agencies and	current promotional schemes for		agencies and Current Promotional
Incubators	enterprise and startups		Schemes for new Enterprise
		2.	Start-up Incubation and modalities
	4b) Advocacy to investor	3.	Communication of Ideas to potential
			investors – Investor Pitch
	4c) To Explain various Legal Issues	4.	Legal Issues
			4.1. Contracts
			4.2. Copyrights
			4.3. Insurance
			4.4. IPR
			4.5. Licensing
			4.6. Patents
			4.7. Trade Secrets
			4.8. Trademarks
5) Project	5a) To work on the development	1.	Project Planning
Proposal &	of a project proposal		i. Project planning and report
Exit strategies			ii. Feasibility study
	5b) Describe social responsibility		iii. Project cost estimation
	and relate with economic		iv. Breakeven point,
	Performance.		v. Return on investment and Return
			on sales
	5c) Explain managerialethics	2.	. Corporate Social Responsibilities and
			Economic performance
	5d) To know Ex-Im Policies	3.	Business Ethics
		4.	Ex-Im policies
	5e) Identify suitable strategies of	5.	Succession and harvesting strategy
	succession and harvesting	6	Bankruptcy and avoidance

## 8. SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION TABLE FOR QUESTIONPAPER DESIGN

Linit	Linit	Tooching	Distribution of Theory Marks			
No	Uliit	Hours	R	U	Α	Total
NO.	Inte	nouis	Level	Level	Level	Marks
	Introduction to					
I	Entrepreneurship and Start –	08	4	6	2	12
	Ups					
	Business Ideas and their					
П	implementation (Idea to	08	6	4	4	14
	Startup)					
III	Management Practices	12	6	8	8	22
IV	Support Agencies and	08	4	4	4	12

GTU - COGC-2021 Curriculum

	Incubators						
V	Project Proposal strategies	& Exit	06	2	4	4	10
	Total		42	22	26	22	70

**Legends:** R=Remember, U=Understand, A=Apply and above (Revised Bloom's taxonomy) <u>Note</u>: This specification table provides general guidelines to assist students for their learning and to teachers to teach and question paper designers/setters to formulate test items/questions to assess the attainment of the UOs. The actual distribution of marks at different taxonomy levels (of R, U and A) in the question paper may slightly vary from above table.

## 9. SUGGESTED STUDENT ACTIVITIES

Other than the classroom learning, following are the suggested student-related **co-curricular** activities which can be undertaken to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course. Students should make a portfolio i.e. perform at least FIVE from following list of activities individually or in group (not more than 2). They should prepare reports of about 2-5 pages for each activity and collect/ record physical evidence for their portfolio which may be useful for their placement interviews:

- i. Develop two products from household waste (attach photographs).
- ii. Download product development and innovative films from internet.
- iii. Prepare a collage for "Traits of successful entrepreneurs."/ "Motivation & Charms of Entrepreneurship"
- iv. Invite entrepreneurs, industry officials, bankers for interaction. Interview at least four entrepreneurs or businessman and identify
- v. Identify your hobbies and interests and convert them into business idea.
- vi. Mock Business Model- Choose a product and design a unique selling preposition, brand name, logo, advertisement (print, radio, and television), jingle, packaging, and labeling for it.
- vii. Develop your own website. Share your strengths and weakness on it. Declare your time bound goals and monitor them on the website.
- viii. Choose any product/ advertisement and analyze its good and bad points/ cost sheet/ supply chain etc. (individuals should select different ads)
- ix. Compare schemes for entrepreneurship promotion of any bank.
- x. Visit industrial exhibitions, trade fairs and observe nitty-gritty of business. Get news of Vibrant Gujarat Events. (Upcoming in Jan 2024)
- xi. Open a savings account and build your own capital.
- xii. Arrange a visit to a Mall, observe products, supply chain management and prepare report.
- xiii. Organize industrial visit and suggest modifications for process improvement. Conduct a market survey for a product /project before visit. In the visit collect data on machinery specifications, price, output/hour, power consumption, manpower requirement, wages, raw material requirement, specification, price, competitor's product price, features, dealer commissions, marketing mix etc. Make a detailed report at the end of the visit.
- xiv. Select a social cause, set objectives, plan and work for its accomplishment. Find details about some famous NGOs
- xv. Present Own Dream Start-up story as Seminar OR Analyze 2 products from Shark Tank program.

## 10. SUGGESTED SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES (if any)

These are sample strategies, which the teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course:

- a) Massive open online courses (*MOOCs*) may be used to teach various topics/subtopics.
- b) Guide student(s) in undertaking micro-projects.
- c) *'L' in section No. 4 means* different types of teaching methods that is to be employed by teachers to develop the outcomes.
- d) Show animation/video related to course content.
- e) Various Apps related to subject topics/ sub-topics
- f) Other Common instructions as under
  - 1) Instructors should emphasize more on exemplary and deductive learning.
  - 2) Students should learn to recognize, create, shape opportunities, and lead teams forproviding economic-social value to society.
  - 3) Business simulations should be used to enhance behavioral traits of successfulintrapreneurs and entrepreneurs amongst students.
  - 4) Emphasis should be on creating entrepreneurial society rather than only setting upof enterprise.
  - 5) They must be encouraged to surf on net and collect as much information aspossible.
  - 6) Each student should complete minimum ten activities from the suggested list. Minimum possible guidance should be given for the suggested activities.
  - 7) Students should be promoted to use creative ideas, pool their own resources, finishtheir presentation, communication and team skills.
  - 8) Alumni should be frequently invited for experience sharing, guiding and rewarding students.
  - 9) Display must be arranged for models, collages, business plans and othercontributions so that they motivate others.
  - 10) You may show video/animation film / presentation slides to demonstrate variousmanagement functions, traits of entrepreneur etc.
  - 11)Arrange a visit to nearby venture capital firm.
  - 12) Give 1 Mini project and 1 project report for future business to all the students.
  - 13) The following pedagogical tools will be used to teach this course:
    - a) Lectures and Discussions
    - b) Role Playing
    - c) Assignments and Presentations
    - d) Case Analysis
    - e) Quiz on Management and Entrepreneurship
    - g) Mimic/ narrate examples from world's leading businessmen among the students.
    - h) Guide students on how to address issues on environment and sustainability

## **12.** SUGGESTED MICRO-PROJECTS

**Only one micro-project** is planned to be undertaken by a student that needs to be assigned to him/her in the beginning of the semester. In the first four semesters, the micro-projects are group-based (group of 3 to 5). However, **in the fifth and sixth semesters**, the number of students in the group should **not exceed three**.

The micro-project could be industry application based, internet-based, workshop-based, laboratorybased or field-based. Each micro-project should encompass two or more COs which are in fact, an integration of PrOs, UOs and ADOs. Each student will have to maintain a dated work diary consisting of individual contributions in the project work and give a seminar presentation of it before submission. The duration of the guidance for micro project should be about **6-8** (*six to eight*) *student engagement hours* during the theory/ course. The students ought to submit micro-project by the end of the semester to develop the industry-oriented COs.

A suggestive list of micro-projects/ practical exercise is given here. This has to match the competency and the COs. Similar micro-projects could be added by the concerned course teacher:

(It can be a Seminar with bound /hand written notes/ ppts of individual students OR a product/ service portfolio)

- 1) Entrepreneur Traits and Behavior Modelling
- 2) Various State and Central Entrepreneurship Promotional Schemes and Start-up Policies
- 3) Business Model for a Startup and study of Unicorns
- 4) Make your own Product / Service portfolio/ Proposal with USP, logo, advertisement (print, radio, and television), jingle, packaging, labeling and branding for it.

Sr. No	Title of Book	Author	Publication with place, year and ISBN
1	Entrepreneurship in Action	Coulter	PHI 2nd Edition
2	Entrepreneurship Development	E. Gordon & K. Natarajan	Himalaya
3	Entrepreneurship	Robert D. Hisrich & Mathew J. Manimala	McGraw Hill Education; ISBN 978-1259001635
4	Entrepreneurial Development	S S Khanka	S Chand & Company; ISBN: 978-8121918015
5	Entrepreneurship Development and Management	A. K. Singh	Jain Book Agency (JBA) publishes, New Delhi
6	Entrepreneurship Development& Management	R.K. Singal	S K Kataria and Sons; ISBN: 978-8189757007
7	Small Scale Industries and Entrepreneurship	Vasant Desai	Himalaya 2008
8	Entrepreneurship	Roy Rajeev	Oxford University Press; ISBN: 978-0198072638
9	Industrial Engineering and Management	O.P.Khanna	Dhanpat Rai and Sons, Delhi
10	Industrial Organization and Management	Tara Chand	NemChand and Brothers; Roorkee
11	Industrial Management and Entrepreneurship	V. K. Sharma.	Scientific Publishers, New Delhi
12	Entrepreneurship Developmentand Small Business Enterprise	Poornima M Charantimath	Pearson Education; ISBN: 978-8131759196
13	Entrepreneurship Development	S Anil kumar	NEW AGE Intern. Pvt Ltd; ISBN: 978-8122414349

## **13. SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES**

		-	-
14	The Startup Owner's Manual: The Step-by-Step Guide for Building a Great Company	Steve Blank and Bob Dorf	K & S Ranch ISBN – 978-0984999392
15	The Lean Startup: How Today's Entrepreneurs Use Continuous Innovation to Create Radically Successful Businesses	Eric Ries	Penguin UK ISBN – 978-0670921607
16	Demand: Creating What People Love Before They Know They Want It	Adrian J. Slywotzky with Karl Weber	Headline Book Publishing ISBN – 978-0755388974
17	The Innovator's Dilemma: The Revolutionary Book That Will Change the Way You Do Business	Clayton M. Christensen	Harvardbusiness ISBN: 978- 142219602
18	How to write a business plan,	Brian Finch	2nd edition, 2007, Kogan Page India Pvt. Ltd.
	Advance Reading		
19	HBR - Creating business plan	-	20-minute manager series, 2014.
20	HBR – Creating business plan	-	Expert solution to everyday challenges, 2007.

# 14. SOFTWARE/LEARNING WEBSITES

# [A] List of Software/Learning Websites:

Sr. No.	Topic Key Word	Link
1	MoCl	https://www.india.gov.in/website-ministry- commerce-and-industry
2	MSME	1)https://msme.gov.in/ 2) https://www.msmex.in/learn/government- schemes-for-startups-and-msmes-in-india/
3	Start-up, Stand-up India & SSIP Gujarat	<ul> <li><u>1) https://www.startupindia.gov.in/</u></li> <li><u>2) https://www.standupmitra.in</u></li> <li><u>3) https://udyamimitra.in/page/standup-india-loans</u></li> <li><u>4) https://www.ssipgujarat.in/</u></li> </ul>
4	Make in India	https://www.makeinindia.com/
5	Atmanirbhar Bharat Abhiyan Vocal for Local	https://indiancc.mygov.in > uploads > 2021/08
6	Skill India	https://skillindia.gov.in
7	MSDE	https://www.msde.gov.in/
8	Vibrant Gujarat	https://www.vibrantgujarat.com/
9	NABARD	www.nabard.com
10	PAN	https://www.onlineservices.nsdl.com/paam/endUs erRegisterContact.html
11	I-hub	https://ihubgujarat.in
12	GSTIN	https://reg.gst.gov.in/registration

GTU - COGC-2021 Curriculum

13	IEC Code	https://www.dgft.gov.in/CP
14	Mudra	https://www.mudra.org.in/
15	Export-Import	http://niryatbandhu.iift.ac.in/exim/
16	NSIC	https://www.nsic.co.in/
17	DIC	https://ic.gujarat.gov.in/dic -contact.aspx -District Industries Centre
18	EDI	https://www.ediindia.org/
19	CED	https://ced.gujarat.gov.in/home
20	NIESBUD	https://www.niesbud.nic.in/
21	Start-up Talky	<u>https://startuptalky.com/list-of-government-</u> initiatives-for-startups/
22	Invest India	https://www.investindia.gov.in/startup-india-hub
23	SAAC	https://www.saccindia.org/india/startups.html?utm source=google&utm_medium=cpc&gclid=EAIaIQo bChMIutLQ4dfW_wIVeppmAh1cOAAIEAMYASAAEgI JO_D_BwE
24	Action for India	https://actionforindia.org/afi-activity-accelerator- programs.html?gclid=EAIaIQobChMIutLQ4dfW_wIV eppmAh1cOAAIEAMYAiAAEgLVGvD_BwE
25	Indian Chamber of Commerce	https://www.indianchamber.org/
26	FICCI	https://www.ficci.in/api/home
27	GCCI	https://www.gujaratchamber.org/

**[B] Some Films (**To be seen on Sundays/holidays by students on their own, not to be shown in polytechnics in any case**)** 

- i. Any Body Can Dance (2013)
- ii. Corporate (2006)
- iii. Do Duni Char (2010)
- iv. Guru (2007)
- v. Oh My God (2013)
- vi. Pirates of Silicon Valley (1999)
- vii. The Pursuit of Happiness (2006)
- viii. Rocket Singh (2010)
  - ix. Start-up.com (2001)
  - x. The Social Network (2010)
- xi. Wall Street (1987)
- xii. Band Baja Barat (2010)
- xiii. You've Got Mail (1998)
- xiv. Steve Jobs (2015)
- xv. Chef (2014)
- xvi. "Office Space (1999)
- xvii. Erin Brockovich (2000)
- xviii. The Founder (2016)

## 15. PO-COMPETENCY-CO MAPPING:

Semester	V
----------	---

	(Course Code: <b>4300021</b> )						
				POs			
Competency & Course Outcomes	PO 1 Basic & Discipline specific knowledge	PO 2 Problem Analysis	PO 3 Design / develo pment of solutio n	PO4 Engineering Tools, Experiment ation & Testing	PO 5 Engineering practices for society, sustainability & environment	PO 6 Project Managem ent	PO 7 Life-long learning
Competency	Use co	ncepts or s	of mana	gement op validate i	otimally to e	establish it scalab	a small le.
CO1-Understanding the dynamic role of entrepreneurship and Startups by Acquiring Entrepreneurial spirit and resourcefulness, quality, competency, and motivation CO2- Identify a Business Idea and implement it	3	1	2	- 1	- 1	2	2
CO3-Select suitable Management practices like leadership and Ownership, resource institutes	3	-	1	1	2	2	3
CO4- Overview of Support Agencies and Incubators	2	3	2	2	1	2	2
CO5- Building Project Proposal & knowing CSR , Ethics, Ex-Im, & Exit strategies	3	2	2W	1	1	3	3

Legend: '**3'** for high, '**2**' for medium, '**1'** for low and '-' for no correlation of each CO with PO.

## 16. COURSE CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE

#### GTU Resource Persons

S. No	Name and Designation	Institute	Contact No.	Email
1.	Mr. Ujjval V Buch (MBA)	G.P.Ahmedabad	9825346922	uvbuch@gmail.com
2.	Dr. Satya Acharya	EDI, Bhat.	7600050606	satya@ediindia.org

## **GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY (GTU)**

## Competency-focused Outcome-based Green Curriculum-2022 (COGC-2022)

Semester –V

#### **Course Title: Switchgear & Protection**

(Course Code: 4350901)

Diploma programmer in which this course is offered	Semester in which offered
Electrical Engineering	5 <sup>th</sup> Semester

## 1. RATIONALE

In power system abnormalities and fault are occurs. This phenomenon causes heavy fault current, damage costlier equipment and it leads power supply interruption. Hence, it is essential to study about switchgear and protection for diploma electrical engineer. It is expected that understanding of selection, principal, operation, testing and maintenance of various protective scheme will help them to maintain reliability of power system while performing the various duties like operator, supervisor, service engineer etc.

## 2. COMPETENCY

The purpose of this course is to help the student to attain the following competency through various teaching learning experiences

• To operate and maintain power system protection scheme.

## 3. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

The practical exercises, the underpinning knowledge and the relevant soft skills associated with the identified competency are to be developed in the student for the achievement of the following COs:

- *a*) Interpret the principles of protection and the different components involved in protection
- *b)* Compare the over-current protection, distance protection and carrier-current protection of transmission line
- c) Use and maintain the various protective schemes of transformer
- *d*) Use and maintain the various protective schemes of Alternator and Induction Motor
- *e)* Interpret working, construction and application of circuit breaker
- f) Interpret insulation coordination and protect system against over voltage

#### 4. TEACHING AND EXAMINATION SCHEME

Teach	ing Sc	heme	Total Credits	Examination Scheme				
(In Ho	urs)		(L+T+P/2)	Theory	Marks	Practical	Marks	Total
L	Т	Р	С	СА	ESE	СА	ESE	Marks
3	0	2	4	30*	70	25	25	150

(\*): Out of 30 marks under the theory CA, 10 marks are for assessment of the micro-project to facilitate integration of COs and the remaining 20 marks is the average of 2 tests to be taken during the semester for the assessing the attainment of the cognitive domain UOs required for the attainment of the COs.

**Legends:** L-Lecture; T – Tutorial/Teacher Guided Theory Practice; P - Practical; C – Credit, CA - Continuous Assessment; ESE - End Semester Examination.

## 5. SUGGESTED PRACTICAL EXERCISES

The following practical outcomes (PrOs) are the sub-components of the Course Outcomes (Cos). Some of the **PrOs** marked **'\*'** are compulsory, as they are crucial for that particular CO at the 'Precision Level' of Dave's Taxonomy related to 'Psychomotor Domain'.

Sr.	Sr. Practical Outcomes (PrOs)		Approx. Hrs.
NO.		No.	Required
1	Identify and understand working of various input and output ports of numerical relay	1	2
2	Find the polarity and various cores of an instrument transformer (Metering, Protection and PS class cores)	1	2
3	Test and verify the characteristics of a PS class core of an instrument transformer - Knee point Characteristics.	1	2
4	Test the overcurrent and earthfault relay for DMT and IDMT characteristics for different PSM & TMS.	1	2
5	<ul> <li>Extract &amp; Analyse the Disturbance Recorder data, Events</li> <li>data &amp; Fault Data from the numerical protection relay after the occurrence of the fault.</li> </ul>		2
6	Test the protective scheme of redial feeder	2	2
7	Test the protective scheme of parallel feeder	2	2
8	Test the distance protection scheme for transmission line	2	2
9	Test the working of Buchholz Relay and Oil Surge Relay (OSR) for detection of an internal fault of a power transformer.	3	2
10	Test the working of Pressure Release Valve (PRV), OTI & WTI (Thermal Protection Relays).	3	2
11	Test Percentage Biased Differential Protection Relay and Restricted Earth Fault Protection Relay. Plot the characteristics obtained from the tests for different current settings.	3	2
12	Understand the basics & operating principles of NIFPS system for the protection of a power transformer.	3	2
13	Test the various protective scheme of induction motor using numerical relay	4	2
14	Identify various components of a circuit breaker. SF6 CB, Vacuum CB, Tripping Circuit Supervision Relay and Gas Pressure Healthiness Assessment circuit.	5	2
15	Analyse, understand and interpret various electrical protective schemes & wiring diagrams used for the	5	2

	implementation of various types of protections of power system elements.		
16	Test the protective scheme of alternator	5	2
17	Set up a horngap type lightening arrestor	6	2
	<b>Total Hours</b> (Perform any practical worth 28 hours from above depend upon the availability of resources so that most units are covered)	ing	34

## <u>Note</u>

- *i.* A suggestive list of PrOs is given in the above table. More such PrOs can be designed and offered by the respective course teacher to develop the industry relevant skills/outcomes to match the Cos.
- *ii.* The following are some sample 'Process' and 'Product' related skills (more may be added/deleted depending on the course) that occur in the above listed **Practical Exercises** of this course required which are embedded in the COs and ultimately the competency.

Sr. No.	Sample Performance Indicators for the PrOs	Weightage in %			
1	Prepare experimental setup/layout/line diagram	10			
2	Use of the appropriate tools/materials	20			
3	Follow safe practices.	10			
4	Observation and recording	20			
5	Interpretation of result and conclusion	20			
6 Answer to sample questions.		20			
	Total 100				

## 6. MAJOR EQUIPMENT/ INSTRUMENTS REQUIRED

This major equipment with broad specifications for the PrOs is a guide to procure them by the administrators to user in uniformity of practical in all institutions across the state.

Sr.No.	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications	PrO. No.		
1	CT – PT 10-5/1-1 A, 440/110V	03		
2	Combine overcurrent earth fault numerical relay	01		
3	Numerical transformer relay	01		
4	Numerical distance relay kit	01		
5	SF6 and Vacuum circuit breaker 01			
* For better understanding of concept, it is advised to perform various protection scheme using conventional relay as well as numerical relay				

## 7. AFFECTIVE DOMAIN OUTCOMES

The following *sample* Affective Domain Outcomes (ADOs) are embedded in many of the above-mentioned COs and PrOs. More could be added to fulfill the development of this course competency.

- a) Work as a leader/a team member (while doing a micro-project)
- b) Follow safety practices.
- c) Work as a group member (while performing experiments and taking readings)
- d) Follow ethical practices.
- e) Practice environmentally friendly methods and processes. (Environment related)

The ADOs are best developed through the laboratory/field-based exercises. Moreover, the level of achievement of the ADOs according to Krathwohl's 'Affective Domain Taxonomy' should gradually increase as planned below:

- i. 'Valuing Level' in 1<sup>st</sup> year
- ii. 'Organization Level' in 2<sup>nd</sup> year.
- iii. 'Characterization Level' in 3<sup>rd</sup> year.

## 8. UNDERPINNING THEORY

The major underpinning theory is given below based on the higher level UOs of *Revised Bloom's taxonomy* that are formulated for development of the COs and competency. If required, more such UOs could be included by the course teacher to focus on attainment of COs and competency.

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics
	(4 to 6 UOs at different levels)	
Unit – I	1a. Function of protective	1.1 Types, cause and effect of fault
Protective relay	relaying scheme	1.2 Elements of protection system
system	1b. Evaluation of protective	1.3 Role of CT and PT in protection
	relaying technology	system
	1.c Basic tripping circuit with	1.3.1 Errors in CT – PT
	transducer	1.3.2 Characteristic of CT and PT
	1d. Main and backup	1.4 Advancement in protection
	protection	system technology
	1e. Classification of relays :	1.4.1 Numerical relays
	Conventional relay,	1.4.2 Disturbance recorder
	numerical relay, tripping	1.4.3 Optical Current transformer
	relay.	1.4.4 Optical potential transformer.
		1.5 Basic tripping circuit
		1.5.1 Trip circuit supervision.
		1.5.2 Basic logic circuit
Unit-II	2a Basic radial feeder	2.1 Method of discrimination
Feeder and	and ring feeder	2.1.1 Time discrimination
Transmission	2b Overcurrent and earth	2.1.2 Current discrimination
line and busbar	fault protection	2.1.3 Current – Time
protection	2c Directional and Non-	discrimination
	directional overcurrent	2.2 Inverse Definite minimum
	protection	time protection
	2d Classification of relays	2.3 Limitation of overcurrent
	for transmission line	protection

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics
	(4 to 6 UOs at different levels)	
	protection	2.4 Impedance relay, Mho
	2e Protection zone,	relay, reactance relay
	reverse zone protection	protection scheme
	2f Busbar protection	2.5 Power line carrier
	2g Carrier aided protection	communication for
		protection
		2.6 Auto reclosing
		2.7 Requirement of bus zone
		protection
		2.8 Differential protection for
		busbar
		2.9 Breaker protection scheme
		: Local breaker backup and
		remote breaker backup
		2.10 Travelling wave fault
		locator relay
		2.11 Negative sequence relay
		for detection of broken
		conductor in transmission
		line
		2.12 Basics of Centralised
		Control System - SCADA &
		IEC 61850 Protocol.
Unit– III	3a. Fault in transformer	3.1 Overcurrent – earth fault
Transformer	3b. Transformer protection	protection
Protection	schemes	3.2 Differential protection of
	3c. Numerical relay for	transformer
	transformer protection	3.3 Restricted earth fault protection of transformer
		3.4 OTI – WTI : overheating
		protection
		3.5 Buchholz protection. Pressure
		relief valve, Oil surge relay
		3.6 Nitrogen injection fire protection
		system for power transformer.
		3.7 Features of numerical
		differential relay and its
		advantages
		3.8 Inrush Current Protection -
		Harmonic Restraint.
Unit– IV	4a. Faults on Alternator and	4.1 Inter-turn fault, stator earth-fault
Rotating	Induction motor	,
machine	4b.Protective relaying schemes	rotor earth-fault
protection	for Alternator and Induction	4.2 Negative phase sequence, field
P	motor protection	failure protection, overload
	4c. Conditions causing alarms	protection, over-voltage
	for alternator	protection

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics
	(4 to 6 UOs at different levels)	
		<ul> <li>4.3 Reverse power protection, back- up impedance, under-frequency protection</li> <li>4.4 Class A, Class B and Class C protections conditions causing alarm and tripping</li> <li>4.5 4.5 IM protection : Overloading, Single phasing, under voltage, stalling, differential protection.</li> </ul>
Unit-V Circuit breaker	<ul> <li>5a. Functions of circuit breakers</li> <li>5b. Fundamentals of circuit breaking</li> <li>5c. Quenching of AC &amp; DC arc</li> <li>5d. Arc interruption theories</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>5.1 Type of circuit breaker based on : Actuating mechanism, interrupting medium, based on installation, based on external design</li> <li>5.2 Isolators</li> <li>5.3 Making and Breaking capacity</li> <li>5.4 Restriking voltage and recovery voltage</li> <li>5.5 Air circuit breaker</li> <li>5.6 SF6 Circuit breaker</li> <li>5.7 Vacuum circuit breaker</li> <li>5.8 Multi break circuit breaker</li> <li>5.9 HCDC circuit breaker</li> <li>5.10 Comparisons of different type of circuit breaker</li> <li>5.11 Operation sequence interlocking</li> </ul>
Unit – VI	6a. Cause of overvoltage	6.1 Lightening and switching surges
Lightening	6b. Characteristics of LA	6.2 Classification of LA based-on
protection	6c. Insulation coordination	principle, construction and
		application 6.3 Basic impulse insulation level

## 9. SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION TABLE FOR QUESTION PAPER DESIGN

Uni	U		Distribution of Theory Marks				
t No	nit Tit le	Teachin g Hours	R Level	U Level	A Level	Total Marks	
Ι	Protective relay system	08	02	05	03	10	
II	Feeder, Transmission line and busbar protection	10	04	07	07	18	
Ш	Transformer Protection	06	02	04	04	10	
IV	Rotating machine protection	07	02	05	04	11	
V	Circuit breaker	08	06	05	04	16	
VI	Lightening protection	03	02	02	02	06	

GTU - COGC-2021 Curriculum

Total	42	18	28	24	70

**Legends:** R=Remember, U=Understand, A=Apply and above (Revised Bloom's taxonomy) <u>Note</u>: This specification table provides general guidelines to assist students for their learning and to teachers to teach and question paper designers/setters to formulate test items/questions to assess the attainment of the UOs. The actual distribution of marks at different taxonomy levels (of R, U and A) in the question paper may slightly vary from above table.

## **10. SUGGESTED STUDENT ACTIVITIES**

Other than the classroom and laboratory learning, following are the suggested studentrelated *co-curricular* activities which can be undertaken to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course. Students should perform following activities in group (or individual) and prepare reports of about 5 pages for each activity. They should also collect/record physical evidence for their (student's) portfolio which may be useful for their placement interviews:

- a) Visit EHV substation / Power station
- b) Prepare report on market survey of various relays and circuit breaker.
- c) Prepare technical report on construction of conventional relays.
- d) Collect data of lightening arrestor.

## 11. SUGGESTED SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES (if any)

These are sample strategies, which the teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course:

- a) Massive open online courses (*MOOCs*) may be used to teach various topics/subtopics.
- b) Guide student(s) in undertaking micro-projects.
- c) *'L' in section No. 4* means different types of teaching methods that are to be employed by teachers to develop the outcomes.
- d) About **15 to 20% of the topics/subtopics** which is relatively simpler or descriptive in nature is to be given to the students for **self-directed learning** and assess the development of the COs through classroom presentation.
- e) With respect to item No. 10, teachers need to ensure to create opportunities and provisions for **co-curricular activities.**
- f) Field visit/Industrial visit.
- g) Show animation/video related to course content
- h) Guide students on how to address issues on environment and sustainability regarding SF6 circuit breaker.
- i) Introduce E-waste recycling technology among the students.

## **12.** SUGGESTED MICRO-PROJECTS

**Only one micro-project** is planned to be undertaken by a student that needs to be assigned to him/her in the beginning of the semester. In the first four semesters, the micro-projects are group-based (group of 3 to 5). However, **in the fifth and sixth semesters**, the number of students in the group should **not exceed three**.

The micro-project could be industry application based, internet-based, workshop-based, laboratory-based, or field-based. Each micro-project should encompass two or more COs

which are in fact, an integration of PrOs, UOs and ADOs. Each student will have to maintain dated work diary consisting of individual contribution in the project work and give a seminar presentation of it before submission. The duration of the micro project should be about **12-14** *(fourteen to sixteen) student engagement hours* during the course. The students ought to submit micro-project by the end of the semester to develop the industry-oriented COs.

A suggestive list of micro-projects is given here. This must match the competency and the COs. Similar micro-projects could be added by the concerned course teacher:

- a) **Case study:** Major electrical black out and role of protection system.
- b) Alternator / Induction motor protection schemes: Prepare the detailed protection schemes
- c) Presentation: Protection system of malfunctions .
- d) Transmission and distribution line : Prepare the detailed protection schemes
- e) Explore unique features of numerical relay.

## 13. SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES

Sr. No	Title of Book	Author	Publication with place, year and ISBN
1	Fundamentals of Power System Protection	Y. G. Paithankar, S.R. Bhide	Prentice Hall, India, 2003 ISBN: 978-8120341234
2	Power System Protection and Switchgear	B. A. Oza, N.C. Nair, R.P. Mehta, V.H. Makwana	McGraw Hill Education Ltd, 2010 ISBN: 978-0070671188
3	Power System Protection and Switchgear	B. Ram, D N Vishvakarma, S R Mohanty	S.K. Kataria and sons; New Delhi Reprint Edition. 2013, ISBN:13:9789350142790
4	Network Protection and Automation Guide	Alstom Grid	Alstom, 2011

## 14. SOFTWARE / LEARNING WEBSITES WEBSITES

- Web course on "Power System Protection" by Prof. S. A. Soman, IIT, Bombay available on NPTEL at <a href="http://nptel.ac.in/courses/108101039">http://nptel.ac.in/courses/108101039</a>
- Power System Protection and Switchgear by Prof. Bhavesh Bhadja <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QsGn7H\_14VY&list=PLLy\_2iUCG87BIJ6ZliVIRCx2C</u> <u>rf9\_fJMB</u>
- <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3xsDFeTOC6w&list=RDQMIXdOHuLWmGw&star</u> <u>t\_radio=1</u>

## 15. PO-COMPETENCY-CO MAPPING:

Semester V	SWITCHGEAR & PROTECTION						
	POs						
Competency & Course Outcomes	O 1 asic & iscipline pecific nowledge	O 2 roblem nalysis	PO 3 Design/ developme nt of solution	O4 ngineering ools, xperimentati n & Testing	PO 5 Engineering practices for cociety, ustainability & environment	PO 6 roject Janage- nent	PO 7 Life-long learning
<u>Competency</u>	<u>Carry out Electrical wiring estimating, costing and contract for various</u> electrical installations.						
<b>CO1</b> Interpret the principles of protection and the different components involved in protection	3	2	-	2	2	-	2
CO2 Compare the over- current protection,	3	2	-	-	2	-	2

GTU - COGC-2021 Curriculum

distance protection and							
carrier-current							
protection of							
transmission line							
CO3							
Use and maintain the various protective schemes of transformer	3	2	2	-	2	-	2
<b>CO4</b> Use and maintain the various protective schemes of Alternator and Induction Motor	3	2	2	-	2	-	2
<b>CO5</b> Interpret working, construction and application of circuit breaker	3	2	2	-	2	2	2
CO6 Interpret insulation coordination and protect system against over voltage	3	2	2	-	2	-	2

Legend: '3' for high, '2' for medium, '1' for low and '-' for no correlation of each CO with PO.

## 16. COURSE CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE

## GTU Resource Persons

S. No.	Name and Designation	Institute	Contact No.	Email
1.	B B Chauhan	Government	+91 99252 10010	bbc.gpjam@gmail.com
	Lecturer	Polytechnic,		
	Electrical Engg.	Jamangar		
2.	J A Sutariya	RCTI,	+91 95122 84422	
	Lecturer	Ahmedabad		
	Electrical Engg.			

#### **GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY (GTU)**

## Competency-focused Outcome-based Green Curriculum-2021 (COGC-2021) Semester-V

## **Course Title: Power Electronics and Drives**

(Course Code: 4350902)

Diploma programmer in which this course is offered	Semester in which offered
Electrical Engineering	5 <sup>th</sup> Semester

#### 1. RATIONALE

Applications of power electronics are used in every field, for example, industrial applications, consumer applications, transportation and aerospace applications. This course address to reduce climate change, pollution and unreliability of energy grids. Power has become one of the most important components of modern life. This has led to the development of smaller, lightweight energy-dense batteries based on converters/inverters to lead the revolution in ESS.

## 2. COMPETENCY

The purpose of this course is to help the student to attain the following industry identified competency through various teaching learning experiences:

# • Identify power electronic devices and implement different types of Power converters as per functioning of system required with safety.

#### 3. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

The practical exercises, the underpinning knowledge and the relevant soft skills associated with the identified competency are to be developed in the student for the achievement of the following COs:

- a) Compare performance of various power semiconductor devices, along with its protection as per data sheet
- **b)** Recognize different rectifiers and regulators according to device, phases and area of use.
- c) Classify inverters and choppers with reference to different parameters and configuration
- d) Distinguish the speed control of different motors using various AC and DC drives.

## 4. TEACHING AND EXAMINATION SCHEME

Teach	ing Sc	heme	Total Credits	Exar		mination S		
(Ir	n Houi	rs)	(L+T+P/2)	Theory	y Marks	Practica	l Marks	Total
L	Т	Р	С	CA	ESE	СА	ESE	Marks
3	0	2	5	30*	70	25	25	150

(\*): Out of 30 marks under the theory CA, 10 marks are for assessment of the micro-project to facilitate integration of COs and the remaining 20 marks is the average of 2 tests to be taken during the semester for the assessing the attainment of the cognitive domain UOs required for the attainment of the COs. Legends: L-Lecture; T – Tutorial/Teacher Guided Theory Practice; P - Practical; C – Credit, CA - Continuous Assessment; ESE - End Semester Examination.

## 5. SUGGESTED PRACTICAL EXERCISES

The following practical outcomes (PrOs) are the subcomponents of the Course Outcomes (Cos). Some of the **PrOs** marked **'\*'** are compulsory, as they are crucial for that particular CO at the 'Precision Level' of Dave's Taxonomy related to 'Psychomotor Domain'.

Sr. No.	Practical Outcomes (PrOs)	Unit No.	Approx. Hrs. Required
1	Test the performance of IGBT	1	2
2	Test the performance of GTO	1	2
3	Test the performance of MCT	1	2
4	Test and plot characteristics of SCR	1	2
5	Build and test Snubber circuits		
6	Test SCR commutating circuits.	1	2
7	Build and test SCR triggering circuit with firing angle control in R and RL series circuit	1	2
8	Compare the ratings and packages of IGBT, GTO, MCT using data sheet.	1	2
9	Simulate of single-phase controlled rectifier and analyze function of flywheel diode for RL load	2	2
10	Wire the three-phase half wave rectifier & test the performance.	2	2
11	Wire the three-phase full wave rectifier & test the performance	2	2
12	Check the performance of six phase half wave rectifier.	2	2
13	Analyze poly phase rectifier circuit performance through simulation	2	2
14	Test the performance of TRIAC for AC load control	2	2
15	Use R-C phase shift network for firing angle Control of single phase controlled rectifier	3	2
16	Test chopper circuits with load.	3	2
17	Simulate chopper circuit, observe and print the various wave forms.	3	2
18	Build/test parallel inverter using two SCRs	4	2
19	Test the Speed control of universal motor using SCR-UJT circuit	4	2
20	Simulate speed control of DC motor using chopper circuits	4	2
22	Simulate Speed control of three-phase induction motor using V/f control	4	2
23	Simulate speed control of single-phase Induction Motor using single phase voltage controller		
			28 Hrs.

#### <u>Note</u>

- *i.* More **Practical Exercises** can be designed and offered by the respective course teacher to develop the industry relevant skills/outcomes to match the COs. The above table is only a suggestive list.
- ii. The following are some **sample** 'Process' and 'Product' related skills (more may be added/deleted depending on the course) that occur in the above listed **Practical Exercises** of this course required which are embedded in the COs and ultimately the competency.

Sr. No.	Sample Performance Indicators for the PrOs	Weightage in %
1	Experimental setup, Procedure and conduction by	40
	Tollowing safety practices.	
2	Conceptual clarity	30
3	Interpretation of Results and Ethical values.	30

Sr. No.	Sample Performance Indicators for the PrOs	Weightage in %
Total		100

## 6. MAJOR EQUIPMENT/ INSTRUMENTS REQUIRED

This major equipment with broad specifications for the PrOs is a guide to procure them by the administrators to use in uniformity of practical's in all institutions across the state.

Sr.No.	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications	PrO. No.
1.	DIAC, TRAIC, SCR, IGBT, GTO and MCT - 5 Nos. each of current rating at least 20 amps or above	5,6,7,8,9
2	Trainer Kits for testing the V-I characteristics of the following - 2 Nos. each: a) DIAC b) TRAIC c) SCR d) Power transistor e) Power MOSFET f) IGBT g) GTO h) MCT	5,6,7,9
3	Trainer kit to check the performance for different types of loads of the following - 2 Nos. each: a) 3-phase uncontrolled half wave rectifier b) 3-phase uncontrolled full wave rectifier	1,2
4	Trainer kit to check the performance using R, RL and RLC Load of the following - 2 Nos. each: a) Fully controlled three phase half wave converter b) Fully controlled three phase Full wave converter	1,2
5	Trainer kit to check the performance of Three-phase semi- converter using R, RL and RLC Load of the following - 2 Nos.	1,2
6	Chopper Trainer kit to check the performance of the following for different types of loads - 2 Nos. each: a) IGBT Based Chopper Circuit b) Jones Chopper Trainer Circuit c) Morgan Chopper Trainer Circuit	13,14,19
7.	Trainer kit to check the performance for different types of loads of the following - 2 Nos. each: a) Offline inverter b) Online inverter	15, 21
8	<ul> <li>Trainer kit to check the performance for different types of loads of the following - 2 Nos. each:</li> <li>a) Class A Load Commutation</li> <li>b) Class B Resonant Pulse Commutation</li> <li>c) Class C Complementary Commutation</li> <li>d) Class D Impulse or Auxiliary SCR commutation</li> <li>e) Class F Line or natural Commutation</li> </ul>	12
9	Electric DC Drive Trainer consisting of the following controlling schemes - set: a) Speed control of dc DC shunt motor using single phase fully controlled converter b) Speed control of DC shunt motor using three phase fully controlled converter c) Armature and field control of DC shunt motor	19

Sr.No.	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications	PrO. No.
	d) Speed control of DC shunt motor using SCR dual	
	e) Thyristor chopper for DC motor drive f) DC series motor controller using jones chopper	
10	Experimental set up to perform Speed control of a 3 phase WRIM using Kramer drive - 1 set	20
11	Experimental set up to perform Speed control of a 3 phase induction motor using v/f method - 1 set	21
12	Experimental set up to perform speed control of a DC shunt motor using open loop and PID control system through computer interfacing - 1 set	19
13	<ul> <li>3 Phase Power Analyzer 3 Nos. with the following specifications:</li> <li>2 3 phase/1 phase measurement-</li> <li>2 True RMS Voltage 600/1200 V</li> <li>2 True RMS Current 80 A, 2 Power measurement (Active, reactive and apparent power), Power factor measurement, 2 Frequency Measurement, 2 RS-232 serial communication, 2 LCD display</li> </ul>	

- AFFECTIVE DOMAIN OUTCOMES The following sample Affective Domain Outcomes (ADOs) are embedded in many of the above-mentioned COs and PrOs. More could be added to fulfill the development of this course competency.
- a. Work as a leader/a team member (while doing a micro-project).
- b. Follow safety practices while using D.C. and AC supply and electrical electronic equipment.
- c. Work as a group member (while performing experiments and taking readings)
- d. Practice environmentally friendly methods and processes. (Environment related)

The ADOs are best developed through the laboratory/field-based exercises. Moreover, the level of achievement of the ADOs according to Krathwohl's 'Affective Domain Taxonomy' should gradually increase as planned below:

- i. 'Valuing Level' in 1<sup>st</sup> year
- ii. 'Organization Level' in 2<sup>nd</sup> year.
- iii. 'Characterization Level' in 3<sup>rd</sup> year.

## 8. UNDERPINNING THEORY

The major underpinning theory is given below based on the higher level UOs of *Revised Bloom's taxonomy* that are formulated for development of the COs and competency. If required, more such UOs could be included by the course teacher to focus on attainment of COs and competency.

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics
	(4 to 6 UOs at different levels)	
Unit 1	1a. Need of Power Electronic devices,	1.1 Thyristor family
Power	types and application.	1.2 Working and characteristics of SCR, IGBT,
Electronic	1b. Classify Power electronic devices	GTO, MCT, Diac, Triac
Dovisos	1c. Explain Construction, working,	1.3 Need of SCR protection- Over voltage, over
Devices-	operation, characteristics, ratings	current, di/dt, dv/dt Heating,
Characteristi	and application of different Power	1.4 Need of snubber circuit, heatsink,
cs protection	electronic devices. i.e. Power	freewheeling diode.
and working	Diode, Transistor, IGBT, SCR,	1.5 Turnoff Methods of SCR-
parameters	MCT, GTO, Triac Diac, UJT.	1.6 Natural and forced commutation.
as per data	1d. Justify need of Protection of	1.7 Voltage, current and power ratings of SCR
sheet	power	
	electronic devices	
	1e. Differentiate various commutation	
	circuits	
	1f. Understanding data sheet and	
	parameters	
<u>Unit-II</u> Three phone	2a. Need of polypnase rectifier	2.1 compare single phase and 3 phase rectifiers.
Inree phase	20. Compare various polyphase	2.2 Three phase fiall wave, full wave
and Single	2c Differentiate working of single	2.2 Six phase half wave, double star six phase
anu Single-	2c. Differentiate working of single	2.5 Six phase half wave, double star six phase
controlled	controlled rectifiers	2.4 Derive rms current and voltage L, and E, for
rectifiers and	2d Effect of transformer reactance	3 phase half and full wave rectifier
regulators	PIV	2.5 Transformer reactance SUE controlled
regulatoro	2e. Compare different single-phase	rectifier.
	regulators using 1. 2. and 4 diodes	2.6 Principle of AC Load control using SCR
	and SCR's combination	2.7 Role of regulators and rectifiers in energy
		conservation
Unit-III	3a. Explain working principle D.C.	3.1 Working Principle of Chopper
	Chopper	3.2 Configuration of Chopper
Choppers	3b. Classify Chopper with	3.3 Chopper control
Inverters	configuration	3.4 Principle of Inverter.
	3c. Class A, B, C, D E Chopper	3.5 Single phase inverters- series parallel and half
	3d. Chopper control methods	and full bridge, square wave, quasi wave
	3e. Jone's Chopper	inverter.
	3f Morgan Choppers	3.6 Methods of Voltage control in inverter- single
	3g. Classification of inverters	pulse, multiple pulse and sine pulse
	3h. Series and Parallel inverters	
	31. Voltage control methods of	3.7 Introduction to multilevel inverter- 3 level
	Inverter	Inverter diode clamped and capacitor
	3J. PWW control in inverter.	clamped
	3k. Introduction to narmonics	3.8 Basics of Harmonics and power quality in
		2 9 Application of inverter in solar energy using
		huck hoost conversion
Unit_IV	4a. Concepts of Flectric drives	4 1 Block diagram of electric drives
Electric drives	4b. Power Modulators and motors	4 2 Different parts of electric drives
and Control	4c. 4 Quadrant operation of DC Drives	A 3 Dower Modulators
	4d. D C drive using chopper control	4.3 C Drives - Inverter based
	4e. Single phase DC drives	4.4AC Drives - inverter based
	4f. Introduction to Cycloconverter	4.5 UC URIVES- RECTIFIER and Chopper based
	4g. A C drives- Voltage, frequency.	4.6Cycloconverters -types, application and

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs) (4 to 6 UOs at different levels)	Topics and Sub-topics
	current control.	disadvantages.
	4h. Application of Electric Drives in EVs	4.7 4 Quadrant operation of DC drive
		4.8 Speed control of 3phase induction motor using chopper.
		4.9 Regenerative braking control in E- Vehicles
		4.10 Single phase half semi and full converter drives
		4.11 Speed control of Induction motor using various controls- Voltage, frequency V/F control

## 9. SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION TABLE FOR QUESTIONPAPER DESIGN

Unit	Unit Title	Teaching Hours	Distribution of Theory Marks				
No.			R	U	A	Total	
			Level	Level	Level	Marks	
	Power Electronic Devices- Characteristics						
	protection and working parameters as per	12	8	7	5	20	
	data sheet.						
	Single phase and three phase uncontrolled	9	6	5	5	16	
	and controlled rectifiers and regulators.		Ŭ	3	5	10	
- 111	Inverters, Choppers.	10	4	8	6	18	
IV	Electronic drives and Control.	11	4	6	6	16	
	Total	42	22	26	22	70	

**Legends:** R=Remember, U=Understand, A=Apply and above (Revised Bloom's taxonomy) <u>Note</u>: This specification table provides general guidelines to assist students for their learning and to teachers to teach and question paper designers/setters to formulate test items/questions to assess the attainment of the UOs. The actual distribution of marks at different taxonomy levels (of R, U and A) in the question paper may slightly vary from above table.

## **10. SUGGESTED STUDENT ACTIVITIES**

Other than the classroom and laboratory learning, following are the suggested student-related **cocurricular** activities which can be undertaken to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course. Students should perform following activities in group (or individual) and prepare reports of about 5 pages for each activity. They should also collect/record physical evidence for their (student's) portfolio which may be useful for their placement interviews:

- a) Present seminar on various topics from course content
- b) Prepare nameplate of Control rectifier, inverter, electrical drives for DC motor, Induction motor.

## 11. SUGGESTED SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES (if any)

These are sample strategies, which the teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course:

a) Massive open online courses (*MOOCs*) may be used to teach various topics/subtopics.

- b) Guide student(s) in undertaking micro-projects.
- c) *'L' in section No. 4 means* different types of teaching methods that are to be employed by teachers to develop the outcomes.
- d) Show animation/ video related to course content.
- e) Co-relating the importance of content of this course with other courses/ practical applications. (e.g. importance of a content course or whole course related to Rectifiers, *inverters, Electrical Drives, FACT devices, Harmonic Filters* in practical industrial &/ domestic applications.
- f) Introduce E-waste recycling technology among the students.
- g) Guide students on how to address issues on environment and sustainability

## **12.** SUGGESTED MICRO-PROJECTS

**Only one micro-project** is planned to be undertaken by a student that needs to be assigned to him/her in the beginning of the semester. In the first four semesters, the micro-projects are group-based (group of 3 to 5). However, **in the fifth and sixth semesters**, the number of students in the group should **not exceed three**.

The micro-project could be industry application based, internet-based, workshop-based, laboratorybased or field-based. Each micro-project should encompass two or more COs which are in fact, an integration of PrOs, UOs and ADOs. Each student will have to maintain a dated work diary consisting of individual contributions in the project work and give a seminar presentation of it before submission. The duration of the micro project should be about **12-14** *(fourteen to sixteen) student engagement hours* during the course. The students ought to submit micro-project by the end of the semester to develop the industry-oriented COs.

A suggestive list of micro-projects is given here. This has to match the competency and the COs. Similar micro-projects could be added by the concerned course teacher:

- 1) Prepare a report on various types of drives used in nearby industries.
- 2) Prepare chart displaying various Power semiconductor devices and their symbols
- 3) Simulate following circuits in syllabus and take print out of various wave forms.
  - (a) 3 phase half wave rectifier
  - (b) 3 phase full wave rectifier
  - (c) 6 phase half wave rectifier
  - (d) Step up & Step-down chopper circuit
  - (e) 1-phase half & full bridge inverter
- 4) Make a market survey for various types of thyristors available in market.
- 5) Present a dynamic animations prepared or collected from the internet to illustrate the following:
  - (a) Working principle of inverter
  - (b) Working principle of PWM inverter
  - (c) Working principle of chopper
- 6) Build 3 phase half wave rectifier circuit & prepare report on it.
- 7) Build 3 phase full wave rectifier circuit & prepare report on it.
- 8) Build step up & step-down chopper & prepare report on it.
- 9) Single phase AC load control using Diac and Triac.
- 10) Demonstration of commutation circuit for SCR.
- 11) Single phase inverter using 2 MOSFET and transformer.
- 12) Square wave inverter using 4 MOSFET, IGBT, Transistor.
- 13) Overcurrent protection using crowbar circuit.
- 14) Design of snubber circuit.
- 15 Speed control of DC Motor using Chopper
- 16) Speed control of DC motor using 4 diode and 1 SCR
- 17) Design of Static switch up to 5 Amperes.

Sr.	Title of Book	Author	Publication with place, year and ISBN		
No.					
1.	Power Electronics	Rashid, Muhammad H.	PHI Learning, New Delhi latest edition		
2.	Power Electronics	Gupta, B. R., Singhal V.,	S.K. Kataria and sons, New Delhi		
3.	Power Electronics	Singh,M. D. K. Khanchandani, B.	Tata Mc. Graw Hill, New Delhi		
4.	Power Electronics	Bimbhra, P.S.	Khanna Publisher, New Delhi latest edition		
5.	Power Electronics and	Alok Jain	PENRAM International Publishing		
	Industries and power	Rai H C	Umesh Publications. New Delhi latest		
6.	Electronics	Rai, H.C.	edition		
	Fundamentals of		Narosa Publishing house New Delhi latest		
7.	electric drives	Dubey, G. K.	edition		
	Electric drives- concepts	Culture and a M	Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi latest edition		
8.	and applications	Subramanyan, V.			

## 13. SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES

## 14. SOFTWARE/LEARNING WEBSITES WEBSITE

- (1) www.nptel.iitm.ac.in
- (2) www.youtube (lectures on Power electronics)
- (3) www.howstuffworks.com
- (4) www.alldatasheet.com
- (5) MATLAB/SIMULINK
- (6) Psim : https://powersimtech.com
- (7) Electronics Work bench
- (8) www.vlab.co.in
- (9) Lectures on GTU portal: https://lectures.gtu.ac.in/listview.aspx?br=09&course=DI

## 15. PO-COMPETENCY-CO MAPPING:

Semester V	POWER ELECTRONICS AND DRIVES (Course Code:4350902)						
	POs						
Competency	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7
& Course Outcomes	Basic & Discipline specific knowledge	Problem Analysis	Design/ develop ment of solution	Engineering Tools, Experimen- tation & Testing	Engineering practices for society, sustainability & environment	Project Manage- ment	Life- long learning
<u>Competency</u>	Identify power electronic devices and implement different types of Power converters as per functioning of system required with safety.						
Course Outcomes CO1: Compare performance of various power semiconductor devices, along with its protection as per data sheet	3	2	2	2	2	-	1
CO2: Recognize different rectifiers and regulators according to device, phases and area of use.	3	2	1	2	2	-	2
CO3: Classify inverters and choppers with reference to different parameters and configuration	3	-	1	2	2	-	2

CO4 : Distinguish the speed control of different								
motors using various AC and DC drives. 3 2 - 1 2 - 2	CO4 : Distinguish the speed control of different motors using various AC and DC drives.	3	2	-	1	2	-	2

Legend: '3' for high, '2' for medium, '1' for low and '-' for no correlation of each CO with PO.

## 16. COURSE CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE

## **GTU Resource Persons**

S. No.	Name and Designation	Institute	Contact No.	Email
1.	Ms.Chandni Chirag Shah	A V Parekh Technical	7016146890	chandnicshah@gmail.com
	Lecturer Electrical Engg.	Institute Rajkot		
2.	Mr Alpesh Mahyavanshi	G.P. Dahod	9824573878	alpeshmahyavanshi@gmail.c
	Lecturer Electrical Engg.			om
#### **GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY (GTU)**

## Competency-focused Outcome-based Green Curriculum-2021 (COGC-2021) Semester-V

#### Course Title: Electrical Engineering Project-I

(Course Code: 4350904)

Diploma programme in which this course is offered	Semester in which offered
Electrical Engineering	5 <sup>th</sup> Semester

#### 1. RATIONALE

The course "**Electrical Engineering Project-I**" is designed with the aim that students will be able to keep pace with future changes in technology and the acquisition of knowledge and skills as and when needed. This course is designed to provide students with a virtual industrial experience. This course includes identifying the problem, different methods of solution, selection of an appropriate method, selection of appropriate equipment and components, selection of appropriate guide and making the work plan to complete the whole work within time limit. Four seminars are included in this course to develop communication skills in students as well as to assess the progress of the work done.

## Project identification and guide allocation:

- First of all students have to form a group and select some proposed project titles based on their interest. To select proposed titles students have to visit various websites, visit industries, refer journals and books and meet and discuss with faculties.
- Faculty from a department whose work area/ area of interest seems to fit with the student's selected topic may be considered as the best guide for that particular group.
- Before the start of the fifth semester, project orientation should be held every year by the project coordinator. In this orientation, discussion regarding the selection of a topic, the formation of a team, and the selection of a guide should take place.
- A guide list with their expertise domain and area of interest should also be given to students.
- This list should also be uploaded to the departmental/institutional website.
- Students should also be given the choice to choose a guide whose area of interest matches with their project domain. The project title selection process and other related tasks are summarized in the following flow chart.



# During 5<sup>th</sup> semester, students should have to follow these steps for project related work:

- 1) Interact with the institute guide/ industry/research organization personnel
- 2) Select focused project title.
- 3) Gather information and organize it in well manner-literature Survey.
- 4) Define, explain and submit problem definition.
- 5) Seek guidance from the guide and update him/her about your progress regularly.
- 6) Conceive and draw General block diagram of selected project.
- 7) Develop circuit diagram in detail.
- 8) Write algorithm and draw flowchart (particularly if project work is based on Microprocessor/Microcontroller).
- 9) Simulate circuit (if required).
- 10) Prepare project report (as per format given by department/available on departmental website)
- 11) Prepare PPT for presentation (for various seminarsand final presentation at the end of the semester conducted for progressive assessment)

## 2. COMPETENCY

The course content should be taught and implemented with the aim to develop different types of skills so that students are able to acquire following competency

- 1 To develop inquisitiveness, innovative skills, and confidence to work independently.
- 2. To participate effectively in group work.
- 3. To collect relevant data.
- 4. To plan and organize the work.
- 5. To analyze and synthesize the data.
- 6. To relate knowledge of various courses in a selected problem.
- 7. To make an appropriate decision whenever it is required.
- 8. To conduct a survey and investigation.
- 9. To solve industry problems.
- 10. To optimize the cost of the project.
- 11. To design the layout as per requirement.
- 12. To prepare block diagram, circuit diagram, simulation model and microcontroller program as per requirements.
- 13. To assess the financial implication and feasibility of the project.
- 14. To prepare the technical reports and ppt.

#### 3. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

Students will be able to

- **CO.1** Review the existing literature/system to find possible problem in existing system.
- **CO.2** Select the best suitable solution to solve the defined problem along with budget.
- **CO.3** Design methodology to reach final solution.
- **CO.4** Initiate to assemble project after purchasing the component.
- **CO.5** Defend progress review for 5<sup>th</sup> semester with report writing, presentation and work done till date as individual and team.

#### 4. TEACHING AND EXAMINATION SCHEME

Teaching Scheme		Total Credits	Exa		amination Scheme			
(In Hours)		rs)	(L+T+P/2)	Theory Marks		Varks Practical Marks		Total
L	Т	Р	С	CA	ESE	СА	ESE	Marks
0	0	2	1	0	0	50	50	100

**Legends:** L-Lecture; T – Tutorial/Teacher Guided Theory Practice; P - Practical; C – Credit, CA - Continuous Assessment; ESE - End Semester Examination.

#### 5. MAJOR EQUIPMENT/ INSTRUMENTS REQUIRED

This major equipment with broad specifications is a guide to procure them by the administrators to use in the laboratory dedicatedly made for the project work.

Sr.No.	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications							
1	Dual channel D.C. supply, 0-30 Volt, 2 Amp with display							
2	<b>Tool kits</b> that include spanners, screw drivers of various size, soldering iron, measuring tape, drilling machine, tester, multi meter, clip on meter, hammer, hack saw, flux, pliers, nose pliers, insulation tape etc.							
3	Dual channel Digital Storage Oscilloscope							
4	10 MHz function generator							
5	Miscellaneous components like Diode, Transistor, Step down Transformers, LED, Relay, various analog digital and microcontroller ICs as per requirement.							

Sr.No.	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications								
6	Lamp load 3-phase 415 V, 0-10 A.								
7	Single-phase, Three-phase supply panels with suitable measuring instruments.								
8	Microcontroller Programming Software/ Integrated Digital Environment as per requirement								
9	Simulation software like MATLAB, PSIM, Proteus etc. as per requirement								
10	At least 2 PCs having latest specifications								
11	LCD/LED projector to be used for presentation in seminars								

#### 6. AFFECTIVE DOMAIN OUTCOMES

The following *sample* Affective Domain Outcomes (ADOs) are embedded in many of the abovementioned COs. More could be added to fulfill the development of this course competency.

- a. Work as a leader/a team member (while doing a project work).
- b. Follow safety practices while using D.C. and AC supply and electrical equipment.
- c. Work as a group member (while testing the project)
- d. Practice environmentally friendly methods and processes. (Environment related)

The ADOs are best developed through the laboratory/field-based exercises. Moreover, the level of achievement of the ADOs according to Krathwohl's 'Affective Domain Taxonomy' should gradually increase as planned below:

- i. 'Valuing Level' in 1<sup>st</sup> year
- ii. 'Organization Level' in 2<sup>nd</sup> year.
- iii. 'Characterization Level' in 3<sup>rd</sup> year.

#### 7. UNDERPINNING THEORY

The major underpinning theory is given below based on the higher level UOs of *Revised Bloom's taxonomy* that are formulated for development of the COs and competency. If required, more such UOs could be included by the course teacher to focus on attainment of COs and competency. (**Overall work of Project-I should be done in following steps**)

Unit		Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and sub topics
Unit-I		1a. Carry out literature survey and industrial	1.1 To select the appropriate project title,
Review	the	visits.	survey different types of research
existing		1b. Identify the problems in the area related	papers, books and websites. Do

literature/syste	to the Electrical Engineering.	industry visits if necessary.
m	1c. Identify the information/data required	1.2 Identify the problem related to the
	related to selected problem	Electrical Engineering
	1d Make problem statement and abstract	1.2 Identify and gather the information
		1.5 Identity and gather the information
	for selected problem/work.	related to the selected problem.
		1.4 From the gathered information (and
		with the help of guide) make
		appropriate problem statement and
		abstract
Unit-II	2a. Collect relevant data from different	2.1 For the solution of selected problem
Select the best	sources	collect relevant data from the various
suitable solution	(books/internet/market/suppliers/expert	sources.
	s etc.)	
		2.2 Analyze the collected data for the
	2b. Analyze the collected data and generate	2.2 Analyze the conceted data for the
	useful information from it.	solution of selected problem.
	2c. Present generated information visually in	
	form of appropriate chart/graphs	2.3 If require make
	2d Dariva different nessible solutions	chart/graph/simulation to select
	zu. Derive unterent possible solutions	relevant method.
	creatively.	
	2e. Attempt alternative solutions/revise aims	2.4 Compare various methods for the
	and execute alternative plan in case of	solution of selected problem
	failures	solution of selected problem.
		2.5. If colocted colution door not work
		(after suggestion given by
		guide/industry mentor) select
		alternate method.
		2.6 Assess the financial implication and
		feasibility of different solutions based
		reasibility of unreferr solutions based
		on preliminary studies.
Unit-III	3a. Prepare project proposals before starting	3.1 Analyze and compare different
Design	the project work.	possible methods for solution of the
methodology to		selected problem considering financial
methodology to	3b Prenare required drawings and detailed	
reach finai	plan for everytion of the work	implication.
solution.	plan for execution of the work.	
		3.2 Select relevant
		machine/equipment/instrument/soft
		ware for the solution of selected
		nrohlem
		problem.
		3.3 Consider safety first while selecting the
		5.5 consider safety first while selecting the
		way to work.
		2.4 Fan all about states takes to
		3.4 For all above steps take help
		continuously from institute
		guide/industry mentor or other
		relevant person.
		3.5 Prepare work plan of the project.

Unit-IV	4a. Optimize the cost of	4.1 Select components and equipments
Initiate to	components/material	with required specification
assemble	4b. Incorporate safety measures in work.	4.2 Prepare cost schedule of the project.
project after		4.3 All the students of the group should
purchasing the		distribute the work according to the
component.		skill of each student.
		4.4 Work persistently to achieve the
		targets.
Unit-V	5a.Participate effectively in group.	5.1 After assigning the work, each student
Defend progress	5b. Work independently for the individual	should do the work independently to
review for 5th	responsibility undertaken.	complete the particular task in
semester	5c. Prepare the technical report.	minimum time.
	5d. Prepare presentations.	5.2 Prepare project report as per the
	5e. Acknowledge the help rendered by	format provided by the project
	others in the project.	coordinator.
	5f. Present findings/features of the projects	5.3 Prepare PPT and present it as per
	in seminars.	schedule.
		5.4 Reflect your viewson experiences
		gained during project work in report
		and ppt.
		5.5 Students can take help of any person
		relevant to the topic selected. That
		person must be acknowledged in the
		report/presentation.
		5.6 Arrange mock presentations in the
		group before actual presentation.
		5.7 Consider suggestions given by
		guide/evaluation team in previous
		seminar/meeting while preparing the
		report/presentation.
		5.8 Confidently answer the questions
		asked during seminars.

**Note:**-Departmental SSIP team may check each project and may decide whether any project is appropriate for SSIP scheme or not. If project is found viable for that, students of that group (with help of departmental SSIP coordinator) have to apply for grant from SSIP or other funding agency.

## 8. (a) Scope of Projects

Scope of the project work should be decided based on following criteria:

- (i) Relation to diploma programme curriculum: When student intend to select topics for the project work they need to choose a project which relates well to their curriculum (it may be beyond curriculum but it should relate to it) and requires implementation of theories already learnt and skills already possessed by them from the previous semesters.
- (ii) Abilities possessed by the group of students: Projects should be chosen so that it can be completed mainly using students problem solving capabilities and depth of learning. It is natural that highly motivated

students or high achievers may come out with projects which are more complex and challenging. Teachers should guide students to choose challenging projects according to the student's ability.

- (iii) Resources available: Students and Guides should keep in mind the availability of resources while deciding the topic and the scope of the project. Some of the important resources which need consideration are:
  - Time available
  - Raw material/components required
  - Manufacturing/fabrication equipment and tools required
  - Testing/Measuring equipment and instruments required
  - Access to journals (library/digital)
  - Expertise for theoretical guidance available in college (or nearby Institutions or nearby industries)
  - Expertise and Technology required for fabrication (if required)
  - Software required
- 8 (b) Types of Projects: In general the projects are of the following types:
  - (i) Design projects
  - (ii) Prototype (design, make, test and evaluate)
  - (iii) Advanced experimental work requiring the development of existing equipment to be need and developed
  - (iv) Field works: This could include surveys, using equipment, charting data and information from virtual observation.
  - (v) Comparative studies : Theoretical study of two systems/ mechanisms/ processes in detail and comparing them on the basis of cost/ energy conservation/ impact on environment/ technology used etc.
  - (vi) Application of emerging technology: Theoretical study of some emerging technology and feasibility of its application in some real life situation in detail.
  - (vii) Fabrication of some equipment/ machine etc.
  - (viii) Development of software/ application to solve some complex problem related to Electrical Engineering field.

#### 9. ACCESSMENT OF PROJECT WORK

Project Guide and/or Program coordinator and/or Project evaluation committee will assess the project work in four different project seminars as per the assessment rubrics suggested here. Total four seminars are to be held during the fifth semester and continuous assessment (CA for 50 marks) is to be done as per the following suggested sheet. (Remaining 50 marks are for the end semester exam - ESE which shall be conducted by the GTU). If two independent projects for 5<sup>th</sup> and 6<sup>th</sup> semester are offered, project guide/program coordinator/ project evaluation committee will slightly change the assessment criteria.

## Evaluation of Electrical Engineering Project-I (4350905)

ʻial o.	Students	Enrollment	Droject Title	Marks
Sei	Name	Number	Project fille	(Continuous Assessment)

		Name of Guide		Seminar-l (out of 10)	Seminar-II (out of 10)	Seminar-III (out of 10)	Final Evaluation (out of 20)	Total (out of 50)
1								
2								
3								
4								
5								
6								
7								
8								
9								
10								

**Project evaluation committee** 

**Project Coordinator** 

**Head of the Department** 

# Sample assessment rubrics to be used to verify the progressive work done by the student for different seminars/final evaluation of progressively work done by students.

#### Assessment Rubrics of Electrical Engineering Project-I (4350905)

Sr. No	Activity	Criteria for performan	High Proficiency	Proficiency	Some Proficiency	No/Limited Proficiency	Score
-----------	----------	------------------------------	------------------	-------------	------------------	---------------------------	-------

		се	8 to 10 Marks	6 to 7 Marks	3 to 5 Marks	0 to 2 Marks	
1		Literature Survey	Student surveyed all the possible literatures/resources	Student surveyed the possible literatures/resources	Student surveyed less literatures/resources	Student surveyed very less literatures/resources	Marks
1	Seminar-1	Problem Identification	Student states the problem clearly and identifies underlying issues	Student adequately defines the problem	Student fails to define the problemadequately	Student does not identify the problem	d to out of 10
2	Seminar-2	Approach to the solution	Innovative approach	Fairly good approach	Simple approach	No approach at all for solution of selected problem	Out of 10
3	Seminar-3	Developing a plan to solve the problem	Student developed a clear and capsized plan to solve the problem, with alternative strategies	Students develops an adequate plan	Student develops a marginal plan	Student does not develop a coherent plan to solve the problem	Out of 10
4	Seminar-4 (Final evaluation at the end of 5th		Student provides a logical interpretation of the simulation and findings and clearly solves the problem. Made required hardware.	Student provides a logical but incomplete interpretation of the simulations and findings but solves the problem. Made some portion of required hardware.	Student does not provide an interpretation of the simulations and findings but solves the problem.Make very small portion of required hardware.	Student does not interpret the findings/reach the conclusion. Did not start making of hardware.	Marks converte d to out of 20
	semester)	Presenting the work effectively and confidently	Student explain the work very effectively and confidently	Student explain the work effectively and confidently	Student explain the work less effectively and with lack of confidence	Student not able to explain the work effectively and confidently	
						Total	Out of 50

#### **10. SOFTWARE/LEARNING WEBSITES**

- <u>https://www.electronicsforu.com/</u>
- <u>https://www.electrical4u.com/</u>
- <u>https://www.mathworks.com/</u>
- <u>https://www.arduino.cc/</u>
- <u>https://www.alldatasheet.com/</u>
- <u>https://www.allaboutcircuits.com/</u>
- <u>https://circuitglobe.com/</u>
- <u>https://www.electricaltechnology.org/</u>
- www.vlab.co.in

#### **11. PO-COMPETENCY-CO MAPPING:**

Semester I	Ele	ectrical E	ngineeri	ng Project-	I (Course Co	de: 4350	904)
				POs			
Competency & Course Outcomes	PO 1 Basic & Discipline specific knowledge	PO 2 Problem Analysis	PO 3 Design / develo pment of solutio n	PO4 Engineering Tools, Experiment ation& Testing	PO 5 Engineering practices for society, sustainability & environment	PO 6 Project Managem ent	PO 7 Life-long learning
<u>Competency</u>	Initiate work do	to assem one till da	nble proje ate	ect as per re	equired desig	n and pre	sent the
Course Outcomes CO1 Review the existing literature/system to find possible problem in existing system.	2	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO2 Select the best suitable solution to solve the defined problem along with budget.	3	3	2	-	2	-	2
CO3 Design methodology to reach final solution.	3	-	3	-	3	3	3
CO4 Initiate to assemble project after purchasing the component.	1	-	-	3	-	-	3
CO5 Defend progress review for 5 <sup>th</sup> semester with report writing, presentation and work done till date as individual and team.	-	-	-	-	2	3	3

Legend: '3' for high, '2' for medium, '1' for low and '-' for no correlation of each CO with PO.

## **12. COURSE CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE**

#### **GTU Resource Persons**

S. No.	Name and Designation	Institute	Contact No.	Email
1.	Dr Hemant I. Joshi Lecturer Electrical Engg.	R C Technical Institute,	9998579554	<u>hemantjoshi0711@gm</u> ail.com
		Ahmedabad		

#### GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY (GTU)

## Competency-Focused Outcome-based Green Curriculum-2021 (COGC-2021)

Semester - V

#### Course Title: Summer Internship-II (Course Code: 4350905)

(Course Code: 4350905)

Diploma programme in which this course is offered	Semester in which offered
Electrical Engineering	5 <sup>th</sup> Semester

#### 1. RATIONALE

Idea of Embedded Internships- AICTE has made 7-10 weeks summer internships mandatory in the new curriculum which will equip the students with practical understanding and training about industry practices in a suitable industry or organization. Internships are educational and career development opportunities, providing practical experience in a field or discipline. The Summer Internship-II is a student centric activity that would expose the technical students to the industrial environment, which cannot be simulated in the classroom and hence creating competent professionals for the industry.

Internships are off-campus experiential learning activities designed to provide students with opportunities to make connections between the theory and practice of academic study and the practical application of that study in a professional work environment. Internships offer the opportunity to "try out" a career while gaining relevant experience and professional connections.

During the summer vacation after 4th Semester, students are ready for industrial experience. Therefore, they may choose to undergo Internship /Innovation /Entrepreneurship related activities. Students may choose either to work on innovation or entrepreneurial activities resulting in start- up or undergo internship with industry/ NGO's/ Government organizations/ Micro/ Small/ Medium enterprises to make themselves ready for the industry. In case a student wants to pursue his/her family business and don't want to undergo internship, a declaration by a parent may be submitted directly to the TPO.

- 1. **Offline internship in industry** Student is supposed to produce joining letter for starting and relieving letter once the internship is over in case of Offline internship in any industry.
- 2. **Online internship** Student can select from any of approved /supported / recommended by the All India Council of Technical Education for Internship (like Internshala/ NEAT/ Gujarat Knowledge Society Initiative etc.) or Approved by the state government or University approved.
- 3. A Mini Project On some suitable topic related to respective branch. It can be small fabrication/ Experimental results/ simulations/ Application development / Design and / or Analysis of System(s) etc. depending on the branch of the student. Preferably a single student should carry out a mini-project.

#### 2. COMPETENCY

The purpose of this course is to help the student to attain flavor of the following industry identified competency through summer internship experiences:

• Develop multiple types of skills such as planning, communication, collaboration, decision making / Problem solving and management skills along with selected technical knowledge.

#### 3. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

The practical exercises, the underpinning knowledge and the relevant soft skills associated with the identified competency are to be developed in the student for the achievement of the following COs:

- a) Be aware of duty, professional responsibility and ethics of an engineer.
- b) Able to communicate effectively, develop professional work reports and presentations in the working environment.
- c) Develop awareness about general workplace behavior and build interpersonal and team skills.
- d) Obtain exposure and practical experience in the related field.
- e) Able to apply theoretical knowledge to solve industrial problems.

Teaching Scheme Total Credits					Examination Scheme					
(In	Hours	5)	(L+T+P/2)	Theor	heory Marks Practical Marks		l Marks			
L	т	Р	С	СА	ESE	СА	ESE	Total Marks		
0	0	6	3	0	0	50	50	100		

#### 4. TEACHING AND EXAMINATION SCHEME

- 1. Offline internship in industry: CA will be carried out based on submitted progress card by Industry resource person and ESE / Assessment will be carried out by institute resource persons.
- 2. **Online internships: CA** will be carried out based on submitted certificate and **ESE** / Assessment will be carried out by institute resource persons.
- 3. A Mini Project: CA and ESE will be carried out based on project work by institute resource persons.
- Legends: L Lecture; T Tutorial/Teacher Guided Theory Practice; P Practical; C Credit, CA - Continuous Assessment; ESE - End Semester Examination.

#### List of Documents to be prepared for Submission:

- Detailed report duly signed and approved by the internal/external mentor.
- Presentation softcopy approved by the internal/external mentor.
- Poster of summer internship activities approved by the internal/external mentor.

#### Sample forms for Registration and Evaluation of Summer Internship-II are given below:

- 1) Both forms are mandatory to be filled at the commencement and completion of SI respectively.
- 2) It is recommended to file and map SI-I Registration (semester 3) and Evaluation with respective forms of SI-II (Semester 5) so that students get enough exposure of industry / technology. (Mapping doesn't mean same industry/ company/ project - it can be independent/ different also.)
- 3) Mapping will ease CA and ESE Evaluations.
- 4) A Seminar / Webinar can be arranged so that students coming from different industry / institute / project background can share experiences and learnings to their peers / all students of the same department.
- 5) Attached formats for Registration, Completion and Evaluation are suggestive. But, adhering to these formats is anticipated.

#### Summer Internship-II Registration Form

#### Note: Students needs to submit this registration form after finalizing mode of internship.

	Student Details									
Enrollment Number										
Student Name										
Student Details	Mobile Number:									
	Email Address:									
Branch										
Code of the Institute	Code of the Institute Name of the Institute:									
Mentor Details (Institute)	Name:									
	Designation:									
	Mobile No:									
	Email Address:									
Industry Details	Name:									
	Address:									
	Email:									
	Phone:									
	Website:									
Mentor Details (Industry)	Name:									
	Designation:									
	Mobile No:									
	Email Address									
Mode of Internship Carried Out	Online / Offline/ Mini Project									
Title of the Project/ Internship carried out										
Nature of Work Carried Out / Type of Industry	Power System / Power Electronics / Electrical Drives / Power Generation / Power Transmission / Power Distribution / Processing Plant / etc.									
	Other type please Specify									

#### **Student Signature**

Faculty Signature

[Company or Institute letter head]

No:	Date
то wh	IOM SO EVER IT MAY CONCERN
This is to certify that, Mr. /Mrs	
Enrollment No	student of
has successfully completed a two-week In	ternship in the field of
From the date:	to date:
[90% Attendance is mand	datory for completion of Internship]
During the period of his / her summer in following different processes and was fou	nternship program with us, He / She was exposed to the ind sincere and hardworking.
1	
2	
3	
4	
Mentor Signature	Head of the Department
Stamp	Stamp

# Summer Internship-II-Evaluation Rubrics for Industry

## **Evaluation Rubrics (Industry)**

#### **Enrollment No:**

## Name of the Student:\_\_\_\_\_\_ Date of Evaluation:

Branch:

Continuous Assessment – 50 Marks CA (I) (To be carried out by the Industrial mentor) Minimum Passing Marks: 25							
Parameter	Excellent Good		Average	Not up the level of Satisfaction	Obtained		
Mark range	8 to 10	6 to 7	4 to 5	Below 4	Warks		
Demonstrates skills needed for assigned tasks and effective use of engineering tools and techniques. (10 Marks)							
Maintains professional manner / appearance and Manages time/resources effectively. <b>(10 marks)</b>							
Receiving and providing feedback during the internship period. <b>(10 marks)</b>							
Team work in the organization and adaptation capacity. (10 marks)							
Dedication towards assigned task. (10 marks)							
Ī	otal Marks Ob	otained Out of	50 CA (I)				

Industrial Mentor Name:

#### Summer Internship-II-Evaluation Rubrics for Institute

#### **Evaluation Rubrics (Institute)**

#### **Enrollment No:**

Signature:

#### Name of the Student:\_\_\_\_\_Date of Evaluation:

End Semester Examination/Institute/Internal Evaluation: 50 Marks ESE(V) (To be carried out by the Institute Mentor) Minimum Passing Marks:25							
Parameter	Excellent	Good	Average	Not up the level of Satisfaction	Obtained Marks		
Mark range	8 to 10	6 to 7	4 to 5	Below 4	iviarks		
Technical knowledge and awareness related to the specific discipline. (10 Marks)							
Intern attendance and punctuality during the internship period. (10 Marks)							
Skills learnt during internship. <b>(10 Marks)</b>							
Protocol and Processes learnt during the internship. <b>(10 Marks)</b>							
Report writing and Presentation Skill. (10 Marks)							
	T	otal Marks Ob	tained Out of 5	50 ESE(V)			

Signature:

Institute Resource Examiner Name:

Branch:

#### Common Note:

- 1) For Summer Internship / Projects / Seminar etc. Evaluation is based on work done, quality of report, performance in viva-voce, presentation etc. The internal / external assessment is based on the student's performance in viva-voce / work record respectively.
- 2) In case Industry Supervisor is not available / Institute Mentor/ Faculty can fill up both.

#### 5. AFFECTIVE DOMAIN OUTCOMES

The following affective Domain Outcomes (ADOs) are embedded in many of the abovementioned COs. More could be added to fulfill the development of this course competency.

- a) Work as a leader/a team member in the role of an Engineer.
- b) Practice environmentally friendly methods and processes.
- c) Follow safety precautions and ethical practices.

#### 6. SUGGESTED STUDENT ACTIVITIES

- Following are the suggested student-related curricular, **co-curricular** activities which can be undertaken to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course: Students should perform following activities and prepare reports and give presentation in front of students and faculty members. They should also collect/record physical evidences for their (student's) portfolio which may be useful for their placement interviews:
- a) Perform various tasks given by industry resources person during offline internship.
- b) Perform various tasks given during online internship.
- c) Perform various task required to complete mini project work under guidance of faculty member.
- d) Summer Internship program Interns are required to give a presentation before review committee consisting of a group of academic staff members.
- e) The review committee gives feedback and suggests possible improvements in the work.
- f) At the end of the program all the Summer Internship program Interns make a poster presentation of the work carried out. The poster presentation is open to the public. It is also evaluated by faculty members.
- g) A completion certificate will be issued to all Summer Internship program Interns only after the completion of internship tenure.

#### 7. SOFTWARE/LEARNING WEBSITES

An internship is a short-term work program usually offered to students by companies and institutes who require staff for assistance at junior levels. Thus, for the students undergoing internship, a professional learning experience is provided to benefit them in their skills as well as career. It will brush existing skills and provide exposure to new skills. Generally, it is provided at entry level in the industry.

Here is a suggestive list for reference only.

- http://www.gksgujarat.org/
- https://anubandham.gujarat.gov.in/home
- https://kaushalyaskilluniversity.ac.in/
- https://www.internshala.com
- https://swayam.gov.in
- https://nptel.ac.in/
- https://neat.aicte-india.org/
- https://www.edx.org/
- https://www.coursera.org/

- https://www.udemy.com/
- https://www.linkedIn.com
- https://www.stumags.com
- https://www.letsintern.com
- https://www.internship.com
- https://www.glassdoor.com

#### 8. PO-COMPETENCY-CO MAPPING

Semester V	Summer Internship II (Course Code: 4350905)									
Schiester V	Pos									
Competency & Course Outcomes	PO 1 Basic & Discipline specific knowledge	PO 2 Problem Analysis	PO 3 Design/ developme nt of solutions	PO 4 Engineering Tools, Experiment ation & Testing	PO 5 Engineering practices for society, sustainability & environment	PO 6 Project Managem ent	PO 7 Life- long learning			
CO1) Be aware of duty, professional responsibility and ethics of an engineer.	2	1	1	1	1	1	1			
CO2) Able to communicate effectively, develop professional work reports and presentations in the working environment.	2	1	1	1	1	1	1			
CO3) Develop awareness about general workplace behavior and build interpersonal and team skills.	2	1	2	2	1	1	1			
CO4) Obtain exposure and practical experience in the related field.	1	1	2	1	1	1	1			
CO5) Able to apply theoretical knowledge to solve industrial problems.	2	1	1	1	1	1	1			

Legend: '**3'** for high, '**2**' for medium, '**1'** for low and '-' for no correlation of each CO with PO.

## 9. COURSE CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE GTU Resource Persons

Sr. No.	Name and Designation	Institute	Contact No.	Email
1	Mr.Sanjay Jamnadas Patel, BOS & Sr. Lecturer in Electrical	A.V.P.T.I., Rajkot	9427257647	<u>sipatel3012@gmail.com</u>
2	Mr.Chitrang Kamendu Vyas, Lecturer in Electrical	A.V.P.T.I., Rajkot	7405744810	<u>ckv.avp@gmail.com</u>

#### GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY (GTU)

#### Competency-focused Outcome-based Green Curriculum-2021 (COGC-2021) Semester-V

# Course Title: Electric Traction & Control

(Course Code: 4350907)

Diploma Programme in which this course is offered	Semester in which offered
Electrical Engineering	5 <sup>th</sup> Semester

#### **1. RATIONALE**

The country is leading towards the railway electrification and also moving towards metro, monorail system. The diploma student is required to know about the electric traction scheme and its latest trends. This subject is offered as one of the elective, highlighting the current and future trends in traction systems, auxiliary equipment, electric locomotives, control of traction motors and future-trends. The Diploma pass student with this elective will be able to maintain the traction systems, auxiliary equipment, electric locomotives and traction motors.

#### 2. COURSE OUTCOMES

The theory should be taught and practical should be undertaken in such a manner that students are able to acquire different learning outcomes in cognitive, psychomotor and affective domains to demonstrate the following course outcomes:

I :-Distinguish different traction systems and Differentiate services of traction system based on speed time curve.

II:-.Control different types of traction motors.

III:-Explain the distribution system of a traction system and specific energy consumption.

IV:-Use various traction system auxiliaries

V : - Latest trends in traction systems.

#### **3.TEACHING AND EXAMINATION SCHEME**

Teaching scheme Tota				Total		Examination Scheme			
(in hours)			contact	credits	Theory marks Practical n			al marks	Total
L	Т	Р	hrs/week	L+T+(P/2)	CA	ESE	СА	ESE	marks
3	0	2	5	4	70	30	25	25	150

(\*): Out of 30 marks under the theory CA, 10 marks are for assessment of the micro-project to facilitate integration of COs and the remaining 20 marks is the average of 2 tests to betaken during the semester for the assessing the attainment of the cognitive domain UOs required for the attainment of the COs.

**Legends:L**-Lecture; **T** – Tutorial/Teacher Guided Theory Practice; **P** - Practical; **C** – Credit, **CA** - Continuous Assessment; **ESE** - End Semester Examination.

#### **4.SUGGESTED LIST OF EXERCISES/PRACTICALS**

The tutorial/practical/exercises should be properly designed and implemented with an attempt to develop different types of cognitive and practical skills **(Outcomes in cognitive, psychomotor and affective domain)** so that students are able to acquire the competencies.

Note: Here only outcomes in psychomotor domain are listed as practical/exercises. However, if these practical/exercises are completed appropriately, they would also lead to development of **Programme Outcomes/Course Outcomes in affective domain** as given in a common list at the beginning of curriculum document for this programme. Faculty should refer to that common list and should ensure that students also acquire those Programme Outcomes/Course Outcomes related to affective domain.

Sr.	Unit No	Practical Exercises	Approx
No.		(Major outcomes in Psychomotor Domain)	Hours.
			required
1	I	Investigate the various traction systems in Indian railways.	02
2	I	Solve Numerical on speed time curves	02
3	I	Justify the use of D. C. Series motor as traction motor	02
4	П	Calculate energy saving by series parallel control of D. C. Motor (for two	02
		and four motors).	
5	I	Investigate the energy recovered using regenerative braking	02
6	III	Study of major equipments in AC traction substations.	02
7	Ш	Solve numerical on specific energy consumption.	02
8	IV	Study of layout of D. C. locomotive and diesel locomotive.	02
9	IV	Study of power diagram of A.C. locomotive and its equipment.	02
10	IV	Draw sketch of the Overhead current collecting equipment.	02
11	IV	Describe the train lighting system	02
12	V	Investigate various latest trends in electric traction systems	02
13	V	Understand the working of high speed train	02
14	V	Prepare A report on Traction visit / Metro visit	02
		TOTAL HOURS	26

#### Note

i. More Practical Exercises can be designed and offered by the respective course teacher to develop the present industry/traction system relevant skills/outcomes to match the COs. The above table is only a suggestive list.
ii. The following are some sample 'Process' and 'Product' related skills (more may be added/deleted depending on the course) that occur in the above listed Practical Exercises of this course required which are embedded in the COs and ultimately the competency.

Sr.no.	Sample Performance Indicators for the PrOs	Weightage in %
1.	Diagram / sketches / tables	30
2.	Conceptual clarity	20
3.	Team work & ethical values	20
4.	Experimental setup, Procedure and conduction by following	30
	safety practices.	

#### **5.UNDERPINNING THEORY**

The major underpinning theory is given below based on the higher level UOs of Revised Bloom's taxonomy that are formulated for development of the COs and competency. If required, more such UOs could be included by the course teacher to focus on attainment of COs and competency

Unit	UNIT OUTCOMES (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics
UNIT-I	1a. History of Railway. Explain types of traction	1.1 Steam, diesel, diesel-electric, Battery
TRACTION	systems and their significance.	and electric traction systems
SYSTEM AND	1b. Explain the general arrangement of	1.2 General arrangement of D.C.,A.C
SPEED TIME	different types of Electric traction systems and	single-phase, 3phase ,Composite
CURVE	their significance.	systems
	1c. Select a traction system for a given	1.3 Choice of traction system - Diesel-
	application.	Electric or Electric.
	1d.Draw the speed time curve related to	1.4 Analysis of speed time curves for main
	different traction system.	line. suburban and urban services
	1e. Solve numerical based on speed time curve.	1.5 Simplified speed time curves.
		1.6 Relationship between principal
		quantities in speed time curves
		1 7 Numerical on speed time curve
		1.7 Numerical on speed time curve
UNIT-II	2a Statethedesirablefeaturesoftractionmotors	2 1Featuresoftractionmotors
TRACTION	2h Explain Significance of D C	2.2 Significance of D C series motoras
MOTORS AND ITS	seriesmotoroverD C Shuntmotor	tractionmotor
CONTROL	2c Explainworkingofyarious A C motorsas	2 3 A C Tractionmotors-singlenhase Three
CONTROL	tractionmotors	phase LinearInductionMotor
		2 A Comparison
	2d Compare different traction	2.4 Comparison
	zu. compare unterent traction	2.5 Series parallelcontrol
	A polie dtetre stier meters	2.5 Series-parallelcontrol
	Applied to traction motors.	2.6 Open circuit, Shunt
	2T.Explaindifferenttypesofelectricbrakingsystem	andbridgetransition
		2.7Puise width
		Modulationcontrolofinductionmotors
		2.8 Typesofelectricbraking
		System.
	22 Explain the distribution & feeder	2 1 Distribution systems portaining to
	suctom partaining to traction	5.1Distribution systemsperialiting to
	2h. Classify traction substations	2 2 Traction sub
	30. Classify induition substations	3.2 I raction sub-
	3c. Describe different methods of	2 2 Mathe deffered in the twe stien such
SPECIFIC EIVERGY	reeding the traction sub-station	3.3Wethodoffeedingthetractionsub-
CONSUMPTION	30. Tractive effort	station
CALCULATION	3e. Calculate specific energy consumption.	3.4 Requirement of tractive effort
	3f. State the factors affecting Specific energy	3.5 derivation of expression for tractive
	consumption	effort
		3.5 Calculation of train resistance and
		derivation of general equation
		3.6 Energy output from driving axle
		3.7 Numerical on specific energy
		consumption
UNIT-IV	4a. Classify electric locomotive	4.1 Important features of electric
		locomotives

Electric	4b. Describe the function of auxiliaries in	4.2 Different types of locomotives
Locomotives and	traction system	4.3 Current collecting equipment 4.4
Auxiliary	4c. Describe the different current collecting	Coach wiring and lighting devices
Equipment	methods in locomotives	
	4d. Explain different control and auxiliary	4.5 Power conversion and transmission
	equipment used in the locomotive	systems
	4e. Describe the Power conversion and	
	transmission systems	4.6 Control and auxiliary equipment
	4f. Explain Coach wiring and lighting devices	
UNIT V	5a. Explain the present scenario of INDIAN	5.1 future plans for traction and present
MODERN TRENDS	Railways- High speedtraction, bullet train, hyper	day facilities in INDIAN RAILWAYS
IN ELECTRIC	loop , Metro	5.2 metro rail electrical system
TRACTION	5b.Detail the latest trends in traction.6c.	5.2.1 substation
SYSTEM	magnetic levitation	5.2.2 traction system and operational
	5d.linear Electric motor (LEM)	control centre (OCC)
		5.2.3 Earthing system and reliability
		measures
		5.3 magnetic levitation
		5.4 linear induction motor (LIM)
		5.5 high speed train on magnetic levitation
		5.6 variable frequency operation of 3
		phase induction motor
		5.7 electro magnet suspension c and
		electro dynamic suspension

#### 6.SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION TABLE WITH HOURS and MARKS (THEORY)

Unit	Unit Title	Teaching	Dis	tribution o	f Theory M	larks
No.		Hours	R	U	Α	Total
			Level	Level	Level	Marks
I	Traction System And Speed Time Curve	08	04	02	04	10
П	Traction Motors And Its Control	14	05	07	10	22
III	Feeding, Distribution System And Specific Energy	08	02	04	04	10
	Consumption Calculation					
IV	Electric Locomotives And Auxiliary Equipment	08	06	08	06	20
V	Modern Trends In Electric Traction System	04	04	04	00	08
	TOTAL	42	21	25	24	70

Legends: R = Remembrance; U = Understanding; A = Application and above levels (Revised Bloom's taxonomy) Note: This specification table shall be treated as a general guideline for students and teachers. The actual distribution of marks in the question paper may vary slightly from above table.

#### **7.SUGGESTED LIST OF STUDENT ACTIVITIES**

Other than the classroom and laboratory learning, following are the suggested student related co-curricular activities which can be undertaken to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course. Students should perform following activities in group (or individual) and prepare reports of about 10 pages for each activity. They should also collect/record physical evidence for their (student's) portfolio which may be useful for their placement interviews.

- a) Present seminar on various topic form course content
- b) Prepare a report after visiting electric traction substation / metro rail system

- c) Prepare report on the following D.C. locomotive ,A.C/DC locomotive and diesel electric locomotive
- d) Solve numerical problem regarding course contents
- e) Prepare a report on current collector system with complete arrangement of pantograph its location and electric wiring system with locomotive
- f) Seminar on latest electric traction in world.

#### 8.SUGGESTED SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES (if any)

- a) Massive open online courses (MOOCs) may be used to teach various topics/subtopics.
- b) Guide student(s) in undertaking mini-projects
- c) Arrange visit to nearby locomotive workshop / loco shed
- d) Arrange nearby visit to metro rail system
- e) Arrange nearby visit to electric locomotive loco shed
- f) Co-relating the importance of content of this course with other courses and practical applications
- g) Arrange nearby visit to traction substation
- h) Show animation/video related to course content
- i) Have group discussion on various topic on course content and get updated with latest trends in traction system

#### 9.SUGGESTED MICRO-PROJECTS:

Only one micro-project is planned to be undertaken by a student that needs to be assigned to him/her in the beginning of the semester. In the first four semesters, the micro-projects are group-based (group of 3). However, **in the fifth and sixth semesters**, the number of students in the group should not exceed three. The micro-project could be industry application based, internet-based, workshop based, laboratory-based or field-based. Each micro-project should encompass two or more COs which are in fact, an integration of PrOs, UOs and ADOs. Each student will have to maintain dated work diary consisting of individual contribution in the project work and give a seminar presentation of it before submission. The students ought to submit micro-project by the end of the semester to develop the industry-oriented COs. A suggestive list of micro-projects is given here. This has to match the competency and the COs. Similar micro-projects could be added by the concerned course teacher

- A) Prepare the model of traction substation
- B) Working model of hybrid locomotive
- C) Prepare Model for catenary system
- D) Making drawing sheet of control system and type of switch
- E) Working model of single battery system
- F) Collect the sample overhead cable, supports and line insulator
- G) Model for conductor rail system and finding the transformer rating based on loading
- H) Prepare chart of various upgrade locomotive and traction system
- I) Making drawing sheet of representing tractive effort

#### **10.SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES**

Sr.no.	Title of books	Author	Publication
1.	ELECTRIC TRACTION	J UPADHYAY,S.N.MAHENDRA	ALLIED PUBLISHERS LTD.
2.	ELECTRIC TRACTION	A.T.DOVER	MAC MILLAN, DHANPAT
			RAI AND SONS, NEW
			DELHI

3.	Power Electronics and Electric	Gonzalo Abad	John Wiley & Sons.
	Drives for Traction	Top of Form	
	Applications	Bottom of Form	
4.	Metro Rail in India for Urban	M. M. Agarwal, Sudhir Chandra,	Prabha& Co.
	Mobility	<u>K. K. Miglani</u>	
5.	Electric Traction - Motive	Andreas Steimel	OldenbourgIndustrieverlag
	Power and Energy Supply	Top of Form	
		Bottom of Form	
6.	Modern Electric Traction	Tarlok Singh	S.k. Kataria
7.	Utilization of Electrical Energy	J.B.GUPTA, <u>Rajeev Manglik</u> ,	S.K. Kataria& Sons
	and Traction	<u>RohitManglik</u>	
8.	ELECTRIC TRACTION HAND	R.B.BROOKS	SIR ISAAC PITMAN AND
	ВООК		SON LTD. LONDON
9.	MODERN ELECTRIC TRACTION	H.PARTAB	DHANPAT RAI AND SONS,
			NEW DELHI

#### List of Major Equipment/ Instrument with Broad Specifications

- i. Models of different traction systems and equipment
- ii. Working Models of different traction motor

#### 11.SOFTWARE/LEARNING WEBSITES WEBSITES

- a. www.scrailway.gov.in
- b. <u>www.wr.railnet.gov.in/bctweb/ELECTRICAL.htm</u>
- c. www.irieen.com(IndianRailwaysInstituteofElectricalEngineering,NasikRoad)
- d. www.vlab.co.in
- e. <u>www.electricaltechnology.org/</u>
- f. <u>www.electrical4u.com</u>
- g. www.lectures.gtu.ac.in
- h. <u>https://circuitglobe.com/electrical-earthing.html</u>

#### **12.PO-COMPETENCY – CO MAPPING:**

SEMESTER V	ELECTRICAL TRACTION AND CONTROL COURSE CODE (4350907)							
				POS				
Competency	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO4	PO5	PO 6	PO 7	
&	Basic &	Problem	Design/	Engineering	Engineering	Project	Life-	
Course Outcomes	Discipline	Analysis	develop	Tools,	practices for	Management	long	
	specific		ment of	Experimentation	society,		learning	
	knowledg		solution	&Testing	sustainability			
					&			
					environment			

Competency	Operate ar	Operate and maintain various types of Electrical Traction System							
Course Outcomes	3	2	2	-	3	-	2		
CO1									
Distinguish different									
traction systems									
andDifferentiate									
services of traction									
system based on									
speed time curve									
CO2	3	3	3	-	-	-	2		
Control different									
types of traction									
motors									
CO3	3	2	2	-	2	-	2		
Explain the									
distribution system									
of a traction system									
and specific energy									
consumption									
CO4	3	-	-	-	-	2	2		
Use various traction									
system auxiliaries									
CO5	3	2	-	-	3	-	2		
Latest trends in									
traction systems.									

Legend: '3' for high, '2' for medium, '1' for low and '-' for no correlation of each CO with PO.

## 13.COURSE CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE

#### GTU RESOURCE PERSON

SR.NO.	NAME	INSTITUTE	CONTACT NO.	EMAIL
1.	Smt. Devangi J Jain	B&B Institute of Technology	9724308429	devangijjain@gmail.com
		v.v.nagar		
2.	M.K.CHAWDA	Tolani F G Polytechnic Adipur	8460583331	Manishchawda1992@gmail.com

# **GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY (GTU)**

## Competency-focused Outcome-based Green Curriculum-2021 (COGC-2021) Semester-VI

## COURSE TITLE: ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION, COMMISSIONING AND MAINTENANCE (E.I.C. & M.) (Course Code: 4360901)

Diploma Program in which this course is offered	Semester in which offered
Electrical Engineering	Sixth (6 <sup>th</sup> )

## 1. RATIONALE:

Electrical Power system and Electrical system in industry & commercial places comprises of numerous electrical apparatus and equipment at distinct stages as well as in vicinity of other apparatus or equipment like transformers, rotating machines, circuit breakers and other equipment's which require installation, commissioning and regular maintenance to prevent permanent break down. Many times, an engineering diploma holder has to carryout/supervise installation, commissioning and maintenance of various electrical equipments in power stations, substations as well as industry. This course will enable the diploma pass out student to understand the significance of appropriate procedure of installation, commissioning and maintenance of electrical equipments, concepts, principles along with acquiring basic skills of installation, commissioning and maintenance of electrical equipments in power stations.

## 2. COMPETENCY:

The basic objective of this course is to develop required skills among the students so that they are able to acquire following competency:

## Undertake installation, commissioning and maintenance of various electrical Equipments and Machines

## 3. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs):

The theory should be taught and practical should be undertaken in such a manner that students are able to acquire different learning outcomes in cognitive, psychomotor and affective domains to demonstrate the following course outcomes:

- i. Install various electrical equipments/machines.
- ii. Commission & Test various electrical equipments/machines
- iii. Carryout maintenance of different electrical equipments and machines.
- iv. Troubleshoot various electrical equipments/machines and domestic electrical appliances.
- v. Apply electrical earthing, safety rules and safety practices.

## 4. TEACHING AND EXAMINATION SCHEME:

Tea	Teaching SchemeTotal CreditsExamination Scheme							
(	(In Hours) (L+T+P/2)		(L+T+P/2)	Theory Marks		Practical Marks		Total
L	Т	Р	С	CA	ESE	CA	ESE	Marks
3	0	2	4	30	70	25	25	150

(\*): Out of 30 marks under the theory CA, 10 marks are for assessment of the micro-project to facilitate integration of COs and the remaining 20 marks is the average of 2 tests to be conducted during the semester for the assessing the attainment of the cognitive domain UOs required for the attainment of the COs.

Legends: L-Lecture; T – Tutorial/Teacher Guided Theory Practice; P - Practical; C – Credit, CA - Continuous Assessment; ESE - End Semester Examination.

## 5. SUGGESTED PRACTICAL EXERCISES:

The following practical outcomes (PrOs) that are the sub-components of the COs. Some of the PrOs marked '\*' are compulsory, as they are crucial for that particular CO at the 'Precision Level' of Dave's Taxonomy related to 'Psychomotor Domain'.

Sr.	Practical Outcomes (PrOs)	Unit	Approx.
No.		No.	Hrs.
			Required
1.	Prepare layouts of wiring and plan pre-erection activity for installation of	1	2*
	different electrical machine with specification in your Electrical machine		
	Laboratory		
2.	Perform BDV test on insulating oil used in power transformer	2	2
3.	Measure insulation resistance of a winding/cables/wiring installation	2	2*
4.	Prepare test report of three phase transformer after commissioning	2	2*
5.	Prepare test report of three phase induction motor after commissioning	2	2
6.	Prepare test report of vacuum circuit breaker after commissioning	2	2*
7.	Prepare maintenance schedule for power transformer	3	2*
8.	Prepare maintenance schedule for three phase induction motor	3	2*
9.	Prepare maintenance schedule for Circuit Breaker	3	2
10.	Trouble shoot for DC Motor- Generator set available in your Electrical	4	2*
	machine laboratory.		
11.	Trouble shoot for three phase Induction Motor- Alternator set with DOL	4	2*
	starter available in your Electrical machine lab.		
12.	Trouble shoot for vacuum circuit breaker for 11 KV bus bar system	4	2
13.	Measure earth resistance of installation of building/domestic wiring and	5	2*
	appliances by different methods		
14.	Demonstrate plate/pipe earthing as per IS and measure the earth resistance	5	2
15.	Enlist the action and remedy to be taken when a person comes in contact	5	2
	with a live wire		
16.	Undertake Mock drill of students by using fire extinguisher for safety	5	2*
	against fire		

<u>Note:</u>

**i.** More Practical Exercises can be designed and offered by the respective course teacher to develop the industry relevant skills/outcomes to match the COs. The above table is only a suggestive list.

**ii.** The following are some sample 'Process' and 'Product' related skills (more may be added/deleted depending on the course) that occur in the above listed Practical Exercises of this course required which are embedded in the COs and ultimately the competency.

Sr. No	Sample Performance Indicators for the PrOs	Weightage in %
110.		
1.	Set up / Connection of experimental	20
2.	Follow safe practices measures	10
3.	Perform specific operation on the equipment or Machines	20
4.	Record observations correctly if applicable	20
5.	Interpret the result and conclude	30

## 6. MAJOR EQUIPMENT/ INSTRUMENTS REQUIRED:

This following major equipment with broad specifications for the PrOs is a guide to procure them by the administrators to usher in uniformity of practicals in all institutions across the state.

Sr. No.	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications
1.	<b>Digital Multimeter:</b> 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ digit hand held 9 V batteries operated, DC Voltage: 0 to 0.001 mV – 1000 V, AC Voltage: 0 to 0.01 mV – 1000 V, AC Current: 0 to 100 nA – 10 A, DC Current: 0 to 100 nA – 10 A.
2.	<b>Digital Tachometer:</b> Hand held, battery operated, 5digit display contact Type, 60 to 50000 R.P.M.,
3.	<b>Oil testing kit:</b> Mains Supply: 230V AC ±10%, 50Hz, Single Phase Variac: 230V/ 0-270V, High Voltage Source: 80kV, 20mA, Voltmeter: 0 to 100kV
4.	Megger: Insulation Testing: 250V:500V:1000V:1000 MΩ range, Auto-ranging, Auto discharge
5.	<b>Oil Testing kit:</b> Power supply - 240V AC $\pm 10\%$ , 50 Hz (single phase), with both fully Automated and manual operation, output range – 0 to 80 KV, output current – 20mA or may vary, resolution 0.1KV.

## 7. AFFECTIVE DOMAIN OUTCOMES

The following sample Affective Domain Outcomes (ADOs) are embedded as per respective abovementioned COs and PrOs. More could be supplemented to fulfil the development of this course competency.

- **a.** Develop skill for Installation of electrical equipments
- **b.** Develop skill for commissioning of electrical equipments
- c. Develop skill for maintenance of electrical equipments

- d. Develop skill for trouble shooting of distinct kind of faults in electrical equipments
- e. Follow safety practices while using electrical Machines and Equipments.
- f. Practice environment friendly methods and processes. (Environment related)

The ADOs are developed through the laboratory/field-based exercises. Moreover, the level of achievement of the ADOs according to Krathwohl's 'Affective Domain Taxonomy' should gradually increase as planned below:

- **a.** 'Valuing Level' in 1<sup>st</sup>year
- **b.** 'Organization Level' in 2 <sup>nd</sup>year
- **c.** 'Characterization Level' in 3<sup>rd</sup> year

## 8. UNDERPINNING THEORY:

The major underpinning theory is given below based on the higher level UOs of *Revised Bloom's taxonomy* that are formulated for development of the COs and competency. If required, more such COs could be included by the course teacher to focus on attainment of COs and competency.

Units	Major Learning outcomes	Topic and Sub-topics
Unit – I Installation of Electrical Equipment	<ul> <li>1a. Describe the planning before unloading of heavy electrical equipments at site</li> <li>1b. Select appropriate tools for installation of electrical equipment</li> <li>1c. Explain the procedure for handling, inspection, storage and installation of static and rotating electrical equipment as well as for Solar plant and wind plant</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>1.1 Unloading of electrical equipment at site</li> <li>1.2 Inspection of electrical equipment at site</li> <li>1.3 Storage electrical equipment at site</li> <li>1.4 Foundation electrical equipment at site</li> <li>1.5 Alignment of electrical machines</li> <li>1.6 Lists of Tools/Instruments required for installation</li> <li>1.7 Technical report, Inspection, storage &amp; handling of transformer, switchgear &amp; motors and Standard Field quality plan for installation of Power transformer, HT Motor and SF6 circuit breaker.</li> </ol>
		1.8 Standard procedure for Installation of domestic and industrial Solar plant and wind plant
Unit – II Commissioning and Testing	<ul> <li>2a. Describe various commissioning tests on electrical equipment/machines</li> <li>2b. Describe the specific test on electrical equipment/machines</li> <li>2c. Explain the standard tests performed on insulation oil</li> <li>2d. Determine the insulation resistance of electrical equipment/machines</li> <li>2e. Explain the procedure of</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>2.1 Tests before commissioning of electrical equipment-Electrical and Mechanical test, Preparations before commissioning of power transformer, Instruments required for testing</li> <li>2.2 Specific tests on -Transformer, Induction motor, alternator, synchronous motor</li> <li>2.3 Commissioning of power transformer, three phase induction motor and switchgear</li> <li>2.4 Transformer insulation oil: Properties as per IS, sampling, testing and filtering/purifying, standard tests as per IS, classification of insulation resistance</li> <li>2.5 Measurement of insulation resistance and</li> </ul>

	<ul> <li>drying the winding of electrical equipment/machines</li> <li>2f. Explain the various factor affecting the insulation resistance</li> <li>2g. Explain the need for gradual loading of electrical equipment</li> <li>2h. Commissioning and testing of GIS substation Installation.</li> <li>2i. Commissioning and testing of Solar plant and wind plant</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Polarization Index, Factors affecting the insulation resistance of insulating materials</li> <li>2.6 Drying the winding of electrical equipment and its record</li> <li>2.7 Tests before and after commissioning of the Power transformer, Induction motor and HV circuit breaker</li> <li>2.8 Test report on commissioning and test certificate.</li> <li>2.9. Gradually loading of electrical equipment and Commissioning &amp; testing of GIS substation Equipments</li> <li>2.10 Standard procedure for Commissioning</li> </ul>			
		wind plant.			
Unit – III Maintenance of Electrical Equipment	<ul> <li>3a. Explain the need of different types of maintenance</li> <li>3b. Explain the reason of failure of electrical equipment due to poor maintenance</li> <li>3c. Prepare maintenance schedule of different equipment</li> <li>3d. State the probable faults due to poor maintenance in various electrical equipment</li> <li>3e. Conditioning &amp; monitoring of electrical equipment used in power system</li> <li>3f. Prepare Maintenance schedule of domestic and industrial Solar plant and wind plant and their core components</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>3.1 Need and functions of the Maintenance Department; Reasons of failure of electrical equipment</li> <li>3.2 Preventive maintenance: need, classification, activities, advantages and Frequency of maintenance</li> <li>3.3 Breakdown maintenance: concept, advantages, activities</li> <li>3.4 Factors for preparing maintenance schedule</li> <li>3.5 Maintenance schedule of transformer below and above 1000kVA</li> <li>3.6 Maintenance schedule - Induction motor, Alternator used in TPP and SF6 circuit Breaker</li> <li>3.7 Probable faults due to poor maintenance in transformer, induction motor, Alternator, circuit breaker, overhead lines, battery and solar plant inverter.</li> <li>3.8 Advantages of conditioning and monitoring of equipments</li> <li>3.9 Conditioning and monitoring of three phase Transformer and three phase Induction Motor</li> <li>3.10 Maintenance of domestic and industrial Solar plant and their core components and wind plant</li> </ul>			
Unit – IV	4a. State various internal and	4.1 Causes of faults in electrical equipment			
Troubleshooting	external faults that occur in	(Internal and external)			
Electrical	electrical equipment	4.2 Instruments and tools for trouble shooting			
equipments	<b>40.</b> State common troubles in	4.5 Common troubles in electrical equipment			
	and machines	Transformers, Circuit-breaker, under-			

	<ul> <li>4c. Prepare trouble shooting chart for various electrical equipment, machines and domestic appliances.</li> <li>4d. State common causes of faults and their trouble shooting in domestic and industrial Solar Plant and wind plant</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>ground cable, electrical Installation</li> <li>4.4 Need of trouble shooting chart.</li> <li>4.5 Trouble shooting chart for DC Machine and both 1 Phase and 3 Phase Transformer.</li> <li>4.6 Trouble shooting chart for Synchronous Motor, Induction Motor and Alternator for thermal power plant.</li> <li>4.7 Trouble shooting chart for SF6 Circuit- breaker and Vacuum Circuit-breaker.</li> <li>4.8 Trouble shooting chart for Domestic appliances-electrical iron, ceiling fan, washing machine, Air cooler</li> <li>4.9 Common causes of faults and their trouble shooting in domestic and industrial Solar Plant and wind plant</li> </ul>
Unit – V	5a. Explain the major causes of	5.1 Major causes of electrical accidents
Electrical	electrical accidents and their	5.2 Consequences of electrical accidents,
Safety	<b>5b</b> Explain the need of earthing	shock and Preventive steps against
	and the different methods of	electrical accidents
	earthing	5.3 Necessity of earthing, various factors
	<b>5c.</b> Explain the various factors affecting on the earth	affecting on the earth resistance, advantages and types of earth electrodes
	resistance	5.4 Methods of earthing: plate earthing, pipe
	<b>5d.</b> Describe the various methods	earthing and coil earthing and Chemical
	of measuring the earth resistance	5.5 Measurement of earth resistance:
	<b>5e.</b> Explain the earthing procedure	voltmeter-ammeter method, earth tester
	in different types of electrical	method, ohm meter method and earth
	installations 5f Describe the procedure for	loop tester method 5.6 Earthing procedure - Building installation
	shutting down of substation	Domestic appliances, Industrial premises,
	and power lines	earthing of substation, generating station
	<b>5g.</b> Explain the operation of different types of first	and overhead line
	extinguishers	of substation and Certificate of (i)
		requisition for shut down (ii) Permit to
		work and (iii) Line clear certificate
		5.8 Fire Extinguishers-Fixed installation and
		portable devices

Sr.	Unit Title	Teaching	Distribution of Theory Marks			
No.		Hours	R Level	U Level	A Level	Total Marks
1.	Installation of Electrical Equipment	08	7	3	4	14
2.	Commissioning and Testing	10	3	4	7	14
3.	Maintenance of Electrical Equipment	10	4	3	7	14
4.	Trouble Shooting of Electrical Equipment	08	3	4	7	14
5.	Electrical Accidents & Safety	06	4	7	3	14
Total		42	21	21	28	70

## 9. SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION TABLE FOR QUESTIONPAPER DESIGN:

Legends: R=Remember, U=Understand, A=Apply and above (Revised Bloom's taxonomy)

<u>Note</u>: This specification table provides general guidelines to assist students for their learning and to teachers to teach and question paper designers/setters to formulate test items/questions to assess the attainment of the COs. The actual distribution of marks at different taxonomy levels (of R, U and A) in the question paper may slightly vary from above table.

## **10. SUGGESTED STUDENT ACTIVITIES:**

Other than the classroom and laboratory learning, following are the suggested student-related cocurricular activities which can be performed to meliorate the attainment of the various outcomes of the course: Students should perform following activities individually or in group to accomplish distinct task and prepare reports of about min 5 pages for each activity. They should also collect/record physical evidences for their (student's) portfolio which may be useful for their placement:

Followings are the list of proposed student activities such as:

- I. Prepare journals based on practical performed in laboratory
- II. Enlist latest equipment and tools used for the commissioning of the machines and equipments
- III. Solving numerical from different books for practice
- IV. List various instruments and tools used for troubleshooting
- V. Explore latest trouble shooting techniques and steps to troubleshoot various electrical equipments and machines by expert lecture, webinar and Industrial visits
- VI. Prepare trouble shooting chart for various electrical equipments
- VII. Inspect all the earthing point within college campus and measure their values
- VIII. Site visit for installation, commissioning and testing of Transformer/Rotating AC machine

## 11. SUGGESTED SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES (if any)

#### This is as

I. Show video/animation film to demonstrate earthing, grounding

- II. Arrange a visit to nearby industry/substation to observe installation/commissioning and troubleshooting of various electrical equipment and machines.
- III. Use Flash/Animations to demonstrate installation of various electrical equipment and devices.
- IV. Arrange expert lectures of the professional engineers involved in installation, commissioning and testing of heavy power equipments/machines.
- V. Allocate Mini projects to students

## **12. SUGGESTED MICRO-PROJECT LIST:**

**Only one micro-project** is planned to be undertaken by a student that needs to be assigned to him/her in the beginning of the semester. However, in the fifth and sixth semesters, microproject should preferably be assigned **individually** undertaken to build up the skill and confidence in every student to become problem solver so that she/he contributes to the projects of the industry. In special situations where groups have to be formed for micro-projects, the number of students in the group should **not exceed three**.

The micro-project could be industry application based, internet-based, workshop-based, laboratory-based or field-based. Each micro-project should encompass two or more COs which are in fact, an integration of PrOs & COs. Each student will have to maintain dated work diary consisting of individual contribution in the project work and give a seminar presentation of it before submission. The duration of the microproject should be about 14-16 (fourteen to sixteen) student engagement hours during the course. The students ought to submit micro-project by the end of the semester to develop the industry-oriented COs.

A suggestive list of micro-projects is given here. This has to match the competency and the COs. Similar micro-projects could be added by the concerned course teacher:

Sr. No.	Projects
1.	Prepare chart of planning for inspection of any of electrical machines / Equipments. (Existing
	in your laboratory)
2.	Enlist necessary tools and Instruments used for Installation of electrical machines / Equipments
3.	Enlist commissioning test to be carried out on any of electrical machines / Equipments
4.	Prepare report on tests conducted on Insulating oil in laboratory.
5.	Prepare chart for maintenance schedule of solar roof top installed at your institute premises.
6.	Prepare chart for maintenance schedule of UPS set installed within your institute premises.
7.	Enlist the common probable faults occurring in the any of electrical machines / Equipments.
8.	Prepare causes of faults along with their trouble shooting chart for any of electrical machines /
	Equipments
9.	Prepare chart with neat diagram for any of earthing methods along its significance
10.	Prepare report of earthing resistance of each earth points existing within college campus.
11.	Prepare maintenance schedule for both domestic and industrial solar plants.
12.	Prepare maintenance schedule for wind plant.
13.	Prepare charts or PPT for causes of electrical accidents.

## Note: 'Any' stands for name of particular electrical machine or equipment

## **13. SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES:**

Sr.	Title of Book	Author	Publication
No.			
1.	Installation Maintenance and Repair of Electrical	Madhvi	S.K. Kataria & Sons,
	Machines and Equipments	Gupta	New Delhi
2.	Electrical Workshop Safety Commissioning Maintenance & Testing of Electrical Equipment	R. P. Singh	Dreamtech Press
3.	Installation, Commissioning and Maintenance of	Tarlok Singh	S. K. Kataria & Sons,
	Electrical equipment		New Delhi
4.	Testing Commissioning Operation and Maintenance	S. Rao	Khanna Publication, New
	of Electrical Equipments		Delhi
5.	Electrical Power System	C. L.	New Age International
		Wadhwa	Publications, New Delhi
6.	Residential, Commercial and Industrial Electrical	Hemant Joshi	Dreamtech Press
	Systems: Protection, Testing and Commissioning		

## 14. SOFTWARE/LEARNING WEBSITES

- 1. <u>http://cercind.gov.in/ElectSupplyAct1948.pdf</u>
- 2. <u>https://cea.nic.in/wp-</u> content/uploads/pse\_\_\_td/2021/09/Transformer\_Manual\_\_Amendment\_01.pdf
- 3. https://www.youtube.com/live/-G9sv557tNk?si=aKuyqRZiaKwD8J5a
- 4. <u>https://youtu.be/CvuDFgFFOa8?si=H-v3LZMygCdeotoM</u>
- 5. <u>https://youtu.be/KOH1TVf1EuY?si=qDJ5iHytJnSJkZyI</u>
- 6. <u>https://www.getcogujarat.com/getco\_newsite/files/safetypolicy.pdf</u>

## **15. PO-COMPETENCY-CO MAPPING:**

Semester VI	Electrical Installation, Commissioning and Maintenance (Course Code:4360901)					enance	
		POs					
Competency & Course Outcomes	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
UndertakeInstallation,Commissioning and Maintenance of various power system components and equipment.							
CO1: Install various electrical equipments/machines.	3			2	2	2	2
CO2: Commission & Test various electrical equipments/machines	3	2	2	3	2	1	
CO3: Carryout maintenance of different electrical equipments and machines.	2	2		3	2		2
CO4: Troubleshoot for various electrical equipments/machines and domestic electrical appliances.	3	2	2	3			2
CO5: Apply safety rules, safety practices and electrical earthing.	2			2	3	2	3

Abbreviation: '3' for high, '2' for medium, '1' for low and '-' for no correlation of each CO with PO.

## 16. COURSE CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE

## **GTU Resource Persons:**

Sr. No.	Name and Designation	Institute	Contact No.	Email
1.	Ashok N. Lakum (Lecturer)	C. U. Shah Polytechnic, Surendranagar	9825721872	ashok.lakum7@gmail.com
2.	Ankit K. Tiwari (Lecturer)	C. U. Shah Polytechnic, Surendranagar	7984747564	ankittiwaricusp@gmail.com
## GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY (GTU)

## Competency-focused Outcome-based Green Curriculum-2021 (COGC-2021) Semester-VI

## Course Title: Microprocessor and Controller Applications (Course Code:4360902)

Diploma programmer in which this course is offered	Semester in which offered
ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING	6 <sup>th</sup>

#### **1. RATIONALE**

The microprocessor is challenging and very dynamic field. This course explores architecture of a microprocessor and its programming in assembly language. The student will be able to apply logics to various given problems and develop programs using assembly language construct that would help them to develop real time microprocessor based application programs.

The engineering technologists (i.e. diploma engineering holders) have to develop skills for system design of Automatic circuit operations in various fields. Microprocessors & Microcontroller are the sole of all embedded electronic equipment and are used in most of the areas of electronics. They include product ranges from tiny consumer electronic products to complex industrial process controllers. A diploma engineer needs to maintain such systems. Programming practices will further help the students to develop indigenous microprocessor and microcontroller-based applications. Hence this course is designed to achieve the system maintenance competency among students.

Under this subjects Architecture and instruction sets of 8 bit processor have been discussed. Microcontroller (MC) may be called computer on the chip since it has basic features of a microprocessor with internal ROM, RAM, Parallel and serial ports within a single chip. Microcontroller is a programmable digital processor with necessary peripherals. Both microcontrollers and microprocessors are complex sequential digital circuits meant to carry out job according to the program / instructions. Sometimes analog input/output interface makes a part of microcontroller circuit of mixed mode (both analog and digital nature).

## 2. COMPETENCY

The course content should be taught and implemented with the aim to develop different types of skills so that students are able to acquire following competency:

- Maintain microprocessor-based system.
- Maintain microcontroller-based system/equipment.

## 3. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

The theory should be taught and practical should be carried out in such a manner that students are able to acquire different learning outcomes in cognitive, psychomotor and affective domain to demonstrate following course outcomes.

I :-Interpret the salient features of 8085 microprocessor.

II :- Interpret the salient features of 8051 microcontrollers.

III :- Apply knowledge of microprocessor and microcontroller in various applications.

IV :-Maintain PLC and SCADA based system.

## 4. TEACHING AND EXAMINATION SCHEME

Teach	ing Sc	heme	Total Credits	Examination Scheme				
(Ir	n Hour	·s)	(L+T+P/2)	Theory	y Marks	Practica	l Marks	Total
L	Т	Р	С	CA	ESE	CA	ESE	Marks
3	0	2	4	30	70	25	25	150

Out of 30 marks under the theory CA, 10 marks are for assessment of the micro project to facilitate integration of COs and the remaining 20 marks is the average of 2 tests to be taken during the semester for the assessing the attainment of the cognitive domain UOs required for the attainment of the COs.

**Legends:L**-Lecture;**T**-Tutorial/TeacherGuidedTheoryPractice;**P**-Practical;**C**-Credit, **CA**-Continuous Assessment; **ESE**-End Semester Examination.

## **5. SUGGESTED PRACTICAL EXERCISES:**

The following practical outcomes (PrOs) are the sub-components of the Course Outcomes (Cos)

Sr. No.	Practical Outcomes (PrOs)	Unit No.	Approx. Hrs. Required
1	Explore various blocks of Microprocessor System.	Ι	2
2	Demonstrate the architecture of 8085 microprocessor.	-	2
3	Test and verify the features of 8085 Trainer Kit.	Ι	2
4	Test and verify the features of 8051 Trainer Kit.	Ш	2
5	Identify various pin of Microprocessor chip 8085.	I	2

6	Identify various pin of Microcontroller chip 8051.	II	2
7	Learn architecture of Microcontroller chip 8051.	11	2
8	Demonstrate of kit/simulator of 8085.	I	2
9	Use 8085 Simulation tool / Trainer kit for running ASM programs.	I	2
10	Develop assembly language program for arithmetic addition of two 8-bit numbers using $\mu$ P 8085 kit/8085 Simulator.	I	2
11	Develop assembly language program for arithmetic subtraction of two numbers using $\mu$ P 8085 kit/8085 Simulator.	I	2
12	Develop assembly language program for arithmetic multiplication of two numbers using $\mu$ P 8085 kit/8085 Simulator.	I	2
13	Develop assembly language program to find One's Complement of an 8-bit Number.	I	2
14	Develop assembly language program to find Two's Complement of an 8-bit Number.	I	2
15	Use 8051 Simulation tool / Trainer kit for running ASM programs.	П	2
16	Implement a program to exchange the content of two memory locations.	I	2
17	Implement a program to perform Exclusive OR of two numbers.	I	2
18	Use 8085 microprocessor for SCR firing angle control.	111	2
19	Design 1-kilobyte Memory Interface with 8085 microprocessor.		2
20	Use arithmetic function of PLC for a typical application	IV	2
21	Use timer function of PLC for a typical application(introduce delay).	IV	2
22	Develop an application of PLC using Up-Down Counter.	IV	2
23	Study hardware and software associated with PLC.	IV	2
24	Understand Simple Ladder program of PLC using kit/Virtual lab.	IV	2
25	Study computational / arithmetic instructions used in PLC ladder programming using kit/Virtual lab.	IV	2
	Minimum10 Practical Exercises		28

#### Note:

- a) More Practical Exercises can be designed and offered by there respective course teacher to develop the industry relevant skills/outcomes to match the COs. The above table is only a suggestive list.
- b) The following are some **sample** 'Process' and 'Product' related skills (more may be added/deleted depending on the course) that occur in the above listed **Practical Exercises** of this course required which are embedded in the COs and ultimately the competency.

Sr.No.	Sample Performance Indicators for the PrOs	Weightage in %
1	Prepare and operate experimental setup	30
2	Follow safe practices	10
3	Executing of exercise	30
4	Interpret the result and conclude	10
5	Quality of Answer related to experiment(Q&A)	20
	Total	100

#### 6. MAJOR EQUIPMENT/ INSTRUMENTS REQUIRED

Sr.No.	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications
1	8085 microprocessor trainer kit with necessary accessories.
2	Microcontroller 8051 trainer kit with necessary accessories.
3	Free simulation tools
4	Computer System
5	Multimedia Projector
6	Kit for add on cards for performing different applications of PLC.
7	Power supply for above kits and applications

#### 7. AFFECTIVE DOMAIN OUTCOMES

The following *sample* Affective Domain Outcomes (ADOs) are embedded in many of the above-mentioned Cos and PrOs, more could be added to fulfill the development of this course competency.

- a) Work as a leader/a team member(while doing a micro-project).
- b) Follow ethical practices.
- c) Work as a group member (while performing experiments and taking readings).
- d) Practice environmental friendly methods and processes. (Environment related).

The ADOs are best developed through the laboratory/field based exercises. Moreover, the level of achievement of the ADOs according to Krathwohl's' Affective Domain Taxonomy' should gradually increase as planned below:

- I. 'ValuingLevel'in1<sup>st</sup>year
- II. 'OrganizationLevel'in2<sup>nd</sup>year.
- III. 'CharacterizationLevel'in3<sup>rd</sup> year.

## 8. UNDERPINNING THEORY:

The major underpinning theory is given below based on the higher level UOs of *Revised Bloom's taxonomy* that are formulated for development of the Cos and competency. If required, more such UOs could be included by the course teacher to focus on attainment of CO s and competency.

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics	
Unit I:	1a.Distinguish between a microprocessor and a microcomputer.	1.1 Introduction of Microprocessor, microcomputer.	
Basics of	1b.List advantages and disadvantages of	1.2 Von-Neumann architecture	
Microprocessor	microprocessor control.	1.3 Advantages and disadvantages of microprocessor control.	
	1c.Explain microprocessor based system with bus Architecture.	<ol> <li>1.4 Organization of a Microprocessor- Based System.</li> <li>1.5 CPU, Control Unit, Arithmetic logic</li> </ol>	
	1d. Define various buses and their functions	<ul> <li>Unit (ALU), Memory Unit, Power Unit and Input-Output unit.</li> <li>1.6 Concept of Bus, Microprocessor Buorganization : Data Bus, Address Buorganization Bus.</li> </ul>	
	1e.Explain the difference between machine language and assembly language of the 8085 microprocessor.	1.7 Define machine language ,assembly language, low level language and high-level language.	
	<ul><li>1f. Explain low level language and high level language.</li><li>1g. Describe ASCII code.</li></ul>	1.8 Define ASCII code.	

	1h.List the operations of microprocessor	<ol> <li>1.9 Operations of microprocessor: internal data operations, microprocessor initiated operations and peripheral or external initiated operations.</li> </ol>
	1i. Describe Pins diagram of 8085 microprocessor.	1.10 Pin details of 8085 and related signals.
	1j.Explain block diagram of 8085 microprocessor.	1.11 Architecture of intel-8085- registers, timing and control, add
	1k. Classify interrupts.	interrupts, serial input and output
	1l. Explain various flags in 8085 microprocessor.	control. 1.12 Registers, Accumulator, Flags, Program Counter, Stack pointer,
	1m.Explain Demultiplexing of Address/Data Bus.	memory 1.13 Demultiplexing of address and data bus by ALE signal.
	1n. Describe Working of 8085 microprocessor.	1.14 Instruction fetching operation 1.15 Decoding and Execution of Instruction
	<ol> <li>Interpret addressing modes and operations with various types of instruction.</li> </ol>	<ul><li>1.16 List Various addressing modes</li><li>1.17 Instruction set of 8085.</li><li>1.18 Instruction Word Size</li></ul>
	1p. Classify Instruction Word Size	1.19 Simple programs with 8085 instruction (only simple arithmetic
	1q. Develop simple assembly language programs	operations- addition, subtraction, One's Complement, Two's Complement)
UNIT: II.	2a.Describe the function of each pins	2.1 Introduction to microcontroller.
Basics of Microcontroller	of 8051 chip	2.2 Pin diagram of 8051 microcontroller and Functions of each pin of 8051.
8051	2b.Explain 8051 architecture with block diagram.	2.3 Blocks of Microcontroller 8051: ALU, PC, DPTR, PSW, Internal RAM, Internal ROM, SFRs, General
	2c.Explain brief internal memory and external memory in reference to 8051 microcontroller.	purpose registers, Timer/Counter, Interrupt, Ports. 2.4 Concept of Internal memory and 2.5 External memory (RAM and ROM)
	2d. Define Special Function Registers in 8051	<ul><li>2.6 Internal RAM structure.</li><li>2.7 Various registers and SFRs of 8051.</li></ul>

	2e. Differentiate Stack, Stack Pointer	2.8Stack, Stack Pointer and Stack		
	and stack operation	operation		
	2f.Describe External Memory	2.9 External Memory Interfacing with		
	Interfacing with 8051.	8051.		
	2g. Compare microprocessors and	2.10 Comparison between		
	microcontrollers.	microprocessor and microcontroller.		
UNIT: III	3a. Compare various types of	3.1 Different types of memories:ROM,		
Microprocessor	semiconductor memories.	RAM, PROM, EPROM, EEPROM.		
and	3b. Explain interfacing of	<ul><li>3.2 Memory Interfacing.</li><li>3.3 Data transfer Techniques in</li></ul>		
Microcontroller	microprocessor with memory.			
Applications	3c. Explain Data transfer scheme in	microprocessor based system.		
	microprocessor based system.	and microcontroller:		
	3d. Describe use of	3 4 1Temperature control of furnace		
	microprocessor/microcontroller for	using microprocessor		
	temperature control of furnace	3.4.2 SCR firing angle control using micro		
	3e. Describe use of microprocessor for	processor,		
	SCR firing angle control	3.5 Data acquisition system.		
	3f. Explain Data acquisition system.			
UNIT: IV	4a. Explain working of each module of	4.1 Introduction of Programmable logic		
Recent trends in	PLC.	controller		
controller.		4.2 Basic difference between PLC and		
	4b. Compare relay panel and PLC.	digital computer.		
		4.3 Role of automation in Industries.		
	4c. State the criteria for selection of	4.4 Benefits of Automation 4.5 Necessity of PLC		
	PLC for the given application.			
		4.0 History and evolution of PLC		
	4d. Explain architecture of PLC.	PLC.		
		4.8 Simple Block diagram of PLC		
	4e. Give advantages and	4.9 Architecture of PLC		
	disadvantages of PLC.	4.10 Inputs/Outputs		
		4.11 Some terms regarding PLC: Souring		
	4f. List the applications of PLC.	and Sinking, Set-Reset, Latch-		
	Ag Describe the functions of SCADA	Unlaton.		
	He rescribe the functions of SCADA.	programme in PLC.		
	4h State the applications of SCADA	4.13 Advantages and disadvantages of		
		PLC		
		4.14 Types of PLC		
		4.15 Selecting a PLC		

4.16 Applications of PLC
4.17 Introduction to SCADA
4.18 SCADA functions
4.19 Components of SCADA and Block
diagram
4.20 Configuration of communication
system
4.21 Applications of SCADA.

## 9. SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION TABLE FOR QUESTION PAPER DESIGN:

Unit	Unit Title	Teaching	Distribution of Theory Marks			rks
No.		Hours	R Level	U Level	A Level	Total Marks
I	Basics of Microprocessor	14	8	10	6	24
11	Basics of Microcontroller 8051	10	7	7	2	16
Ш	Microprocessor and Microcontroller Applications	10	6	6	4	16
IV	Recent trends in Controller	08	5	7	2	14
	Total	42	26	30	14	70

*Legends:*R=Remember,U=Understand,A=Applyandabove(RevisedBloom'staxonomy)

<u>Note</u>: Thisspecificationtableprovidesgeneralguidelinestoassiststudentsfortheirlearnin gandtoteacherstoteachandquestionpaperdesigners/setterstoformulatetestite ms/questionstoassessthe attainment of the UOs. The actual distribution of marks at different taxonomy levels (of R, UandA)in thequestion paper mayslightlyvaryfrom abovetable.

## **10. SUGGESTED STUDENT ACTIVITIES**

Following is the list of proposed student activities like:

- i. Prepare journals based on practical performed in laboratory.
- ii. Prepare chart to represent the block diagram of different interfacing chips. Develop a practical application using 8051 Microcontroller.
- iii. Develop any module of to be useful in real life applications.
- iv. Multimedia presentation of module developed by the students.
- v. Library/E-book survey regarding assembly language programming used in computer industries.

- vi. Prepare power point presentation for showing different types of Assembly language programming applications.
- vii. Undertake a market survey of different devices based on microprocessor and microcontroller applications.
- viii. Find and utilize web based/simulator, android application related to microprocessors and microcontrollers.
- ix. Interface microprocessor and microcontroller with external devices for developing mini project.
- x. Prepare chart and assembly language programming for basic arithmetic operations.

## **11.** SUGGESTED SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES (if any)

These are sample strategies, which the teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course:

- a) Massive open online courses (*MOOCs*) may be used to teach various topics/sub topics.
- b) Guide student(s) in undertaking micro-projects.
- c) Some *of the topics/sub-topics* is relatively simple and very easy to the students for *self-learning*, but to be assessed using different assessment methods.
- d) Guide students for using latest Technical Magazine.
- e) Arrange visit to relevant industry
- f) Show video lectures on Microprocessor and Microcontroller Applications with help of internet.
- g) Assembly level programming practices on simulators (free downloadable).

## **12.** SUGGESTED PROJECT LIST:

**Only one micro-project** is planned to be undertaken by a student that needs to be assigned to him/her in the beginning of the semester. Students groups have to be formed for micro-projects, the number of students in the group should *not exceed four*.

The micro-project could be industry application based, internet-based, workshop-based, laboratory-based or field-based. Each micro-project should encompass two or more COs which are in fact, an integration of PrOs, UOs and ADOs. The total duration of the micro-project should not be less than **16** (*sixteen*) *student engagement hours* during the course. The student have to submit micro-project by the end of the semester to develop the industry-oriented COs.

A suggestive list of micro-projects is given here. Similar micro-projects could be added by the concerned course teacher.

## MICRO PROJECT 1: Prepare following Items.

- 1. Prepare Table/chart for Instruction classification.
- 2. Design a chart for pin diagram of 8085 microprocessor.
- 3. Design a chart of 8085/8051 Architecture.
- 4. Design a chart for pin diagram of 8051 microcontroller.

- 5. Test and verify the features of 8085 Trainer Kit.
- 6. Test and verify the features of 8051 Trainer Kit.

## MICRO PROJECT 2: Prepare following Designs.

- 1. Design minimum hardware system for 8051 circuit.
- 2. Develop 8051 based application board/circuit on PCB.

**MICRO PROJECT 3:** Design Application oriented basic Project using 8051.

- 1. Design and Implement LED flasher circuit.
- 2. Design and Implement circuit for relay-based operation using switch.
- 3. Design and Implement LCD Interfacing circuit displaying your name on it.
- 4. Design and Implement Water Level Indicator/controller circuit.

## **13. SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES**

Sr.	Title of Book	Author	Publication with place,
NO.			year and ISBN
1	Microprocessor Architecture,	Ramesh Gaonkar	Penram Publications
	Programming, and Applications		
	with the 8085		
2	The 8051 Microcontroller and	Mazidi&Mazidi	Pearson Publication
	Embedded Systems: Using		
	Assembly and C		
3	The 8051 Microcontroller	Kenanth Ayala	Cengage Learning India
4	Microprocessor and	Hall Douglas V	McGrow Hill
4	interfacing (Programming	Tiali, Douglas V.	Education
	and hardware)		
5	Microprocessors and	Latha, c.,	SCITECH PUBLICATIONS,
-	microcontrollers	Murugeshwari,B.	CHENNAI.
6	Microprocessor and its	Ram, B.	BPB, New Delhi, latest edition
	application		
7	Microprocessors and	Kumar, Senthil,	Oxford University, New Delhi,
	Microcontrollers	Saravanan,	latest edition
		Jeevananthan	
8	Introduction to Microprocessor	Mathur, A.P.	TMH, New Delhi, latest edition

9	Programmable Logic	Webb, John W	Prentice Hall of India, New
	Controllers And Applications	Ronald Reis. A.	Delhi, (latest Edition)
10	Programmable Logic	John R. Hackworth,	PHI Publishers
	Controllers Programming	Frederick D.,	
	Methods and Applications	Hackworth Jr.,	
11	SCADA supervisory control and data acquisition	Stuart A Boyer	ISA, 4th Revised edition
12	Introduction to Programmable Logic Controllers	Gary Dunning	Thomson, Latest Edition
13	Microprocessors and Microcontrollers: Architecture, Programming and System Design 8085, 8086,8051,8096	Krishna Kant	PHI Publishers, Latest Edition

## 14. SOFTWARE/LEARNING WEBSITES

- i. Simulator such as : http://8085simulator.codeplex.com/ http://gnusim8085.org/ or its equivalent
- ii. Latest processor configuration : http://www.intel.com/pressroom/kits/quickreffam.htm
- iii. Intel 8085 microprocessor architecture: http://www.cpu-world.com/Arch/8085.html
- iv. 8085 sample programs :http://www.8085projects.info/page/free-programs-for-8085microprocessor.aspx
- v. 8085 ppts: <u>http://www.slideshare.net/shashank03/assembly-language-programming-of-8085</u>.
- vi. www.tutorialspoint.com
- vii. www.javatpoint.com
- viii. www.electronicshub.org
- ix. www.circuitdigest.com
- x. <u>http://www.academia.edu/</u>
- xi. http://www.nptel.iitm.ac.in/
- xii. http://www.8051.com/
- xiii. www.keil.com/
- xiv. www.allaboutcircuits.com
- xv. www.nmbtc.com
- xvi. http://nptel.ac.in/courses/Webcourse-contents/IIT -

KANPUR/microcontrollers/micro/ui/Course\_home1\_1.htm

xvii. Go for free open source software wherever applicable

## **15. PO-COMPETENCY-CO MAPPING:**

Semester VI	MICROPROCESSOR AND CONTROLLER APPLICATIONS (Course								
		Code:4360902)							
	POs								
Competency	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7		
& Course Outcomes	Basic &	Problem	Design/	Engineering	Engineering	Project	Life-long		
	Discipli	Analysis	develop	Tools,	practices	Manage-	learning		
	ne		ment of	Experimen-	for society,	ment			
	specific		solution	tation&	sustainabili				
	knowle			Testing	ty &				
	age				environment				
<u>Competency</u>							ſ		
Course Outcomes									
CO1									
Interpret the salient	3	2	2	2	-	-	-		
features of 8085									
microprocessor.									
CO2									
Interpret the salient	2			2					
features of 8051	5	-	-	Z	-	-	-		
microcontrollers.									
CO3									
Apply knowledge of									
microprocessor and	3	2	2	2	-	-	-		
microcontroller in									
various applications.									
CO4									
Maintain PLC and	3	-	-	2	-	-	-		
SCADA based system.									

Legend: '3' for high, '2' for medium, '1' for low and '-' for no correlation of each CO with PO.

## 16. COURSE CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE <u>GTU Resource Persons</u>

Sr. No.	Name and Designation	Institute	Contact No.	Email
1.	DIPA J. KAPUPARA Lecturer-Electrical Engg.	A.V.P.T.IRAJKOT	6352400310	dipakapupara.ee@gmail.com
2.	DHARA V. SODHA Lecturer-Electrical Engg.	GP-JUNAGADH	9429215260	dharasodha18@yahoo.com

## GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY (GTU)

## Competency-focused Outcome-based Green Curriculum-2021 (COGC-2021) Semester-VI

# Course Title: ENERGY CONSERVATION & AUDIT

(Course Code: 4360903)

Diploma programmer in which this course is offered	Semester in which offered
Electrical Engineering	6 <sup>th</sup> Semester

## 1. RATIONALE

Electrical energy is the most common and widely used type of energy in the world. The subject of energy conservation is a concern for most energy users particularly industry. Energy conservation becomes even more important for the third world, developing countries, where the rising energy costs and the use of efficient energy apparatus are of significant concern to both the industry and the utility. The pressure of Technological development in all sectors on the energy sources has led to the growing the cost of energy around the world. Efficient and judicious use of the available energy sources would lead to the easing of such pressures. Thus it is necessary to save and conserve energy to the maximum possible extent. Also essential theoretical knowledge and practical skills about the concept of energy conservation is to be provided through different approaches of energy audit will help to identify the various possible avenues in which savings of energy can be effectively adopted. This course makes the diploma holder well acquainted in the techniques of energy conservation in the fields of engineering. It also introduces him to the energy audit procedures.

## 2. COMPETENCY

The course content should be taught and implemented with the aim to develop different types of skills as per industrial and societal need so that students are able to acquire following competency:

• Undertake energy conservation and energy audit.

## **3.** COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

The theory should be taught and practical should be carried out in such a manner that students are able to acquire different learning out comes in cognitive, psychomotor and affective domain to demonstrate following course outcomes.

- **Interpret** the need of energy conservation.
- **Implement** energy conservation techniques in electrical machines.
- **Evaluate** the techno economic feasibility for the energy conservation projects.
- **Demonstrate** energy conservation measures to improve efficiency of electrical power system.
- **Carry** out energy audit for an industry/organization.

## 4. TEACHING AND EXAMINATION SCHEME

Teaching Total Cred				Examination Scheme				
Scheme (In Hours)		e rs)	(L+T+P/2)	Theory Marks		Practical	Total Morks	
L	Т	P	С	CA	ESE	CA	ESE	Marks
3	0	2	4	30	70	25	25	150

## Legends:

L – Lecture; T – Tutorial/Teacher Guided Theory Practice; P – Practical; C – Credit, CA – Continuous Assessment; ESE – End Semester Examination.

## Note:

Out of 30 marks under the theory CA, 10 marks are for assessment of the micro-project to facilitate integration of COs and the remaining 20 marks is the average of 2 tests to be conducted during the semester for the assessing the attainment of the cognitive domain UOs required for the attainment of the COs.

# 5. SUGGESTED PRACTICAL EXERCISES:

Sr	Practical Exercises	Unit	Approx.		
No	(Major Outcomes in psychomotor domain)	No.	Hrs. required		
1	Identify star labelled electrical apparatus and compare the data for various starratings.	Ι	2*		
2	Prepare a technical report on energy conservation act 2001.	Ι	2		
3	Estimate energy saving by improving power factor of an Induction Motor.	II	2*		
4	Compare Conventional Transformer and Energy Efficient Transformers.	II	2*		
5	Compare power consumption of different types of TL with choke and electronic ballast.	II	2*		
6	Compare power consumption of different types of conventional tubelight, CFL and LED lamps by direct measurements.	II	2		
7	Determine depreciation cost of a given energy conservation project/equipment.	III	2*		
8	Find out the payback period and return on investment for a given energy conservation project/equipment.	III	2*		
9	List the various energy conservation methods useful in power generation, transmission and distribution	IV	2		
10	Collect electricity bill of an industrial consumer and suggest suitable tariff for energy conservation and its impact on energy bill	IV	2*		
11	Collect electricity bill of a commercial consumer and suggest suitable tariff for conservation and reduction of its energy bill	IV	2*		
12	Identify various measuring instruments used for energy audit.	V	2*		
13	Use various measuring instruments for carrying out energy audit. (Any two)	V	2		
14	Prepare a sample energy audit questionnaire	V	2*		
15	Prepare a sample energy audit report	V	2*		
A suggestive list of Practical Exercises is given in the above table. A judicial mix of minimum 10 or more practicals need to be performed, out of which, the practicals marked as '*' are compulsory, so that the student reaches the 'Precision Level' of 'Psychomotor Domain Taxonomy' as generally required by the industry.					

Sr.No.	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications	Pra. No.
1	3 - $\varphi$ induction motor	3
2	$3 - \varphi$ or $1 - \varphi$ transformer	4
3	Ammeters MI Type: AC/DC 0-5-10Amp	3, 4
4	Voltmeter MI Type: AC/DC, 0-150/300V, 0-250/500V	3, 4
5	Wattmeter: Three phase double element 5/10Amp. 250/500V	3, 4
6	Wattmeter: Single phase, single element 2.5/5Amp, 200/400V	3, 4
7	Low power factor wattmeter : Single phase, 5/10Amp, 250/500V	3, 4
8	Three phase Power factor meters: AC, 415V, 50 Hz, 5-10 Amp	3, 4
9	Load bank: Resistive	3, 4
10	FTL, Electric choke. Electronic ballast	5
11	Clip on meter (amp, volts) digital	3, 4, 5
12	Multimeter	3, 4, 5
13	CFL & LED of different ratings	5, 6
14	Lux meter	12, 13

# 6. MAJOR EQUIPMENT/ INSTRUMENTS REQUIRED

# 7. AFFECTIVE DOMAIN OUTCOMES

Students are able

- To create awareness regarding energy conservation in society.
- To select appropriate techniques to reduce energy wastage in household appliances.

Unit	Γ	Major Learning Outcomes		<b>Topics and Sub-topics</b>
Unit - I	1a.	Explain the concept of	1.1	Indian energy scenario
Elements of Energy		energy conservation and its benefits.	1.2	Need of energy conservation
Conservation	1b.	Explain energy conservation act 2001	1.3	Energy conservation Principle
	1c.	Explain the concept of star labelling	1.4	Benefits of energy conservation
	1d.	Explain Important Aspects of Energy Conservation	1.5	Energy conservation act 2001 and its Purpose
			1.5	Mandatory provision of the energy conservation act 2001.
			1.6	Important features of energy conservation act 2001:
				• Standards and labelling (S&L)
				• Demand side management (DSM)
				• Energy conservation Building Code (ECBC)
				<ul> <li>Designated consumers</li> </ul>
				• Bachat lamp Yojana (BLY)
			1.7	Star labelling: need and benefits
			1.8	Economic aspect and
				Environment aspect for energy
<b>T</b> T <b>1</b> / <b>T</b> T			0.1	conservation.
Unit - II Enorgy Efficient	2a.	Identify energy conservation	2.1	Energy efficient induction
Technologies in		electrical systems in	2.2	Benefits of power factor
Electrical		industries	2.2	improvement
Systems	2b.	Explain the energy	2.3	Power factor improvement
		conservation strategies in		techniques: static capacitor
	2.	induction motor		method, synchronous condensor
	2c	conservation strategies in		related numericals
	2d	Explain the energy conservation strategies in	2.4	automatic power factor
		electric lighting	2.5	Maximum demand controllers
			2.6	Energy conservation by
			2.7	Need of Energy efficient
			2.8	Comparision between
				Conventional Transformer and
				Energy Efficient Transformers

#### LINDED DINNING THEODY 8.

			<ul> <li>2.9</li> <li>2.10</li> <li>2.11</li> <li>2.12</li> <li>2.13</li> </ul>	Advantages of amorphous transformers Transformers loss reductions Energy efficient luminaires: CFL & LED Advantages of electronic ballast and electronic fan regulator Good lighting practice
Unit - III	3a.	Calculate the cost of energy	3.1	Different cost of an energy
Technoeconomic		conservation project		conservation project
Evaluation of	3b.	Calculate the depreciation	3.2	Depreciation and methods to
Energy		cost		calculate it:
Conservation	2			• straight line method
Project	3c.	Calculate the payback period		• sinking sund method
		and return on investment		<ul> <li>diminishing value method</li> </ul>
				Related numericals
			33	Modes of economic analysis
			5.5	<ul> <li>Payback period</li> </ul>
				<ul> <li>Return on investment and</li> </ul>
				Related numericals
Unit - IV	4 a	Identify scope of energy	41	Co-generation and its need
Energy	1.4	conservation in electrical	1.1	co generation and its need
Conservation in		power generation	4.2	Types of co-generation
Power	4.b	Identify scope of energy	4.3	Advantages of co-generation
Generation,		conservation in electrical		
Transmission and		power transmission	4.4	Measures to reduce
Distribution			4 -	transmission line losses
	4.c	Identify scope of energy	4.5	Energy conservation by demand
		conservation in electrical	1.0	side management
		power distribution	4.6	Reconstruction of tariff (types
TT	5 -	Erectain the concernt of	51	of tariff are not included)
Unit - V Energy Audit	5.a	Explain the concept of	5.1	Energy audit and its benefits
Energy Audit	5 h	Describe the methodology	5.2 5.3	Mathedology for conduction of
	5.0	for proliminary and detailed	5.5	opergy audit
		energy audit	51	Structure of the Energy Audit
		energy audit	5.4	Report
	50	Preperation of the Energy	55	Energy Audit Instruments
	5.0	Audit Report	5.6	Roles and resposibilities of
				energy auditor
	5.d	Demonstrate the function of		
		instruments used in energy		
		audit		
	5.e	List roles and resposibilities		
		of energy auditor		

Unit	Unit Title	Teaching	Distribution of Theory Marks				
No.		Hours	<b>R</b> Level	U Level	A Level	Total Marks	
Ι	Elements of Energy Conservation	6	3	4	3	10	
II	Energy Efficient Technologies in Electrical Systems	12	3	8	7	18	
III	Technoeconomic Evaluation of Energy Conservation Project	8	3	4	7	14	
IV	Energy Conservation in Power Generation, Transmission and Distribution	8	6	4	4	14	
V	Energy Audit	8	3	4	7	14	
	Total	42	18	24	28	70	

## 9. SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION TABLE FOR QUESTIONPAPER DESIGN:

**Legends**: R=Remember, U=Understand, A=Apply and above (Revised Bloom's taxonomy) **Note**: This specification table provides general guidelines to assist students for their learning and to teachers to teach and question paper designers/setters to formulate test items/questions to assess the attainment of the COs. The actual distribution of marks at different taxonomy levels (of R, U and A) in the question paper may slightly vary from above table

## **10. SUGGESTED STUDENT ACTIVITIES**

Other than the classroom and laboratory learning, following are the suggested student-related cocurricular activities which can be undertaken to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course: Students should conduct any two of the following activities in group and prepare reports of each activit:

- Carry out internet survey to collect information related Energy conservation projects.
- Collect the catalogues of star labeled equipments (min.2)
- Write report on performance of motor after rewinding.
- Collect videos to demonstrate working of Energy Conservation Equipments (any 2)
- Prepare PPT presentation on energy efficient motors.
- Prepare PPT presentation on energy efficient transformers.
- Collect information about energy efficient luminaries.
- Collect videos to demonstrate working of Energy Audit instruments.
- Visit a facility adopting cogeneration systemand prepare a presentation.
- Assignments on solving simple numericals
- Prepare a report based on a survey of at least two nearby industries on energy conservation measures adopted by them using questionnaire.

## **11.** SUGGESTED SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES (if any)

These are sample strategies, which the faculty can use to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes of this course:

- Massive open online courses (MOOCs) may be used to teach various topics/sub topics.
- About 15-20% of the topics/sub-topics which is relatively simpler or descriptive in nature is to be given to the students for self-directed learning and assess the development of the COs through classroom presentations.

## 12. SUGGESTED PROJECT LIST (MICRO PROJECT)

Only one micro-project is planned to be undertaken by a student that needs to be assigned to him/her in the beginning of the semester. However, in the fifth and sixth semesters, microproject should preferably be assigned individually undertaken to build up the skill and confidence in every student to become problem solver so that she/he contributes to the projects of the industry. In special situations where groups have to be formed for micro-projects, the number of students in the group should not exceed three.

Suggestive list of micro-projects is as under. Similar micro-projects could be added by the concerned faculty:

a. Energy efficient lamps:

Prepare comparative charts with ratings, cost and manufacturer details.

- **b.** Energy efficient home appliances: Interpret star labelling, its needs and benefits.
- **c. Energy conservation campaign:** Prepare charts/slogans to create energy conservation awareness among people.
- **d. Energy efficient electrical machines:** Prepare technical presentation on details of energy efficient transformers/motors.
- e. Energy conservation policies: Prepare report on energy conservation policies of Government of Gujarat.
- **f.** Energy Audit: Prepare charts based on various measuring instruments for carrying out energy audit
- **g.** Energy Manager and Energy Auditor: Identify roles and responsibilities of energy manager as well as energy auditor.

## 13. SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES

Sr. No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication
1	Energy Technology	O P. Gunta	Khanna Publishing House,
1	Energy rechnology	O.F. Oupla	New Delhi
2	Energy management	Dr. Conicar Sinch	S K Kataria & Sons, New
2	Energy management	DI. Sanjeev Singh	Delhi,
3	Financial Management	Prasanna Chandra	Tata Mcgraw Hill, New Delhi
4	Project Management T	Prasanna Chandra	Tata Mcgraw Hill, New Delhi
5	Energy Management and	Sharma, K. V.,	I K International Publishing
5	Conservation	Venkataseshaiah	House Pvt. Ltd
6	Electric Energy Generation,	S. Siyagaparaju	Paarson Now Dalhi 2012
0	Utilisation and Conservation	5. Stvaganaraju	Fearson, New Denn, 2012
7	Electrical Dower	V K Mahta	Khanna and Khanna
/	Electrical Power	v. K. Menta	Publishers, New Dehli

## 14. SOFTWARE/LEARNING WEBSITES

- 1. https://beeindia.gov.in/
- 2. http://indianpowersector.com/
- 3. www.mnes.nic.in
- 4. https://powermin.nic.in/
- 5. https://www.anert.gov.in/
- 6. www.nptel.iitm.ac.in
- 7. www.energymanagertraining.com
- 8. www.greenbusiness.com
- 9. www.worldenergy.org

# **15. PO-COMPETENCY-CO MAPPING:**

Semester VI	Electrical Engineering: Energy Conservation & Audit (Course Code: 4360903)						
				POs			
Competency & Course Outcomes	PO-1	PO-2	PO-3	PO-4	PO-5	PO-6	PO-7
<u>Competency</u>	Undert	ake energ	y conserva	ation and	energy a	udit.	
<b>Interpret</b> the need of energy conservation	1	2	-	2	3	-	2
Implementenergyconservationtechniquesinelectricalmachines	3	3	1	3	2	3	3
<b>Evaluate</b> the techno economic feasibility for the energy conservation projects.	3	-	-	-	2	-	1
<b>Demonstrate</b> energy conservation measures to improve efficiency of electrical power system	3	2	-	-	3	2	3
<b>Carry</b> out energy audit for an industry/ organization.	3	2	2	3	3	3	2

Legend: '3' for high, '2' for medium, '1' for low and '-' for no correlation of each CO with PO.

# **16. COURSE CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE**

# **GTU Resource Persons**

Sr. No.	Name and Designation	Institute	Contact No.	Email
1.	Mr. ASHVIN M MAHESHWARI	Government Polytechnic, Dahod	9427533123	ampcity25@gmail.com
2.	TEJAL H PATEL	Dr. S & S Ghandhy college, Surat	8141971675	pateltejal.239@gmail.com

## **GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY (GTU)**

## Competency-focused Outcome-based Green Curriculum-2021 (COGC-2021) VI – Semester Course Title: Green Technology (Course Code: 4360904)

Diploma programmer in which this course is offered	Semester in which offered
Electrical Engineering	Sixth

## 1. RATIONALE

India has declared the goal to achieve net zero emissions by 2070. As India's growth story unfold, its demand for energy and resources is set to rise. Energy use has doubled in the last 20 years and is likely to grow by least another 25% by 2030. India currently imports over 40% of its primary energy requirement, worth over USD 90 billion every year. Major sectors of Indian economy depend on imported fossil fuels. This necessitates shift towards technologies that enable enhanced share of renewable source and progressively reduce the reliance on fossil fuels

## 2. COMPETENCY

The purpose of this course is to help the student to attain the following industry identified competency through various teaching learning experiences:

# • Understanding renewable energy technologies, optimization, regulation and Policies

## 3. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

The practical exercises, the underpinning knowledge and the relevant soft skills associated with the identified competency are to be developed in the student for the achievement of the following COs:

COs	Statement
CO1	Describe the different sources of renewable energy
CO2	Analyze PV system performance.
CO3	Understand the operation of wind turbine generators.
CO4	Understand government policies for renewable energy sources

## 4. TEACHING AND EXAMINATION SCHEME

Teach (In	ing So Hou	cheme rs)	Total Credits (L+T+P/2)	Credits T+P/2) Examination Scheme				
				Theory Marks		Practical Marks		Total
L	Т	Р	С	CA	ESE	CA	ESE	Marks
3	0	2	4	30*	70	25	25	150

(\*): Out of 30 marks under the theory CA, 10 marks are for assessment of the micro-project to facilitate integration of COs and the remaining 20 marks is the average of 2 tests to be taken during the semester for the assessing the attainment of the cognitive domain UOs required for the attainment of the COs.

Legends: L-Lecture; T – Tutorial/Teacher Guided Theory Practice; P - Practical; C – Credit, CA - Continuous Assessment; ESE - End Semester Examination.

## 5. SUGGESTED PRACTICAL EXERCISES

The following practical outcomes are the sub-components of the Course Outcomes (COs).

Sr. No.	Practical Outcomes	Unit No.	Approx. Hrs. Required
1	To plot the I – V characteristics of solar cell and determine fill factor.	II	2
2	Perform P – V characteristics of solar cell.	II	2
3	To measure efficiency of solar cell	II	2
4	To study effect of irradiance on the $I - V$ and $P - V$ characteristics of solar cell	II	2
5	Analyze the performance of solar panel based on tilt angle of solar panel	II	2
6	Analyze the performance of solar cell based on azimuth angle of the solar panel.	II	2
7	Estimate size of solar panel for small residential load	II	2
8	Estimate AC energy output of small solar farm considering	II	2

	fixed array, one axis tracking and dual axis tracking.		
9	Estimate AC energy output of small solar farm, cost of power plant and payback period.	ΙΙ	2
10	To measure sunshine hours by using sunshine recorder	II	2
11	Measure solar irradiance & record it during solar time of a place	II	2
12	Prepare technical report on small solar farm / solar plant visit	II/III	4
13	Estimate Bifacial gain by the albedo in the solar panel	II	2

# <u>Note</u>

- *i.* More *Practical Exercises* can be designed and offered by the respective course teacher to develop the industry relevant skills/outcomes to match the COs. The above table is only a suggestive list.
- ii. The following are some sample 'Process' and 'Product' related skills (more may be added/deleted depending on the course) that occur in the above listed **Practical Exercises** of this course required which are embedded in the COs and ultimately the competency.

Sr. No.	Sample Performance Indicators for the Practical	Weightage in %
1	Prepare experimental setup	20
2	Operate the equipment setup or circuit	20
3	Follow safety practices.	10
4	Record observations correctly	20
5	Interpret the result and conclude	30
		100

# 6. MAJOR EQUIPMENT/ INSTRUMENTS REQUIRED

This major equipment with broad specifications for the Practical is a guide to procure them by the administrators to user in uniformity of practical in all institutions across the state.

Sr. No.	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications	Practical No.
1	Solar Tracker (Track solar energy, Applications in solar radiation network, meteorological)	
2	ISO 9060 Pyranometer (Solar Radiation Measurement)	

3	Pyrgeometer (Highest Quality Scientific Solar Radiation for all weather condition)	
4	Pyrheliometer (Radiometer for the measurement of direct normal irradiance)	
5	Albedometer Mounting Kit (To measure ratio of irradiance reflected to the irradiance received)	
6	Sunshine Duration Sensor ( Product Link )	
7	Data Logger (Non-power radiometer to display and record measurement of solar irradiance)	
8	Solar IV Tester (To check deterioration in the solar system )	
9	Digital Anemometer (Wind speed meter)	
10	Wind vane sensor (Measure wind direction)	
11	Thermal Imager or Thermography Camera (Detect hotspot in PV Modules)	

# 7. AFFECTIVE DOMAIN OUTCOMES

The following *sample* Affective Domain Outcomes (ADOs) are embedded in many of the above-mentioned COs and Practical. More could be added to fulfill the development of this course competency.

- a) Work as a leader/a team member (while doing a micro-project)
- b) Follow safety practices
- c) Follow ethical practices
- d) Maintain tools and equipment
- e) Practice environment friendly methods and processes. (Environment related)

The ADOs are best developed through the laboratory/field-based exercises. Moreover, the level of achievement of the ADOs according to Krathwohl's 'Affective Domain Taxonomy' should gradually increase as planned below:

- i. 'Valuing Level' in 1<sup>st</sup> year
- ii. 'Organization Level' in 2<sup>nd</sup> year.
- iii. 'Characterization Level' in 3<sup>rd</sup> year.

# 8. UNDERPINNING THEORY

The major underpinning theory is given below based on the higher level UOs of *Revised Bloom's taxonomy* that are formulated for development of the COs and competency. If required, more such UOs could be included by the course teacher to focus on attainment of COs and competency.

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and Sub-topics
	(4 to 6 UOs at different levels)	
Unit 1 Renewable Energy Resources	• Understand the energy scenario in India and advance non-conventional energy resources	<ul> <li>Energy resource in India, India's total installed capacity, India's generation capacity, energy demand – supply, impact on environment due to fossil fuel</li> <li>Yearly generation growth, Renewable energy generation state-wise</li> <li>Advance non – conventional energy sources</li> <li>Hydrogen: Characteristics, advantages, and applications</li> <li>Green hydrogen, Blue hydrogen &amp; Grey hydrogen</li> <li>Biofuels, Bioethanol, Biodiesel, Advance Biofuels, Drop in fuels, bio CNG, Di-Methyl Ether</li> </ul>
Unit-II Solar Energy	<ul> <li>Knowledge of solar energy and its potential</li> <li>Understand various terminology associated with solar energy</li> <li>Estimate solar energy output for different tilt angle, azimuth angle and tracking system</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Solar energy potential in India, National institute of solar energy, Off grid solar PV Programme</li> <li>Intensity of light, Electromagnetic radiation</li> <li>DNI, DHI, GHI and relation between them, factors affecting global irradiance</li> <li>Albedo, Factors affecting albedo</li> <li>Working of solar cell, Monocrystalline, Polycrystalline, Thin film solar cell, Comparison</li> <li>Series &amp; Parallel Connection of Solar array</li> <li>Solar cell, modules and array</li> <li>I – V and P – V Characteristics of Solar Cell, Maximum power point, fill factor, effect of irradiance on characteristic of solar cell</li> <li>Sun – Earth relation: Equinox, Summer solstice, Winter solstice</li> </ul>

		$\mathbf{T} = \mathbf{T} = 1 + $
		<ul> <li>Tilt angle &amp; its case study. Solar hour angle, Declination angle, Altitude angle, Zenith angle, Azimuth angle &amp; its case study</li> <li>Orientation of solar panel, case study</li> <li>Solar inverter: Grid connected inverter, central inverter, string inverter, micro inverter, off grid inverter, hybrid inverter, Estimation of inverter size and battery size</li> <li>Solar tracking: single axis tracking, Cosine effect in solar tracking</li> <li>Shadow analysis: distance between two arrays</li> <li>Solar Farm, Case Study</li> </ul>
Unit-III Wind Energy	<ul> <li>Estimate the wind energy potential in India</li> <li>Understand HAWT, VAWT and working of wind measuring instruments</li> <li>Classify wind generators</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Wind energy potential in India, Wind energy potential at 120 m, 150 m and above 150 m level</li> <li>Wind power equation</li> <li>Wind power curve</li> <li>HAWT, VAWT, Savonius &amp; Darries wind turbine</li> <li>Wind speed measure instrument: Cup type, pitot tube type, impeller type, ultrasonic type, LIDAR and SODAR anemometer</li> <li>Construction and working of wind generator: squirrel cage, wound rotor, double fed, wound rotor permanent magnet and permanent magnet synchronous generator</li> </ul>
Unit-IV Renewable Energy Policies	Describe Government Incentive Schemes & Policies to promote renewable energy	<ul> <li>Grid connected solar roof top solar programme, objectives, CFA for different sectors</li> <li>Grid connected solar power projects</li> <li>PM KUSUM Scheme, component A, component B and component C, incentives, Feeder level solarization scheme</li> <li>Solar park and Ultra mega solar power plant policy</li> <li>Wind data sharing policy</li> <li>National offshore wind energy</li> </ul>

## 9. SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION TABLE FOR QUESTIONPAPER DESIGN

Unit Unit		Teaching	Distribution of Theory Marks				
No.	Title	Hours	R Level	U Level	A Level	Total Marks	
Ι	Renewable Energy Resources	6	4	6	0	10	
II	Solar Energy	18	8	14	8	30	
III	Wind Energy	12	8	10	2	20	
IV	Renewable Energy Policies	6	4	6	0	10	
Total		42	24	36	10	70	

*Legends:* R=Remember, U=Understand, A=Apply and above (Revised Bloom's taxonomy) <u>Note</u>: This specification table provides general guidelines to assist students for their learning and to teachers to teach and question paper designers/setters to formulate test items/questions to assess the attainment of the UOs. The actual distribution of marks at different taxonomy levels (of R, U and A) in the question paper may slightly vary from above table.

## **10. SUGGESTED STUDENT ACTIVITIES**

The following student related co-curricular activities are suggested other than laboratory learning which are helpful to attain various outcomes of the course. Students should perform following activities in group (or individual) and prepare reports of about 5 pages for each activity.

- a) Present seminar on course related topics
- b) Group discussion on course related topics
- c) Estimate solar energy potential in India
- d) Prepare a display chart of solar energy map
- e) Prepare chart of wind energy potential in India

## **11. SUGGESTED SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES (if any)**

There are some of the sample strategies that course teacher can implement to accelerate the attainment of various course outcomes.

## 12. SUGGESTED MICRO-PROJECTS

*Only one micro-project* is planned to be undertaken by a student that needs to be assigned to him/her in the beginning of the semester. In the first four semesters, the micro-projects are group-based (group of 3 to 5). However, in the fifth and sixth semesters, the number of students in the group should *not exceed three*.

The micro-project could be industry application based, internet-based, workshop-based, laboratory-based or field-based. Each micro-project should encompass two or more COs which are in fact, an integration of Pracaticals, UOs and ADOs. Each student will have to maintain dated work diary consisting of individual contribution in the project work and give a seminar presentation of it before submission. The duration of the micro project should be about **14-16** (*fourteen to sixteen*) *student engagement hours* during the course. The students ought to submit micro-project by the end of the semester to develop the industry-oriented COs. A suggestive list of micro-projects is given here. This has to match the competency and the COs. Similar micro-projects could be added by the concerned course teacher:

- a) Series and parallel connection of solar cell
- b) Trainer kit for I V characteristics of solar cell
- c) Prepare display chart for HAWT and VAWT
- d) Renewable energy map of India
- e) Solar power bank
- f) Mini solar power station
- g) Solar street light
- h) Solar study lamp
- i) Solar display board
- j) Small wind power station

## 13. SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES

Sr. No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication with place, Year and ISBN
1	Renewable and Efficient	Gilbert M.	John Wiley & Sons Ltd

	Electric Power Systems	Masters	
2	Energy Harvesting	Alireza Khaligh & Omer C. Onar	CRC Press, Taylor and Francis Group
3	Wind Power in Power Systems	Thomas Ackerman	John Wiley & Sons Ltd
4	Wind Energy	J.F.Manwell, J.G.Mcgowan, A.L. Rogers	John Wiley & Sons Ltd
5	Fundamental of photovoltaic modules and their applications	G N Tiwari & Swapnil Dubey	RSC Publishing
6	Renewable energy resources & Emerging technology	Kothari D P	PHI publications

## 14. SOFTWARE/LEARNING WEBSITES

- <u>www.mnre.gov.in</u>
- <u>https://solarrooftop.gov.in/rooftop\_calculator</u>
- Solar energy corporation of India limited
- <u>National renewable energy laboratory</u>
- <u>US Department of Energy</u>
- Bureau of Energy Efficiency
- <u>NPTEL Online Course Renewable Energy</u>
- <u>NPTEL Online Course Wind Energy</u>

# **15. PO-COMPETENCY-CO MAPPING:**

Semester VI	Green Energy (Course Code:4320901)						
		POs					
	<b>PO1</b>	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>
Competency & Course Outcomes	Basic & Discipline specific knowledge	Problem Analysis	Design/ development of solution	Engineering Tools, Experiments and Testing	Engineering practices for society, sustainability & environment	Project Management	Life-long learning
<u>Competency</u>	Under	rstanding	g renewab	le energy	technologi	ies, distrik	oution

			grid, regu	ılation, an	d policies	•	
Describe the different sources of renewable energy	1	1	-	1	-	-	-
Analyze PV system performance	1	2	1	2	-	1	2
Understand the operation of wind turbine generators.	1	-	-	1	-	-	-
Understand government policies for renewable energy sources	1	-	-	1	1	-	-

Legend: '3' for high, '2' for medium, '1' for low and '-' for no correlation of each CO with PO.

# **16. COURSE CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE**

# **GTU Resource Persons**

Sr	Name and Designation	Institute	Contact No.	Email
No.				
1.	R D Panchal	A. V. Parekh	9825776648	rajup1178@gmail.com
	Lecturer Electrical Engg.	Technical Institute,		
		Rajkot		
2.	B B Chauhan	Government	9925210010	bbc.gpjam@gmail.com
	Lecturer Electrical Engg.	Polytechnic,		
		Jamnagar		

#### **GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY (GTU)**

## Competency-focused Outcome-based Green Curriculum-2021 (COGC-2021) Semester-VI

## Course Title: Electrical Engineering Project-II (Course Code: 4360906)

Diploma programme in which this course is offered	Semester in which offered
Electrical Engineering	6 <sup>th</sup> Semester

#### 1. RATIONALE

To provide an opportunity to the students for applying the knowledge and technical skills acquired by identifying real life problem of the industries /research organization / society as a whole and providing its innovative solution with implementation, which is economically and technically viable.

In this course - **Electrical Engineering Project-II**, the problem is already identified in 5<sup>44</sup> semester (or to be identified) for providing solution under the mentoring of the institute guide/industry mentor to develop various competencies. This course is designed to provide virtual industrial experience to the students. This course includes summarizing of the work done in the previous semester (or identify a new problem and start the work), trouble shooting of the project work, testing and assembling of the project, report writing and presenting the final model. Four seminars are included in this course to develop communication skills along with other competencies in students as well as to assess the progress of the work done. This course advocates a holistic student entrepreneurship approach, including startup initiation, grant funding, and patent protection, in alignment with India's self-reliance mission.

#### Project identification and guide allocation:

- Before the start of the sixth semester, project orientation should be held every year by the project coordinator. In this orientation, discussion regarding the selection of a topic (if the work of this semester is not in continuation with the 5<sup>th</sup> semester's work), the formation of a team, and the selection of a guide (if it is required to change) should take place.
- A list of guides with their expertise domain and area of interest should also be given to students.
- This list should also be uploaded to the departmental/institutional website.
- Students should also be given the choice to choose a guide whose area of interest matches with their project domain.
- Students can continue their work from fifth semester's work or select new topic and continue the work.

• The ongoing process and other related tasks are summarized in the following flow chart.



#### During 6<sup>th</sup> semester, students should have to follow these steps for project related work:

- 1) Create actual PCB in laboratory from layout. You may take help of your guide/expert.
- 2) Component mounting/soldering/wiring practice.
- 3) Visit the industry related to your work regularly.
- Get help from guide/Innovation council/research organization to implement method/strategy selected.

- 5) Report to institute guide/industry mentor regarding stage wise progress regularly.
- 6) Continue testing and debugging of software with diverse tools to achieve an error-free and efficient compact solution.
- Write algorithm and draw a flowchart (particularly if project work is based on Microprocessor/Microcontroller).
- 8) Simulate the circuit (if required).
- Prepare project report (as per format given by department/available on departmental website).
- 10) Prepare PPT for presentation (for various seminars as well as final presentation at the end of the semester conducted for progressive assessment).
- 11) If the project is innovative, explore grant opportunities to support the establishment of a new startup.
- 12) With help of SSIP coordinator examine intellectual property rights for the purpose of patenting the project.

#### 2. COMPETENCY

The course content should be taught with the aim of developing various skills, enabling students to acquire the following competencies

- 1 To develop inquisitiveness, innovative skills, and confidence to work independently.
- 2. To participate effectively in group work.
- 3. To collect relevant data.
- 4. To plan and organize the work.
- 5. To analyze and synthesize the data.
- 6. To relate knowledge of various courses in a selected problem.
- 7. To make an appropriate decision whenever it is required.
- 8. To conduct a survey and investigation.
- 9. To solve industry problems.
- 10. To optimize the cost of the project.
- 11. To design the layout as per requirement.
- 12. To prepare block diagram, circuit diagram, simulation model and microcontroller program as per requirements.
- 13. To assess the financial implication and feasibility of the project.
- 14. To troubleshoot the faults during assembling and testing.
- 15. To modify the component/system whenever it is required.
- 16. To prepare the technical report and ppt.
- 17. To present the work as individual and team.

- 18. To publish a paper in a good journal/ conference based on the work.
- 19. To prepare a comprehensive plan for startup grants and consult a SSIP coordinator/patent attorney to identify eligibility of the project work for filing a patent.

#### 3. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

- CO.1 Summarize the work done in previous semester.
- CO.2 Troubleshoot the faults during assembling procedure.
- CO.3 Execute testing of project after assembling of final hardware to verify the result.
- CO.4 Modify the components of the project, if required.
- CO.5 Defend final review with hardware model, report writing, presentation as individual and team.

#### 4. TEACHING AND EXAMINATION SCHEME

Teach	Teaching Scheme		Total Credits	Exai		mination S	cheme	
(Ir	n Hour	rs)	(L+T+P/2)	Theory	y Marks	Practica	l Marks	Total
L	Т	Р	С	CA	ESE	CA	ESE	Marks
0	0	4	2	0	0	50	50	100

**Legends:** L-Lecture; **T** – Tutorial/Teacher Guided Theory Practice; **P** - Practical; **C** – Credit, **CA** - Continuous Assessment; **ESE** - End Semester Examination.

#### 5. MAJOR EQUIPMENT/ INSTRUMENTS REQUIRED

This major equipment with broad specifications is a guide to procure them by the administrators to use in the laboratory dedicatedly made for the project work.

Sr.No.	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications				
1	Dual channel D.C. supply, 0-30 Volt, 2 Amp with display				
2	<b>Tool kits</b> that include spanners, screw drivers of various size, measuring tape, drilling machine, tester, multi meter, clip on meter, hammer, hack saw, flux, pliers, nose pliers, insulation tape etc.				
3	Dual channel Digital Storage Oscilloscope				
4	10 MHz function generator				
5	Miscellaneous components like Diode, Transistor, Step down Transformers, LED, Relay, various analog digital and microcontroller ICs, soldering irons, soldering wire, connectors, wires, general purpose PCBs and other items required for offered projects as per requirement				
6	Lamp load 3-phase 415 V, 0-10 A.				
7	Single-phase, Three-phase supply panels with suitable measuring instruments				

Sr.No.	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications
8	Microcontroller Programming Software/ Integrated Digital Environment as per requirement
9	Simulation software like MATLAB, PSIM, Proteus etc. as per requirement
10	PCs having latest specifications as per the requirements of the students
11	LCD/LED projectors to be used for presentation in seminars

#### 6. AFFECTIVE DOMAIN OUTCOMES

The following *sample* Affective Domain Outcomes (ADOs) are embedded in many of the abovementioned COs. More could be added to fulfill the development of this course competency.

- a. Work as a leader/a team member (while doing a project work).
- b. Follow safety practices while using D.C. and AC supply and electrical equipment.
- c. Work as a group member (while assembling, testing and presenting the project)
- d. Practice environmentally friendly methods and processes. (Environment related)

The ADOs are best developed through the laboratory/field-based exercises. Moreover, the level of achievement of the ADOs according to Krathwohl's 'Affective Domain Taxonomy' should gradually increase as planned below:

- i. 'Valuing Level' in 1<sup>st</sup> year
- ii. 'Organization Level' in 2<sup>nd</sup> year.
- iii. 'Characterization Level' in 3<sup>rd</sup> year.

#### 7. UNDERPINNING THEORY

The major underpinning theory is given below based on the higher level UOs of *Revised Bloom's taxonomy* that are formulated for development of the COs and competency. If required, more such UOs could be included by the course teacher to focus on attainment of COs and competency. (**Overall work of Electrical Engineering Project-II should be done in following steps**)

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs)	Topics and sub topics
Unit-I	1a. Monitor the entire work and check	1.1 By adapting innovative/creative
Summarize the	the progress of whole work considering	ideas try to make the model as per
work done in	the work plan made in previous semester.	industry standard.
previous	1b. Do multiple task (e.g.	1.2 If applicable and/or feasible try to
semester.	provide safety/protection/control for	use microcontroller/microprocessor to
	electrical power system/ machines)	control the process.
	use micro controller.	1.3 Adapt smarter techniques to control
	1c. To make the application smarter	the power/process (e.g. control the
	use IOT approaches (If it is necessary).	power/process using
		WiFi/Bluetooth/SMS etc.).

		1.4 Create Printed Circuit Board/Panel.
Unit-II	2a. Identify components with	2.1 Verify Component ratings and
Troubleshoot the	required ratings.	Specifications.
faults during	2b. Select appropriate method/process	2.2 Develop program in
assembling	to make the working model.	Assembly/high level language (if it is
procedure.	2c. Prepare program for microcontroller	required).
	(if required) as per the algorithm made in	2.3 Do Mounting, Soldering and wiring.
	previous part of the project.	2.4 Make final design for model/panel
	2d. Divide the work of hardware as well	that requires less space.
	as software among the team as per the	2.5 Do continuity test for PCB
	ability of each student.	tracks/wiring.
	2e. Identify the faults and trouble shoot	2.6 Start to make final program as per
	it while assembling.	algorithm.
		2.7 Assemble hardware and check.
		2.8 Trouble shoot the faults if arises.
Unit-III	3a. Test the project	3.1 Analyze and test the hardware after
Execute testing of	3b. Acquire results to check whether any	loading the software (if microcontroller
project after	changes are necessary or not.	is used).
assembling of final		3.2 Check and modify program of
hardware to verify		microcontroller (if necessary).
the result.		3.3 Complete remaining fabricating,
		soldering and wiring of hardware after testing.
Unit-IV	4a. Make the final model as per	4.1 Design final layout.
Modify the	the requirement.	4.2 Arrange different sections/parts
components of	4b. Care for safety while	logically and properly.
the project if	using/demonstrating it.	4.3 fabricate and construct final model
required	4c. Make the model as per the industry	as per industry standard (if possible).
requireu.	standard (if possible).	4.4 Modify the components if is found
	4d.Modify the components (and	4.5 Modify the microcontroller program
	microcontroller program also if required) while doing above three	also (if required) if is found necessary
	steps.	in previous stages.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
---------------------------------------	---	---
Unit-V	5a. Complete the work of making the	5.1 Finish the work of hardware and
Defend final	model and give final touch to it.	programming (if required).
review with	work	institute/GTU guideline
hardware model,	5c. Mention future scope of the work	5.3 At last portion of
report writing,	done in the report.	report/presentation, mention the future
presentation as	5d. Prepare the final presentation.	scope of the work done. This may give
' individual and	5e. Take part in the relevant	proper direction to other
team	competition, conference, symposium etc.	students/industries to work
		further/better on the selected and/or
	5f. Prepare and publish a paper.	similar topic.
		5.4 Prepare PPT and present as per
		schedule.
		5.5 Demonstrate the work with model
		and ppt.
		5.6 Take part in various competitions
		(like conference, symposium
		hackathon, ideathon, model making
		competition and SSIP events)
		arranged by GTU or any other
		institutes/ organizations.
		5.7 Prepare a research paper (if it is
		appropriate and advisable) based on
		the work done with help of your guide
		and present it in a good journal/
		conference
		5.8 Apply for grant
		to SSIP or other funding agencies and
		protect the work by applying for a patent
		if it is required and advisable.

**Note:-** Departmental SSIP (Student Startup Innovation Policy) team may check each project and may decide whether any project is appropriate for SSIP scheme or not. If project is found viable for that, students of that group (with help of departmental SSIP coordinator) have to apply for grant (for Startup and/or patent filing) to SSIP or other funding agency.

#### 8. SCOPE OF PROJECTS

Scope of the project work should be decided based on the following criteria:

- (i) Relation to diploma programme curriculum: When student intend to select topics for the project work, they need to choose a project which relates well to their curriculum (it may be beyond curriculum but it should relate to it) and requires implementation of theories already learnt and skills already possessed by them from the previous semesters.
- (ii) Abilities possessed by the group of students: Projects should be chosen so that it can be completed mainly using student's problem-solving capabilities and depth of learning. It is natural that highly motivated students or high achievers may come out with projects which are

more complex and challenging. Teachers should guide students to choose challenging projects according to the student's ability.

- (iii) **Resources available**: Students and Guides should keep in mind the availability of resources while deciding the topic and the scope of the project. Some of the important resources which need consideration are:
  - Time available
  - Raw material/components required
  - Manufacturing/fabrication equipment and tools required
  - Testing/Measuring equipment and instruments required
  - Access to journals (library/digital)
  - Expertise for theoretical guidance available in college (or nearby Institutions or nearby industries)
  - Expertise and Technology required for fabrication (if required)
  - Software required
- 9. TYPES OF PROJECTS: In general, the projects are of the following types:
  - (i) Design projects
  - (ii) Prototype (design, make, test and evaluate)
  - (iii) Advanced experimental work requiring the development of existing equipment to be need and developed
  - (iv) Field works: This could include surveys, using equipment, charting data and information from virtual observation.
  - (v) Comparative studies: Theoretical study of two systems/ mechanisms/ processes in detail and comparing them on the basis of cost/ energy conservation/ impact on environment/ technology used etc.
  - (vi) Application of emerging technology: Theoretical study of some emerging technology and feasibility of its application in some real-life situation in detail.
  - (vii) Fabrication of some equipment/ machine etc.
  - (viii) Development of software/ application to solve some complex problem related to Electrical Engineering field.

## **10. ACCESSMENT OF PROJECT WORK**

Project Guide and/or Program coordinator and/or Project evaluation committee will assess the project work in four different project seminars as per the assessment rubrics suggested here. Total four seminars are to be held during the fifth semester and continuous assessment (CA for 50 marks) is to be done as per the following suggested sheet. (Remaining 50 marks are for the end semester exam - ESE which shall be conducted by the GTU). If two independent projects for 5<sup>th</sup> and 6<sup>th</sup> semester are offered, project guide/program coordinator/ project evaluation committee will slightly change the assessment criteria.

<b>Evaluation of Electrical</b>	<b>Engineering</b>	Project-II	(4360906)
---------------------------------	--------------------	------------	-----------

						(Continu	Marks ous Assess	sment)	
Serial No.	Students Name	Enrollment Number	Name of Guide	nme of Guide	Seminar-I (out of 10)	Seminar-II (out of 10)	Seminar-III (out of 10)	Final Evaluation (out of 20)	Total (out of 50)
1									
2									
3									
4									
5									
6									
7									
8									
9									
10									

Project evaluation committee

**Project Coordinator** 

Head of the Department

# Sample assessment rubrics to be used to verify the progressive work done by the student for different seminars/final evaluation

Sr. No.	Activity	Criteria for performance evaluation	High Proficiency	Proficiency	Some Proficiency	Some No/Limited Proficiency Proficiency	
			8 to 10 Marks	6 to 8 Marks	3 to 5 Marks	0 to 2 Marks	
1	Seminar-1	Make necessary hardware/softwar e till time and start troubleshooting the faults during assembling procedure.	Made necessary hardware/software. Assembled required hardware and started troubleshooting the faults during assembling.	Made small portion of necessary hardware/software. Assembled hardware and troubleshooting the faults during assembling.	Made very small portion of necessary hardware/software. Assembled hardware and not started troubleshooting the faults during assembling.	Did not make necessary hardware/software. Did not assemble hardware and not started troubleshooting the faults.	Out of 10
2	Seminar-2	Execute the testing of project after assembling of final hardware to verify the result.	Started testing of project and verified the result	Started testing of project and verified some result	Started testing of project and not verified the result	No approach at all for testing of project as well as verification of results	Out of 10
3	Seminar-3	Modify the components (and program of microcontroller if required) of the project whenever it is required	Did all the possible tests and modified the components (and program of microcontroller if required)	Did all the possible tests and modified some components (and program of microcontroller if required)	Did all the possible tests and did not modify any components	Did not perform any tests and did not modify any components	Out of 10
4	Seminar-4 (Final evaluation at the end of 6 <sup>th</sup> semester)	Defend final review with hardware model, report writing, present as individual and team.	Student explained the work very effectively and confidently and successfully demonstrated the hardware/model	Student explained the work very effectively and confidently and demonstrated the hardware/model with less confidence	Student explained the work with less confidence and not able to demonstrate the hardware/model confidently	Student didn't explain the work effectively and confidently and not able to demonstrate the hardware/model confidently	Out of 20
Total (Internal assessment) Out 50							

### **11. SOFTWARE/LEARNING WEBSITES**

- <u>https://www.electronicsforu.com/</u>
- <u>https://www.electrical4u.com/</u>
- <u>https://www.mathworks.com/</u>
- <u>https://www.arduino.cc/</u>
- <u>https://www.alldatasheet.com/</u>
- <u>https://www.allaboutcircuits.com/</u>
- <u>https://circuitglobe.com/</u>
- <u>https://www.electricaltechnology.org/</u>
- <u>www.vlab.co.in</u>

# **12. PO-COMPETENCY-CO MAPPING:**

Semester I	Electrical Engineering Project-II (Course Code: 4360906)						
	POs						
Competency & Course Outcomes	PO 1 Basic & Discipline specific knowledge	PO 2 Problem Analysis	PO 3 Design/ developm ent of solution	PO4 Engineering Tools, Experiment ation & Testing	PO 5 Engineering practices for society, sustainability & environment	PO 6 Project Manageme nt	PO 7 Life-long learning
<u>Competency</u>	Troubleshoo whenever it and team	t the fai is require	ults during ed, make fi	g assemblir nal working	ng & testing, g model and p	modify present as	the work individual
Course Outcomes CO1 Summarize the work done in previous semester.	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2 Troubleshoot the faults during assembling procedure.	3	-	3	3	-	3	-
CO3 Execute testing of project after assembling of final hardware to verify the result.	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4 Modify the components of the project, if required.	2	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO5 Defend final review with hardware model, report writing, presentation as individual and team.	3	-	2	-	-	3	3

Legend: '**3'** for high, '**2**' for medium, '**1'** for low and '-' for no correlation of each CO with PO.

## **13. COURSE CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE**

# **GTU Resource Person**

Sr. No.	Name and Designation	Institute	Contact No.	Email
1.	Dr Hemant I. Joshi,	R C Technical	9998579554	hemantjoshi0711@gmail.com
	Lecturer in Electrical	Institute,		
	Engineering	Ahmedabad		